

Auditor's Responsibilities when Relying on Audit Evidence Prepared using Management Expert's work

- → Evaluate Competence, Capabilities & objective of that Expert

 Information Regarding Competence, capabilities & Objective of Management Expert

 may come from a variety of source such as:
 - · Personal Experience with Previous Work of Expert
 - · Discussion with that Expert
 - · Discussion with others who are familiar with that Expert's work
 - * knowledge of that Experts qualifications. Membership of Professional Body or Industry Association. License to Practice OR Other Forms of External Recognition.
 - · Published Papers OR Books written by that Expert
 - · Auditor's Expert, if any, who assists auditor in obtaining SAAE wirt. Juso Produced by Management.

The Auditor may also consider the following while evaluating the appropriateness of the Management's Expert's work as audit evidence for the Relevant Assertion

- The Expert's work involves significant source of Data the Relevance, completeness & Accuracy of that source Data.
- → If that Expert's work involves use of significant Accumptions & Methods, the Relevance & Reasonableness of those Accumptions & Methods.
- The Relevance & Reasonableness of that Expert's Findings or conclusions. their consistency with other audit evidence, & whether they have been appropriately Reflected in Financial Statements.

Matters affecting NTE of Audit Procedures in case of Information being Produced using work of Management Expert.

- · The Nature & complexity of Matter to which Management Expert Adates.
- . The ROMM in the Matter
- · The Availability of Alternative source of Audit Evidence
- · Whether the Management's Expert is employed by the entity, or a party engaged by it to provide Relevant Services.
- · The Extent to which Management can exercise control of Juffuence over the Work of the Management Expert.
- · The auditor's previous experience of the work of that Expert.

Inconsistency in, or Doubts over Reliability of Audit Evidence

The audit evidence obtained through Different sources OR of Different Nature should be constitutes. If there is inconsistency among Different evidences Relating to a single item, auditor should perform additional Procedures to Resolve inconsistency if:

- La) Audit Evidence obtained from one source is inconsistent with that obtained from another OR;
- (b) The Auditor has Doubts over the Reliability of Juformation to be used as Audit Evidence.

The auditor shall Determine what Modification or additions to audit Procedures are Necessary to Resolve the Matter. I shall consider the Effect of the Matter, if any, on other Aspects of the Audit.

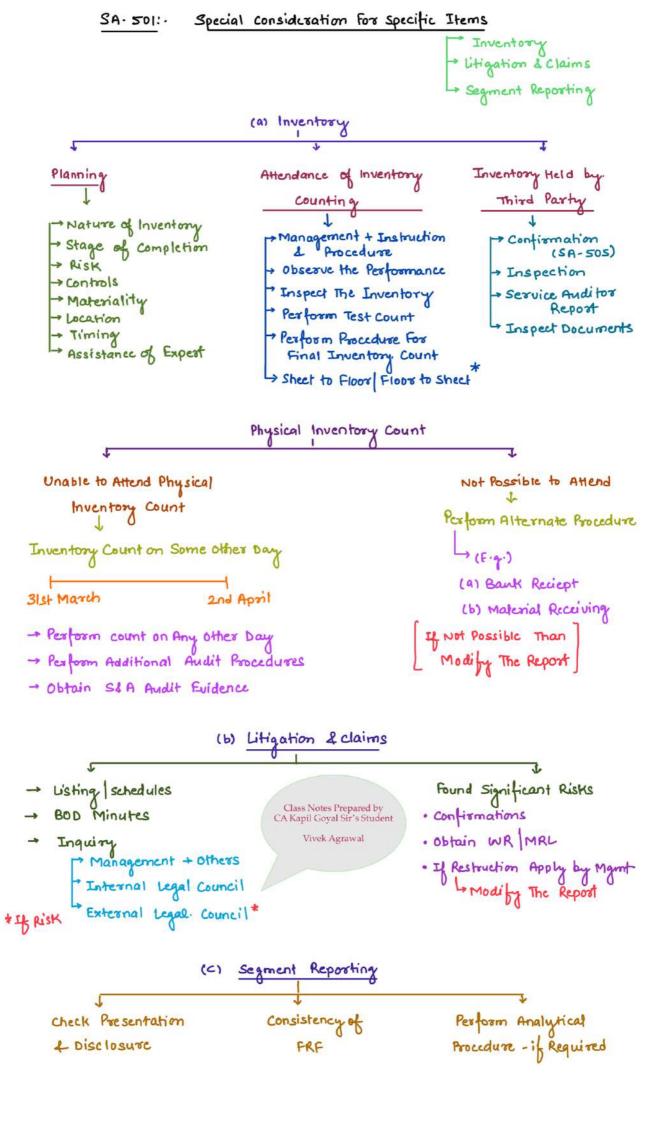
Evaluating objectivity of Management Expert

- 1. A Range of circumstances may threaten objectivity

 For Fig: Self Juterest Threat, Advocacy Threat, Familiarity Threats,

 Self Review Threat 4 Intimidation Threats.
- 2. Safeguards may Reduce such Threats & may be created either by

 External Structures
 - → Management Expert's work Environment
- 3. Safeguards can't eliminate all Threats, Threats such as Intimidation Threat may be of less significant to an expert engaged by the entity than to an Expert Employed by entity & Effectiveness of Safeguard such as quality control Policies & Procedures may be greater.
- 4. Because Threat to objectivity created by Being an Employee of entity will always presented, Expert Employed by entity can't Ordinarily be Regarded as being More likely to be Objective than other Employees of Entity.



SA-505:- External Confirmation

- # Direct Response from Third Party to Auditor
 - (a) Positive Confirmation Respond in All The Situation

IC Effective (b) Negative Confirmation: Respond only if Balance Not Agree

External Confirmation Procedure

- Information to be confirmed Eig: Bank, Debtor, Creditor, Third Party Asset etc.
- Determine Confirming Party
- → Design confirmation Request, Address, Return Information (Address of Auditor)

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-> Follow up if Required

Design Confirmation Requests -> Factors

- Risk of Material Misstatement including Fraud Risk
- Layoue & Presentation of Confirmation Request
- -> Prior Experience of Auditor
- Assertion Addressed
- -> Method of Communication
- Management Follow up
- -> Balance VIS Transaction Confirmation

Reliability of Response

- Objectivity of confirming Party confirming Party should not be Related Party of Client
- -> knowledge of The Matter -> Whether Client Know about subject Matter
- → Willingness of Third Party to Respond → Third Party may consider it Time consuming & costly.

Note: - If Auditor has Doubt on Reliability, He should Perform Further Audit Procedures,

To Resolve the Doubt, if Not Possible consider Fraud Risk Factor & consider effect on NTE of other Audit Procedures.

Management Refuse to send Confirmation (Imp.)

Auditor should Ask -> Reason & Evaluate Reasonableness.

- → Implication of Management Refusal.
- -> Perform Alternate Audit Procedures
- -> Communicate with TCWG, if Required
- Determine Implication on Audit Report as per SA-705.

Non-Response to Positive Confirmation Request,

- -> Perform Alternate Procedure
- -> Effect on Audit Report

SA-510:- Initial Audit Engagements- Opening Balances SA.710: Comparative Information Corresponding Figures & Comparative Financial Information

The auditor shall obtain SAAE about whether the opening Balances contain Misstatements that Materially affect the current period FS by:-

- 1. Determine whether the Prior Period closing balances have been correctly Brought forward.
- d. Determine whether the opening Balances Reflect the application of appropriate Accounting Policies &

Performing one OR More of the following:

- 3. Whether Prior Period FS, were audited, persuing the copies of the audited Fs.
- 4. Evaluating whether Audit Procedures performed in the current period provide widence Relevant to the opening Balance: BR
- 5. Performing Specific Audit Procedures to Obtain Audit Evidence Regarding Opening Balances.
- 6. If the audilar obtains audit evidence that opening Balance contains Misstatement that could Materially affect current period's FS then perform additional audit Procedures to determine effect on current period's FS.

If auditor concludes Misstatement exist in current period's FS, communicate misstatement with Management & Those charged with Governance as per SA - 450

Audit Procedures Regarding opening Balances Audit Procedures Regarding Comparative Info

1. Basic Procedures:

(a) Auditor shall evaluate whether comparative Tufo agrees with amounts & other Disclosures in prior period.

(b) Accounting Policies Reflected in comparative Info are consistent with converse period or, if there have been changes have been properly Accounted, Presented 4 Disclosed.

2 Material Misstatement

is if auditor becomes aware of Possible Material Misstatement in comparative Info while performing current period audit, perform additional Audit Procedures to obtain SAAF to determine when Material Misstatement exist.

is) If Auditor audited prior period of FS, Auditor shall also Follow Requirement 04 SA- 560

3. Written Appresentations

- cis Request WR for all periods Referred to in auditor's opinion -
- cii) Auditor shall also obtain Specific WR Regarding any prior period item Separately Disclosed in wrovent Year's PAL

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Objective as per SA-Slo: To obtain SAAE about whether,

- in opening Balance contains Misstatement that Material affect the current period's Fs 4
- cit) Appropriate Accounting Policies Reflected in the opening Balances have been consistently applied in the current period FS or changes thereto are properly accounted for a adequately presented OR Disclosed in accordance with the applicable FRF.

SA. 520: Analytical Procedures

Evaluation of Financial Information Through Analysis of Relationship both Among Financial & Non-Financial Data.

Objective of Auditor: Obtain S&A Audit Evidence by Substantive Analytical Procedure

When to Perform Analytical Procedure: Planning | Execution | Reporting.

Auditor should consider Following factor when using Substantive Analytical Procedure

(Imp.)

- -> Suitability of Substantive Analytical Procedure
- -> Reliability of Data to be compared i.e. Input
- Development of Expectation
- → Difference Evaluation

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Perform Additional Audit Procedure to Resolve The Issue



Discuss with - Yes - Difference?

Mgmt.

SA-550: Related Party



General Points:

- -> Obtain MRL that Management Disclosed All RP Relationship Transactions.
- Communicate with TCWG Related to all Significant Matters in Relation to RP
- -> Documentation

SA-560: Subsequent Events



General Points: -

- → obtain SAAE to ensure events which Require Adjustment OR Disclosure in FS have been identified.
- → In determining NTE of Audit Procedures, he shall:
 - · understand Management Process to identify Subsequent Events.
 - · Inquire Management of the occurrence of Subsequent Events which effect FS.
 - · Read Minutes of Management Meetings held after the Date of FS.
 - · Read latest subsequent Interim FS, if any
 - · If auditor identifics any Subsequent Event which Requires adjustment OR Disclosure, Determine whether it is appropriately Disclosed ORNOE.

Facts become known to Auditor after Facts which become known to Auditor Date of Audit Report but Before after Financial Statements are issued Financial Statements are lessed Common Points: - (a) After FS have been issued auditor has no obligation. (b) However, if any Fact becomes known to Auditor, had it been known at date of Audit Report, he may have amended the Audit Report. he shall: - Discuss with Management & TCWG. - Determine, if FS needs Amendment, if so - Inquire, how Management intends to address the Matter. Management - carry out audit Procedures on - carry out audit Procedures on Amend the FS Amendment Amendment - Extend these procedures to bate > Extend these procedures to bate of New Audit Report & of New Audit Report & - Review Steps taken by Management - Provide a New Audit Report on that everyone in Receipt of Amended FS dated, Not earlier previously issued FS with AR has been informed by the situation than Date of Approval of Amended FS > In New Amended Audit Report includes EOM DM Para Refer to Note in FS discussing Reasons for Amendment in FS 4 Audit Report. Audit Report not provided to entity Auditor shall Notify Management Management Doesn't Amend Modify opinion as per SA-705 d & TOWG that auditor seeks to The FS prevent future Reliance on Provide Audit Report Audit Report provided to entity Audit Report Notify Management & Towy to 4 Despite such Notification, not issue FS to 3rd Parties. Management & TOWG don't take of Management still issues fs, steps, auditor shall take action Auditor shall take action to

(Obtains legal Action)

to prevent Reliance on Audit

(obtain legal Advice)

SA-570: Going Concern

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Steps: Risk Assessment Procedure & Related Activities
     Auditor will consider whether there are event OR conditions which may case
    significant Doubt on Entity ability to continue as a going concern.
      Event / condition OR Indicators
      T
                                    operating Indicators
                                                                         other
 Financial
                                                                        Indicators
 Indicators
- Negative New Worth
                                  → LOSS of Key Management
                                                                - Pending Legal Proceedings
- Arread Discontinuance
                                 → loss of major marker)
                                                                - Changes in Gout Policy
     of Dividend
                                    Supplier
                                                                - Non- Compliance with
- Adverse Financial Ratios
                                                                  Statutory Requirements
- Operating Losses
                                  - labour unrest, strikes
→ Borrowing Matured but NO
Re- payment
                                  - loss of Major License
-Non-compliance with loan
Terms
- Negative Cash Flows
The Auditor should Ack Management for Areliminary Assessment of Entity for Going Concern
  Assessment Performed by
                                                         Assessment Not Performed
     Management
- Whether Management Identified #
any significant event?

- 14 Yes, Management Plans to
Address them.
                                                   - How what basis Management
                                                     Intended to use Going Concern
                     Gring Concern Haussmood
                                                   -> Inquire of Management For
Significant Risk.
                  31-3-25 31-3-26
                                                   → Ask Management to Perform

(t's Assessment
 - Auditor's Responsibility
   · Evoluate Management Assessment for 12 Months
   OR if Management did it for less than
   12 Months ask Management to extend the
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   Period till is months
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 . Inquire For Period beyond 17 Months
  # Audit Procedure when Event OR Conditions Identified
  - Auditor should obtain SARE to Determine whether a significant Doubt Exist.
  - Consider Mitigating Factors
  - Ask Management to Perform Risk Assessment
  - Evoluate Management Future Plans
  * Evaluate Assumptions, Base Dato For Monagement Forecast of Future cash Hows
  - Request war for Future Action.
   Step 2: Auditor Conclusion In Ruation to Financial Statement
            - Evaluate SAAE obtained?
            - Whether a Material uncertaintly Exist?
       4
                                                             Situation 2_
Condition Identified
   Situation 1
                                               Disclosurt ⇒
 Disclosure Condition Identified in FS
                 4 Material Uncertainity
Exist
                                                               & No Material
 → Disclosure in Financial Statement with
                                            - Auditor should check Applicable
   Management Plans
                                               FRF Requirement 4 check that
                                              Financial Statement Provide Adequate
 → Disclose that company may be unable
    to Realize its Assets 4 Discharge
                                                Disclosure about the events OR
    its Liabilities in the Normal Course of
                                               Conditions
  Step 3: Implication in Audit Report
 Case 1: Going Concern Accounting is Inappropriate - Adverse Opinion
 Case 2: Going Concern Accounting is Appropriate But Material Uncertainty Exist
                  - Adequate Disclosure Made in - # Unmodified Opinion
                                                    # Mention Going Concern Para in Audil Report
                  - Adequate Disclusive Not Made - # Small field Adverse
                                                     # Basis for Qualified Adverse
                                                        opinion
 Case 3: Management unwilling to Make Assessment - Implication on Audit Opinion
    General Points: · Communicate with TOWG
                      · Significant Delay in Approving of FS
· SA-701 Unking
                       . Management Responsibility
                       · Auditor Responsibility Objective
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SA. 580: Waitten Re-Presentation

Why?

To support other Audit Evidence

cover all Period of Financial Statements

WR are From Management & Towg For Matters affecting Financial Statement

WR For Going Concern

WR For Uncorrected Misstatement

WR For Responsibility of Management

Imp Note: WR Does not include Financial, supporting Documents & Assertions

General Points: (a) WR should be obtain before OR on the Audit Report Date.

(b) It is just an additional evidence, Not sufficient 4 Appropriate

Audit Evidence

- (1) It should be addressed to the Auditor.
- (d) For Public Statement WR not Required

Case study in Exam ← (c) Only WR Never Provide Sufficient & Appropriate Audit Evidence

(f) If WR inconsistent → Perform Additional Audit Procedure

Exam Ques :. WR Related to Prior Period Item Specific Assertion

- 1. Sometimes it may be Appropriate to obtain WR about a specific Assertion in Fs during Audit. In such case, it may be necessary to Request an updated WR.
- 2. WRs are for all Periods referred in Audit Report because Management Needs to Real firm that WR it previously made wat prior periods Remain Appropriate.
- 3. Auditor & Mgrnt may agree to a form of WR that updates WRs Relating to Prior Periods by addressing whether there are any changes to such WRs & if so, what they are.
- 4. Situation may arise where current Mgmt were not present during all Periods
 Referred in Audit Report. Such Person may assert that they are not in position
 to provide some OR all of WRs because they were not in place during prior period.
- 5. This fact, however, does not diminish such persons Responsibilities for FS as a whole, Accordingly, Requirement For auditor to Request WRS that cover all Relevant Periods still applies.

Auditor Responsibility if WR not provided by Management

- Discuss the Matter with Management
- Re-evaluate the integrity of Management
- -> Re- evaluate the ROMM
- Effect on other Audit Areas.
- → Effect on Audit Report Opinion

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