- 🗸 14. Section 11 Incorporation Document
- ICAI Original Language:
- To incorporate an LLP:
- 1. Two or more persons must subscribe their names to an incorporation document.
- 2. This document must be filed with ROC (Registrar of Companies) + prescribed fees.
- 3. A Statement must be filed along with the document by:
- An advocate/CS/CA/CMA engaged in forming the LLP

One of the subscribers Confirming all Act requirements are met.

- Storyline:
- To give birth to an LLP, you need a birth certificate the Incorporation Document.
- **LL** Two people must say:
- > "We want to form an LLP!"
- Then, they go to the Registrar (ROC) and file:
- A form with all details: name, partners, address, etc.
- A declaration signed by a professional (CA/CS/Advocate) and a partner saying:
- > "We followed every rule. Please register us!"

It's like registering a baby LLP in the business world.

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    Ø Memory Trick:
    > Incorporation =
    ₩ 2+ People + ♥ Docs + ♥ Professional's Declaration
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I5. Section 12 – Incorporation by Registration
 ICAI Original Language:
 If all documents under Section 11 are correctly filed:
 ROC shall register the document within 14 days
 Issue a Certificate of Incorporation
 This certificate is conclusive proof of LLP's existence.

Storyline:

After you submit your documents, the Registrar acts like a judge.

If everything is \checkmark :

Within 14 days, he issues a Certificate stamped and sealed.

This certificate = LLP is officially born.

No one can later say "this LLP doesn't exist" - this is final proof!

@ Memory Trick:

> 14 days \rightarrow ROC's decision \rightarrow LLP is born with Stamped Certificate

🔀 16. Section 13 – Registered Office

ICAI Original Language:

Every LLP must have a registered office to receive legal communication.

Address change must be filed with ROC.

Penalty: ₹500/day of default, max ₹50,000.

Storyline:

🏠 Every LLP needs a home base — where all letters, notices, and love/hate mail will arrive 😂

If you move your office 🧳 , you must inform ROC.

If you ignore it 🗙 – you start paying daily fines!

@ Memory Trick:

> A LLP House = Registered Office Move it? → Tell ROC or A Pay ₹500/day!

- 17. Section 14 Effect of Registration
- ICAI Original Language:

Once registered, the LLP can:

- 1. Sue and be sued
- 2. Own, hold, sell property
- 3. Have a common seal (optional)
- 4. Do anything that a body corporate can legally do

I Storyline:

🎉 The moment an LLP is registered, it becomes a full legal citizen in BizWorld!

It can:

Buy/sell property 🧮 Sign contracts 🦯 File cases 🐴 Have an official seal \mathcal{J} (if it wants) It's no longer just a concept – it becomes a living legal body! ____ **@** Memory Trick: > 📃 Registration = 🕵 LLP becomes a legal person with full powers! 🗸 18. Section 15 – Name of LLP ICAI Original Language: LLP must end its name with "Limited Liability Partnership" or "LLP". Name must not be undesirable or too similar to: Another LLP, A company, A trademark. Storyline: 📛 You can't call your LLP "Tata LLP" or "Google LLP"! 😅 You must: Use LLP at the end Ensure the name is unique and not offensive The Registrar checks all name requests carefully 🧐

@ Memory Trick:

> Ame = Must end with LLP
 Can't copy TATA, Infosys, Apple, etc.



I Storyline:

B If your LLP accidentally got a name like "Reliance LLP" — and the real Reliance complains — the Govt will order you to change it ASAP.

You must:

Rename within 3 months

Notify ROC

Update LLP Agreement too

Else, the government itself will give your LLP a new name (and trust me, it might be ugly 🥶).

@ Memory Trick:

"🔥 That's all 16 characteristics of LLP"

ICAI concept
 Story-style explanation
 Trick to remember

✔ 1. LLP is a Body Corporate

ICAI:

> LLP is formed and incorporated under this Act and is a legal entity separate from its partners. It has perpetual succession.

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Story:

Think of LLP like Iron Man's suit — it's not Tony Stark himself, but has its own existence. Even if partners come and go, LLP lives on.

@ Trick:

> LLP = LegaL Person with own life



ICAI:

> LLP owns its assets, pays its liabilities. Partners aren't personally liable.

🛄 Story:

LLP is like a car. The driver (partner) may change, but the car stays registered as LLP.

. .

otrick:

> LLP ≠ Partner It's its own boss 💼

✔ 4. Mutual Agency
> A partner is not agent of other partners — only of the LLP.
Story:
In traditional partnerships, if Partner A commits fraud, Partner B suffers. But in LLP — you're only liable for your own acts + LLP's business.
Trick:
> No Mutual Blame Game in LLP
✓ 5. LLP Agreement
> Rights & duties are defined by a written agreement among partners.
Story:
This is the business constitution of LLP. If no agreement? The Act rules apply (default terms).
 o Trick:

> LLP = Lawful Love Pact (Agreement 💌)

🗹 6. Artificial Legal Person

ICAI:

> LLP is made by law, can do everything a person can do — except marry, vote, or go to jail 😂

Story:

LLP is invisible, but powerful — like Jarvis from Iron Man. Can own property, sue, sign contracts — everything but fall in love 😂

@ Trick:

> LLP = Ghost CEO with full legal rights

🏹 7. Common Seal (Optional)

ICAI:

> LLP may have a common seal, if it wants. It's used as official signature.

🛄 Story:

A stamp of identity – like a fingerprint. Only needed if partners decide to use it.

Trick:

> Seal is optional, but always official

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< 8. Limited Liability

ICAI:

> Partners' liability is limited to their agreed contribution.

🛄 Story:

No more selling your home to pay for LLP losses. If the partner agreed ₹1 lakh, that's the max he pays — even if LLP loses crores.

@ Trick:

> LLP = Losses Limited Per Person

<mark>></mark> 9. Management of Business

ICAI:

> All partners may manage the business. But only designated partners are responsible for legal compliance.

Story:

Everyone can play the business game, but only captains (DPs) deal with the law, penalties, and filings.

@ Trick:

> All can manage, but DPs must answer

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🖌 10. Min & Max Partners

ICAI:

> Min = 2 Max = Unlimited 💋

Story:
No ceiling on growth. You can make it a two-man army or a thousand-member LLP.
@ Trick:
> LLP = 2 to Infinity 😂
🗹 11. Business for Profit Only
ICAI:
> LLP can't be for charity or social work — only lawful profit-making businesses.
Story:
You can't register "Help the Poor LLP" 🨅 LLP = For money, honey!
🞯 Trick:
> LLP = Lawful Lucrative Purpose
✓ 12. Investigation
> Govt can investigate LLP affairs if needed.

🛄 Story:

If an LLP is fishy 🐟, the Central Govt can send the Business CBI for a deep check.

Image: State of the state of t
> LLP = Legally Looked-into when needed
✔ 13. Compromise or Arrangement
> LLP can merge, settle disputes, or restructure legally.
Story:
LLPs can tie the knot 🧇 (merger), break up 💔 (split), or make peace 🔕 (settle disputes) — just
like humans.
o Trick:
> LLP = Can Combine or Compromise
✓ 14. Conversion into LLP
> Firm, private company, or unlisted public company can convert into LLP.

🛄 Story:

Like a Pokémon evolution! Your old business form becomes LLP if you follow the rules.

Trick:
> Old firm → Upgrade → LLP Mode 맫
 15. E-Filing of Documents ICAI:
> All documents must be filed online via www.mca.gov.in
> All documents must be med omme via www.mca.gov.m
Story:
No paper, no queue. Just click, upload, sign digitally, and done \checkmark
Trick:
> LLP = Log-in, Load, Post
✓ 16. Foreign LLPs
> Foreign LLP = LLP formed outside India but doing business in India
Story:
If a London LLP opens shop in Delhi — it becomes a Foreign LLP und

nder Indian law 🧐

otrick:

> LLP + Born Abroad + Indian Business = Foreign LLP



> LLP + Born Abroad + Indian Business = Foreign LLP