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SA 5

CA 210

SA 230

SA 505

PANKAJ

External Confirmation

Confirming Party

Definition

AE obtained as direct written response to the auditor from a 3rd party in a paper form, electronic or other medium.

Objective of Auditor

When using external confirmation procedures, to design & perform such procedures to obtain relevant & reliable AE.

Scope of SA

Definitions

- ② Non response \rightarrow A failure of the confirming party to respond, or fully respond, to a confirmation request, or a confirmation request returned undelivered.

Sept 2016 ⑥ Exception \rightarrow A response that indicates a diff b/w "info" requested to be confirmed, or contained in the entity's records, & "info" provided by the confirming party.

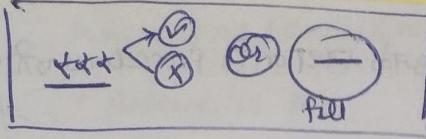
what do? (Projection) \rightarrow Exception needs to be assessed to entire popl after analysing reason of difference.

Conclusion \rightarrow Evaluate whether along with other procedure

SA AE Obtained +

SA AE \times Performing FAP necessary as per SA 330.

e.g. \rightarrow Invoice/agreement/purchase order.



+ve confirmation request \rightarrow Sept 24)

1. definition: A request that confirming party respond directly to the auditor indicating that whether [the confirming party agrees or disagrees with the info in the request letter [as per client's records or not to provide the requested info] [fill in the blank to be used].]

2. It will provide more persuasive evidence.

3. To avoid a [risk] that confirming party may respond without verifying the info, auditor can use blank confirmation request which will require the confirming party to fill in the amount or to furnish the required info.

[Blank Confirmation Request may result in lower response rate because of additional efforts.]

-ve confirmation request \rightarrow

1. definition: A request that confirming Party respond directly to the auditor only if the confirming party disagrees with the info provided in the request letter [as per clients record].

2. It will provide less persuasive evidence.

3. why?

failure to receive response don't indicate

confirmation received by confirming party

(or)

verification of accuracy of information

e.g. Creditors (1) 500 Response X Favour ✓
in FS = 1000 (2) 1000 Response X Match
(C/d's) (3) 1500 Response ✓ Favour X

In which case
creditors will \rightarrow
respond

Confirming Party more likely to respond
when info requested is not in their favour.

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both audit or the procedures will not

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(less Persuasive)

1.0 Therefore auditor shall not use -ve confirmation as the sole substantive procedure for a specific area unless

4. Conditions are present:

(SD)
RMM↓
ICT↑ CR↑

If all the following conditions are present then only auditor can use -ve confirmation as the sole substantive AP

small Homogeneous ↑

Exception rate ↓

- The auditee has assessed the RMM as low & has obtained SAE regarding the operating effectiveness of controls relevant to the assertion; (+)
- The population of items subject to -ve confirmation procedure comprises a large no. of small, homogeneous, alc balances, tx" or condition; (+)
- A very low exception rate is expected; (+) book conformity party bad match
- That auditor is not aware of circumstances or conditions that would cause recipient of -ve confirmation request to disregard such request

A failure of a confirming party to respond to a -ve confirmation request provides significantly less persuasive AE than does a response to a +ve confirmation.

MT: { 2 cheze oH & , vD & zyda.
Ignore नहीं किए जाये & वादा }.

Limitation
Scope of Au

- Reasonableness of mgmt
- Implications for assessment of RMM
- Alternative AP.

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Management Refusal to allow the auditor to send a confirmation request — steps taken by auditor
 If the mgmt does not allow the auditor to send a confirmation request to a 3rd party then auditor shall consider the following procedures:

- ① Auditor should inquire with the mgmt about the reasons for their refusal & auditor should seek to obtain AE regarding the validity & reasonableness.
Justifiable reasons can be litigations or ongoing negotiations with 3rd party. → common reason. → Poor audit for case → effect
AE & legal documents.
- ② Auditor should evaluate the implication of mgmt's refusal on auditor assessed RMM including a potential fraud risk & accordingly he should consider its effect on remaining AP (read after SA 315)
- ③ Auditor should plan and perform alternative AP to obtain relevant & reliable AE
 eg → Debtor Bal - Sales, Cash Receipt
 Creditor Bal → Purchases, Goods on note, Cash Disbursement

(Note) If the auditor concludes that the mgmt refusal is unreasonable or auditor is unable to obtain reliable & relevant AE by performing alternative AP then auditor should communicate with TCU&G & determine the implications i.e. effects on his audit opinion as per SA 105.

Procedure what info "you need
 3rd party → List → O/S with → select or not
 Confirmation letter ~~to 3rd party~~ ~~to audit~~ ~~for response~~ ~~yes~~ ~~NO~~
 send ~~to 3rd party~~ & wait ~~from~~ ~~for response~~ ~~can not be delegated~~

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7th
day
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External confirmation procedure adopted by auditor
 to obtain AE ~~to~~

MCQ

(i) determining what info "is required to be confirmed ~~or to~~ to be requested? [Kya Janna Hai?]

⇒ External confirmation procedure frequently are performed to confirm ~~or~~ to request info regarding O/S balances & their elements.

They may also be used to confirm ~~to~~ - ~~① ②~~

- ① Terms of agreement ; [e.g. rental agree, royalty]
- ② Contract ;
- ③ Txn betw' entity & 3rd party ; &
- ④ to confirm the absence of certain condition, such as side agreement.

(iv)

④ O/S Balances
 with 3rd parties
 (e.g. receivable, payable,
 stock held by 3rd party,
 advances etc.)

(ii) Selecting the appropriate confirming Party } [Kise Jana]

⇒ Confirmation request should be sent to the person who is knowledgeable about the info " to be confirmed or requested. because that person will provide more relevant & reliable AE.

(iii) Design ^{an} appropriate confirmation request letter, ensure the letter is properly addressed & contains return info " (details of the audit firm).

(i) design a confirmation request

(ii) factors to be considered by auditor when designing Confirmation request includes ~~to~~ ⇒

- ① Layout & Presentation of request (format)
- ② Assertion being addressed
- ③ experience of audit / similar engagements
- ④ Identified RMM including found risk.

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⑥ Mgmt's authorisation / encouragement to confirming party
to respond

⑦ Method of communication (email / speed post)

⑧ Ability of confirming party to confirm or to provide
requested info

(ii) +ve confirmation request

(iv) Determination of properly addressed request

(iv) Sending the requests, including follow-up requests when
applicable, to the confirming party

within one month at reasonable time if reply not received

Evaluating the AE obtained

when evaluating the AE obtained from external confirmation
letter, auditor may categorise the results as following.

- A non response
- A response indicating an exception
- A response deemed unreliable (RPR's)
- A response indicating agreement with the info provided
in the confirmation request, or providing the requested info
with exceptions