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## Dear Students,

It gives us immense pleasure to present before you a Comprehensive book on Direct Taxes. This book would not have been a reality but from the tremendous support from "My Love - Pallavi".

Special Thanks to "EKATVAM" TEAM, who has been involved "day & night literally" to fulfill this dream book without whom this would not have been the light of the day.

I Have been blessed to have an extraordinary support terms of colleagues, friends &family who have helped me in every sphere of my journey called this life. All these people deserve much more than a deep thank and love. I express all my gratitude to each and everyone of them for assisting me in all my endeavors. Thanks to the student community for inviting me into your academics & making me your teacher. I am grateful for the opportunity to be of service to you. The love & affection you have shown is immense & invaluable. "Padho toh Hadh kardo warna Program radh kardo"

I express my respect, love and gratitude to my PARENTS & my FAMILY for not only giving me life but giving your entire life to me. I am indebted to both of you a lot, indeed more than my life & to my lovely WIFE to bear with me in all the time I spend on making notes. And last to all my CRITICS because your criticism continuously keep me grounded and give me power to do even better. Every care has been taken to make the presentation is this book from blemish. Nevertheless, it is conceded that no one is infallible, unintended error or omission may have crept in. The user of this book are requested to bring these to the notice of the author & offer, without inhibition, their

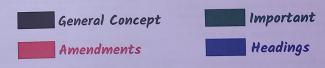
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suggestion for further improvement.

- 1. This book is not a substitute for study material issued by ICAI, it's only an aid.
- 2. There is no short cut to success, it is resolute hard work that pays.

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<sup>&</sup>quot;Quality is what I serve, & my Passion drives it"

## BASICS & TAX CALCULATION

## TAX RATES FOR I/HUF/AOP/BOI/AJP - OLD SCHEM

Other: 1. Resident Individual below 60 2. NR irrespective of Age 3. HUF, AOP/BOI, AJP
Total torong land

3) Rebate uls 87A :

4) Rounding Off:

a) Assessee is Individual.

b) He is Resident in India

payable, whichever is lower.

Above ₹ 10L

Other: 1. Resident Individual below 60 2. NR irrespective of Age 3. HUF, AOP/BOI, AJP		4
Total Income	Rates %	Shortcut
Upto ₹ 250000	Nil	-
₹ 2,50,001 to 5,00,000 ₹ 5,00,001 to 10,00,000	5% 20%	₹ 12,500 ₹ 1,12,500

1) Individual/HUF/AOP BOI/AJP have to pay tax as per

2) HEC is applicable @4% [after surcharge or Rebate].

default scheme sec 115BAC. However they can opt for

c) Whose TI (From All Heads after Deduction) does

d) Rebate not available for tax computed u/s 112A.

Sec 288A Round off of Total Income R/o to nearest multiple of ₹

Sec 288B Round off of Total Tax R/o to nearest multiple of ₹ 5) Any resident Individual whose 60th/80th birthday falls

age of 60/80 years on 31.03.2024 i.e PY 2024-25 (AY 2025-26) and hence would be eligible for the higher basic exemption limit of ₹3,00,000 & 5,00,000.

6) Special Adjustment : If assessee (R) has special

on 1.04.2024 shall be treated as having completed the

not exceed ₹SL. Rebate = ₹12500 or 100% of tax

þ	Senior citizens: Individu (Resident) 60 yrs or moi not more than 80 years	re but	
tcut	Total Income	Rates %	Shorte
500	Upto ₹3,00,000 ₹3,00,001 to 5,00,000 ₹5,00,001 to 10,00,000	Nil 5% 20%	₹ 10,00

SCHEME		
Super Ser (Resident	nlor citizens : ) 80 years/mo	Individual re
Total Income	Rates %	Shortcut
pto ₹ 5,00,000 ₹ 5,00,001 to 10,00,000	Nil 20%	₹ 1.00.000

		SU	RCHARG
urcharne	. 1 / 11		100111

	Income	uls IIIA,112,112A Dividend Income	Othe
)	TI [including Income u/s IIIA, II2, II2A & dividend income does not Exceed ₹50L7	Nil	Nil
2)	TI [including Income u/s IIIA, II2, II2A & dividend income exceed ₹50L but does not exceed ₹1cr.]	10%	10%
3)	TI [including Income u/s IIIA, II2, II2A & dividend income exceed Icr but does not exceed ₹2cr.]	15%	15%
4,	TI [excluding Income u/s IIIA, II2, II2A & dividend income exceed 2cr but does not exceed ₹5cr.]	15%	25
ш	) TI [excluding Income u/s IIIA, II2, II2A & dividence income exceed ₹5cr]	15%	379
6	) TI [including Income u/s IIIA, II2, II2A & dividend income exceed ₹2cr but not covered by situation 4 & 5]	15%	159

# In case of AOP (consisting of only companies as its member), the maximum of rate of surcharge is 15%.

## MARGINAL RELIEF

A) In case of an Local Authority & Firm, where TI < ₹Icr. aggregate of income tax & surcharge shall be restricted to:

(Tax on ₹Icr) + (Total Income - ₹Icr)

B) In case of an Individual & HUF

Total Income	Income tax & Surcharge restricted to
₹50L = ₹1cr</th <th>(Tax on ₹50 lakhs) + (TI - ₹50 lakhs)</th>	(Tax on ₹50 lakhs) + (TI - ₹50 lakhs)
₹ cr < = ₹2cr	(Tax on ₹1 crore + surch @ 10%) + (TI- ₹1 crore)
₹2cr = ₹5cr</td <td>(Tax on ₹2 crore + surch @ 15%) + (TI - ₹2 crore)</td>	(Tax on ₹2 crore + surch @ 15%) + (TI - ₹2 crore)
Exceeds ₹Scr	(Tax on ₹5 crore + surch @ 25%) + (TI - ₹5 crore)

C) In case of a Domestic/Foreign Company, where TI ₹Icr </= ₹10cr, aggregate of income tax & surcharge shall be restricted to :

(Tax on ₹Icr) + (Total Income - ₹Icr)

D) In case of a Domestic Company, where TI > ₹10cr, aggregate of income tax & surcharge shall be restricted to: (Tax on ₹10cr with surch of 7%) + (TI - ₹10cr) F) In case of a Foreign company, where TI > ₹10cr, apprepate of income tax & surcharge shall be restricted to : (Tax on ₹10cr with surch of 2%) + (TI - ₹10cr)

### TAX RATE FOR COMPANIES



## OPTIONAL TAX SCHEME

₹ 10cr Surcharge + 4% HEC ₹ 10cr Surcharge + 4% HEC

Above TI x 30% + 12%

Above | TI x 25% + 12%

Particulars	Sec
) Individual/HUF/AOP/BOI/AJP	IIS BAC
2) a) Domestic Co	IIS BAA
b) Domestic Co Engaged in MNF	IIS BAB
3) a) Co-op Society Engaged in MNF	IIS BAE
b) Others  These sections require you to have know sections as well a house in the sections as well a house in the sections as well as house in the sections as well as house in the sections as well as house in the sections are sections.	IIS BAD

### income (IIIA/ II2A/II2) & cannot absorb BEL, then he can adjust special income & balance special income shall be liable to tax at special rates.

SPECIAL RATES		
Income	Rates	
STCG referred to in sec IIIA (Securities)	15%/20% w.e.f. 23/7/24	
LTCG referred to in sec 112	20%/12.5% w.e.f. 23/7/24	
LTCG u/s 112A ₹1.25 Lakh w.e.f. 23/7/24	10%/12.5% w.e.f. 23/7/24	
Casual income (e.g Lottery, Horse winnings, etc.) (Sec 115BB)	30%	
Online gaming sec IISBBJ	30%	
Unexplained Cash/Expenses/Investment sec IISBBE	Effective rate 60%+25%+4%=78%	
Maximum Marginal Rate	42.744% [30% +37% + 4%]	
V.D.A. (Virtual Digital Taxation u/s IISBBI)	30%	

## SEC IISBAC TAX INCENTIVE FOR INDIVIDUAL & HUF

I. Applicable to : Individual/HUF/AOP/BOI/AJP. (Resident/Non Resident)

IMP Hai!

Total Income	Rate (%)	Shortcut(₹)
Upto ₹ 3,00,000	Nil	-
₹ 3L to 7L	5%	20,000
₹ 7L to 10L	10%	50,000
₹ 10L to 12L	15%	80,000
₹ 12L to 15L	20%	1,40,000
Above ₹ISL	30%	-

### 3. Rebate uls 87A :

- a) Assessee is Individual.
- h) He is Resident in India.
- c) Whose total income (From All Heads after Deduction) (Normal + Special excluding Agriculture Income and Exempt Income) does not exceed ₹7 lakh Rebate = ₹25000 or 100% of tax payable, whichever is

lower Rebate not available for tax computed u/s 112A.

## 4. Marginal relief Incase of income slightly exceed ₹ 7L: Rebate u/s 87A is subject to marginal relief from the

AY 24-25. If net income exceeds ₹ 7 Lakh but does not exceed 7,27,770 (For AY 24-25)/ ₹ 7,22,220 (For AY 25-26) income tax on such income cannot exceed the amount by which net income exceed ₹ 7 lakh.

### 5. Further Points :

Income	Rates
STCG referred to in Sec IIIA(Securities)	15%/20% w.e.f. 23/7/24
LTCG referred to in Sec 112	20%/12.5% w.e.f. 23/7/24
LTCG u/s 112A ₹1.25 Lakh w.e.f. 23/7/24	10%/12.5% w.e.f. 23/7/24
Casual income (e.g. Lottery, Horse winnings, etc.) (Sec IISBB)	30%
MMR	39%

## IL HUEL AODI POLLATO OC

	Income	u/s 111A, 112, 112A, Dividend Income	Othe
1)	TI [including Income u/s IIIA, II2, II2A & dividend income does not Exceed ₹50L]	Nil	Nil
2,	TI [including Income u/s IIIA, II2, II2A & dividend income exceed ₹50L but does not exceed ₹1cr.]	10%	10%
3,	TI [including Income u/s IIIA, II2, II2A & dividend income exceed ₹Icr but does not exceed ₹2cr.]	15%	15%
4)	TI [excluding Income u/s IIIA, II2, II2A & dividend income exceed ₹2cr but does not exceed ₹5cr.]	15%	25%
5)	TI [excluding Income u/s IIIA, II2, II2A & dividend income exceed ₹5cr]	15%	25%
6)	TI [including Income u/s IIIA, II2, II2A & dividend income exceed ₹2cr but not covered by situation 4 & 51	15%	15%

If surcharge is applicable on taxable Income of assessee as per specified limits, maximum surcharge applicable on Tax on Dividend Income is up to 15% of Tax Amount. (i.e. if your income is in slab limit of surcharge of 25% tax on dividend income will be having capping on surcharge on tax @15% on tax amount proportionate to total tax with income.

## DEFAULT TAX SCHEME

### 7) Rounding Off:

Sec 288A Round off of Total Income R/o to nearest multiple of ₹1 Sec 288B Round off of Total Tax R/o to nearest multiple of ₹10

## SEC IISBAC DEDUCTION & EXEMPTIONS NOT ALLOWED

Following Deduction can

1. Transport Allowance

2. Conveyance Allowance

tour or on transfer

3. Any Allowance granted to

4. Daily Allowance to meet

ordinary daily charges

on absence from his

normal place of duty

pension u/s 57(iia).

1. Deductions Sec 80CCD(2)

account of employee in

& Sec 80JJAA (new

1. Depreciation is allowed

notified pension scheme)

employment), 80CCH(2)

(CG contribution towards

Agnipath scheme & 80LA(IA)

(employer contribution on

Deduction :

PGBP :

incurred by an employee

5. Standard deduction u/s 16(ia)

granted to divyang employe

meet the cost of travel on

be Taken :

Salaru :

Condition 1: Restriction on claiming deduction or exemption

### Following Deduction can't be Taken :

- Salaru :
- 1. Leave travel concession sec 10(5) 2 House rent allowance sec 10(13A)
- 3. Entertainment allowance & employment/professional tax u/s 16
- 4. Free food & beverage through vouchers provided to EE
- 5. Some of the allowance mentioned in sec 10(14).

Interest u/s 24 in respect of SOP or vacant property u/s 23(2). (Loss from 6. Deduction from family house property for rented house not be allowed to set off under any other head & would be allowed to be c/f as per extant law)

### PGBP :

- Additional deprecation u/s 32(1)(iia); Deductions uls 32AD, 33AB, 33ABA
- Deduction u/s 35/35(2AA)/35(2AB) (In respect of donation made to other approved institution).
  - Deduction u/s 3SAD or 3SCCC;

Any deduction under chapter VIA (Except Specified).

## emptions :

- Allowances to MPs/MLAs sec 10(17) Allowance for income of minor
- Exemption for SEZ unit contained in sec 10AA.

## ondition 2 :

sec 10(32)

- ) B/f Losses and unabsorbed depreciation related to above transactions cannot be setoff or clf.
- HP cannot be setoff with any other Income

## ondition 3 :

- a) If a person has PGBP income and want to switch out of default scheme then he shall file form IOIEA (to be filed electronically).
- b) Form 101EA not required for salaried employee. c) If the following declaration is not given it will be
- assumed that he want to follow default tax system.

## SEC IISBAA ALTERNATE TAX SCHEME FOR COMPANIES (DOMESTIC COMPANY)

1. Applicable to Domestic Company.

2. Applicable only if it does not claim deduction specified in this

3. Tax Rates :

Normal Income Tax rate : 22% + Special rate : Surcharge : 10%/15%/20% +

10% (mandatory) + HEC : 4% (mandatoru)

Surcharge: 10% (mandatory) + HEC: 4% (mandatory)

Effective Rate: 25.168%

close connection with other are generated (In case of

> Effective Rate: 34.32% @10% + HEC@4%)

> > Following Deduction can

(new employment);

1. Deductions in sec 80JJAA

2. Deduction u/s 80LA(IA)

I. Depreciation is allowed.

be taken :

Deduction :

& 80M

PGBP :

If AO during Assessment find Special Income

person & extra ordinary profits transfer pricing)

## DEDUCTION AND EXEMPTIONS NOT ALLOWED

### Following Deduction can't be taken : PGBP :

- 1. Additional deprecation u/s 32(1)(iia); 2. Deductions u/s 32AD, 33AB, 33ABA 3. Deduction u/s 35/35(2AA)/35(2AB).
- (In respect of donation made to other approved institution). 4. Deduction u/s 3SAD, 3SCCC or 3SCCD

I, Any deduction under chapter VIA (Except Specified).

## Exemptions :

1. Exemption for SEZ unit contained in sec 10AA.

I, B/f Losses and unabsorbed depreciation related to above transactions cannot be setoff or carried forward. 2 B/f MAT credit could not be setoff.

## SEC IISBAB DOMESTIC MANUFACTURING COMPANY OPTING ALTERNATE SCHEME

I. Applicable to Domestic manufacturing Company engaged in production of any article or thing (Except notified).

2. Tax rate :

Income from Special Income manufacturing activity Tax Rate : Special Tax Rate: 15% Rate + Surcharge Mandatory Surcharge Mandatory 100% + 10%+ HEC: 4% HEC: 4%

Effective Rate : 17.16% STCG from transfer of Asset

on which no depreciation is allowable is taxable at effective rate of 25.168%

If AO during Assessment find close connection with other person & extra ordinary profits are generated (In case of transfer pricina)

Effective Rate: 34.32% (i.e., tax @30%+ surcharge @10% + HEC@4%)

## CONDITIONS FOR CLAIMING IISBAB

Following Deduction

1. Deductions u/s 80JJAA

2. Deduction u/s 80LA(IA)

1. Depreciation is allowed.

(new employment);

can be taken :

Deduction :

& 80M.

PGBP :

Condition 1 : Deductions not allowed :

## Following Deduction can't be taken : 1. Additional deprecation u/s 32(1)(iia):

2. Deductions u/s 32AD, 33AB, 33ABA

3. Deduction u/s 35/35(2AA)/35(2AB) (In respect of donation made to other approved institution).

4. Deduction u/s 3SAD, 3SCCC or 3SCCD

I. Any deduction under chapter VIA (Except Specified).

## Exemptions:

(i.e., tax @30% + surcharge | Exemption for SEZ unit contained in sec 10AA.

## Condition 2:

- I. B/f Losses and unabsorbed depreciation related to above transactions cannot be setoff or carried Forward.
- 2. BIf MAT credit could not be setoff.

- 1. The company should be set-up and registered on or after 1.10.2019.
- 2. It should commence manufacturing or production of an article or thing on or before 31.3.2024.
- 3. It should not be formed by splitting up or the reconstruction of a business except given in sec 33B.
- 4. It does not use second hand P&M [Refer Note at the
- 5. It does not use any building previously used as a hotel
- or a convention centre. 6. It should not be engaged in any business other than
- the business of manufacture or production of any article or thing and research in relation to, or distribution of such article or thing manufactured or produced by it.

### Note:

Business of manufacture or production of any article or thing does not include business of :

1) Development of computer software in any form or in any media:

2) Mining:

3) Conversion of marble blocks or similar items into slabs: 4) Bottling of gas into cylinder;

5) Printing of books or production of cinematography films: 6) Any other business as may be notified by the Central Govt. in this behalf.

A P&M shall not be regarded as second hand if :

1. It is imported into India.

total value of P&M.

2. No depreciation is claimed in India. 3. Value of Second hand P&M does not exceed 20% of the

Other Income

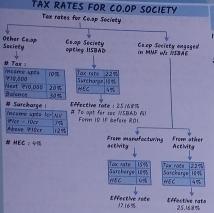
Tax Rate : 22% +

Mandatory: 10%

Effective Rate :

Surcharge

HEC: 4%



## DEDUCTION AND EXEMPTIONS NOT ALLOWED U/S IISBAD

Following Deduction can't be taken :

PGBP : 1. Additional deprecation u/s 32(1)(iia):

2. Deductions u/s 32AD. 33AB, 33ABA

3. Deduction u/s 35/35(2AA)/ 35(2AB) (In respect of donation made to other approved institution).

4. Deduction u/s 35AD or 35CCC. I. Any deduction under chapter

Deduction : VIA (Except Specified).

Exemptions : 1. Exemption for SEZ unit contained in sec 10AA.

1. B/f Losses and unabsorbed depreciation related to above transactions cannot be setoff or carried Forward.

2. B/f AMT credit could not be setoff.

Condition 3: Option once exercised cannot be withdrawn.

## SEC IISBAE TAX SCHEME FOR RESIDENT MANUFACTURING CO-OP SOCIETY

1. Assessee : A Resident co-operative society engaged in manufacturing shall at his option can opt for this section.

2. Tax Rate : Income from Special Income Other Income manufacturing activity + STCG Tax Rate : Special Rate Tax Rate : 22% + on transfer of Surcharge Mandatory : Surcharge Mandatory Depreciable asset 10% + 10%+ HEC : 4% HEC : 4% Tax Rate : 15% + Surcharge Effective Rate : Mandatory: 10%+ 25.168% HEC : 4% If AO during Assessment find close connection with other person & Effective Rate : extra ordinary profits are generated 17,16% (In case of transfer pricing) STCG from transfer of

Effective Rate: 34,32% (i.e., tax@30%+ surcharge @10% + HEC@4%)

Taken :

PGBP :

Deduction:

Following Deduction can be

1. Deductions in sec 80JJAA

(new employment):

1. Depreciation is allowed

## CONDITIONS FOR CLAIMING IISBAE

Condition 1: Deductions not allowed Following Deduction can't be taken :

Asset on which no

rate of 25.168%

depreciation is allowable

is taxable at effective

1. Additional deprecation u/s 32(1)(iia); 2. Deductions u/s 32AD, 33AB, 33ABA

3. Deduction u/s 35/35(2AA)/35(2AB) (In respect of donation made to other

approved institution). 4. Deduction u/s 3SAD, 3SCCC.

Deduction :

I. Any deduction under chapter VIA (Except Specified).

Exemptions:

1. Exemption for SEZ unit contained in sec 10AA

1. B/f Losses and unabsorbed depreciation related to above transactions cannot be setoff or carried Forward.

2. B/f MAT credit could not be setoff.

Condition 3 :

1. The company should be set-up after 1.4.2023 and start manufacture on or before 31.3.2024.

2. It should not be formed by splitting up or the reconstruction of a business except given in sec 33B.

3. It does not use second hand P&M [Refer Note at the end].

4. It should not be engaged in any business other than the business of manufacture or production of any article or thing and research in relation to, or distribution of such article or thing manufactured or produced by it.

Business of manufacture or production of any article or thing does not include business of :

1) Development of computer software in any form or in any media

3) Conversion of marble blocks or similar items into slabs:

4) Bottling of gas into cylinder:

c) Printing of books or production of cinematography films: 6) Any other business as may be notified by the Central Govt.

in this hehalf.

A P&M shall not be regarded as Second hand if :

I It is imported into India.

2 No depreciation is claimed in India. 3. Value of Second hand P&M does not exceed 20% of the total

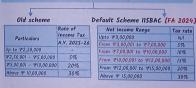
value of P&M.

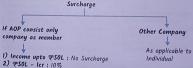
Note :

1. Option must be exercised before the due date for furnishing the first of the returns of income for any previous year.

2. Option once exercised shall apply to subsequent assessment years.

## TAX RATE FOR AOPIBOI





3) Above ₹10cr : 15%

## SEC 69A UNEXPLAINED MONEY, ETC

Where in any FY the assessee is found to be the owner of any money, bullion, jewellery or other valuable article and the assessee offers no explanation about source of acquisition or explanation offered by him is not, in the opinion of the AO, satisfactory, the money and the value shall be deemed to be the income of the assessee for

## SEC 69B AMOUNT OF INVESTMENTS ETC NOT FULLY DISCLOSED IN BOA

Where in any AO finds that the amount expended exceeds the amount recorded in books of account and the assessee offers no explanation or explanation offered by him is not, in the opinion of the AO, satisfactory, the excess amount may be deemed to be the income of the assessee for such financial year.

## SEC 69C UNEXPLAINED EXPENDITURE, ETC.

Where assessee has incurred any expenditure and he offers no explanation about the source of such expenditure or the explanation, if any, offered by him is not, in the opinion of the AO, satisfactory, the amount covered by such expenditure or part thereof, as the case may be, may be deemed to be the income of the assessee for such FY.

## SEC 69D AMOUNT BORROWED OR REPAID ON HUNDI

Where any amount is borrowed on a hundi or repaid to, any person otherwise than through an account payee cheque drawn on a bank, the amount so borrowed or repaid shall be deemed to be the income of the person borrowing or repaying the amount aforesaid for the PY in which the amount was borrowed or repaid, as the case may be.

Following Deduction can be

1. Deductions in Sec 80JJAA

(new employment)

1. Depreciation is allowed.

& 80LA(IA);

IMP Hai!

Deduction :

PGBP :

## BASICS OF RESIDENTIAL STATUS

- I. RS is determined for each category of person separately 2. RS always determined for PY because we have to
- determine the total income of the PY only 3. It is calculated for every year because it may change
- year to year 4. A person can be resident of more than one country for
- 5. Citizenship of a country & RS of that country are
- different concept.
- 6. Onus of Proof

Resident

Individual/company Burden lies on the Department HUF, Firm, LLP Assumed that they are Resident. Onus that they are not resident is on them

## A person can either be

They would be treated as Resident if satisfy any of following condition :

satisfy any of the above a) If they stay in India for 182 days or basic condition in sec 6(1) more in PY: or b) Stays in India for 60 days in PY &

## 365 days in 4 previous preceding years Sec 6(6) ROR (Resident

## ordinary resident)

If he satisfy both the following conditions given

- u/s 6(1) 1 a) He is a resident in atleast
- any 2/10 PPY, and b) He stays in India for 730 days or more during the

If does not satisfy any of the basic conditions uls 6(6)



RNOR (Resident not

ordinary resident)

Non resident

If an individual does not

- # Exception to 6(1): The person shall be treated an resident if stays in for 182 days or more or else remains non resident
  - 1. Person leaving India for Employment.
  - 2. Ship crew member.
- 3. Person of Indian origin.
- # Person of Indian Origin: A person is deemed to be of Indian origin if he, or either of his parents or any of his grandparents, was born in Undivided India. It may be noted that grandparents include both maternal and paternal grand parents.

## RESIDENTIAL STATUS

## RESIDENTIAL STATUS FOR INDIAN CITIZEN

Indian citizen/Person of Indian Origin who being outside India comes on a visit to India in PY Beyond ₹ 15 lakhs Income upto ₹ 15 lakhs

He would be treated as resident if they stay in India for 182 days or more in Py.

He would be treated as Resident If satisfy any of following condition : a) If they stay in India for 182 days or more in PY: b) 120 days in PY & 365 days in 4PPY

## SEC 6(IA) DEEMED RESIDENT

An individual, being citizen of India, having total income, other than the income from foreign sources, exceeding 15,00,000 during the PY shall be deemed to be resident in India in that PY if he is not liable to tax in any other country territory by reason of his domicile/residence/any other criteria of similar nature. As per sec 6(6) if a person is deemed Resident as per sec 6(IA) he shall deemed to he RNOR.

### RESIDENTIAL STATUS OF HUF

Resident Sec 6/21 Non-Resident

If Control & Management If Control & Management Wholly Wholly Situated Outside India or partly situated in India

If Karta Satisfies Section 6[6] Whole HUF ROR

If Karta do Not Satisfies Sec 6[6]

be ROR/RNOR, other person can be RINR

# Only Individual & HUF can

Whole HUF RNOR

Sec 6(2): A HUF firm or other association of persons is said to be resident in India in any PY in every case except where during that year the control & management of its affairs is situated wholly outside India.

## SEC 6(3) RESIDENTIAL STATUS OF COMPANIES

Indian Company Foreign Company Always Resident POEM in India POEM outside Then Resident India Then NR

Sec 6(3) : A company is said to be a resident in India in any P.Y if :

- > It is an Indian company; or
- > Its place of effective management in that year is in India.

## SEC 6(4) RESIDENTIAL STATUS FOR OTHER ASSESSEE

Resident Sec 6[4] Non-Resident

If Control & Management situated in India Wholly or partly

If Control & Management Wholly Situated Outside India

## SEC 5 SCOPE OF TOTAL INCOME & TAX INCIDENCE

## Indian Income :

- I. Received In India
- 2. Deemed to be Received in India [Sec 7]
- 3. Accrued in India [Sec 9]
- 4. Deemed to be accrued or arise in India

Foreign Income: Income is not received or not deemed to be received in India. Income which does not accrue or arise in India

## Remittance of Income :

Approved mode - Exempt in India Unapproved Mode - Taxable In India

### Incidence of Tax for Individual & HUF:

Income		RNOR	NR	2) If a Resident p
Indian	Taxable in India	Taxable in India	Taxable in India	carrying out bu
Foreign	Taxable in India	Only two type of Foreign income is taxable in India.[Refer Notes]	L. dt.	such interest i
Note :		me from business/profession		Sec 9(1)(vi) Ro

un in India

## Incidence of Tax for others :

Income	Resident	NR
Indian	Taxable in India	Taxable in India
Foreign	Taxable in India	Not Taxable in India

## DEEMED TO RECEIVE OR ACCRUE

Deemed to be received in India [Sec 7] A) Contribution to RPF beyond

- 12% of the salary B) Interest on RPF beyond 9.5% p.a.
- C) Transfer from URPF to RPF
- D) Contribution to pension fund uls 80CCD
- # Business Connection : 1. Business Connection
- 2. Deemed Business Connection 3. Not a Business Connection
- 1) Income out of Business Connection

Accrued In India [Sec 97

- 2) Salary earned in India 3) Salary from government to an Indian citizen for services Rendered outside India
- 4) Dividend from Indian Co 5) Income from Interest payable by specified person
- 6) Income from Royalty 7) Income from Technical services 8) Income from PropertulAssets situated In India
- 9) Income from transfer of capital assets situated In India 10) Gift by R to NR

## SEC 9(1)(i) INCOME FROM BUSINESS CONNECTION

Deemed Business Not a Business **Business** Connection Connection > Significant economic > Purchase in India for Assessee Contract the purpose of export on behalf of NR/ presence is deemed outside India. plays significant role. **Business** Connection Collection of news and Download of Datal Maintain stock on views in India for behalf of NR. Software/Purchase/ Sale. transmission out of India Secure order on Shooting of anu behalf of NR. Amount exceed 2cr cinematograph Film in in PY: or Interactions with no Display of uncut and

unassorted diamond in

of users exceeds 3L any special zone notified bu CG.

Sec 9(1)(v) Interest payable by : If interest is payable to Non-Resident bu : a) Government

- b) Resident (For activities in India)
- c) Non-Resident (For carrying out business profession in

## Notes :

- 1) If NR pays interest for activities other than business or profession in India such interest is not Taxable to NR in
- 2) If a Resident pays interest to NR outside India for carrying out business or profession outside India then such interest is not taxable to NR in India.
- Sec 9(1)(vi) Roualtu:
- 2) Resident person [Exception: Where it is payable for transfer of any right/use of property/Information/ utilization for the purpose of business or profession carried on by such person outside India or for earning any Income outside India]
- 3) NR, where moneys borrowed and used, for the purposes of a business or profession carried on by such person in India. Then royalty is treated as deemed to accrued or arise in India.

Sec 9(1)(vii) Fees for technical services payable by :

a) Government: or

b) Resident Person : Except where the fees are payable for services are utilised in a business or profession carried on by such person outside India or for the purposes of making or earning any income from any source outside India.

c) NR in respect of FTS payable in respect of services utilized for the purpose of business or profession carried by such person in India.

Pa

## HOUSE PROPERTY

Property must

not be used for

## BASICS OF AGRICULTURE INCOME

- . Agriculture income is defined uls 2(1A).
- 2. Agricultural Income is exempt u/s 10(1), but the income tax act indirectly collects tax on agricultural income.
- 3. Agriculture Income Fall within the state List Entry no 46, Further no deduction is permissible in respect for anu Hence shall be levied and collected by SG.
- 4. Sec 14A where any expenditure is incurred in relation to exempt Income the same shall not be allowed as deduction.

## AGRICULTURAL LAND

## There are 2 type of agricultural land :

1) Urban

2) Rural

The urban land is not defined but rural Land is defined.



Expl 4: Population means according to the last census published before the first day of PY.

No.	Particulars	Population	Result
1.	Distance 0-2km	Less than 10,000	Rural
2.	Distance 0-2km	More than 10,000	Urban
3.	Distance 2-6km	Less than 1,00,000	Rural
4.	Distance 2-6km	More than 1,00,000	Urban
5.	Distance 6-8km	Less than 10,00,000	Rural
6.	Distance 6-8km	More than 10,00,000	Urban

## MINORS AGRICULTURE INCOME

Minor Earning Income from Agriculture shall be chargeable as per section 64(IA) (Refer Clubbing chapter).

Rural	HILL	rban	
Agriculture Sale Compulsory ncome Acquisition Exempt No Capital No Capital IS 10(1) Gain Gain As there is no Capital Assets	Agriculture Income Exempt u/s 10(1)	Sale Liable to CG	Compulsory Acquisition Exempt u/s 10(37)

## COMPOSITE INCOME

Assessee may have composite Income which is partially agriculture & Non agricultural, in this case company earns Composite Income which needs to be disintegrated expenditure incured by Assessee.

## RULE [7 & 8] COMPOSITE INCOME IN CASE OF TEA, COFFEE, RUBBER

Rule		Agriculture	Non- Agriculture
7A	Growing and manufacturing rubber	65%	35%
	Growing and manufacturing coffee grown & Cured		25%
7B	Growing and manufacturing coffee grown, cured, roasted and grounded	60%	40%
8	Growing and manufacturing Tea	60%	40%

## COMPOSITE INCOME FOR OTHERS PRODUCTS

			\		
Directly	Sold			Sold after process	sing
Sale Value Cost of	/xxx7	Agricultur	e Income	PGBP	
Cultivation Al	XXX	FMV	xxx [xxx]	Sale Value FMV of Produce	XXX
71/	1	Cultivation Al	XXX	onp on ource	XXX

## METHOD OF AGGREGATION/ METHOD OF PARTIAL INTEGRATION

Applicability: Applicable only to individuals, HUF, AOP and BOI, AJP and not applicable to firms and companies. Minimum agricultural income : Should exceed ₹5000 Other income: Should exceed ₹250000/300000/500000 as the case may be

Step 1 : Agricultural Income + Non Agricultural Income	XXX
Step 2: Tax on Step 1	XXX
Step 3: Agricultural Income + Basic Exemption Limit	XXX
Step 3 : Agricultural Income	XXX
Step 4: Tax on Step 3 Step 5: Difference of tax [Step 2- Step 4]	XXX
Step 5: Difference of the Listep 2 Step 15 Step 6: Add Surchargel Less Rebate, Add HEC	XXX
Step 6 : Add Surenarger Cess Rebate, Had He	XXX
Step 7: Final Tax Liability	mption

If an Individual opts to be taxed u/s IISBAC, the shall be limited to ₹300000 whether such individual is less than or more than 60 years old.

## LOSS FROM AGRICULTURAL INCOME

- > Loss from agricultural shall be set off against agriculture
- > If such loss could not be set off in that PY, it shall be c/f & set-off in following AY for not more than 8Y against agri income only.

## SEC 22 CHARGING SECTION

Assessee must	Annual Value of
be owner	Land, Building
Owner include	appartenant thereto
1 J auman Sac 27	

own business & profession

Income under this head may be charged irrespective of income actually received or not.

## COMPOSITE RENT

tting of property	main business	b) Income from other asset: "PGBP"
		a) Income from property : "HP" b) Income from other asset : "Other sources"
tting of property		Entire income will be taxable under "PGBP".
ot	Letting is not	Entire income will be taxable under

Except the case where letting out is for the purpose of carrying on the business in the efficient manner and letting is not the main business.

	INCOME FROM HI	OUTSIDE INDIA
I	Assessee is ROR	Assessee is RNOR/NR
ı	Taxable in India whether property Is in India or Outside India.	Taxable in India only if rent is received in India.

## GROSS ANNUAL VALUE

## GAV shall be higher of RER or ARR

Reasonable Expected R Step 1 : Municipal Value	
Step 2 : Fair Rent	
	XXX
Step 3: Expected Rent	XXX
(Higher of Step 1 / 2)	13.55
Step 4 : Standard Rent	XXX
Step 5 : RER	XXX

Actual rent received or receivable Actual rent for let out period Less: Unrealized Rent subject (xxx) to conditions of Rule 4

Municipal This is value as determined by the municipal authorities for levying municipal taxes on house property Fair Rent Fair rent is the rent which a similar property can fetch in the same or similar locality

The standard rent is the maximum rent which can be collected by landlord. This is fixed under Rent control act Unrealized Rent due from tenant but not received. Deduction is allowed is condition is satisfied if nothing is mentioned assume that condition is satisfied.

RER cannot exceed expected Rent : (SC) & Amolak Ram

## MUNICIPAL/ PROPERTY/ CORPORATION TAX

for Benefit	a) It should be Borne by Assessee (Not Tenant). b) It should be actually paid during the year.			
Deductions	Paid for PY in the current year : Allowed Paid for Current Year : Allowed Advance Paid : Not allowed because it is not Due.			
Other Benefit	Benefit for Sewerage Tax and Water Tax also Available			
Paid outside India	Allowed as per CIT v. R. Venugopala Reddiar (Mad.)			
	Given in Cash: Take Actual Amount % is given Take %			

## SEC 24 DEDUCTIONS FROM ANNUAL VALUE

Deduction	a) 30% of NAV     b) Available only if NAV is Positive.     c) If standard deduction is available deduction for expenses are not available eg: Repairs, Insuran.
Interest on Borrowed	a) Deduction is available on Accrual Basis. b) Interest on unpaid interest is not allowed as de

- c) Any brokerage or commission paid for raising such loan is not allowed
- d) Interest on new loan taken to repay original loan is considered as loan taken for such acquisition. construction, etc. (Refer CBDT Circular No. 28 dated
- 20-8-1969) f) Sec 80EE Provides additional benefit out of Gross Total
- ) Deduction = 1/5th of Pre construction + 100% of Post Construction. Post Construction interest: 100% allowed deduction

Pre Construction Interest : 1/5th of Total Interest Paid during pre construction.

	ruction Period
a) Repayment Precedes Construction	Date of Borrowing to date of Repayment
b) Construction Precedes Repayments	Date of Borrowing to 31st Mar Prior to date of Completion.

Under default tax regime u/s IISBAC : There would be no deduction on account of interest or loan u/s 24(b) under default tax regime u/s IISBAC in respect of property referred to in sec 23(2) i.e self Occupied or unoccupied property

## SEC 25 DEDUCTION OF INTEREST NOT ALLOWED IN CERTAIN CASES

Interest chargeable under this Act which is payable outside India shall not be deducted if :

a) Tax has not been paid or deducted from such interest.

b) There is no person in India who may be treated as an

## SEC 23(2) COMPUTATION - SOP

### Conditions :

Loss from House Property

I. The property was not let out for any part of the year 2. No other benefits has been derived from the property

3. Number of self occupied property shall not exceed 2 4. There would be no deduction on account of interest on

loan u/s 24(b) u/s 115BAC in respect of the property referred to in sec 23(2) i.e., self-occupied or unoccupied

Particulars	7
Annual value u/s 23(2)	Nil
Less : Municipal tax actually paid	Nil
NAV	Nil
Less : Deduction u/s 24	IVII
a) Standard Deduction	Nil
b) Interest on borrowed capital	(xxx)
Conditions:	(,,,,
1. Upto Rs. Maximum of ₹2,00,000 [Aggregate Amount of Deduction]	
a) Loan is taken for acquisition or construction b) After 1.4.1999	
c) Acquisition or construction is complete within 5 yrs from the end of F.Y. in which capital is borrowed.	
2. Upto maximum of ₹30,000 [Aggregate Amount of Deduction] a) If condition given in 1 is not satisfied	
b) Loan is taken for repairs and maintenance	100

## SEC 23(4) MORE THAN 2 SOP

Particulars	Option 1			Option 2		
Particulars	FI SOP	F2 SOP	F3 DLOP	FI SOP	F2 DLOP	F3 SOP
GAV	Nil	Nil	XXX	Nil	XXX	Nil
Less : Municipal	Nil	Nil	(xxx)	Nil	(xxx)	Nil
tax actually paid NAV	Nil	Nil	Xxx	Nil	Xxx	Nil
Less: Deduction Standard deduction	Nil	NII	(xxx)	Nil	(xxx)	Nil
Interest on borrowed capital	(xxx) [limited]	(xxx) [limited]	(xxx) [un- limited]	(xxx) [limited]	(xxx) [un- limited]	(xxx) [limited]

	Option 3		
Particulars	FI DLOP	F2 SOP	F3 SOP
GAV	XXX	NII	Nil
Less : Municipal tax actually paid	(xxx)	Nil	Nil
NAV	XXX	Nil	Nil
Less : Deduction			
Standard deduction	(xxx)	Nil	Nil
Interest on borrowed	(xxx)	(xxx)	(xxx)

Romance: Choose the option which has lower taxable income or higher loss.

a) This option can be changed year after year in a manner beneficial to the assessee.

b) In case of deemed let-out property, the Annual value (i.e reasonable expected rent) shall be taken as the GAV.

The maximum Interest of both self occupied propertu cannot exceed 2,00,000/30,000.

## SEC 23(1)(c) LET OUT PROPERTY VACANT

ON WHOLE YEAR		
Particulars	₹	
GAV	Nil	
Less: Municipal tax actually paid by the owner	(xxx)	
NAV	(xxx)	
Less : Deduction		
Standard deduction	Nil	
Interest on borrowed capital	(xxx)	
Income from House Property	XXX	

Where the property consisting of any building or land Appurtenant thereto is held as stock-in-trade and property or any part of the property is not let during the whole or any part of the PY the annual value of such property or part of the property, for period up to 2 year from end of FY in which the certificate of completion of construction of property is obtained from competent authority shall be taken to nil.

## SEC 23(3) PROPERTY LET OUT FOR PART & SELF OCCUPIED FOR PART YEAR

Income shall be calculated for the whole year as deemed

Particulars	₹
GAV Less : Municipal tax actually paid by the owner for PY NAV	(xxx)
Less : Deduction a) Standard deduction b) Interest on borrowed capital (Unlimited) Income from House Propertu	(xxx) (xxx)

## PROPERTY A PORTION OF WHICH IS LET **OUT & PORTION SELF OCCUPIED**

There is no need to treat the whole property as a single

Particulars	LOP	SOP	
GAV	XXX	Nil	
Less : Municipal tax actually paid by the owner for the whole year	(xxx)	Nil	
NAV Less : Deduction	XXX	Nil	
Standard deduction	XXX	Nil	
Interest on borrowed capital	(xx)(unltd)	xxx(lta	
Income from House Property	xxx	xxx	

## SEC 23(1)(c) LET OUT PROPERTY KEPT VACANT FOR PART OF YEAR

Particulars	7
Step 1: RER	
Step 2 : ARR (Excluding unrealized Rent) Higher shall be GAV	
Step 3: AR	XXX
Less : Municipal tax actually paid	(xxx)
NAV	Xxx
Deduction u/s 24	
1. Standard deduction @30%	(xxx)
2. Interest on borrowed capital	(xxx)
Income from house property	XXX

Only due to vacancy

AR = GAV

## SALARY

## SEC IS CHARGING SECTION

Chargeable Income : Where there exists a relationship of employer and employee. Where an individual is bound to follow the instructions of other it is said that there exists a relationship of ER and EE.

When is Salary Charged to Tax : Salaries charged to tax either on due or Receipt whichever matures earlier

Exception : Following salaries charged to tax only on receipt basis :

- a) Advance Salary
- b) Bonus
- c) Salary in lieu of notice period
- d) Arrears of Salary

Computation : Basic + Taxable allowance + Taxable Perquisite Salary includes the contribution made by the CG in the PY

to the Agniveer Corpus Fund account of an individual enrolled in the Agnipath Scheme referred to in sec 80CCH.

## FULLY TAXABLE PART OF SALARY

- 1. Basic
- 3. Fees
- 5. Commission
- 7. Uncommuted Pension

## 6. Leave Encashment

### Nature of allowance Exemption Special Compensatory (Hilly Areas) Allowance/High Altitude/Uncongenial the specified locations ₹7,000 p.m

children

children

₹800 p.m

₹1,060 p.m

₹1.600 p.m

Climate/Snow Bound Area/Avalanche in Siachen area of Jammu and Allowance Border area allowance or remote ₹1,300, ₹1,100 or ₹1,050 or ₹750 locality allowance or difficult area or ₹300 or ₹ 200 p.m depending allowance or disturbed area allowance upon the specified locations Special Compensatory (Tribal Areas/

Allowance [Specified States] Allowance for employee working in any Lower of: 70% of such allowance transport system.

Children Education Allowance Hostel expenditure Allowance on his

Compensatory Field Area Allowance

Other reason

'sland (duty) allowance (member of the ₹3,250 p.m armed forces in Andaman & Nicobar and Lakshadweep Group of Islands)

available in both regimes Tribal Area (Tribal areas of MP, Tamil Nadu, UP, Karnataka, Tripura, Assam, West Bengal, Bihar & Orissa)

In case EE is blind/handicapped, ₹3200 p.m. [Still Available] ₹200 p.m

## ALLOWANCES

Fully taxable under Fully taxable u/s 115BAC(1A) Fully exempt only Partly exempt under the under the optional tax both regimes optional tax regime House aren't Allowance

b) Daily allowance

orthopedically

Entertainment Tuls 10(13A)7 allowance 2. Special Allowance . Dearness [u/s 10(14)] Except : allowance

Overtime allowance Fixed Medical

allowance (to

meet increased

cost of living in

Interim allowance

cities)

Allowance City compensatory

2. Bonus

4. Advance/Arrears

## PARTLY EXEMPT ALLOWANCES

₹800 or ₹300 p,m depending upon

₹200 p.m

or ₹10.000 p.m

₹100 p.m per child upto a max 2

₹300 p.m per child max upto 2

Schedule Areas/Agency Areas)

₹2,600 p.m Compensatory Modified Field Area ₹1.000 p.m Any special allowance in the nature of ₹3,900 p.m counter insurgency allowance granted

to the members of the armed forces operating in areas away from their permanent locations. Underground Allowance

Any special allowance in the nature of high Altitude allowance : > For altitude of 9,000 to 15,000 feet > For above 15,000 feet

Special compensatory highly active RER = GAV

Servant allowance Project allowance Tiffin/Lunch/ Dinner allowance 0. Any other cash allowance Warden allowance 12. Non-practicina Allowance

3. Transport allowance to employee other than blind/deaf & dumb/

orthopedicallu

handicapped

Fully exempt under both tax regimes Government employees outside India [Sec 10(7)]

IMP Hai!

anything to the contrary contained in any other law

Allowances to High Court Judges 2. Salary & allowances paid by the United Nations organization a) Travelling allowance 3. Sumptuary allowance c) Conveyance allowance granted to High d) Transport allowance to Court or Supreme blind/ deaf and dumb/ Court Judges Note: In case (i) and handicapped employee (iii) above, the Note: the exceptions in (a) respective Acts provide to (d) above are partly for such exemption, exempt under both scheme notwithstanding anything contained in the Income-tax Act. 1961. In case (ii) exemption is provided under the respective Act. notwithstanding

## SEC 10(13A) HOUSE RENT ALLOWANCE

Exemption is not available if : a) Accommodation is owned by him.

b) If he has not paid the rent for accommodation.

Exemption is lower of : i) Actual amount

ii) Rent Paid (-) 10% of salary

iii) 50% of salary in respect of the relevant period, if such accommodation is situated in Mumbai, Calcutta, Delhi or Chennai (40% of salary if it is situated at any other place

1. Salary = Basic + DA(R) + Commission (T).

2. If there is change in any factor namely Salary, HRA. Period place of business etc HRA needs to be calculated separately.

3. Any Advance Salary shall be excluded for purpose of this 4. Exemption is also not available if Rent paid is less than 10% of salary.

During his

Employment

Totally Toxable

to all Employee however relief

can be claimed

) Actual received

26 Salary of completed

Totally Taxable Uncommuted

Govt EE (Whether

gratuity is received or not)

Exempt u/s 10(10A)(i)

to all Employee Pension

(-) 1/3rd of Full

Value of Pension

As per Scheme

of Central Gov

of 6 M

3) Maximum ₹20L

During his

Employment

service/part in excess

At the Time of

Retirement

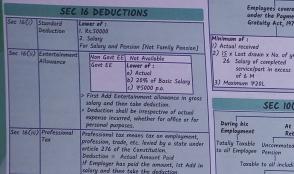
Employees

Fully exempt

Employees covered

under the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972

- S. The basis for calculation is location of accommodation & not of Service.
- 6. This is fully taxable under default tax Regime.



## SEC 10(10) GRATUITY

a) Amount of salary

Lower of :

Deduction

uls IISBAC

Meaning of Salary	Covered in Gratuity Act	Basic +DA
	Not covered in Gratuity Act	Basic salary + D.A. (R) + commission based on fixed % of turnover.
	Average Salary	Avg. monthly salary calculated on basis of avg. salary for 10 M immediately preceding month in which employee has retired. For instance if employee retires on Dec, avg. salary will be calculated till November.

Ohile claiming the statutory deduction of ₹20L or from more amount earlier claimed as deduction shall be reduced from ₹20L

u/s 89(1)

### Notes: > In case of seasonal employment period of 15 days shall

be replaced by 7 days. > Complete year of service: For calculating complete year of service any period of more than 6 M shall be taken to be full year.

After the death

Widow/legal

heir is not

taxable

After the death

of Employee

Non Govt EE

Non-Govt FF

who have not

received gratuits

Sec 10(10A)(ii

Other

XX

Commuted Taxable under

**IFOS** 

Pension

Non-Govt EE

received Gratuity

Sec 10(10A)(ii)

(-) 1/2 of Full

Value of Pension

% of Commutation

who have

of Employee

Employees not covered

under the Payment of

Gratuity Act, 1972

x Avg Salary x No. of yrs of

of 10 m completed service

3) Maximum ₹20L [Not. 16/2019]

No difference if seasonal Employee

Non Government Payment to

Employees

Minimum of :

SEC 10(10A) PENSION

At the Time of

Retirement

Taxable to all including Govt EE

> Pension received from UNO is not taxable.

> Full Value of Pension = Amount Received

> Relief u/s 89(1) available for commuted pension.

SEC 10(10B) RETRENCHMENT COMPENSATION

Actual Amount Recd

a) Actual received

) Maximum ₹5L

b) Amount calculated as per

Industrial Dispute Act. 1947

Taxable (eliqible for relief u/s 89) XX

(-) Lower of :

1) Actual received

> If amount determined as per industrial dispute act is not

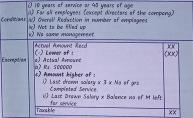
15 x Avg salary of Last 3M x No of year of completed service/ 26 part thereof in excess of 6 M.

However as per Guru Jambeswar Case instead of 15/26

take 15/30. > Salary for this purpose : Basic+ DA(R)

- > If retrenchment compensation is received in scheme
- framed by CG then whole retrenchment compensation
- > Any compensation in excess of above limit will be taxable

## SEC 10(10C) VOLUNTARY RETIREMENT



### Notes :

Deduction under this sec is available only once in lifetime. Salary = Basic + DA (R) + Commission (T)

If assessee claims relief u/s 89(1) for VRC then he cannot claims exemption u/s 10(10C) in that year or any other AY.

## SEC 10(10AA) LEAVE SALARY

During his At Employment Ret		After the death of Employee
Totally Taxable to all Employee Govt EE Fully Exempt	Non Govt EE  Minimum of:  1) Actual received  2) Avg. salary x 1  3) Maximum 250  4) Leave Credit fi	0 months

- nployees are entitled to various types of leave while in service. The leave may either be availed by them or in case not availed of, these may either lapselare allowed to be encashed every year or these are accumulated & encashed after Retirement or death.
- > Salary Means Basic + DA(R) + C(T)
- > Relief u/s 89(1) available.
- > How to Find out leave Credit :
- a) Find out duration of service without any fraction : 12 years & 7 months = 12 yrs.

- 30 days per yr) if period of leave credited is more than 30 days then take 30 days for calculation & it is less than 30 days then same can be taken. c) Period of leave earned = (Leave credit x Avg Salary)/30
- SPECIFIED & NON SPECIFIED EMPLOYEE

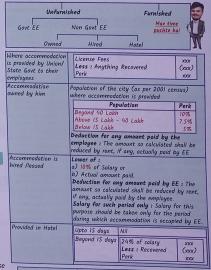
If any of the 3 condition is satisfied an employee is treated as specified employee. [Sec 17(2)(iii)]: a) Employee + Director

b) Find out leave allowed: (Max allowed as per rule

b) Employee + Substantial Interest, Sec 2(32) an employee holding atleast 20% voting power in a company.

c) Income from Salary less salary in kind exceeds ₹50,000. If none of the conditions are satisfied then employee is treated as non specified employee.

## RULE 3(1) PERK : VALUATION OF RESIDENTIAL ACCOMODATION



Particulars	7
Value as Per Unfurnished	XXX
Add : Value of Furniture	XXX
If Owned : 10% of actual Cost Hired : Actual Hire Charges	XXX
Less : Anything Recovered	XXX
Perk	(xxx)
. 012	XXX

Pg

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- a) Salary : Basic+ DA(R)+ Bonus + Commission + All taxable Allowance
- b) "Accommodation" incl. House, flat, farm House, hotel accommodation motel, service apartment quest house, caravan, mobile home, ship etc.
- c) Transfer from one place to another : And he hold both the premises

First 90 days Value of only one house having

lower perk value shall be taken

Beyond 90 days Value of both houses should be taken as perk

d) Value perquisite to be restricted to CII : Where accommodation is owned/lease

Provided to employee for more than one P.Y.

Value of perk incase of non government employee shall not exceed amount so calculated for 1st P.Y Value of perk x CII for P.Y.

CII for the first Year Note : First P.Y. means 23-24 or the P.Y. in which accommodation

was provided to employee whichever is later. RULE 3(2) PERK : VALUATION OF MOTOR/

## OTHER VEHICLE

Situation	Use	Tax Treatment	
Car owned & maintained by Employer	Official use Private use	Exempt  10% of cost or Actual hire charges (+) Running & Maintenance exp. (-) Amount recoverable	
		Taxable amount = For/below 1.6 ltr. CC = 1,800 pm Above 1.6 ltr. CC = 2,400 pm (Nothing deductible when amount re	ecovered
Car owned by	Official use	Exempt	
Employer & maintained by Employee	Private use	10% of cost or Actual hire charges (-) Amount recoverable	The same
		Taxable amount = For/below 1.6 ltr. CC = 600 pm Above 1.6 ltr. CC = 900 pm If Chauffer provided = 900 pm (Nothing deductible when amount n	ecovered,
Car owned & maintained by Employee	Nothing is To	kable IMP Hall	9
Car owned	Official use	Nil	
by Employer	Private use	Amount of Expenditure	
& maintainea by Employer	Partly official partly private	(-) 1800 pm/2400 pm (Depending on CC) (-) 900 pm if chauffer is provided Taxable	xxx (xxx)
Any other	Official use	Nil	
automotive	Private use	Amount of Expenditure	
owned by Employer		Actual Expenditure Less: Rs. 900 p.m. (Greater deduction can be allowed if official records it is established that	

- 1. Month denotes completed month. Any part of M shall be
- 2. Chauffer is added only if provided.
- 3. When more than I car is provided to EE, otherwise than wholly & exclusively for such car than value of perquisite.
- 4. I car shall be taken as used for partly official & partly for personal.

## GIFT FROM EMPLOYER

Cost Doesn't Exceed ₹5000 pa	Nil	
₹5000 pa	Alternative 1 : Followed BY ICAI & our class amount exceeding ₹5,000 fully taxable Alternative 2 : ICAI Provides an alternative that if it exceed ₹5000 only excess portion is taxable	
PERK	: CREDIT CARD FACILITY	

PERK : CREDIT CARD FACILITY				
Official Purpose	Nil	1300,50		
Other Purpose	Actual Cost to Employer Less : Recovered Perk	(xxx)		
	Conditions: a) Complete details in responsive the employed alia, include date & nat b) The employer gives a cut to the effect that same exclusively for the perf	oyer wh ure of e ertificate e was i	nich may, inter- expense; and e for such expense ncurred wholly &	
TOTAL PROPERTY.	DEDV . CILIP EA	CHI	TV	

Official Purpose	Nil [It sho	uld be certified By Em	ployer]
Given Uniformly to all Employee	Nil		11/4/11
Corporate Membership for all	Initial Fees		
Employee		Actual Cost Less: Recovered	(xxx)
		Perk	XXX

## PERK : ESOP

FMV on the date of Exercise [-] Amount Recovered

## APPROVED SUPER ANNUATION FUND

- I. EE's Contribution is eligible for deduction u/s 80C 2. ER's Contribution :
  - > Less than ₹150,000 : Exempt from Taxable
- > More than ₹150,000 : Chargeable to tax to the extent
- it exceeds Interest on accumulated balance is exempt
- 3. Overall Cap Limit Introducted By Finance Act 20 > The amount or the aggregate of amounts of anu
  - contribution made to account of the assessee by the emplouer:
  - a) In a recognised provident fund:
  - b) In the scheme referred to in sec 80CCD(1):
  - c) In an approved superannuation fund to tthe extent it exceeds ₹7,50,000 in a PY:
  - > Annual accretion by way of interest, dividend or any other amount shall be computed in such manner as may be prescribed.

## PERK : USE OF MOVABLE ASSETS

Owned by ER	10% of actual Cost Less : recovered Perk	(xxx) xxx
Hired by ER	Actual Cost to ER Less : recovered Perk	(xxx) xxx
Comp & Laptop	Nil	

## SALE OF MOVABLE ASSETS

Particulars	Electronics/ computer	Car	Other Assets
Depreciation Rate	50%	20%	10%
Depreciation Method	WDV	WDV	SLM
Actual Cost	XXX	XXX	XXX
Less : Depreciation for each completed year from date of acquisition	(xxx)	(xxx)	(xxx)
WDV	XXX	XXX	XXX
Less : Sale Value Perk	(xxx)	(xxx)	(xxx)
reik	XXX	XXX	XXX

## PERK : INTEREST FREE OR CONCESSIONAL LOAN

For Specified		yond ₹20000
Diseases & Loan upto ₹20000	=/> than SBI rate as on 1st day of PY	Nil
Perk : NIL	as on 1st day of PY	Maximum Outstanding Monthly Bal (i.e. the aggregate outstanding bal for each loan as on last day of each month after EMI) Less: Recovered

### FREE FOOD FACILITY

	rovided in Remote Ot or Offshore Installation	her
NIL	Actual Cost to Employer (-) Rs.50 per Meal/day Perk	(xxx) xxx

This exemption is available only if the employee exercises the option of shifting out of the default tax regime provided uls IISBAC(IA)

## RULE 3(3) SWEEPER, GARDNER, PERSONAL ATTENDANT

Appointed by ER Cost to the ER Cost to the ER (-) Recovered from EE (-) Recovered from EE

For Employee or "member of household" shall include :

- a) Spouse(s): b) Children and their spouses:
- c) Parents; d) Servants & Dependants

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## PERK : TAXABLE ONLY IN CASE OF

Gas/ Electricity / Water Facility Connection in the name of :

nployer : Taxable of specified EE	inly to	Employee : Taxable employee	e to all
nufacturing cost r Unit ss : Recovered	(xxx)	Actual Cost to ER Less: Recovered Taxable	(xxx)

## PROVIDENT FUND

	Particulars	KFF	UKFF	Jr r	
	ALC: NO.	Contribution in excess of 12% of salary is taxable	at the time	Fully exempt	N.A.(as there is only assessee's own contribution)
		Deduction u/s 80C, [No Deduction if opted for IISBAC(IA)]	Not eligible for deduction	80C, [No Deduction if opted for	Deduction u/s 80C, [No Deduction if opted for IISBAC(IA)]
	Interest on ER Contri.	Amount in excess of 9.5% p.a. is taxable	Not taxable at the time of credit of interest	Fully exempt	N.A.
	EE Contri.	p.a. is taxable	Not taxable at the time of credit of interest	Exempt upto certain limit of contri. as prescribed	Fully exempt
ly ly	on	Exempt u/s 10(12) subject to certain conditions Prescribed ,			Fully exempt u/s 10(11)
П	BESTERNING.	ENUC	ATION EA	C11 1711	Name and Address of the Owner, where the Owner, which is the Owner, which is the Owner, where the Owner, which is the Owner,

## EDUCATION FACILITY

(-)Rs. 1000 pm per child

Where educational Where educational facility is facility is provided provided to a member of his to employees children household (other than children) Cost of education or Amount exceeds Cost of Education value does not exceed 1000 pm per child (-) Amount paid or (xxx) Rs 1000 pm per child recovered from the EE Cost of Education

(xxx) (-) Amount paid or recovered from the EE (xxx) Overall Cap Limit Introducted By Finance Act 20: > The amount or the aggregate of amounts of any contribution made to account of the assessee by the employer ;

a) In a recognised provident fund;

b) In the scheme referred to in sec 80CCD(1); and c) In an approved superannuation fund to the extent it exceeds ₹7.50.000 in a PY.

> Annual accretion by way of interest, dividend or any other amount shall be computed in such manner as may be prescribed.

TRANSPORT FACILITY			
Cases	Tax		
If employer is			
engaged in transportation business		Amount charged from public for such facility is taxable in the hands of specified employee (-) Recovered.	
	Actual cost of employer for such facility is taxable in the hands of all employees (-) Recovered.		

### MEDICAL FACILITY

The perquisite in respect of medical facility is generally taxable only in case of 'Specified Employees'. Where however bills are issued in the name of the employee & the employer makes payment thereof then it is a perquisite

In India	Exempt	Treatment in Hospital Mainta.     Government Hospital     Approved Hospital     Any health Insurance/ Group	
	Taxable	Reimbursement in Private Hospit	al is Fully Taxable
Outside India	Medical Treatment	Exempt upto an amount specified by RBI	
	Stay Abroad	Exempt upto an amount specified	by RBI
	Travel	Gross total Income upto 2L Gross total Income beyond 2L	Nil Total taxable

## SWEAT EQUITY SHARE

FMV: Option Price x No of Shares = Perk

## LEAVE TRAVEL CONCESSION

Different situations Amount of exemption if journey is performed on or after October 1, 1997 When journey is performed by air : Amount of air economy class fare

of the National Carrier by the shortest route or the amount spent, When journey is performed by rail : Amount of airconditioner first class rail fare by the shortest route or the amount spent whichever is less When the places of origin of journey Amount of airconditioner first class

& destination are connected by rail rail fare by the shortest route or & journey is performed by any other the amount spent, whichever is less mode of transport Where the places of origin of journey and destination (or part

thereof) are not connected by rail : a) Where a recognised First class or deluxe class fare by the shortest route or the amount spent, whichever is less public transport

system exists Where no recognised Air-conditioner first class rail fare by the shortest route (as if the journey has been public transport performed by rail) or the amount actually spent, system exists whichever is less

1. Meaning of "family" : The aforesaid exemption is available in respect of fare for going anywhere in India along with "family". For this purpose, "family" includes spouse & children of the employee. It also includes parents brothers & sisters of the employee, who are wholly or mainly dependent upon employee. However, family does not > Rent-free official residence & conveyance to a HC/SC include more than two surviving children of individual born on or after Oct 1, 1998 (In reckoning this limit of two children born out of multiple births after the first child will be treated as 'one child only')

2. Only 2 journey in a block of 4 years is exempt : Exemption on the aforesaid basis is available in respect of 2 journey performed in a block of 4 calendar years commencing from 1986

3. "Carry-over" concession : If an assessee has not availed travel concession or assistance during any of the specified 4 block periods on one of the two permitted occasions (or on both occasions), exemption can be claimed in the first calendar year of the next block (But in respect of only one journeu). This is known as "carry-over concession" In such case, the exemption so availed will not be counted Where, for the purposes of claiming the future exemptions allowable in respect of 2 journeus in the subsequent block.

4. Exemption is based upon actual expenditure : The quantum of exemption is limited to the actual expenses incurred on the journey. In other words without performing any journey and incurring expenses thereon, no exemption can be claimed

5. Exemption is available in respect of fare : The exemption is strictly limited to expense on air fare, rail fare, bus fare only. No other expenses like scooter or taxi charges at both ends, porterage expenses during the journey and lodging/boarding expenses will qualify for exemption. # If the assessee exercises the option of shifting out of the default tax regime provided u/s IISBAC(IA).

## FULLY EXEMPTED PERKS

The following are not included for TDS u/s 192: > Tea or snacks provided during working hours.

Free meals provided during working hours in a remote area

or an offshore installation Perquisites allowed outside India by Govt to citizen of India

for rendering service outside India. Employer's contribution to staff group insurance scheme.

Free educational facility provided in an institute owned/ maintained by employer to children of ee provided cost/ value doesn't exceed ₹1,000 pm per child (no limit on no. of children)

> Interest-free/concessional loan of an amount not exceeding

Comp/laptop given (not transferred) to EE for official/ personal use.

> Transfer without consideration to an employee of a movable asset (other than computer, electronic items or car) by employer after using it for a period of 10 urs

> Traveling facility to employees of railways or airlines.

> Conveyance facility provided to an EE between office &

residence.

> Accommodation provided on transfer of an employee in a hotel for not exceeding 15 days in aggregate.

> Interest free loan for medical treatment of nature given in Rule 3A.

> Periodicals and journals required for discharge of work.

## INTEREST CREDITED ON CONTRIBUTION BY SUCH PERSON/EMPLOYEE

Rule 3B; Notified the following manner to compute the annual accretion by way of interest, dividend or any other amount of similar nature during the previous year: TP = (PC/2)\*R + (PCI + TPI)\*R

TP Taxable perquisite u/s 17(2)(viia) for the current PY. excess of 7.5 lakh to recognized PF, national pension scheme uls 80CCD & approved superannuation fund during the PY. excess of 7.5 lakh to recognized PF, national pension scheme u/s 80CCD & approved superannuation fund for the PY years commencing on or after 1st April, 2020 other than the current PY. Aggregate of taxable perquisite u/s 17(2)(viia) for the PY or years commencing on or after 1st April, 2020 other than the current PY.

Amount or aggregate of amounts of income accrued during the current previous year in recognized PF, national pension scheme uls 80CCD and approved superannuation fund

Favg Amount or aggregate of amounts of balance to the credit of recognized provident fund, national pension scheme u/s 80CCD & approved super-annuation fund on 1st April, 2021 + Amount or aggregate of amounts of balance to the credit.

## COMPUTATION OF RELIEF

Step	Particulars	₹
1	TI for this year (including arrears of salaries)	XXX
2	Tax on Step 1 including cess	XXX
3	TI for this year excluding arrears of salaries	
4	Tox on Step 3 including cess	XXX
5	Difference between Step 2 & Step 4 (A)	
6	TI for that year (including arrears of salaries)	XXX
7	Tax on Step 6 @ of that year	XXX
8	TI for that year (excluding arrears of salaries)	XXX
	Tax on Step 8 @ of that year	XXX
	Difference between Step 7 & Step 9 (B)	XXX
	Relief u/s 89(1) = (A) - (B)	XXX
-	Keller U/S 84(1) = (A) - (B)	XXX

# INCOME FROM

## SEC. 56 Sec 56(1): Income of every kind which is exempt & not

chargeable to tax under any of the other head, shall be chargeable under Income from Other Sources.

1. Casual income.

2. Interest on compensation & enhance compensation.

3. Income from subletting of HP.

4. Rent from a vacant plot. 5. Composite Rent Non-seperable.

6. Advance money forfeited.

7. Director sitting fees. 8. Agriculture Income from foreign.

9. Dividend

10. Gift

II. Sum recived under Keyman Insurance policy including sum by way of Bonus. Income tax refund is not Income.

12. Family Pension

13. Interest on Loan/securities.

14. Income of MP, MLA.

15. Interest on income tax refund

16. Roualtu

17. Any compensation or other payment received by any person in connection with the termination of his employment or the modification of the terms and conditions relating thereto

18. Income from Undisclosed Sources.

19. Income from Letting of P&M & Furniture

20. Issue of share @ premium.

21. Interest earned on Debenture, Deposit, Bond, securities of CG, Loan, advances shall be taxable,

## ADVANCE MONEY FORFEITED

Forfeited on or after 01.04,2014 is taxable under IFOS

## INTEREST ON COMPENSATION & ENHANCE COMPENSATION

Such interest is taxable in IFOS in the year of receipt & 50% of such interest is allowed as deduction (Sec 57), irrespective of the year to which it pertains.



- . If the property is held as Stock in Trade u/s 43CA instead of 10% take 20% will be considered. 2. Date of agreement = Date of Registration SDV of date
- of agreement will be considered if conditions are satisfied: a) Consideration or part thereoff is paid as on the date of
- b) Such consideration is paid by way of account payee cheque, draft, ECS, Other electronic Mode (Rule 6ABBA)
- 3. Where the stamp duty value is disputed then provision of sec 50C is applicable with respect to FVOC.

## GIFT RECEIVED FROM FOLLOWING IS EXEMPT

- 1) From any relative (Whether having any occasion or not) 2) On the occasion of the marriage of the individual (from relative or not)
- 3) Under a will or by way of inheritance
- 4) In contemplation of death of the payer or donor
- 5) From any local authority
- institution or hospital or other medical institution or any trust or institution u/s 10(23C)
- 7) From or by any trust or institution registered u/s 12A/ 12AA/12AB
- 8) By any fund or trust or institution or any university or other educational institution or any hospital or other medical institution u/s 10(23C)(iv)/(v)/(vi)/(via) or if sum or property is received by any person u/s 13(3) from any fund registered u/s 10(23C) or trust registered uls 12AA/12AB then such sum shall be Taxable.
- 9) By way of transaction not regarded as transfer u/s 47(i)/ (iv)/(v)/(vi)/(via)/(viaa)/(vib)/(vic)/(vica)/(vicb)/(vid)/ (vii) (viiac) or (viiad) or (viiae) or (viiaf) 10) From an individual by a trust created or established
- solely for the benefit of relative of the individual.
- 11) From such class of persons & subject to such conditions. as may be prescribed.
- 12) Received by an Individual, from any person, for medical treatment related to COVID-19 subject to such conditions as CG may Notify.

## has to keep a record of the following documents, namely: a) The COVID-19 positive report of the individual or his

family member: b) All necessary documents of medical diagnosis or treatment of the individual or family member due to COVID-19 suffered within 6 months from determined as

- 13) Received By a member of the family of a deceased
  - i) From the employer of the deceased person (without any limit); or
  - ii) From any other person or persons where such sums does not exceed 10 lakh rupees,

Where the cause of death is due to COVID-19 and the

- payment is:
  i) Received within 12 months from the date of death of such person: and
- ii) Subject to such other conditions, CG may notify.

Accordingly, the Central Government has, vide Notification No. 92/2022 specified the following conditions:

- I. (i) The death of the individual should be within 6 months from the date of testing positive;
- (ii) The family member of the individual has to keep a record of the following documents:
  - a) The COVID-19 positive report of the individual;
  - b) A medical report or death certificate issued by a medical practitioner or government civil registration office, in which it is stated that death of the person is related to corona virus disease (COVID-19)
- 6) From any fund or foundation, university, other educational 2. The details of such amount received must be furnished to AQ within 9 months
  - > "Family" (For clause 12 & 13), in relation to an individual means :
  - i) The spouse and children of the individual; and
  - ii) The parents, brothers & sisters of the individual or any of them, wholly or mainly dependent on the individual

## PROPERTY MEANING

- i) Immovable property being land or building or both:
- ii) Shares and securities iii) Jewellery & Bulllion
- iv) Archaeological collections
- v) Drawing
- vi) Paintings
- vii) Any work of art viii) Sculptures
- ix) Virtual Digital Asset

## RELATIVE MEANING

- > Spouse of the Individual
- > Brother/Sister of the Individual/Spouse of the Individual > Brother/Sister of either of the Parents of the Individual
- > Any lineal ascendant/descendant of the Individual

- Accordingly CG has vide Noti No. 91/2022 : The individual > Any lineal ascendant/descendant of the Spouse of the
  - > Spouse of the person referred to in clause (ii) to (vi) > In case of HUF - Any member

## NOTIFICATION 96/2019

Sec 56(2)(x) is not applicable if immovable property is COVID-19 positive, the details of amount received must be received by a resident of unauthorised colony in national furnished to the Income-tax department within 9 months capital territory of Delhi, when CG by notification regularize such transaction which are based on latest power of attorney, agreement to sell, will/possession letter & other document evidencing payment for the right of ownership or transfer or mortgage in regards to such property. SDV as on the date of agreement can be considered if full/ part consideration is received by account pauee cheque/draft/ECS/ other mode as prescribed (Refer CG)

### RESIDUAL INCOME

Any income chargeable to tax under the Act, but not falling under any other head of income shall be chargeable to tax under the head "IFOS", For example, salary received by an MPs/MLAs will not be chargeable to tax under the head 'Salary' but will be chargeable as "IFOS" u/s 56. However, the following incomes of Members of Parliament or State Legislatures will be exempt u/s 10(17):

- i) Daily Allowance: Daily allowance received by any member of Parliament or of any state Legislatures/any committee.
- ii) Constituency Allowance of MPs: For member of Parliament, any allowance received under Members of Parliament (Constituency Allowance) Rules, 1986;
- Constituency allowance of MLAs: Any constituency allowance received by any person by reason of his membership of any State Legislature under any Act or rules made by that State Legislature.

## CASUAL INCOME

income by way of : 1. Sec 58(4), no deduction is allowed from Lotteru such Income. Horse races 2 U/s IISBB it is taxable @30%. > Betting

Card Game

- Deduction u/s 80C-80U is not available. Generally casual Income is received after TDS > Crossword puzzle
- (Net of TDS) hence we need to gross up: Games of any sort Grossing up = Amount received 100 -TDS Rate
  - > If Problem gives Net amount gross it > If nothing is given assume it is Gross up 5. Lottery held as stock in trade taxable in PGBP

## SEC IISBBJ WINNING FROM ONLINE GAMES

## I Where assessee earns by way of winnings from any online game, Income-tax shall be @30%.

"Online game" means a game that is offered on the internet and is accessible by a user through a computer resource including any telecommunication device.

- 3. Other points :
  - > No expenditure/allowance can be allowed.
  - > Deduction under Chapter VI-A is not allowable. > Adjustment of unexhausted basic exemption limit is also
  - not permitted against such income. > Set-off of losses is not permissible against such income.
- 4. The Payer of such winning shall deduct TDS u/s 194BA.

## TAXATION OF DIVIDEND & DEEMED DIVIDEND

Company's Liability :

Sec	Provisions before 1.4.2020	Provisions after 1.4.2020
115-0	Company is Liable to DDT on	Company is not liable to DDT
106	Company is not liable to Deduct TDS on dividend paid u/s 115-0	deduct IDS
	Dec not in existence	Inter operate Dividend allowed as Deduction. [Refer section]

## SEC 8 DIVIDEND INCOME

- 1) Interim Dividend shall deemed to be income of PY in which such dividend is made available by Co. to member. 2) Dividend includes deemed dividend u/s 2(22)(a) to (f)
- TAXABILITY OF DIVIDEND IN THE HANDS
- OF SHAREHOLDER 1) From 01.04.20, dividend income is taxable in the hands
- 2) The PY in which dividend is taxable :

PY in which it is taxable
Taxable in the year in which it is received
Taxable in the year in which it is declared at AGM
Taxable in the year in which it is distributed or paid

3) Surcharge on Dividend:

of shareholder

For Individual & HUF: The surcharge on dividends & capital gains u/s 111A/112A shall not exceed 15%

a) Upto 50 lakhs	No surcharge
b) Exceeds SOL upto Icr	10%
c) Exceeds Icr upto 2cr	15%
d) Beyond 2cr	15% only

- 4) Allowability of Expenses from dividend Income :
  - i) Expense is allowed lower of :
    - a) Actual interest
  - b) 20% of dividend income before such deduction
  - ii) No expenses except above shall be allowed as deduction.
- 5) When Dividend is received by NR & Foreign Co.
- i) Dividend income is taxable (as per sec 115A the tax rates will be 20%)
- ii) The Payer Co. shall deduct the TDS u/s 195 @20%.

## SEC 80M DEDUCTION IN RESPECT OF CERTAIN INTER-CORPORATE DIVIDEND

Sec 80M(1): Domestic Co. can take deduction lower of: i) Dividend received; or

ii) Dividend paid on or before the due date of filing ROI. "Due Date" means the date one month prior to the date for furnishing the return of income u/s 139(1).

### LIABILITY OF COMPANY

The Payer Company now not liable to deduct Tax u/s 115-0 The Payer Company is liable to deduct TDS u/s 194 in case of Resident whereas Sec 195 in case of Non Resident.

### DEEMED DIVIDEND

ec	Particulars	Relevant point
<b>a</b> )	of accumulated profits (capitalised or mot), resulting release of its assets to its shareholders # Issue of bonus shares is not deemed dividend. # When assets are distributed, FMV of asset as on date of distribution has to be taken.	Amount of dividend = FMV of assets as on the date of distribution has to be taken for calculation of dividend
6)	Any distribution to its shareholders by a Company:  > Of debentures/debenture-stock/deposit certificates  > Of bonus to its preference shareholders	If bonus shares are issued to equity shareholders, it does not amount to distribution of dividend

Co on its liquidation, to the extent of its be no CG in the hands accumulated profits (capitalized or not). of the CO u/s 46(1),

> To the extent of accumulated profits

(capitalised or not)

2(22) Any distribution to its shareholders by a Co. on the reduction of its capital, to the extent of accumulated profits capitalised or not. 4. The provisions of sec 40A shall apply mutatis-mutandis.

2(22) Loans & Advances by Closely Held Company Loan & Advances by Private Co [closely held co] is treated as

Deemed Dividend to the extent of occumulated profit. . Accumulated profit means profit as per companies Act 3. Substantial Interest in case of companies shall be 10% of

voting rate in case of other concern it shall be 20% of profit Tarulata Shyam v. CIT (SC) | Section is applicable at the

time when loan is given hence even if loan is repaid during the year then also sec applies.

5. It is not applicable in case of trade advances. [Cir 19/2017] 6. Accumulated profits means all profit which is available for distribution or payment of dividend & u/s 2[22][c] all profits up to date of liquidation

7. In case of an amalgamated company. Accumulated profits, whether capitalized/not/loss as the case may be shall be increased by accumulated profits whether capitalized/not of amalgamating company on date of amalgamation.

Amount Received on Buy Back w.e.f. 18072024:

# Buy back of shares would be treated as deemed dividend in the hands of shareholder. [W.e.f. 1/10/2024] [FA 2024] Refer s No Deduction shall be allowed from Deemed Income

## SEC 194 TDS ON DIVIDEND IN CASE OF RESIDENT

41	Payer	D-1-2-1 00 0
ı	[Deductor]	Principal officer of any Indian Cola company which has made the declaration and payment of dividends (including dividends on preference shares) within India
	[ veductee]	Shareholder being Resident
	Limit	Paid by any mode & dividend exceed ₹5,000
٦	Rate	10%
	Time of	Refere making any named 1
	Deduction	Before making any payment by any mode
	Special	This see shall not apply to and i
	points	This sec shall not apply to such income credited or paid to :  a) LIC
		b) General insurance
	The state of the s	a) Ann athen to

## SEC 195 TAXATION IN CASE OF NR

TDS shall be deducted @ 20%

### FAMILY PENSION

Norma Actual revd [-] Lower of 1/3rd of pen 15000 p.a.	xx o	eased was recipient f gallantry award  Exempt u/s 10[18]	Deceased was working in armed forces  Exempt u/s 10[19]
Taxable	XX		

Pension received to family member of Deceased.

# If assessee opts for Sec IISBAC. Deduction of ₹25.000 in respect of family pension is available, w.e.f 1/4/2025 [FA 2024]

### DEDUCTION NOT ALLOWED US 58

- I. Any personal expenses of the assessee.
- 2. Any interest or salary payable outside India on which tax
- 3. Any sum paid on account of Wealth-Tax.
- Expenditure related to casual Income.

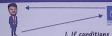
## DEDUCTION ALLOWED U/S 57

Following Deduction allowed from IFOS:

- Dividends or Income from Units of MF/UTI: Only interest on Borrowed Capital shall be allowed as deduction being lower of following:
  - a) 20% of Dividend income b) Actual Interest Paid.
- 2. Any amount paid as Employee contribution to PF, SAF, ESI or any other fund setup for welfare of employee.
- 3. In the case of Rental income of P&M and Furniture, deductions, for Rent Revenue repairs & Depreciation shall be allowed) as per sec 31 and sec 32(1) & (2) &
- subject to sec 38 4. In the case of income in the nature of family pension, a deduction of a sum equal to 1/3rd of such income or ₹15.000, whichever is less.
  - # If assessee opts for sec IISBAC, Deduction of ₹25,000 in respect of family pension is available. [w.e.f. 1/4/25]
- expended wholly and exclusively for earning IFOS income

- 6 In the case of interest on compensation or enhanced compensation, a deduction of 50% of such income and no other deduction shall be allowed under any other clause of
- In the case of dividends or interest on securities, any reasonable sum paid by way of commission or remuneration to a hanker or any other person for the purpose of realizing such dividend or interest on behalf of the assessee.
- # No Deduction shall be allowed from Dividend Income uls 2(22)(f), [FA 2024]

### TAXABILITY OF LIP



1. If conditions uls 10(10D) is satisfied : Final Amount Paid by Insurance Co. Including Bonus is Exempt

2. If the Conditions u/s 10(10D) is not satisfied : The said amount shall be Condition for Exemption taxable to payer under the head IFOS uls 10(10D) provides the @ Normal Slab rate. premium shall not exceed

> The payer Insurance Co. shall Deduct TDS u/s 194DA. If premium amount evroed I Ince

ssued before 1.4.2003 allocated by way of bonus is exempt In respect of policies

issued between Capital Sum assured 1.4.2003 and 31.3.12 Premium paid to the extent of 10% of "Actual issued on or after Capital Sum assured .4.2012 but before

1.4.2013 ssued on or after 4 2013

ssued on or after

4.2023

I. Payers pays Insurance

uls 80C (If not opted

the prescribe limit as

mention in Table Below]

Premium Deduction

for HSBAC)

with disability or severe disability as referred to in sec 800 or a person suffering from disease or ailment as specified u/s 80DDB

Capital Sum assured" Where the insurance is on the life of any person

other than mentioned in (a) above Premium paid to the extent of 10% of "Actual Capital Sum assured" Exemption would not be available if the premium

payable for any of the years during the term of the policy exceeds 10% or 15%, as the case may be, of "Actual capital sum Assured. . Further, exemption would also not be available i

premium payable exceeds ₹5,00,000 for any of the previous years during the term of such policy In a case where premium is payable by a person for more than one LIP (other than ULIP) & the aggregate of premium payable on such policies exceed ₹5,00,000 for any of PY during the term of any such policy(ies), exemption would be available in respect of any of those LIPs, at the

option of the assessee, whose aggregate premium

payable does not exceed ₹5,00,000 for any of the previous years during their term. 5. Any other expenditure (not capital expenditure) laid out of Any sum is received on the death is exempt (irrespective of the annual premium payable)

# Exemption u/s 10(10D) is not available in following

I. Keuman Insurance Policu

2. Insurance policy taken for disabled person u/s 80DD.

3. Sum received under ULIP.

### # Exemption u/s 10(10D) - Available/ Not

Circumstance	u/s 10(10D)
Single policy: If premium payable does not exceed 5L for any of PYs & the annual premium ≤ 10% of sum assured	Exemption u/s 10(10D) available
Single Policy : Premium payable > 5,00,000	Exemption u/s 10(10D) not available.
Multiple policy: If premium payable does not exceed SL for any of PYs & the annual premium ≤ 10% of sum assured	Exemption u/s 10(10D) available.
Multiple policy : If premium payable exceed SL for any of PYs & the annual premium > 10% of sum assured	Exemption u/s 10(10D) not available.
If aggregate premium payable on LIP and EEE (Earlier exempted Policy) does not exceed SL & annual premium does not exceed 10% of actual capital sum assured	available.
If aggregate premium payable on LIP and EEE (Earlier exempted Policy) does exceed SL & annual premium does exceed 10% of actual capital sum assured.	available.

### # Sec 56(2)(xiii)+ Rule IIUACA Manner of Computation of Income from LIP

### Income chargeable to tax during the Situation PY in which such sum is received Where the sum is received A-B, where for the I" time under the A = The sum received under the LIP LIP during the previous during the first PY; and year (first previous year) = The aggregate of the premium paid during the term of the LIP till the date of receipt of the sum. i) Where the sum is received C-D, where under the LIP during the C = The sum received under the LIP previous year subsequent to the first previous year during the Subsequent PY: & = The aggregate of the premium paid during the term of the LIP till the date of receipt of the sum in the subsequent PY other than > That has been claimed as deduction under any other provision of the Act: or > Is included in "B" or "D" in any of the PY.

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Capital Assets sec 2(14) means :

Capital Asset means property of any kind held by an Assessee, whether or not connected with his business or profession & include & shall be deemed to have always included any right in or in relation to an Indian company right whatsoever.

Any security held by Foreign Institutional Investor (whether as CA or SIT).

Any ULIP issued on or after 1st Feb 2021 to which exception to sec 10(10d) does not applies on account of 4th & 5th proviso theroff.

## ASSETS NOT TO BE TREATED AS

rade Consumable	wearing apparels & furniture) but does not include :	Rural Agriculture Land in India	bonds, 80 or National Defence Gold Bonds, 1980
и пр	> Archaelogical collections > Drawings > Paintings > Sculptures > Any work of art		Special Bearer Bonds 1991 > Gold Deposit Bonds issued under Gold Depos Scheme 99/ Gold Monetization Scheme 2015

## TYPES OF CAPITAL ASSETS

Short Term		Long Term	
(Listed Shares/ Debenture, Listed/ Unlisted UTI, Equity Oriented Funds, Zero Coupon Bonds)		(Listed Shares/ Debenture, Listed/ Unlisted UTI, Equity Oriented Funds, Zero Coupon Bonds)	
All unlisted shares & Immovable Property	24 m or Less	Immovable Property	
Other Assets (Listed/Unlisted Debt Oriented Fund)		Other Assets (Listed/Unlisted Debt Oriented Fund)	Exceeding 36 M

## RECLASSIFICATION OF ST & LT W.E.F 23/7/2

Short Term	Long Term
Listed Units or (Listed/ 12 m Unlisted Units UTI or Units or Le of Equity oriented Fund or Zero Coupon Bond	
All unlisted financial & 24 m non-financial assets (Gold/ or Le Immovable Property)	All unlisted financial & Exceeding ron-financial assets 24 M

## 7. CAPITAL GAINS

## SEC 48 HOW TO COMPUTE?

SHORT TERM CAPITAL GAIN		LONG TERM CAPITAL G	XXX
Full Value of Consideration Less: Exp on Transfer Net Consideration Less: Cost of Acquisition Less: Cost of Improvement STCG Less: Exemption u/s S4B/ S4D/S4G/S4GA STCG	XXX	Full Volue of Consideration Less: Exp on Transfer Net Consideration Less: Indexed Cost of Acquisition Less: Indexed Cost of	(xxx) (xxx) (xxx)

### Note:

I. The COA or COI shall not include the deductions claimed in respect of interest u/s 24(b) or under the provision of chapter VI-A.

2. It is proposed to remove indexation from LTCG w.e.f 23/7/24. Indian Currency.

## SEC 2(47) TRANSFER OF CAPITAL ASSET

Transfer in relation to capital assets includes the following :

- a) The sale, exchange/Relinquishment of the asset b) The extinguishment of any rights therein
- c) The compulsory Acquisition
- d) Conversion of asset into stock- in-trade
- e) The maturity or redemption of a zero coupon bond
- f) Any transaction in part performance of contract of immovable property u/s S3A of TOPA, 1882
- g) Any transaction of becoming a member of society or Co. etc issued by RBI having house building scheme for its members.

### DETERMINING PERIOD OF HOLDING

DETERMININ	G PERIOD OF HOLDING
Situations of 49(1)	Holding Period of Assessee + previous Owner
Conversion of inventory into Capital Assets	From the date of Its conversion
Share Received in amalgamation	It shall be counted from the date of acquisition of shares in Amalgamating company
Share Received in Resulting company	It shall be counted from the date of acquisition of shares Demerged company.
Right Shares	Counted from the date of allotment Share
Bonus Shares	Counted from the date of allotment Share
Sweat equity share	Counted from the date of allotment or transfer of such equity Share
Conversion of Pref. Shares into Equity	The period of holding shall be considered from the date of Acquisition of preference shares
Conversion of Debenture/ Bond into shares	The period of holding shall be considered from the date of Acquisition of Bond/Dehants
Units of Business Trust [pursuant to sec 47(xvii)]	The period of holding shall include the period for which shares where held by Assessed
Units which become property of assessee in consideration of transfer u/s 47(xviii)	The period of holding shall include the period for which the unit or units in consolidation of mutual fund were held by the Assessee
Assets acquired by Assessee	From the date of Acquisition
Depreciable Assets	Always ST irrespective of holding period
Conversion of SIT into CA	From the day of the state of th

## RULE IISA : METHOD OF CONVERSION

Sale Consideration	Avg of TTBR & TTSR	On date of Transfer
COA	Avg of TTBR & TTSR	On date of Acquisition
Transfer Expense	Avg of TTBR & TTSR	On date of Transfer
CG into INR	TTBR	On date of Transfer

## FIRST PROVISO TO SEC 48 CG IN CASE OF NR

### In case of :

- > Assessee who is a NR (Includes foreign company)
- > Assets should be shares or debentures of Indian company > Asset was acquired in foreign currency by way of
- Asset was acquired in foreign currency by way of purchase of reinvestment then CG shall be calculated in foreign currency & after that it shall be reconverted into Indian Currency.

## THIRD PROVISO TO SEC 48

First & Second proviso not Applicable for computation LTCG in case of Equity shares, Equity oriented units, units of Business Trust Referred u.s. 112A

### FOURTH PROVISO TO SEC 48

Index benefit not allowed in case of bonds/debentures
except Capital Indexation Bonds & Sovereign Gold Bonds
Giornal by BBI

Individual	Redemption on	No CG due to Sec 47	
	CTransfer before Maturity	CG Apply (Index available)	

ther Assessee : CG on transfer on maturity & index benefit available.

## FIFTH PROVISO TO SEC 48 FOREIGN EXCHANGE FLUCTUATION GAIN ON RUPEE DENOMINATION BOND

In case of an assessee being a non-resident, any gains arising on account of appreciation of rupee against a foreign currency at the time of redemption of rupee denominated bond of an Indian company held by him shall be ignored for the purposes of computation of FVOC under this sec.

## SIXTH PROVISO TO SEC 48 DEEMED CONSIDERATION

Where shares, debentures or warrants referred to in the proviso to sec 47(ii) are transferred under a gift or an irrevocable trust, the market value on the date of such transfer shall be deemed to be the FVOC received or accruing as a result of transfer for the purposes of this sec.

## CG EXPRESSLY EXEMPT U/S 10

- Sec 10(34A) Buyback: Any income arising to shareholder, on account of buy back of shares by the Co. as per 115QA w.e.f 1/10/24 SH shall be liable to Tax.
- Sec 10(43) Notified reverse Mortgage Scheme: Any amount received by an individual as a loan, either in lump sum or in installment, in a transaction of reverse mortgage referred to in sec 97(xvi).
- Sec 10(37) Compulsory acquisition of urban agriculture land : In case of an individual or a HUF, any income from the transfer of urban agricultural land where:
  - i) Such land is situate in any area referred to in item
    (a) or item (b) of sec 2(14)(iii):
  - Such land, during the period of 2 years immediately preceding the date of transfer, was being used for agricultural purposes by such HUF or individual or a parent of his;
  - iii) Such transfer is by way of compulsory acquisition under any law, or a transfer the consideration for which is determined or approved by the CG or the Reserve Bank of India;
- iv) Such income has arisen from the compensation or consideration for such transfer received by such assessee on I after the 1st day of April, 2004.
- Sec 10(37A): Any income to an individual or a HUF who was the owner as on 2nd day of June, 2014 and transfers that specified capital asset under the Andhra Pradesh capital City land Pooling Scheme (Formulation and Implementation) Rules, 2015.

## SPECIAL CASE IN CAPITAL GAIN

SEC 45 (IA) INSURANCE CG BE TAXABLE
IN YEAR OF RECEIPT(MONEY/OTHER
ASSETS) FROM INSURANCE CO

Full Value of Consideration	XXX
Amount received from insurance company	1396
Less: Exp on Transfer	(xxx)
Net Consideration	(xxx)
Less: COA/ICOA (allowed upto year of destruction)	(vvv)
Less : COI/ICOI	(xxx)
Gross Capital Gain	XXX
Less : Exemption	(xxx)
Taxable Capital Gain	XXX
Taxable Capital Gain	XXX

It is Taxable in the year of receipt of compensation and Indexation is allowed only upto the year of destruction. If compensation is not received then it is pure dead loss

## SEC 45(2) PERSONAL ASSETS CONVERTED INTO STOCK IN TRADE

Capital Gain Full Value of Consideration (FMV on date xxx Less : Exp on Transfer Less : COA/ICOA (allowed upto year of IMP Hai!

PERP date of conversion

Both Amount is taxable in the year when converted stock is sold or partly Sold. Indexation is available upto the year of conversion. [If Stock is converted into CA. then PGBP would arise 1

1) If any part of stock is sold then only part CG shall arise in year of sale.

2) In case of converted stock sale, period of 6M shall calculate from date of sale for claiming deduction exemption u/s 54FC

## SEC 45(2A) SECURITIES IN DEMAT ACCOUNT

If securities are Transfered in Demat Account then for the Purpose of cost of Acquisition it shall be considered on FIFO Basis based on Entry in demat account.

## SEC 45(3) TRANSFER BY PARTNER OR MEMBER TO FIR OR AOP/BOI

If the partner/member transfer the CA to Firm or AOP/ BOI then for the purpose of FVOC amount recorded in books of accounts shall be considered adn any FMV shall be ignored.

## SEC 45(5) COMPULSORY ACQUISITION

Initial Compensation & enhanced compensation taxable in year of receipt & exp are allowed as dedn Interest on Enhanced compensation is taxable in IFOS & u/s 57 and 50% of interest shall be allowed as deduction.

FVOC	XXX
Amount given by appropriate authority	
Less : Exp on transfer	(xxx)
Net Consideration	XXX
Less : COA / ICOA	(xxx)
(allowed upto year of Compulsory acq)	
Less : COI / ICOI	(xxx)
Gross Capital Gain	XXX
Less : Exemptions	(xxx)
Taxable Capital Gain	XXX

If compensation is reduced in future then capital gain shall be recomputed If compensation is received under Right to fair compensation & Transparency in Land Acquisition rehabilitation & resettlement act 2013 then it is not taxable.

# Enhance Common ....

FVOC	XXX
Amount given by appropriate authority	
Less: Exp on transfer	(xxx)
Net Consideration	XXX
Less: COA / ICOA	Nil
(allowed upto year of Compulsory acq)	I WIII
Less : COI / ICOI	Nil
Gross Capital Gain	
Less: Exemptions	Xxx
Taxable Capital Gain	(xxx)

## SEC 45(SA) TRANSFER UNDER REGISTERED REDEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT

# Applicable for Individual Aug

FVOC (SDV of share on date of COC received in cash) Less: Exp on transfer	XXX
Net Consideration	(xxx)
Less : COA / ICOA	XXX
Less : COI / ICOI	(xxx)
Gross Capital Gain	XXX
Less: Exemptions	(xxx
Taxable Capital Gain	Xxx

If the rights are transfered before the certificate of completion then CG would arise in the year of transfer.

## SEC SOAA COMPUTATION OF CAPITAL GAINS IN CASE OF MARKET LINKED DEBENTURE

- a) Where a unit of a Specified Mutual Fund acquired on or after 1/4/2023 or a Market Linked Debenture; or
- b) Is an unlisted bond or an unlisted debenture which is transferred or redeemed or matures on or after 23/7/2024 [FA 2024]

### Computation of Capital gains

Particulars	Amount
FVC = Amount received/redemption Value	XXX
(-) Expenses on Transfer	(xxx)
Net Consideration	XXX
(-) COA of Debenture or Unit	(xxx)
STCG (Always)	XXX

1. No deduction shall be allowed for STT paid.

2. No indexation will be available.

1.4.2023 (irrespective of date of issue of such debenture).

4. It must be noted that SOAA shall apply only if units of specified mutual funds are acquired on or after 1.4.2023 and sold after 1.4.2023.

5. "Market Linked Debenture" means a security which has an underlying debt security and where the returns are linked to market returns on other underlying securities or indices and include any security classified or regulated as a market linked debenture by SEBI.

6 "Specified Mutual Fund" means a Mutual Fund where not more than 35% of its total proceeds is invested in the equity shares of domestic companies. Percentage of equity chareholding held in respect of the Specified Mutual Fund shall be computed with reference to the annual average of the daily closing figures.

## 7 W.e.f. 1/4/2026 Specified Mutual Funds Means :

- a) A Mutual Fund which invests more than 65% of its total proceeds in debt and money market instruments; or
- h) A fund which invests 65% or more of its total proceeds in units of a fund referred to in sub-clause (a)
- # Provided that the % of investment shall be computed with reference to the annual average of the daily closing Figure
- # For the purposes of this clause, "Debt and Money Market Instruments" shall include any securities classified or regulated as debt and money market instruments by the SEBI **IFA 2024]**

## SEC SOC FULL VALUE OF CONSIDERATION OF LAND & BUILDING

> If Value adopted by Stamp Value Authority exceed 110% of consideration received or accruing, then only Stamp Value is adopted as FVC otherwise consideration received shall be FVC > Transaction which are not registered with Stamp Duty Authority & executed through Agreement to sell or power of attorney are also included in sec 50C.

Different	Value by VO is higher than SVA	C= SVA
in	Value by VO is lower than SVA but more than Assessee	
reference to VO	Value by VO is lower than value by Assessee	C= Assessee Value

Generally, SDV as on the date of registration is considered but. if the date of agreement and registration are not the same then Assessee can take SDV as on the date of agreement if he has received consideration or part thereof upto the date of agreement by way of A/c payee cheque, DD, ECS, any other electronic mode

## SEC 55(2) COST OF ACQUISITION

Cost of acquisition is value which assessee has paid, or amount which he has incurred for acquisition of asset. It includes amount 3. Sec 50AA shall apply if debenture are Sold/Redeem after for completing/acquiring title (Interest on Borrowed capital).

## SEC SI ADVANCE MONEY RECEIVED

Previous Owner Assessee Ignore Reduce from cost/WDV/FMV & then calculate Indexation

Taxable in "IFOS"

### FULL VALUE OF CONSIDERATION

Full value of consideration is amount of consideration received or receivable by transferor without making any deduction there from

If in Cash: Take Actual Amount

If in Kind : As per Sec 50D take FMV wherever consideration is not ascertainable or cannot be determined

## SEC SOCA UNLISTED SHARES

- > FMV shall be deemed to be the FVOC if consideration < FMV (Rule III)AA)
- > Sec applies to all Assessee including NR.
- > Sec applies only if the shares are held as Capital Asset not stock in trade.
- > Sec applies to all kinds of shares-equity or preference. However, it does not apply to Debentures.

### EXPENSES OF TRANSFER

- a) Expenses on transfer is allowed as deduction (not exp on acquisition because it is added to cost) Given in Cash: Take Actual Amount Given in %: Take % of sale consideration not of FVOC
- b) Expenses on transfer include brokerage & other legal expenses for sale of such assets
- c) Expenses on transfer does not Include STT, hence STT is not allowed as Deduction [7th Proviso to Sec 481

## SEC SS(1)(B) COST OF IMPROVEMENT

- a) Any improvement expenditure incurred before 01.04.2001 to be ignored while computing capital gain.
- b) IT can be incurred either by Assessee or previous
- c) COI shall be Nil for the following :
  - i) Goodwill of Business
  - ii) Right of Manufacture, Produce or Process any article/thing
  - iii) Right to carry on a business or profession.

	SEC 49 COST OF	FAC	QUISITION	
	1 Particulars		COA	
iec 49	Assets Acquired Before 01.0		Cost of acquisition/FMV as on 01.04.2001 whichever is higher	
	i) Distribution of assets opportal partitle of HUF (gift or will or inheritar) iii) Succession, inheritance devolution. iv) Distribution of assets liquidation of co. v) Transfer to revocable/irrevocable trust. vi) Specified Transfer u/s Including (viiac)(viiae)	nce. e or on 47	(If the asset is acquired prior to 1,4,2001 then COA will be CTPO or FMV whichever is higher).	
	Original Shares	shares	t paid for acquiring these	
	hu the assessee		Amount paid by him for ng such asset	
Shares	Right shares subscribed by the other person	Purchase price paid to person renouncing such right + amount paid to co. allotting such shares		
	Right renouncement : If rights are renounced in favor of other person			
	Bonus shares allotted before 1.4.2001	1996	n 1.4.2001	
	Bonus shares allotted after 1.4.2001	Nil	1 Lui C Paraviaito	
	Sweat Equity shares	FMV f	or calculation of Perquisite	
If II2A applies	Higher of : a) Cost of Acquisition; & b) Lower of : i) Sale Consideration; ii) FMV as on 31.1.201	or 8	1607 0107 2001	
Immovab. property	le FMV as on 01.04.2001 ca			
Property Received u/s 56(x,	)			
Assets transfer under ID	FMV of the assets take of Tax, surcharge & per	nalty. Li eclared POH =	under IDS'16 :  Date of Acq. as per deed	
Conversion of business assets		ate of co	onversion	

## 2ND PROVISO TO SEC 48 INDEXED COST OF ACQUISITION & IMPROVEMENT

rovisions of indexation will apply in case of long term CG arising on land & building or both u/s 112, if : ovisions of machine term capital asset, other than capital 1. Transferor is Resident 1/HUF. n transfer or a lung series. The transfer of shares 2. LTCG arises on transfer of Land, Building or both (may be

## Index cost of acquisition :

a) Before 01/04/2001 FMV on 1/4/2001/COA to Assessee/ X CII of the yr of transfer If above conditions are satisfied, the assessee has an option Previous Owner, whichever is higher

CII of the year of transfer b) After 01/04/2001 X CII of year of acquisition COA to Assessee

c) Asset acquired prior to 01/04/2001 by previous owner & received by Assessee prior to 01/04/2001 Assessee/Previous Owner, X whichever is higher

d) Asset acquired prior to 01/04/2001 by previous owner

Previous Owner, whichever X CII of year in which first held by Assessee is higher

e) Asset acquired after to 01/04/2001 by previous owner & received by Assessee 01/04/2001

COA to Previous X CII of the year of transfer CII of year in which first held Owner bu Assessee

Janiula shah vs CIT: If assessee acquire CA by way of ift & transferred such assets, then ICA would be with eference to year in which previous owner held the assets not in which Assessee becomes the owner. Therefore ( hould be based on the yr in which previous owner acquire the assets & not in which assessee becomes the owner

### 1) Index cost of Improvement :

CII of the year of transfer COI of the asset X CII of the year in which improvement made by assessee/previous owner

inance Act, 2016 has rearranged the Cost inflation Index NOTIFICATION NO. 73/2021

FY	CII	FY	CII	FY	
2001-2002	100	2009-2010	148	2017-2018	C
2002-2003	105	2010-2011	167	2018-2019	27
2003-2004	109	2011-2012	184	2019-2020	28
2004-2005	113	2012-2013	200	2020-2021	28
2005-2006	117	2013-2014	220	2021-2022	30
2006-2007	122	2014-2015	240	2022-2023	31
2007-2008	129	2015-2016	254	2023-2024	3
2008-2009	137	2016-2017	264	2024-2025	34

# W.e.f 2317/2024 indexation benefit is not applicable

## AMENDMENT [FA 2024]

An assessee has an option to take the benefit of indexation

or debentures of an Indian Co. referred to in first proviso residential/commercial/property used for any other purpose). A 3. The above asset was acquired prior to 23/7/2024

4. The above asset is transferred on or after 23/7/2024.

to pay tax under old or new regime (WHICHEVER IS MORE BENEFICIAL TO HIM) as follows :

OPTION 1: Pay tax @ 12.5% (Without Indexation).

OPTION 2: Pay Tax @ 20% (With Indexation).

NOTE: The above benefit to Resident I/HUF is to be given EMV on 1/4/2001/COA to CII of the year of transfer only while computing Tax on LTCG u/s 112 [Not while computing Capital gain]

> While calculating Capital Gains solve all problems without FMV on 1/4/2001/COA to CII of the year of transfer giving indexation and write a note that while paying tax > Now While calculating Tax liability on such LTCG assessee

> has an option to pay tax : a) @ 20% (with indexation) or;

b) @ 12.5% (without indexation)

## Cost inflation Index :

	FY	CII	FY	CII	FY	CII
	2001-2002	100	2009-2010	148	2017-2018	272
	2002-2003	105	2010-2011	167	2018-2019	280
		109	2011-2012	184	2019-2020	289
	2003-2004	113	2012-2013	200	2020-2021	301
	2004-2005	117	2013-2014	220	2021-2022	317
11	2005-2006	122	2014-2015	240	2022-2023	331
	2006-2007	100	2019-2015	254	2023-2024	348
ed	2007-2008	129	2015-2016	264	2024-2025	363
	2008-2009	137	2016-2017	204	2027 2023	1 -02

## BENEFIT OF INDEXATION NOT AVAILABLE TO

Nature of Long Term Capital Gain Transferred	Assessee not Eligibl
Bond/debenture except capital Indexed Bond issued by Govt/ Sovereign gold Bond	All Assessee
charactdehenture of Indian company acquired by	Non Resident
using convertible Forex	All Assessee
Depreciable Assets	All Assessee
Slum Sale	All Assessee
Socurities covered u/s 112A Securities covered u/s 112A Units purchased in Foreign Currency u/s 115AB	Offshore Fund
Units purchased in Foreign Currency u/s 115AC/ GDR purchased in Foreign Currency u/s 115AC/ 115ACA [Refer NR Taxation] Securities given u/s 115AD [Refer NR Taxation]	Non Resident/ Resident Individual

Transfer Before 23/07/2024	Transfer is on or after 23/07/2024
ndexation available to all ssessee & LTCG shall be taxable @ 20%.  Transfer of Land/ Building or Both (Residential/Commercial fother Use)	No Indexation Transfer of & LTCG shall be taxable Other Assets @ 12.50%.

SUMMARY CHART

> Where Acquired is before 23/07/2024, and > Transfer is after 23/07/2024

> While calculating Capital Gains solve all problems without giving indexation and write a note that while paying tax option is > Now While calculating Tax liability on such LTCG assessee

has an option to pay tax :

a) @ 20% (with indexation) or: b) @ 12.5% (without indexation)

Format for other Assessee (After 23/07/2024) Tax Rate

Particulars	Amount
FVOC	XXX
(-) Expenses on Transfer	(xxx)
Net Consideration	XXX
(-) COA	(xxx)
(-) coi	(xxx)
Capital Gain	XXX
(-) Exemption u/s 54 series	(xxx)
Capital Gain	XXX

Format for 1 / HUF for tax calculation (All Conditions Satisfied) Tax Rate @ 12.50% Without Indexation, @ 20% With Indexation :

## Particulars With Indexation Without Indexation (-) Expenses on Transfer

1	(-) Exemption u/s 54 series		(xxx)		(xxx)	
ı	Capital Gain		X	XX	XXX	
	Situation 1	Situati	on 2	3	Situation 3	
	Acquired Before 23/07/2024	Acquired 23/07/			equired Before 23/07/2024	
1	&	8			&	
	Sold Before 23/07/2024	Transfere		Tr	ansfered after 23/07/2024	
	Old mondalan la	Annly May	Dunisland	c-1		

With Indexation i.e @ 12.50% @ 20% LTCG | Without Indexation to Resident I/HUF

and solve tax liability with both options

## SEL 112A TAX ON LONG TERM CAPITAL GAIN [SEC 10(38) ABOLISHED] LTCG on transfer of : > Equity Shares; or > Equity Oriented Units; or > Units of business trust in excess of IL shall be taxable @10% (+ HEC @ 4%) If following conditions are satisfied: i) STT paid on Acquisition & transfer of Equity Shares ii) STT paid on transfer of Equity oriented units & units of 9. Acquisition under ESOP. Business Trust. If the above conditions are not satisfied. 10. Acquisition from Government. Sec 112 is still applicable : Amount XXX -) Expenses on Transfer Net Consideration Higher of: a) COA b) Lower of : i) Sale Consideration ii) FMV as on 31.1.18 FMV : > Listed & Traded on 31.1.18 : Highest Price on that Day > Listed but not traded : Highest Price on any previous Traded Day > Units : NAV as on 31.1.18 > Unlisted Shares : Indexed Cost (17-18) Sec 112A(2) Conditions Given Above

Satisfied Not Satisfied LTCG shall be taxable 10% LTCG shall be taxable 20% (before 23/7/2024) 12.50%

(after 23/7/2024) beyond (after 23/7/2024) [FA 2024] ₹ 1,25,000 u/s 112A [FA 2024] u/s 112 # For Unlisted Shares : w.r.e.f 1/4/2018.

In a case where the capital asset is an equity share in a company which is :

A) Not listed on RSE as on 31/1/2018 but listed on such exchange on the date of transfer; AA) Not listed on RSE as on 31/1/2018 or which became

the property of the assessee in consideration of share which is not listed on such exchange as on the 31/1/2018 by way of transaction not regarded as transfer u/s 47 but listed on such exchange subsequent to the date of transfer (where such transfer is in respect of sale of unlisted equity shares under an offer for sale to the public included in an IPO). [FA 2024]

B) Listed on RSE on the date of transfer and which became the property of the assessee in consideration 6) Route permits of share which is not listed on such exchange as on the 31.01.2018 by way of transaction not regarded as transfer u/s 47.

## NOTIFICATION 60/2018 EXCEPTION TO STT PAYMENT

1. Shares acquired prior to 1st oct 2004

2. Acquisition of shares approved by HC/SC/NCLT/SEBI/RBI

3. Shares acquired by NR under FDI guideline. > ULIP to which exemption u/s 10(10D) by virtue of 4th & 4. Acquisition of shares by Investment Fund u/s 115UB

5. Shares acquired through preferential issue as per SEBI 6. Acquisition through an issue of shares by company.

7. Acquisition by schedule bank reconstruction or securitisation Co. or PFI during the ordinary course of business. 8. Acquisition under ESOP

11. Acquisition by any mode of transfer 45(3)/(4)/47/50B if the previous owner has acquired shares by any mode,

> Enhanced surcharge is not applicable to LTCG u/s 112A STCG U/S IIIA

## SEC 46 CAPITAL GAIN ON LIQUIDATION

Sec 46(1): Distribution of assets to its shareholders on Liquidation is not regarded as transfer.

Sec 46(2): Money or assets received by shareholders will be taxed under the head CG. The money so received or the market value of the other assets on the date of distribution as reduced by the amount assessed as dividend within the meaning of sec 2(22)(c) and the sum so arrived at shall be deemed to be the FVOC for the purposes of sec 48.

## SEC 46A CAPITAL GAINS ON DISTRIBUTION OF ASSETS BY COMPANIES IN LIQUIDATION

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	Buyback of shares by domestic Co.	shares by a Co.	Buyback of specified securities by any company
Company	additional Income	tax in the hands of the company	Not Subject to tax in the hands of the company
Holder of	Income arising to shareholder exempt u/s 10(34A)	to shareholder taxable as Capital	Income arising to holder of specified securities taxable as CG u/s 46A.

## COA & COI OF INTANGIBLES

1) Goodwill of business/ profession

2) Right to manufacture,

produce article or thing 3) Right to carry on any

business 4) Trademark/brand name of business 5) Tenancy rights

Self-Generated = Nil Purchased = Purchase price

> 1) Benefit of FMV as on 01/04/2001 not available in case of these assets. 2) No CG on Goodwill of Profession as per B.C Shriniyasa Shetty (SC)

## SEC 47 TRANSACTION NOT REGARDED AS TRANSFER Provision

Rule IIUAE: The FMV shall be the FMVI or FMV2, Whichever FMVI = The FMV of capital assets transferred by way of slump sale determined at the date of slum sale

is higher. FMV2 = The FMV of the consideration received or accruing as a

(47(iv) Any transfer by a company to its subsidiary company

Any transfer by a subsidiary company to the holding Co. 47(vi) Any transfer by the amalgamating company to the amalgamated company, in a scheme of amalgamation amalgamated foreign Co. in a scheme of amalgamation of two Foreign companies

47(vib) Any transfer, in a demerger, by the demerged company to the 47(vid) Any transfer or issue of shares by the resulting Co. in a cheme of demerger to the shareholders of the demerged Co.

o another non-resident 7(viie) Any transfer by way of redemption by an individual National Museum, National Art Gallery, National Archives or any other public museum or institution notified by the Central

Government to be of national importance or to be of renown debenture-stock or deposit certificates in any form, of a company into shares or debentures of that company debentures of any company

(7(xb) Any transfer by way of conversion of preference shares of a company into equity shares of that company 47(xvi) Transfer of capital asset under Reverse Mortgage

## SEC SOB SLUMP SALE

Sec 2(42C): Meaning of slump sale means transfer of one or more undertakings, by any means, for a lump sum consideration without values being assigned to the individual assets and liabilities in such sales.

2) Deemed cost of acquisition: Net worth of the undertakina

3) Full value of consideration : FMV as on date of transfer satisfied then Normal Income-Normal Slab Rate STCG u/s IIIA Simplified analysis:

15% (before 23/7/2024)/ 20% (after 23/7/2024) [FA 2024]

FVOC: FMV of assets as on the date of transfer, XXX (xxx)

Meaning of certain terms :

Net Worth Depreciable Assets : WDV Other Assets : Book Value total assets 100% deduction claimed assets ; Nil Ignored

However, if the undertakings owned and held by an assessee for not more than 36M immediately preceding the date of its transfer, then such slump sale will result into STCG

result of transfer by way of slump sale.

## SEC IIIA STCG ON SALE OF SECURITIES

Sale of Following Assets : 1. An equity share in a company.

2. A Unit of Business trust. 3. A unit of Equity oriented Fund.

Conditions :

1. Securities must be sold after 01.10.2004 and

2. Such transaction should be chargeable to STT: > However the STCG arising from transaction undertaken in foreign currency on RSE-IFSC would be taxable at Concessional rate of 15% (before 23/7/24)/ 20% (after 23/7/2024) [FA 2024] even though STT is not

paid on such transaction. > STCG arising on transfer of listed equity shares, units of equity-oriented fund and unit of business trust - 15% (before 23/7/2024)/ 20% (after 23/7/2024) [FA 2024] if STT has been paid on such sale.

Special Adjustment: If Assessee (resident) cannot absorb basic exemption limit and has special Income viz LTCG u/s 112/ 112A or STCG u/s 111A such special income shall be first adjusted towards Basic exemption limit and balance income if any shall be Taxable at special rate.

No Deduction under Chapter VIA: No deduction under Chapter VIA is applicable in case of STCG u/s IIIA.

Tax rate if Conditions are satisfied : If all the above are

STCG arising on transfer of other Short-term Capital Assets would be chargeable at normal rates of tax.

Revaluation of

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Sec 54F

Note : If net worth is negative, it is taken = zero & sale consideration will become CG Zuari Inds. Ltd. v. CIT(Murr

Assets are totally

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SEC 112 LTCG ON SALE OF

SHORTCUT ON EXEMPTION

SELF NOTES

Pg

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## SEC 112 LTCG ON SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS

For I/ HUF (Resident)	Transfer before 23/7/2024	20%
	Transfer on or after 23/7/2024	12,50%
	Also applicable to Special cases	12.00 70
	(Note 6)	7/18/8
For Domestic Co	Same as Above	
For NR/FC	Same as Above	
For Other Resident	Same as Above	
LTCA Being Unlisted securities & Shares of Private Co transferred before 23/7/2024	10% Without providing for 1st & 2nd to sec 48 [No Indexation]	Proviso
LTCA Being listed securities (Other than Units) or Zero Coupon Bond transferred before 237/2024		ount of to be ing the

Special Adjustment: If Assessee (resident) cannot absorb basic exemption limit and has special Income viz LTCG u/s 112/112A or STCG u/s 111A such special income shall be first adjusted towards Basic exemption limit and balance income if any shall be Taxable at special rate.

Step 4 : Excess is ignored

No Deduction under Chapter VIA: No deduction under Chapter VIA is applicable in case of LTCG u/s 112.

	Sec 54	Sec 54B	Sec 54D	Sec 54EC	Sec 54F
Particulars		Individual/ HUF	Any assessee	Any assessee	Individual/ HUF
ligible ssessee			Land & building forming		
ransferred	(LTCA)		part of an industrial undertaking	Land or building or both (LTCA)	Any LTCA other than Residential House
ther onditions	Limited he chargeonle	Land should be used for agricultural purposes by assessee or his parents or HUF for 2 years immediately preceding the date of transfer.	Land & building have been used for business of undertoking for at least 2 years immediately preceding the date of transfer. The transfer should be by way of compulsory acquisition of the industrial undertaking		Assessee should not own more than one residential house on the date of transfer, he should not purchase within 2 years o construct within 3 years after the date of transfer, another residential house
Qualifying asso i.e, asset in which CG has to be invested	situated in India/Two residential houses in		Land or Building or right in land or building	Bonds of NHAI or RECL any other bond notified by CG (Redeemable after 5 years)	One Residential House situate in India
Time limit for purchase/ construction	Purchase within 1 yr before or 2 years afte the date of transfer (or) construct within 3 years after the date of transfer	of transfer	Purchase/construct within 3 years after the date of transfer, for shifting or re-establishing the existing undertaking or settling up new industrial undertaking	a	Purchase within I year before or 2 years after the date of transfer (or) Construct within 3 years after the date of transfer
Amount of Exemption	Cast of new Resident House or two houses the case may be or C whichever is lower, is exempt. However if it cast of new resident! TIO crore would not taken into account fi exemption. The maximum exemption that can be claimed the assesses is ₹10.	as Land or Capital Gain, whichever is lower, is ea	Cost of new asset or Capital Gain, whichever is lower	Capital Gain or amount invested in specified bonds, whichever is lowe Maximum permissible investment out of capital gains arising in any financial year is \$50 lakins, whether such investment is made in the current FY or subsequent FY or both.	Cost of new Residential House 3 Net sale consideration of noriginal asset, entire capital gain is exempt. Cost of new (Residential House < Net sale consideration of original asset, proportionate capital gain is exempt. However if the cost onew residential house exceeds "VIO crore the amount executed VIO cr would not be taken into account for exemption.

SHOPTCUT ON EXEMPTION

### SPECIAL POINTS

Sec S4F: Additional conditions for availing exemption is Assessee should not purchase any Residential House within prescribed limit, other than the New Asset.

Sec S4H: Extension of time limit for acquiring new asset where transfer of CA is by compulsory acquisition under any law, then, Time limits for acquiring new asset & for depositing in CGAS shall be computed from date of receipt of compensation & not compulsory acquisition

## PROFIT GAINS FROM BUSINESS OR PROFESSION

## SEC 28 CHARGING SECTION

- Following Income shall be taxable under the head PGBP 1. Any profit/gain of any Business/Profession
- 2. Profit on sale of Import Entitlement License 3. Cash Compensatory support or duty drawback
- 4. Profit on sale of DEPB (Duty entitlement pass book scheme)/Duty free Replenishment Certification (DFRC)
- 5. Any Amount received under Key-Man Insurance Policy 6. Any gift/benefit/perquisite arising due to Business/
- 7. Any Interest, salary, bonus, commission received by partner from Partnership firm [to extent allowed
- u/s 40(b) to firm] 8. Non-compete Fees (not carruing out any activity in relation to any business or profession or not sharing
- any know-how, patent, copyright, trade-mark etc.) 9. Income derived by a trade, professional or similar
- association from specific service perform for its member 10. FMV of inventory as on date on which it is converted
- II. Any Compensation or other payment due to/received by, any person, at or in connection with termination/ modification of terms & conditions of any contract
- relating to his business 12. Sale of Asset whose whole cost is allowed as deduction.
- 13. The value of any benefit or perquisite arising from business or the exercise of any profession, whether : 4. Presumptive Income : Higher of Income Declared or > Convertible into money or not; or
- > In cash or in kind or partly in cash and partly in kind # Income from Letting out of Residential House Property (not commercial) or part of the house shall be taxable in HP not PGBP, [FA 2024]

## SEC 41 DEEMED PGBP

Sec 41(1): If assessee was allowed deduction in earlier uears by way of expenses or loss. Tradina Liability & now during the current PY, assessee has obtained a refund of such Liability or there is remission or cessation of such trading liability, then such refund or remission or cessation 7. Sec 80C - 80U to be allowed shall deemed to be PGBP.

## Sec 41(2): Balancing charge where any asset of power generating unit is :

- > Owned by assessee
- > On which depreciation is claimed on SLM basis
- > For the purpose of business is sold, discarded, demolished or destroyed and amount received for such asset together with the amount of scrap value so much of depreciation II. Lower profit can be declared - yes [Maintain Accounts already claimed.
- > Shall deemed to be PGBP.

Particulars

### Sec 41(3): Sale of assets used for scientific research PGBP income will be lower of :

- a) Net sale price of the asset b) Deduction claimed u/s 35
- Sec 41(4): Recovery of bad Debts in the CY.

## SEC 44AD PRESUMPTIVE INCOME FOR OTHER

- I. Individual, HUF, Firm (Not LLP)
- 2. Gross receipt/Turnover does not exceed 2cr.
- 3. Not engaged in following : Agency, Profession, Commission, GTA activity, Any business, other than business referred to in sec 44AE, whose total T/o or gross receipts in the P.Y. ≤ ₹300 lakhs in the relevant PY, if aggregate cash receipts in the relevant PY < 5% of total turnover or gross receipts.

Note: For this purpose, the receipt of amount or agaregate of amounts by a cheque drawn on a bank or by a bank draft, which is not account payee, would be deemed to be the receipt in cash.

Deemed Income Deemed Income 6% of Turnover or Gross receipt if payment is in prescribed mode (Rule 6 ABBA) during the P.Y or before due date of filing of return u/s 139(1) in respect of that PY or such higher sum claimed to have been earned by the assessee or 8% of Turnover.

- 5. Advance Tax is applicable
- 6. All deductions u/s 30-37(1)
- 8. Set off losses allowed
- 9. Remuneration to partner u/s 40b not allowed.
- 10. Continuously opt for the scheme for the 5 years else this option is not available for next 5 years

## SEC 44AE PRESUMPTIVE INCOME FOR GTA

- I. Any assessee
- 2. The number of vehicle
- 3. Presumptive Income= Higher of declared income or Heavy Goods vehicle - 1000 x per ton x per month x per vehicle Other Than Heavy goods vehicle: 7500 per month per vehicle [Heavy goods vehicle: exceed 12 ton] 4. Advance tax is applicable
- 5. All deductions u/s 30-37(1) 6. Sec 80C - 80U to be allowed
- 7. Set off losses allowed
- 8. Remuneration to partner u/s 40b not allowed.
- 9. Lower protfit can be declared yes [Maintain Accounts
- 10. Assessee can declare presumptive income upto 75 Lakh in this sec where the amount or aggregate of the amount received during PY in cash does not exceed 5% of the total gross receipts. Further payment received through bearer cheque is also considered as cash.

## SEC 44ADA PRESUMPTIVE INCOME FOR PROFESSIONAL

- 1. Assessee : Individual/ Firm (Not LLP) (Resident)
- 2. Engaged in specified profession defined u/s 44AA(1)
- 3. i) Gross receipt does not exceed 50 Lakhs ii) Cash receipt if does not exceed 5% of total receipt
- 4. Presumptive Income: 50% of gross receipt or profit declare whichever is higher can lower profit be shown: Yes a) Maintain BOA u/s 44AA
- b) Do tax audit u/s 44AB submit report at least 1 month 4. Such P&M acquired after 31.03.2005 prior to date of filing ROI

## 5. Other point :

- i) Advance tax mandatory 15th March 100% if failed 234C interest
- ii) Deduction :
- > All deduction u/s deemed to be allowed
- > Partners remuneration u/s 40B not allowed > Chapter VI A deduction allowed Exempt Part C
- iii) Losses can be set off

## SEC 30 & SEC 31

Sec 31 Insurance, repairs of plant, machinery & furniture (PMF) Sec 30 Rent, rates and taxes of premises Rent of the premises paid to Rent of the PMF paid to others/

others/Firm is allowed as deduction Firm is allowed as deduction u/s 37 Insurance of premises is allowed as Insurance of PMF is allowed as deduction deduction

Municipal tax, land revenue subject to sec 43B is allowed as deduction. Current repairs is allowed as Current repairs is allowed as

deduction. On capital repairs deduction. On capital repairs depreciation can be claimed. depreciation can be claimed.

Printing & Publication

## SEC 32 DEPRECIATION [MANDATORY]

- I. Assets must be used for the purpose of business & profession 2. Assets should be owned by the Assessee 3. Depreciation should be on block of assets @ prescribed
- 4. Assets must be put to use 5. No Dep on Godwill Even if Purchased/ otherwise.

## SEC 32(1)(IIA) ADDITIONAL DEPRECIATION Manufacture or production

I. Assessee engaged in Power Generation. distribution or transmission

2. Acquire New Plant & Machinery

3. However new Plant & machinery does not Include : a) Second hand P&M (used within India or outside India)

- b) P&M installed in Office or Guest House. c) P&M being transport vehicle, ship or aircraft.
- d) P&M whose whole cost is allowed as deduction

## Rate of Additional Depreciation

If used for If used for < 180 days - 10% > 180 days - 20% (Bal 10% shall be allowed in Subsequent Year)

# The deduction of additional depreciation is not available is assessee opted alternative tax scheme

Proviso 3 to Sec 32 : Additional depreciation is allowed only if assessee follow WDV method. It is not allowed to power units if they follow SLM method.

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SEC 43(1) ACTUAL COST

Actual Cost

funds

Expl | Asset transferred by a demerged Actual cost shall be the WDV in Co. to the resulting Indian Co. the hands of the demerged Co. Expl 8 Asset acquired out of borrowed Interest on loan borrowed relating to the period after the asset is

# From an earlier AY of additional depreciation uls 32(1)(iia) which has not been given full effect to prior to A.Y. 2024–25 and which is not allowed to be cs in the AY 2024-25

SEC SO CAPITAL GAINS IN SALE OF DEPRECIABLE ASSETS

TO AND	SEC 43(1) AC	
r. No	Purchased Purchased	Actual Cost
	raichasea	Purchase Price xxx
		(+) Other costs incurred on   xxx
		assets put to use
		(-) Sale value, Insurance, (xxx)
		Subsidy Assets acqd in
vnl 1	Acquired for estable	cash Exceeding ₹10,000
4	Acquired for scientific research subsequently brought into	Actual Cost (-) Deduction availed
	business use	u/s 35 [It will be NIL]
xpl	Stock in trade is converted	E. M. L. L
A	into capital asset	Fair Market value on the date of
	Acquired by way of gift or	transfer
4	inheritance	WDV in the hands of previous
vnl :		owner at the of Transfer
	Asset acquired at higher price	Actual cost to be determined by
	from any other person using	AO with prior approval of Joint
	the asset for his business/	Commissioner.
	profession with a view to claim depreciation on enhanced cost	
Front	& reduce tax liability	T () 2 () 2 ()
EXPI	4 Asset once belonged to the	The WDV at the time of original
	assessee which was used by	transfer or the price paid for
	him for business & transferred	
-	& reacquired by him	less.
Expl	Asset acquired by an assessee	The WDV of the asset to the
4A	from another person who had	transferor at the time of transfer
	claimed depreciation on such	to the assessee.
	asset is leased back to such	
	other person.	
Expl	5 Building used for private	The cost of purchase or
	purpose subsequently brought	construction of the building as
	into business use. Applicable	reduced by the notional depre
	only to building	calculated up to the year of
		bringing the asset to business us
		at the depreciation rate applicable
		to that year.
Expl	6 Asset transferred by a	WDV to the transferor company
to	holding Co. to its subsidiary	will be adopted as the actual
Expl	2 Co. or by a Subsidiary Co. to ec holding Co. if the following two conditions are satisfied	cost to the transferee company.
to Se	c holding Co. If the following	
43(6	) two conditions are satisfied	
	i) Shares of the subsidiary Co	
	should be wholly owned the	
	holding co. or its nominees	
	ii) The transferee co. should	
	be an Indian company.	
	Note: If transferor company	
	was not claiming depreciation	
	since it was not used for its	
	business, then the actual cost	
	to the transferee company	The second second
	shall be the actual cost to th	e
	transferor Company.	
Evnl	7 Transfer of asset in a scheme	WDV to the amalgamating Co. wi
-Apr .	of amalgamation by	be adopted as the actual cost to
		the amalgamated company.
	amalgamating company to	the unalgamated company.
	amalgamated Indian company	
	Note: If amalgamating Co	
	was not claiming depreciation	
	since it was not used for its	
	business, then actual cost to	
	the amalgamated company	
	shall be the actual cost to	
	amalgamating company	

Asset transferred by a demerged Actual cost shall be the WDV in Co. to the resulting Indian Co. the hands of the demerged Co.

8 Asset acquired out of borrowed Interest on loan harrowed relating to the period after the asset is first put to use shall never form part of actual cost 9 Asset acquired subject to levy of So much of the duty in respect in

excise duty or customs duty in respect of which a claim of credit respect of which CENVAT credit has been made & allowed under Central Excise Rules, 1944 shall not form part of the actual cost. A portion of the cost of an asset acquired is met directly or to such subsidy or grant or indirectly by Government or any reimbursement shall not form part statutory authority or any other of the actual cost. If subsidy is not person in the form of a Subsidy directly relatable to the asset or grant or reimbursement.

So much of the cost as is relatable acquired, but subsidy is with reference to the assets then the subsidu shall be proportionately reduced from the actual cost of the assets with reference to which subsidy has been granted. Il Asset brought into India by NR/ Actual cost as reduced by depre foreign company for use in his calculated @in force as if asset was used in India since date of

acquisition. The amount which would have been under scheme of corporation of regarded as actual cost, had been RSE in India, approved by SEBI no such corporation shall be deemed to be the actual cost. Actual cost of capital asset has The actual cost of such asset to the transferee shall be NIL

## SEC 32(2) SET OFF & CARRY FORWARD OF UNABSORBED DEPRECIATION

Step 1: Depreciation allowance of Current PY first deductible from PGBP

business or profession

Any capital asset acquired

been allowed as deduction

u/s 35AD & capital asset is transferred by way of

transaction referred to in sec 47

Step 2 : If depreciation allowance is not fully deductible under PGBP because of absence or inadequacy of profit it is deductible from income under other heads of income (except Salary) of current PY.

Step 3: If depreciation allowance still remains unabsorbed. it can be c/f to subsequent AYs by same assessee

The unabsorbed depreciation is not available if opted for alternative tax scheme

In a case where the assessee is paying tax uls IISBAC(IA) & there is a depreciation allowance for block of asset.

# From an earlier AY of additional depreciation u/s 32(1)(iia) which has not been given full effect to prior to A.Y. 2024-25 and which is not allowed to be set-off in the A.Y. 2024-25.

Corresponding adjustment shall be made to the WDV of such block of assets as on 1.4.2023 in the prescribed manner i.e, the WDV as on 1.4.2023 will be increased by 1. There are other assets in block : No seperate tax the unabsorbed additional depreciation not allowed to be

## PROVISO 6 TO SEC 32 - DEPRECIATION IN CASE OF BUSINESS RE-ORGANISATION

# In case of Business organization in the nature of :

- > Amalgamation, Demerger, Succession, Conversion of Proprietary or firm into company, Conversion of Unlisted Co. or private company into LLP etc.
- > Depreciation shall be apportioned between the predecessor & the successor in the ratio of the number of days the assets were used by them.

# How to Calculate Days :

Block

- > Old Assets : From the first day of PY.
- > New Assets acquired during PY of Reorganization days: From the day Assets are put to use.

RATE OF DEPRECIATION

Nature of Assets Rate Residential Building other than hotels & boarding

### [Employee Quarter] Non-Residential building, God own, Office, Factory etc 10% capital expenditure does not Including Hotels & Boarding no Depreciation shall be allowed Anu Furniture including electrical fittings 10% In general (if nothing is mentioned) Oil well & motor 15% cars other than hire Business Motor Car including larries, Buses, used for hiring purposes A.C Motor Cars other than issue hire business acq on or after 23rd Aug 19 but before Olst April 20 & put to use before Olst April 20 > Computer including computer software Sec 43(3) > Books owned by professional [Whether annual publication or not] > Energy Saving Device > Annual Publication of Books > Life saving equipment & pollution control equip > Windmill [Before 01.04.2014-15%] > Commercial Vehicles Motor Car for hire business acq on or after 23rd Aug 45% 19 but 1st April 20 & put to use before 1st April 20 Acquired after 31.3.1998 Intangible 20% Ship/Vessel/Speed Boats 40% Aeroplanes Motor bus/Lorries on running them on hire 30% Renewable energy device installed after 31/03/2014 Renewable energy device installed before 31/03/2014 40%

## SEC 50 CAPITAL GAINS IN SALE OF DEPRECIABLE ASSETS

Depreciable Asset is not eligible for indexation. Hence, the gain will always be STCG. If asset is stolen or damaged & no insurance compensation is received.

- treatment is required. Loss shall be contained in WDV & depre will be allowed over the number of period
- 2. No other assets in the block : The block shall become NIL & Sec 50C shall not be attracted. Hence, it is a dead loss. Reduction of Goodwill from block of assets to be consider as transfer w.e.f 1/4/2021

CIT v. Rajiv Shukla (Delhi) : The assessee can claim exemption u/s 54F, if the assets are held for more than 36m even though in case of depreciable asset the pain is

## SEC 35 EXPENDITURE ON SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH

In house research Contribution to outsiders

> Research may or may not be related to the business

- 1. National Laboratoru/IIT's 100% 2. Approved University, Colleges, institution - 100%
- 3. Social statistical research- 100% 4. Company having main object as research - 100%

Current year expense - allowed Previous year expense - allowed PY means 3 years before the Commencement of business.

on such assets - 100% ALLOWED

Research should be related

Expenditure - 100% Allowed

Capital expenditure however

include cost of Land. Further

to the business Revenue

- # W.r.e.f. 21-22 The deduction claimed by the donor with respect to donation given to any Research Association shall be disallowed unless such Research Association files the statement of Donation
- # The deduction under this section is not available if assessee opted for IISBAC

## SALE OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH ASSETS Sold after being used for

other Business :

shall apply.

be included in block of asset

(i.e NIL because deduction is

already allowed u/s 35).

2. If this asset is later on sold

then provisions of sec 50

Sold without being used for other Purpose sec 41(3) Deemed PGBP, Lower of: I. Net sale price of the asset or 2. Deduction claimed u/s 35.

. This shall apply even if business is not in existence in that PY

. Artex Manufacturing co [SC] : Capital Gain would arise only if sale price exceed the cost of acquisition of such assets

## Notes :

- 1. Unabsorbed capital expenditure on scientific research shall be treated same as unabsorbed depreciation,
- 2. If deduction u/s 35 is claimed then depreciation u/s 32 is not allowed as deduction.

## SEC 35(2AA) DONATION TO NATIONAL LABORATORY NIT

100% Deduction allowed for any sum paid to a National Laboratory, University or Indian Institute of Technology or a specified person with a specific direction that the said sum shall be used for scientific research approved in this behalf by the prescribed authority. Deduction shall not be withdrawn even after approval is withdrawn.

## SEC 35(2AB) ASSESSEE ENGAGED IN MANUFACTURING/BIOTECHNOLOGY

Assessee: Assessee engaged in manufacture or biotechnology

Condition : Incur inhouse expenditure

Deduction: 100% of Actual cost of new assets

# The deduction of this section is not available is assessee opted IISBAA/BAB.

## SEC 38 PERSONAL EXPENSES NOT ALLOWED

If expense is partly business or partly personal, then business expense will be allowed

## SEC 35DD AMALGAMATION AND DEMERGE

Assessee an Indian company can take the deduction on 15th basics over 5 years starting from year of expenses.

## SEC 35CCC

SEC 35CCD Any Assessee incur any Any company incur expense on expense on agriculture extension skill development project notified 1. An assessee engaged in the business of generation and

project as notified by board by Board Deduction = 100% 1. Actual cost of such asset shall Deduction = 100% Exp on land or building are not Of actual expenses on land or building are not allowed

## SEC 35D PRELIMINARY EXPENSES

Allowed: Only allowed to Resident Engineering Legal fees Preparation of Drafting & Preliminary Expenses feasibility Study Printing of or Project Report MOA/AOA Expenses of Public issue of Shares & Debentures

Amount of Deduction : 1/5th

Other Assessee

i) Actual Expenses

Whichever is lower

Indian Co. i) Actual Expenses | (i) or (ii)

ii) 5% of : w.e.f is lower a) Cost of project b) Capital Employed Whichever is higher

- > Cost of project : Amount invested in the fixed Asset for
- > Capital Employed Shares + Debentures + long term borrowings for new project (Reserves & Surplus not
- # The preliminary expenditure is not allowed if assessee opted alternative tax scheme

## SEC 35CCA EXPENSE FOR RURAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMMES

Assessee contribute for :

- i) National Fund for Rural Development;
- ii) National Urban poverty Eradication Fund

The assessee shall be allowed a deduction of the amount of such expenditure incurred during the PY. Deduction Allowed: 100%

## SEC 35DDA EXPENDITURE RELATED TO VRS

Any Assessee incurring the expenditure on VRS deduction on 1/5th basics over 5 years starting from year of expenses.

## SEC 32(1)(1) DEPRECIATION FOR POWER GENERATING UNDERTAKINGS

distribution of power can claim depreciation at the prescribed rates on actual cost of each asset on straight line method of depreciation.

2. Assessee also has an option to claim depreciation on WDV of Block of assets. However such an option has to he exercised before the due date of furnishing ROI for the PY in which it begin to generate power. Such option once exercised shall be final, if option is not opted then Depreciation shall be allowed on SLM basis only.

### Notes :

asset.

> Where any asset is put to use for less than 180 days. the depreciation shall be restricted to 50% of the amount calculated at the prescribed percentage. > The depreciation shall not exceed the actual cost of the

SALE OF ASSETS BY POWER GENERATING

- ii) 5% of Cost of Project 1. If Charged Depreciation on WDV basis : Treatment shall be as per Sec 50.
  - 2. If Charged Depreciation on SLM Basis: A) Where Loss arise (Terminal Depreciation) :

Sale Value is Less then I	DDV
OP WDV	XXX
(-) Money Received Including Scrap Value	(xxx)
Terminal Depreciation allowed as Deduction	XXX

## B) Where Profit arise :

Sale Value is Less then W	DV
OP WDV	XXX
(-) Money Received Including Scrap Value	(xxx)
> Amount upto Dep already claimed as Balancing charge [Sec 41(2)] > Balance surplus is Taxable as CG	

## SEC 36 OTHER DEDUCTIONS

Sec 36(1)(1): Sec 36(1)(ia): Premium for Premium paid by Insurance of Federel Milk co-op stack in Trade society for insurance of cattle

Sec 36(1)(1b) : Premium for Insurance of stock in Trade Employees

2) Employees Welfare Payment :

1) Insurance Premium :

Sec 36(1)(11): Sec 36(1)(1va): Sec 36(1)(1v)/(v): Sec 36(1)(va): Bouns/ Pension Scheme SPF/RPF/AGE Employees commission NPS 80CCD contribution towards welfare

## Sec 43B Applicable

- 3) Sec 36(1)(ii) : > Bonus or commission paid to Employees is allowed
- > It should not be paid as profit or dividend > It can be more than prescribed under POBA. 1965
- 4) Sec 36(1)(iva): Employer Contribution towards National Pension Scheme u/s 80CCD is allowed as deduction upto : i) Actual contribution
  - ii) 14% [FA 2024] of salary (Basic + DA Terms) whichever is lower
- 5) Sec 36(1)(iv)/(v): Deduction allowed for EMPLOYER'S Contribution in
  - > Statutory Provident Fund (SPF)
    - > Recognized Provident Fund (RPF) > Approved Gratuity Fund (AGF)
    - > Any Provident Fund

Note: Deduction under any unrecognized or unapproved Fund not allowed 6) Sec 36(1)(va): Employees Contribution towards welfare

- > Any amount received by fund, superannuation fund etc is
- allowed only if paid to Govt. before due date. > If paid after due date of the respective act, it will not be
- allowed as deduction & will be included in Income. Eg: The due date of PF Act is 15th of Next month of the month in which PF is received Employees PF contri. for the month of July should be paid by the Employer to the govt/ govt A/c till 15th August.

Note: If deposit before 15th August - Allowed If not deposited before 15th August - Added to Income.

- 7) Sec 36(1)(vi) :
- > Animals Used in Business other than Stock in Trade > Deduction allowed in the year in which animals become permanently useless or die.
- > Amount of Deduction Cost of Animal Sale value

Sec 36(1)(xvi) = CTT has held shares, Securities & Provision for Bad Debts Actual Rad Dehts Commodities as Stock in Trade 14) Sec 36(1) (xviii) Marked to market loss/Expected loss: Not Allowed Allowed As per ICDS But Allowed to Banks u/s 36(1)(viia) Allowed Related to Business : Allowed Not Allowed Actual Bad Debts < Related to Loan : Not allowed SEC 40 AMOUNTS SPECIFICALLY NOT Except : In Lending Business, Bad Debt Related to loan is allowed DEDUCTIBLE Roualtu, Int. FTS etc > Bad Debts must be written off in BOA in the year in which it is decided. There is no need to prove it. Sec 40(a)(i): Payment made to NR or Foreign Co. and > Provision for Bad Debts is only allowed to Banks uls 36(1)(viia). TDS Deducted but not paid to Govt. TDS not Deducted 9) Sec 36(1)(viia) Provision for Bad Debts : Upto due Date of 139(1) > Deduction is allowed for provision for Bad Debts. > No Deduction is allowed for actual Bad debts 100% Disallowed uls 36(1)(vii) for this provision amount, as it is Note: Such amount should be taxable in the hands of NR debited in Provision Account or Foreign co. under the act. Actual Bad Debts : Provision for Bad Debts Actual Bad Debts : Provision = Difference Sec 40(a)(ia): Any payment made to Resident Will be allowed as deduction TDS not Deducted uls 36(1)(vii) Govt Unto Due Date of 139(1) > Only one account will be made in provision for Bad Debts of Rural & Non-Rural Branches. 30% Disallowed 10) Sec 36(1)(viii) Transfer to Special Reserve : Note: For 40(a)(ia) & 40(a)(ia): In the subsequent year, if TDS is deducted & paid to Govt Allowed to financial corporation engaged in or to Govt. (if deducted earlier), then 100%/30% disallowed Employer pays such tax on non-monetary perqs on behalf of providing long term finance (> 5 Years) earlier shall be allowed in the subsequent year. 200% of (Sh.Cap +Gen Actual Amount 20% of PGBP Sec 201(1): If any amount paid to Resident/NR without Reserve) opening bal of Transferred to deduction of TDS & such Payee (R/NR) : Special Reserve Special Reserve Has Furnished Takes into Account Whichever is lower ROI u/s 139(1) such income 11) Sec 36(1)(ix) Expenses on promotion of family And the payer furnishes a certificate in this regard from a planning: CA to the AO that tax has been paid on such Income. Allowed to only companies: Amount of Deduction Sec 40(a)(ii): Capital Allowed in Revenue Fullu Allowed Which is eligible for Any tax paid outside India 5 Equal Installments Relief under DTAA 12) Sec 36(1)(xvii) Planning of Sugar Cane: Is not allowed as Expenditure Co-operative Engaged in Mfg. deduction under PGBP Incurred bu Society Note: Tax always includes Tax, Cess & Surcharge Price fixed Equal to or At a price Less than Sec 40(a)(ib): Same as 40(a)(i), but refers to Equalization Levy, which is discussed in that chapter. CA CS VIJAY SARDAM askvisir@amail.com

8) Ser 36(1)(vii) Bad Dehts:

13) Sec 36(1)(xv) = STT | Allowed as deduction if assessee Sec 40(a)(iii) : TDS on Salary payable outside India, to NR in India And Salary payable < To NR In India

If employer pays

For GTA take 35,000

Paid Tax on

Such Income

TDS Must be deducted

If not deducted OR Deducted but not paid to Govt Alc upto due date of TDS payment

Such Salary will not be allowed as Deduction

This will never be allowed again on payment after due date Sec 40(a)(iv): Any contribution to Provident Fund or any other fund made for employees.

If any payment is made from the fund to employees which is taxable under the head salaries in hands of employees If assessee does not deducts tax, the amount paid will be

disallowed TDS Deducted but not paid to Sec 40(a)(v): Tax on Non-Monetary perquisite Non-monetary perquisites

To Employees Such non-monetary perquisites are taxable in the hands of Employee But If

Employee Then such tax paid is not allowed As it is exempt in the hands 6. Payment for purchase of goods manufactured without the of Employee u/s 10(10CC) as Deduction to Employer

7. Where the payment is made in any place not served by any SEC 40A(2) UNREASONABLE PAYMENT TO RELATIVE/SUBSTANTIAL INTEREST 8. Where any payment to employee of retirement benefit upto Unreasonable payment to relative as determined by AO not 9. Where the payment is made to employee after deducting

allowed as deduction. Parket Price determined as per Arm length Price.

SEC 40A(3) CASH EXPENDITURE Applicability Non Applicability - Rule 6DD Expenses in cash exceeding I. Payment made when bank is 10,000 in a single day to 2. Payment to Banks, Fl, Govt, same person shall not be allowed as deduction

3. Payment to farmer for its produce

5. Paument is made by Dr./cr. card. NEFT, Net banking, IMPS, BHIM

4. Payment made at a place not

served by Bank

ii) Does not maintain any account in any bank at such place or ship. 10. Where the payment is made to his agent who is required to

i) Is temporarily posted for a continuous period of 15 days or

more in a place other than his normal place of duty or on

RULE GABBA OTHER ELECTRONIC MODE

RULE 6DD EXCEPTION TO SEC 40A(3) & (3A)

I. Credit card, Debit card

following cases :

v) 1.10

Month 1. Where the payment is made to :

credit societu

i) Any letter of credit.

i) RBI or any Banking Company

3. Where the payment is made by :

i) Agricultural or forest produce; or

TDS and when such employee:

iii) Fish or fish products: or

ii) SBI or any subsidiary bank

Next

2. Net Banking, RTGS, NEFT, IMPS

3. UPI (Unified Payment Interface)

4. BHIM(Bharat Interface for Money) aadhar pay.

7th of No disallowance u/s 40A(3)/ 40A(3A) shall be made in

iii) Any co operative Bank or Land Mortgage Bank

iv) Any Primary agriculture credit society or any primary

ii) A book adjustment from any account in a bank to

any other account in that or any other bank;

5. Where the payment is made for the purchase of :

iii) A bill of exchange made payable only to a bank;

4. Where the payment is made by way of adjustment against

the amount of any liability incurred by the payee for any

ii) The produce of animal husbandry (including livestock.

iv) The products of horticulture or agriculture, to the

meat, hides and skins) or dairy or poultry farming; or

cultivator, grower or producer of such articles, produce

goods supplied/services rendered by the assessee to such

2. Where the paument is made to the Government. (Taxes Etc.)

make payment in cash for goods. 11. Where the payment is made by money changer for purchase of foreign currency in the normal course of his business.

Pg

20

## SEC 40A(4) PAYMENT BY PRESCRIBED MODE IN VIOLATION OF CONTRACT Following Expenses are allowed as Deduction only if

Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law or in they are paid before the due date of filing ROI u/s any contract, if payment is made as per prescribe mode 139(1) (Except Clause 9) otherwise it will be allowed in u/s 40A(3) no person shall be allowed to raise, any suit or a plea on the grounds that the payment was not made in cash the year of payment : I. Any tax, duty, cess/fee, by whatever name called, under or other manner

## SEC 40A(7)

No deduction for any gratuity or its provision except approved aratuitu.

## SEC 40A(9)

No deduction for any PF or its provision except SPF,RPF,PPF.

## SEC 40(A)(IB) EQUALIZATION LEVY

Not deducted then 100% disallowance will be attracted

## SEC 40(A)(IIB) FEE/CHARGE PAID BY STATE GOVT UNDERTAKING

### Anu amount :

- a) Paid by way of royalty, licence fee, service fee, privilege fee, service charge/any other fee/charge, by whatever name called, which is levied exclusively on; or
- b) Which is appropriated, directly or indirectly, from, a State Government undertaking by the State Government

## SEC 44AA MAINTENANCE OF BOOKS

Income from Business/profession Gross receipts exceeds 1,50,000 exceeds 2,50,000 or total sales/ (in all 3 years immediately gross receipts exceeds 25,00,000 preceeding the PY or likely to in any 3 preceeding PY or likely exceed if the profession is to exceed in case of individual & newly setup) If assessee HUF Other than Individual & declare lower income u/s 44AD HUF 1.2 Lakhs & 10 Lakhs

- 1. Books are maintained for 6 years from end of relevant AY
- 2. Penalty for Non compliance = 25,000 [Sec 271A]

SEC 43B DEDUCTION ALLOWED ON ACTUAL Notes : PAYMENT BASIS

2. Employers contribution to any fund for the welfare of

3. Any sum payable to employee as Bonus or Commission.

S. Interest on loan payable to such class of NBFC, or

7. Any sum payable by employer for any leave credit of

9. Any sum payable to a MSME within the time limit

> There is no Agreement : Within 15 days of

Profession

in profession exceed

₹50.00.000 in PY

8. Any sum payable to the Indian Railways for the use of

> There is an Agreement : Payment must be made as

If Investment in P&M or equipment Upto 1 cr Upto 10 cr

SEC 44AB AUDIT OF ACCOUNTS

If his gross receipts 1. Assessee covered u/s 44AE/

per the date mentioned in agreement but in no case

Micro Ent. Small Ent.

Upto 5 cr Upto 50 cr

44BB/44BBB & has claimed

his income to be lower than

sec 44AD/44ADA & he has

declared lower Income as

against required to be show

in sec 44AD/44ADA & his

income exceeds basic

exemption limit in PY

3. If Person fail to declare

Income for continuous S years as per sec 44AD(4)

& Income exceed basic

4. No Tax Audit in case of

sec 44AD if the Turnover does not exceed 2 crore and

declaring the Income as per sec 44AD.

exemption Limit

deemed PGBP in any PY

2. Assessee covered in

Other

6. Interest payable on any loan or advances, or

4. Interest on any loan or borrowing, or

specified in sec 15 of MSME Act

it must exceed 45 days.

# Meaning of MSME :

Business

Tax audit is

required if

turnover of

husiness in

PY exceed Icr

are satisfied :

No Tax audit upto

Turnover of 10 crore

if below conditions

1. If cash received does

2. Cash Payment does

total payment.

not exceed 5% of

IMP Hai!

not exceed 5% of

total receipt &

Particulars

acceptance of goods/Services

# Time Limit as per sec 15 of MSME Act :

Audit shall be conducted by Chartered Accountant & furnish Tax Audit report atleast I month prior to the date of filing ROI u/s 139(1) in the prescribed form.

[3CA-3CB/3CB]

- 2. Penalty for non furnishing of Tax Audit report: Lower of : a) 150000:
- b) 0.5% of Turnover or gross receipt.
- 3. This sec shall not apply to a person who declares PGBP as per sec 44AD(1) or 44ADA(1)

Requirement of Tax Audit: It is obligatory for the persons not be eligible for deduction u/s 35AD, if it opts for the special provisions mentioned in column (2) of the table below, carrying on of sec IISBAA/IISBAB business or profession, to get his accounts audited before the "Specified date" by a Chartered Accountant, if the conditions mentioned in the corresponding row of column(3) are satisfied

### SEC 35AD DEDUCTION OF CERTAIN SPECIFIED BUSINESS Specified Business Commence Deduction

1.4.2009

1.4.2009

100%

100%

Laying and operating a cross-country natural gas/

Setting up & operating a warehousing facility for 1,4,2009

Setting up and operating a cold chain facility

Crude/petroleum pipeline

1.4.2010	100%
	100%
16 2011	
1.7.2011	100%
1.4.2011	100%
1.4.2012	100%
1.4.2012	100%
1.4.2012	100%
1.4.2012	100%
1.4.2014	100%
1.4.2014	100%
1.4.2017	100%
	1.4.2012 1.4.2012 1.4.2012 1.4.2012 1.4.2014 1.4.2014 1.4.2014

> 100% of capital expenditure incurred prior to commencement > Capital expense not include land, goodwill & financial instrument.

plant & machinery should not be more than 20% of total plant and machinery used for the business Deduction under Chapter VI-A shall not be allowed in respect of such

> Business should be new business i.e. should not be formed by splitting/

> Business should not be set up by transfer of old plant and machinery Old

business for any assessment year Actual cost of the asset for which deduction has been allowed u/s 3SAD

Conditions :

reconstruction of old business.

shall be taken as NII > Further, receipts on account of sale of those assets be taxable under

head PGBP only, whatever the amount may be. Note: In case of an individual/HUF/AOP/BOI carrying on specified business, deduction u/s 3SAD would be available only if they exercise the option of shifting out of the default tax regime provided u/s IISBAC(IA), If such assessee is paying concessional rates of tax under the default tax regime u/s IISBAC, deduction u/s 35AD would not be available. A company would

SEC 43CA SPECIAL PROVISION FOR FULL VALUE OF CONSIDERATION FOR TRANSFER OF ASSETS OTHER THAN CAPITAL ASSETS IN CERTAIN CASES

# If SDV exceed 110% of consideration SDV=FVOC

# All other provisions of sec 50C applies

# Sec applies when Land & Building held as SIT. > CSR exp. not allowed SEC 37 GENERAL > Contri/donation to Political DEDUCTIONS party / Electoral Trust

- Any expenditure is allowed as deduction = 100%, if fulfills following conditions:
- a) Expenditure is not covered u/s 30 to 36. b) Expenditure is incurred wholly & exclusively for the purpose of husiness
- c) Expenditure is not of capital in nature. d) Expenditure is not personal nature
- e) Expenditure should not be in nature of offence or prohibited
- Sec 37(2B) Following Expenses are not allowed as
- Deduction :
- a) Donation/advertisement in any souvenir, brochure, tract. pamphlet published by a political party. However deduction shall be allowed u/s 80GGB/80GGC.
- b) Expenses related to CSR referred u/s 135 of the companies Act, 2013 shall not be allowed. But deduction shall be allowed in 80G.
- Following Expenses are not allowed Deduction : a) Expenditure which is an offence or which is prohibited by
- law in India or Outside India.
- b) Expenditure for Compounding an offence under any law in India or outside India. c) To provide any benefit or perquisite, (in cash/Kind), to a
- person, & acceptance of such benefit by such person is it violation of any law or rule or regulation or guideline,

governing the conduct of such person. 4. Settlement of proceedings initiated in relation to contravention under any law as may be notified by the CG.

## SEC 40(B) : MAXIMUM LIMIT ON INTEREST! REMUNERATION

Interest & Remuneration paid by the firm/LLP is allowed as deduction subject to the limit of sec 40b.

Explanation 1 : Where Individual is a partner in a firm on Individual capacity and receive Interest in Representative capacity then limit of sec 40b is not applicable to such

Explanation 2: Where Individual is a partner in a firm on representative capacity and receive Interest in Individual capacity then limit of sec 40b is not applicable to such

### 1. Remuneration :

- a) Condition for remuneration :
- > Remuneration should be paid only to a working partner > Remuneration must be authorized by the partnership
- > Remuneration should not pertain to period prior to partnership deed
- > Remuneration should not exceed the permissible limit
- b) Maximum Permissible Remuneration = Lower of Actual Remuneration & Maximum Limit (Based on Book Profit) SEC 43AA FOREIGN EXCHANGE FLUCTUATION

Book Profit	Limit
On the First ₹ 6,00,000 [FA 2024] of the Book Profit or in case of a loss.	₹3,00,000 [FA 2024] or at the rate of 90 % of Book Profits, whichever is higher.
On the balance of book profits	At the rate of 60 % of hook profits

Note: While making adjustments in Step 2 above, following are to be noted

### Explanation | Book profit =

Income from PGBP as per Normal Provision after making all adjustment u/s 28-44 [(-) Current year (+) b/f depreciation]	XXX
Add : Int/remuneration paid or payable to partners [if debited] Less : Interest allowable u/s 40(b)	xxx [xxx]
Books profit	XXX

- part of 'Book Profits'.
- > Remuneration include commission for the purpose of Sec 40[b]
- > B/f business loss will not be deducted from profits.
- > Permissible deductions from gross total income shall be ignored
- once sec 40(b) is allied sec 40(A)(2) cannot be applied. > Any payment made beyond limit be disallowed while
- computing PGBP of firm

### 2. Interest 1

- Conditions for claiming the Interest :
- a) Payment of interest should be authorised by Partnership
- b) Payment of interest should pertain to the period after the Partnership Deed

- c) Rate of interest should not exceed 12% p.a. simple interest.
  - > Interest paid to working as well sleeping both are allowed as deduction
  - > Act does not make difference between capital/loan. Interest on both is @ 12%. Capital covers both capital fixed as well as circulating.
  - > If Firm pays int to partner & partner pays int to firm on drawing, it shall not be net off.
- Deduction is lower of :
- A) 12% of capital
- B) Actual Interest
- C) Amount given in deed

## SEC 234G FEES FOR DEFAULT IN FILING STATEMENT

- I. Where the Association, university, college or other Institution notified u/s 35 fails to deliver or cause to deliver a statement or Furnish a certificate in prescribed form or manner; or
- 2. It shall be Liable to pay a fees Rs.200 for every day during which failure continues. The amount of fees refered above shall not exceed the amount of which failure has occurred.

Sec 43AA(1): Subject to the provisions of sec 43A, any gain or loss arising on account of any change in foreign exchange rates shall be treated as income or loss, as the case may be, and such gain or loss shall be computed in accordance with the income computation and disclosure standards notified uls 145(2)

Sec 43AA(2): For the purposes of sub-sec (1), gain or loss arising on account of the effects of change in foreign exchange rates shall be in respect of all foreign currency transactions, including those relating to :

- > Monetary items and non-monetary items;
- > Translation of financial statements of foreign operations;
- > Forward exchange contracts;
- > Foreign currency translation reserves.

## SEC 269ST MODE OF UNDERTAKING

No person shall receive an amount of ₹2,00,000 or more :

- a) In aggregate from a person in a day; or b) In respect of a single transaction; or
- > As per ACIT vs great city manufacturing co it was held that c) In respect of transactions relating to one event/occasion from a person, otherwise than by an account payee cheque or an account payee bank draft or use of electronic clearing system through a bank account or through such other electronic mode as may be prescribed.

The provisions of this section shall not apply to : 1) Any receipt by :

- a) Government
- b) Any banking company, post office savings bank or co-operative bank:
- ii) Transactions of the nature referred to in sec 26955

## CLUBBING OF INCOME

### BASICS OF CLUBBING

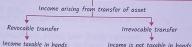
The income, shall be first computed in the hands of recipient and all expenditure related to such income shall be allowed as provisions of the Act and thereafter the net income shall be clubbed :

- > Negative Income is also Clubbed.
- > Clubbing Provisions are mandatory.

## SEC 60 TRANSFER OF INCOME WHERE THERE IS NO TRANSFER OF ASSETS

If any person transfer any Income without transfer of Assets then such income is taxable in the hands of transferor.

## SEC 61 REVOCABLE TRANSFER OF ASSETS



of transferor [Clubbed] of transferor [Not Clubbed]

## SEC 64[IA] MINOR'S INCOME

All other income except Following shall not be clubbed specified shall be Taxable & be Taxable in the hands of minor himself : Parent Marriage Parent Marriage 1. Earned out of skill & Talent Subsist

Do not Subsist 2. Earned out of manual work done Clubbed in the Clubbed in the 3. Income earned by a minor hands of parent hands of parent Handicap covered u/s 800

### Notes :

- 1. Once Income of minor is clubbed then exemption of ₹1500 per child shall be available [irrespective of no. of child] sec 10(32).
- 2. If the asset transferred to minor child (not being minor married daughter) without consideration or inadequate consideration is house property, then, u/s 27(i), the transferor parent will be deemed owner and amount will be taxable to him.
- 3. Clubbing provisions u/s 64(IA) would not be attracted on such income, then benefit of exemption u/s 10(32) (discussed above) cannot be availed against such income.
- 4. If the house property is transferred by parent to his/her minor married daughter, without consideration/inadequate consideration, then sec 27(i) is not attracted.
- 5. In such a case the income from house property will be included u/s 64(IA) in hands of that parent, whose total income before including minor child's income is higher and henefit of exemption u/s 10(32) can be availed by that parent in respect of income so included if he/she exercises normal tax regime.

## SEC 64(1)(IV) TRANSFER TO SPOUSE FOR INADEQUATE/ WITHOUT CONSIDERATION

Income from HP Other Income Taxable in HP in the hands of Taxable in Hands of transferor u/s 27 as deemed owner

Note: Where the assets transferred has changed its shape and identification then, income from such changed assets is to be clubbed.

## SEC 64(1)(VI) TRANSFER TO SON'S WIFE

If Assets are transfered to son's wife for inadequate or without consideration & income is earned then such income is clubbed in the hands of transferor [Father in Law]

## SEC 64(1)(VII),(VIII) ASSETS TRANSFERED TO 3RD PERSON FOR BENEFIT OF WIFE / SONS WIFE

If the Assets is transfered for the benefit of wife/son's wife then income from such property shall be clubbed in hands of transferor

Exception: The asset is transferred otherwise than for adequate Consideration

## SEC 64(1)(11) SALARY, COMMISSION EARNED BY SPOUSE

If the spouse has earned remuneration from a concern where Individual has substantial interest & spouse does not posses any professional & technical Qualification then such remuneration shall be clubbed in hands of transferor,

Meaning of substantial interest :

i) For a company : 20% of Voting Right. ii) In any other case : 20% of Profit

- 1. Whether both husband & wife has substantial interest the income shall be clubbed in the hands of person having greater income before this clubbing. 2. Holding of relative shall also be counted while
- considering the substantial Interest.
- 3. 'Relative' in relation to individual means the husband, wife, brother or sister or any lineal ascendant or

## BUSINESS OUT OF GIFTED MONEY The profit earned in the business shall be clubbed in

the following manner : Gifted Amount Profit x

Total Capital Employed

## SEC 64(2) TRANSFER OF ASSET TO HUF

If any Individual transfers any asset to his HUF without/ for inadequate consideration then income from such asset is received by HUF but taxable in the hands of the Transferor (Member), After Partition of HUF, Income from such asset received, by spouse shall be clubbed in hands of Transferor.

## CROSS TRANSFERS

Two transactions are inter-connected and are parts of the same transaction in such a way that it can be said that the circuitous method was adopted as a device to evade tax, the implication of clubbing provisions would be attracted,

## 10. SET OFF AND CARRY FORWARD

SE	C 70 INT	RA HEAD ADJUSTMENT			
Particulars					
Salary	There cannot be any loss in the Head Salary				
House Property	Loss from Hi from house p	ouse property can be setoff against income property (Unlimited within the Same bead)			
PGBP	Normal	Normal Business loss can be setoff against any Business Income			
	Speculative Business	Speculative loss can be setoff only against Speculative Income			
	Specified Business	Specified Business loss can be setoff only against specified business income			
Capital	LTCL	LTCL can be setoff only against LTCG			
Gains	STEL	STEL can be setoff against any capital gains			

of surviva	SICE	SICL can be	e setoff against any capital gains	A
011	Normal Loss	IFOS loss en	n be setalf eaglest troe i	B,
Other Sources	Loss from O & M Horse race		Horse race loss can be setoff only against Horse Races Income	
	Loss from an Exempt		Loss from an exempt source can't be setoff CIT Vs. Tyograjan	D,
S	EC 71 IN	TER HEA	D ADJUSTMENT	

		_		
Particulars			Provisions	
Salary	Loss from a PGBP	ny he	ead can be setoff against salary except	
House Property	The less under this head would not be allowable to be set-off against income under the other head if the assessee pays tox vils ISBAC(IN). However, if the assessee shifts out of Sec IISBAC(IN) and there is a loss of Hause Property & the assessee has income under any other head of income, the maximum loss from house property that can be set-off against nearme from any other head is $\approx 2$ baths, each of the property that can be set-off against nearme from any other head is $\approx 2$ baths, each less than the property that can be set-off against native received in such case is set by the property that the property that can be set-off against the other than the property that th		1.	
PGBP	Normal	Norn	under the other head. nal Business loss can be setoff against	
		Spec Spec	Income except salary ulative loss can be setoff only against ulative Income Ified Business loss can be S/O only against	
		ified business Income sec 35AD	1	
Capital Gains	pital General Loss from other head can be setoff again hus Rule but loss from CG cant be setoff again head		from other head can be setoff against CG loss from CG cant be setoff against other I	
	LTCL	LTC	L can be setoff only against LTCG	al
	STCL	STC	L can be setoff against any CG	I
Other Sources	Normal Loss		IFOS loss can be setoff against IFOS Income	
Sources	Loss from M Horse ro	0 &	Horse race loss can be setoff only against Horse Race Income	
	Loss from Exempt So		Loss from an expemt source cant be setofi (CIT Vs. Tyagrajan)	

# Losses from Specified business u/s 35AD : In case of an

assessee shifts out of sec IISBAC(IA), loss from specified business u/s 35AD can be set off only against income from any other specified business. Such loss cannot be set off against income under any other head.

Note | Following brought forward losses/depreciation is not allowed to be set off while computing total income under default tax regime u/s 115BAC | 1. Brought forward loss from self-occupied house property

2. Brought forward business loss of specified business uls 35AD

3. Brought forward business loss on account of deduction uls 35(1)(11)/(11a)/(111) or uls 35(2AA)

4. Unabsorbed depreciation attributable to additional depreciation u/s 32(1)(iia).

## Order of Setoff from PGBP Income :

Current year depreciation [Sec 32(1)]; Current year capital expenditure on scientific research &

family planning to the extent allowed; Brought forward business or profession losses [Sec 72(1)]. ) Unabsorbed depreciation [Sec 32(2)]:

Unabsorbed capital expenditure on scientific research [Sec 35(4)] & family planning [Sec 36(1)(ix)].

## SEC 73A CARRY FORWARD & SET OFF OF LOSSES BY SPECIFIED BUSINESSES

An assessee opted out of default tax regime can claim deduction u/s 3SAD in respect of capital expenditure (other than land, goodwill and financial instruments).

- Any loss of specified business u/s 35AD can only be setoff against profits of any other specified business.
- The unabsorbed loss, will be c/f for set off against profits of any specified business in the following AY and so on,
- The unabsorbed loss can be carried forward indefinitely for set-off against income from specified business.
- . Filling of Loss Return shall be mandatory in order to c/f the loss.

## SEC 74 LOSSES UNDER THE HEAD "CAPITAL HEAD"

- . Loss from 'Capital gains' STCL or LTCL shall be carried forward for 8 AY
- 2. Filing of Loss Return shall be mandatory in order to c/f the loss.
- In case of LTCG u/s 112A, Loss exceeding ₹1,00,000 can, therefore, be set-off and carried forward for set-off against LTCG by virtue of sec 70(3) & 74.

## SEC 74A(3) LOSSES FROM THE ACTIVITY OF OWNING & MAINTAINING RACE HORSES

- I. Losses incurred by an assessee from the activity of owning & maintaining race horses can be set-off only against the income from activity of owning and maintaining race horses.
- 2. Filing of Loss Return shall be mandatory in order to clf the loss.
- 3. Loss can be CIf max upto 4 AV

## SEC 94[8] BONUS STRIPPING TRANSACTIONS

If any person buys or acquires any units (not security) at any time within period of 3 months prior to record date & he is being allotted bonus unit & Sell or transfer all original units within a period of 9 months of record date while continue to own bonus shares then Loss arising from transfer of such units shall be ignored. Loss so ignored shall deemed to be cost of acq of those bonus units.

## SELF NOTES

## SUMMARY CHART

Particulars Sec 718 to 74A Rules to carry forward & set off post year losses

Section 71B

Under the Old Scheme : The maximum loss from HP which can be set-off against any other head is \$2 lakhs.

Under Default Scheme : Loss from HP would not be-

a if return of loss is not filed or filed late loss can be carried forward & set off

Business | Section 72

set off with both business Income & speculation income s Sec 80 applicable. It means if return of loss is not filed

Essesses who has incurred the lass can only set off that

Even if husiness is discontinued a lass can he set off

ass Come . Pass year speculation lass can he set off only with

of return of tass to not filed or filed total speculation tass.

houses and has incurred the lass can only set off that loss Consplien not applicables.

trien it musiness is discontinued it loss can he set att capital gain of the can be set off only with the ST can be set off units

both LT & 6T

See 80 applicable it means it return of lass is not find Lass from Eastin 746

Even if knowness is discontinued to loss can be setaff

## III ALTERNATE MINIMUM TAX

## CONCEPT

> Is applicable to all assessee except company > AMT is not payable by : Individual/HUF/AOP/BOI/ATP If Adjusted Total Income of such person does not exceed | Sec 808(5) | Gross total income means total income 720 Lokhs

SEC 1153C APPLICABILITY OF AMT

1. If 18.5% of ATI exceeds Income tox payable then such ATI shall be deemed to be total income & Tax Payable shall be 18.5% of ATI

> In case unit is in IFSC 9% > In case of Co-operative society, 15%

2. AMT not applicable, where :

1) Such person has exercised the option HSBAC, HSBAD OF HEBAE

ii) Not applicable to Specified Fund uls 19(4b). 3. Sec 1157C(2): Adjusted total income shall be

1 10
1
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(111)
111

4. Every person who Pays 614T shall obtain a report from Ch certifying that the adjusted total income atleast Imprior to the date of filing POI

## SEC 1153E APPLICATION OF OTHER PROVISIONS OF THIS ACT

All other provisions of this het (For Eg havance Tax, Interest, Penalty etc) shall apply

## SEC 1151D TAX CREDIT FOR AMT

I AMT credit Arise when AMT payable Exceed Tax payable of that year & shall he utilised when IT payable exceed KIMT payakle only to the extent it exceed KIMT Payakle.

2. He interest shall be payable on BMT Credit (11570-(3))

8. AMI Gradit shall ha off to sat off upto 15th AV.

4. If the amount of regular income tax or the hint is reduced or increased as a result of any order passed under this het, the amount of tax hift cradit shall also he adjusted

6. AMT credit not available if a person has exercised the ARTINA HERRE, HERRIS OF HERRE

\$6. AMT cradit will be reduced by a fureign too Gradit. allowed against KITI = FTF allowed against Harmal tax 12.

DEDUCTIONS

## SEC 80A/80AC GENERAL RULES OF DEDUCTION

computed in accordance with the provisions of act without deduction ufc VIA which implies that-deduction under respective chapter has been taken Clubbing provisions is effected setaff has been made, Unabsorbed losses & depreciation has been effected.

Sec 80A(2): Aggregate of deductions shall not, in any case, exceed GTI of the assessee, i.e. on assessee connot have a loss after taking the deduction.

No Deduction is available if income (GTI) only contains :

> LTCG : 11/5 112

> Specified Business Income : u/s 35AD > STEG : U/S IIIA

> Casual Income

to member of ROPIEGI

- HR Presumptive Income uts IISA to IISAD 13 Income of ISP under chapter XIIA

Sec 30k(3): If Deduction is allowed to kOP/ BOI then deduction for same payment/Income shall not be allowed

Sec 80A(4) : Where Deduction in respect of certain incomes Cuts 2016 to 20KKB), where, in case of an assessee any amount of profits & gains of an undertaking or unit or enterprisefeligible business is claimed and allowed as deduction under any of those provisions for any RV, deduction in respect of, & to the extent of, such profits and gains shall not be allowed under any other provisions of this het for such hy & shall in no case exceed the profits & gains of such undertaking or unit or enterprise or eligible business, as the case may be.

See 8066: No deduction would be allowed uts 8016 to 1 80 P.P.B. to a taxpayer if TTP is not filed on or before the due date ula 139(1)

if Following Deductions are evallable in case of Default Tax scheme (HSBACHISBABHISBABHISBABHISBAD) SHE HOCCD(3), HOLA, HOTTAK, HOCCH(3)

## SEC ROTTA DEDUCTION FOR INTEREST ON SAVINGS ACCOUNT

hospesso [Individual or HUF [Other than Senior citizen][R][H] Qualifying Interest on savings account (not time deposits) samed an savings account with i a) Banking company hit for operative society doing banking business el Past athen fround of Minleaum of the following i

traduction (a) interest on such deposits in saving account

Sec 80TTA(2): Where income referred to in this section is derived from any deposit in a savings account held by or on behalf of a firm, an AOPs or a BOIs, no deduction shall be allowed under this section in respect of such income in computing the total income of any partner of the firm or any member of the association or any individual of the body.

## SEC 80TTB DEDUCTION FOR INTEREST ON DEPOSITS

Qualifying Interest on deposit earned from Income (a) Banking company h) Co-operative society doing banking business Deduction Minimum of the following : a) Interest on deposits h) 750,000 Other > Corresponding amendment has been proposed in Sec 1946 to provide that TDS is required from payment of interest to Condition centor citizen upto +50,000 Where the income referred to in um-cac(1) is derived from any deposit held by, or on behalf of a firm, on AOPs/ROI no deduction shall be allowed under this sec in respect of such income in computing the total income of any partner of the firm or any member of the association or any individual of the hody (See 20118(2))

## SEC 80GGB/GGC CONTRIBUTION TO POLITICAL PARTY

homoson 1. Sec 29668 + Indian Company 2. See 80666 + Any Assesses except Local Authority & A3P wholly or partly funded by Government Contribution Political Party or Electoral Trust Drithin the meaning of sec 182 of the Companies het. 20131 Emount of Any Amount [100%] Deduction Fastriction Amount should not be paid in Each

## SEC 800 DEDUCTION FOR PERSON WITH DISABILITY Assesses Individual being Resident

The assesses, at any time during the F1, is certified by the medical authority to he a person with disability bisability of the assesses Amount of deduction Deduction ¥75,000 Severe disability [80%] ¥1,25,000 beduction is allowed trespective of expense incurred by the

Meaning "Blacklittf" is defined in sec 2(1) of the Persons with terms

Disabilities (Equal Opportunities, Protection of Rights and Full-Participation) het, 1995 & includes "Autism", Cerebral palsy" & "Multiple Disabilities" referred to in sec 3(a) (c)&(h) of the Hatianal Trust for Galfars of Persons with Autism. Establish Palsy, Mantal Betardation and Multiple Disabilities

## SEC 80DD MAINTENANCEMEDICAL TREATMENT OF DISABLED DEPENDANT

essee | Individual/HUF being Resident 1) Medical treatment (incl nursing), training & rehabilitation of a dependant, being a person with disability 2) Deposited any amount under scheme (framed by LIC/any other approved insurer), which would provide for payment of annuity/lump sum amount for benefit of such dependent, in the event of the death of the assessee. 3) The deduction shall be allowed in (2) only if the following conditions are satisfied : a) The scheme provides for annuity or lumpsum payment: i) In the event of the death of the individual or the member of HUF in whose name subscription to the scheme has been made: or ii) On attaining 60 year or more by such individual or the member of HUF and the payment or deposit to such scheme has been discontinued b) The assessee nominates either the dependant, being a person with disability, or any other person or a trust to receive the payment on his behalf, for the benefit of the dependant, being a person with disability. Disability of the assessee Amount of deduction

'Dependent" means : In the case of an individual, the spouse, children, parents, brothers and sisters of the individual or any of them in the case of a HUF, a member of the HUF dependant wholly or mainly on such individual or Hindu undivided family for his support and maintenance, and who has not claimed any deduction u/s 800 in computing his total income for the AY relating to the PY.

₹1,25,000

Severe disability[80%]

### SEC 80D MEDICAL INSURANCE

Assessee	Individual/HUF	[R/NR]		
Condition	payment shall	ld be in any mode othe be made by any mode ild on account of preve	including cash	In respect
The Insu	rance/Contri	bution/Checkup can	be :	IMP Hall
Individual	In name of In	dividual/Spouse/Parents	& dependent (	Children
HUF	In the Name o	of any member		4
ondition	s for claimin	ng deduction :		
escription	Medical ins,			Medical
				Expensive
	on the health	1) CG Health scheme	health checkup	senior citiz

		notified by CG		
Applicable for		resident/non-resident	Individual whether resident/NR	Individual/ HUF wheth R/NR
mode		Any mode other than cash	Any mode including cash	Any mode other than cash
Amount a	f Deduction	,		

Assessee	Deduction = least
	Aggregate of amount or ₹25000

- 1) Where premium is paid for senior citizen, then deduction is aggregate premium paid or ₹50000 whichever is lower. Here, Senior Citizen means an individual resident in India, who is of the age of 60 years or more at. Any time during the Relevant PY, and very senior citizen is 80 years. In nutshell. an individual taxpayer can claim deduction of up to ₹1 lakh uls 80D if helhis family members & his parents are 60 yrs or above. In case of single premium health insurance policies which covers more than I year, deduction shall be allowed on proportionate basis for all those yrs for which cover is provided, subject to specified monetary limit.
- 2) Expense for preventive health checkup of assessee/his family is included in the total deduction, subject to a max of ₹5000
- 3) Payment shall be made out of income chargeable to tax 4) Medical Exp of very senior citizen is restricted to ₹50.000.
- 5) Not. 9/2018 : Contribution in Health Scheme of Department of Atomic Energy would qualify for deduction
- 6) Provided that the amount referred to is paid in respect of a senior citizen & no amount has been paid to effect or to keep in force an insurance on the health of such person.

## SEC 80CCH CONTRIBUTION TO AGNIPATH SCHEME

Sec 80CCH(I)

u/s 80D.

Own Contribution to Agnipath Corpus Fund Deduction = 100% of his contribution. [Allowed if not opted for IISBAC]

Sec 80CCH(2) CG Contribution to Agnipath Corpus Fund Deduction = 100% of his contribution. [Allowed in IISBAC or Old scheme] [First Add in salary then take Deduction]

Sec 10(12C): Any Amount received by Assessee or his nominee from Agnipath Fund is exempt from tax.

### SEC 80E INTEREST ON EDUCATION LOAN

1	Assessee	Individual (R/NR)
4		Paid Interest on education loan [out of income chargeable to
	for	Tax] taken for Own/Relative's Education
	Amount of	Any Amount of Interest paid [100%] only Interest is allowed &
en		not the principal amount Deduction is available from the year from which assessee start paying interest & 7 immediately succeeding A.Y. (or until above interest is paid in full, whichever earlier)
	Condition	> Relative, Spouse, Children for whom assessee is guardian > Loan should be taken from any financial institution/approved financial institute > The loan is taken for graduate & post graduate studies

Actual amount of interest paid is available · Higher education" means any course of study pursued after passing the Senior Secondary Examination or its equivalent from any school, board or university recognized by CG or SG or local authority or by any other authority authorized by the above to do so

## SEC 80EEA DEDUCTION IN RESPECT OF INTEREST ON LOAN TAKEN FOR CERTAIN HOUSE PROPERTY

Associa	Individual(R/NR) not eligible for deduction u/s 80EE
Deduction	Interest payable on loan taken for Residential house property
for Deduction	Actual Interest paid or Rs.150000
Condition	The deduction shall be subject to the following conditions, namely:  1. The loan has been sanctioned by the financial institution between 1st April, 2019 & ending on the 31st day of Mar 2022  2. The stamp duty value of residential house property does not exceed ₹45 lakhs the assessee does not own any residential house property on the date of sanction of loan

## SEC 80EEB TAX INCENTIVE FOR ELECTRIC VEHICLES

,		1) Interest on Loan taken for Purchase of Electric Vehicle ony Finoncial Institution/NBFC 2) Loan must be taken between April 19 to March 23 3) Assessee does not own any other Electric Vehicle on the date of sonction
	Deduction	Interest Paid or 150,000 whichever is lower

Assessee Individual

"Electric Vehicle" means a vehicle which is powered exclusively by an electric motor whose traction energy is supplied exclusively by traction battery installed in the vehicle & has such electric regenerative braking system, which during braking provides for the conversion of vehicle kinetic energy into electrical energy.

## SEC 80EE INTEREST ON HOUSING LOAN Assessee Individual (R/NR)

Payment for	Paid Interest on housing loan
	Amount of Interest Paid or 50,000 whichever is lower or Interest is allowed and not principal amount first deduct is to be claimed u/s 24(b) of House Property (upto 2L, remaining interest deduction u/s 80EE
Condition	Loan should be taken from bank or financial institute acquisition of Residential property > Purchase Price of House upto 50 lakhs > Loan should be sanctioned between 0.09.16 to 31.03. > Loan should the sound that of the sanctioned > Assessee does not own any Residential house on the date of sanction of laan

## SEC 80C DEDUCTION W.R.T VARIOUS INVESTMENTS

Assessee	Individual/HUF irrespective of Residential Status
Investment	See list below
Deduction	Maximum deduction along with sec 80CCC and 80CCD or independently u/s 80C is restricted to Rs.150000. [80CCE]
Condition	> Investment is made in approved scheme > Payment need not necessarily made out of income chargeable to tax > Deduction shall be made only on payment basis not on accrual basis

### # Qualifying savings/investments :

Any sums paid or deposited in PY by assessee Individual HUF

an life of fallowing persons:  I. The children may maleffemale, married/ ummarried, dependent Independent.  I. The promition exceeding 10% of sum assured is not eligible for deduction [If policy is issued before 31.03.12 then it shall be 20%]  I. Si% of SA for person covered u/s 80/180DDB  To effect or to keep in force a non-commutable other insurer on the life of the individual the wife or husband & any child of such individual the wife or husband & any child of such individual Igy way of deduction from the salary of Gott. EE being a sum deducted, for the purpose of securing to him a deferred annuityImaking provision for his spouse or children, max upto IISth of the salary.  As a contribution by an individual to any statuture PF or RPF.  As a contribution by an individual to any statuture pre or RPF.  As a contribution by an individual HIDF to any pproved superannuation fund.  As subscription to NSC-1912.  As subscription to NSC-1912.  Self NA subscription to NSC-1912.  Self NA subscription to NSC-1912.  Self NA subscription to NSC-1912.  As subscription to now units of any Mutual Fund referred to in sec 10(23D), under any notified plan.  As a contribution by an individual to Retirement Benefit Pension Fund of UTI  As subscription to any units of any Mutual Fund referred to in sec 10(23D), under any notified plan.  As a contribution by an individual to Retirement Benefit Pension Fund of UTI  As subscription to the Home Loan Alc Scheme As a contribution by an individual to Retirement Benefit Pension Fund of UTI  As subscription to the Home Loan Alc Scheme As utiliton fees paid by individual, whether at the time of admission or thereafter, including Stamp duty and registration fees.  1 To any university, college, school/other educational institution situated in India;  2 For the purpose of full-time education of any two children of such individual  Re-Payment of Housing Bank  As subscription to equity shares/debentures forming part of any eligible issue of capital approved by the Board of a public co engaged in	any sums paid of deposited in F7 by assessee	INGIVICAGI	
3. 15% of SA for person covered us 80U/80DDB 7. offect or to keep in force a non-commutable self/ defered amoutty other than annuity plan of LIC/ Spouse/ Other Insurer on the life of the Individual the Wife or husband & any child of such Individual By way of deduction from the solary of Govt. EE being a sum deducted, for the purpose of securing to him a deferred amouttyfinaking provision for his spouse or children, max upto I/Sth of the solary. As a contribution by an individual to any Self NA sa a contribution by an employee to an approved superanuation fund. As a contribution by an individual/HUF to any PPF, Min-500 Max-150000 As subscription to NSS-VII issue. Note 1 Int accrued on these certificates which is deemed to be reinvested also qualifies for deduction. As subscription to NSS-VII issue. Note 1 Int accrued on these certificates which is deemed to be reinvested also qualifies for deduction. As subscription to any units of any Mutual Fund seferred to in sec 10(23D), under any notified plan. As a contribution by an individual to Retirement Benefit Pension Fund of UTI As subscription to to any individual to Retirement Self As a contribution by an individual to Retirement Self As a contribution by an individual to Retirement Self As a contribution by an individual to Retirement Self As a contribution by an individual to Retirement Self As a contribution by an individual to Retirement Self As a contribution by an individual to Retirement Self NA As subscription to to any units of any Mutual Fund series of housing Bank As subscription to the Home Loon Afc Scheme Self As a contribution by an individual to Retirement Self NA As subscription to to any series of the series To nony university, college, school/other educational institution situated in India; To nony university, college, school/other educational institution situated in India; To not the purpose of full-time education of any two children of such Individual Retern to Hussing Loans: Except Interest on borrowed capital provided house is taken for resid	The children may male/female, married/ ummarried, dependent/ independent.     The premium exceeding 10% of sum assured is not eliaible for deduction [If policy is	Spouse/	Any Member
deferred annuity other than annuity plan of LICI Spouse/ other Insurer on the life of the individual to wife or husband & any child of such individual. By way of deduction from the solary of Goxt EE being a sum deducted, for the purpose of securing to him a deferred annuity/making provision for his spouse or children, max upto I/Sth of the salary. As a contribution by an individual to any statutary PF or RPF. As a contribution by an individual/HUF to any PFF, Min-SOO Max-ISO000  As a contribution by an individual/HUF to any PFF, Min-SOO Max-ISO000  As subscription to NSS-1992. As subscription to NSS-1993. As subscription to any units of any Mutual Fund referred to in sec I0(23D), under any notified plan. As a contribution by an individual to Retirement Benefit Pension Fund of UTI As subscription to any units of any Mutual Fund referred to in sec I0(23D), under any notified plan. As a contribution by an individual to Retirement Benefit Pension Fund of UTI As subscription to any units of any Mutual Fund referred to in sec I0(23D), under any notified plan. As a contribution by an individual to Retirement Self NA As subscription to any units of any Mutual Fund referred to in sec I0(23D). As a subscription fund of the Home Loan A/c Scheme of National Housing Bank As subscription to notified deposit scheme As subscription to notified deposit scheme As subscription to notified deposit scheme Self NA As understrating scheme schoollother educational institution situated in India; So For the purpose of full-time education of any two children of such individual Re-Payment of Housing Leans: Except Interest on borrowed capital provided house is taken for residential purpose & assesses should not transfer the house property for S years. Including Stamp Duty. As subscription to equity shores/debentures forming port of any eligible issue of capital approved by the Board of a public co engaged in infrastructure in	3. 15% of SA for person covered u/s 80U/80DDB	Self/	114
EE being a sum deducted, for the purpose of securing to him a deferred annutyImplacing provision for his spause or children, max upto I/Sth of the salary.  As a contribution by an individual to any statutory PF or RPF.  As a contribution by an employee to an approved superannuation fund.  As a contribution by an individual/HUF to any Self PPF, Min-500 Max-150000  As a subscription to NSS-1992.  As subscription to any units of any Mutual Fund referred to in see 10(23D), under any notified plan.  As a contribution by an individual to Retirement Benefit Pension Fund of UTI As subscription to the Home Loan Afc Scheme of National Heaving Bank.  As subscription to notified deposit scheme  As a tuition fees paid by individual, whether at the time of admission or thereafter, including Stamp duty and registration fees.  > To any unhersity, college, school/other educational institution situated in India;  > For the purpose of full-time education of any two children of such individual  **Re-Payment of Housing Laans: Except Interest on borrowed capital provided house is taken for residential purpose & assesses should not transfer the house property for S years.  Including Stamp Duty.  As subscription to equity shores/debentures forming port of any eligible issue of capital approved by the Board of a public co engaged in infrastructure including power sector or public financial institution.  As Eterm deposit:  o) For o fixed period of not less than S years with a scheduled bank; &  b) Shich is in accordance with a scheme framed & nothingle, yet and the scheme framed & nothingle, yet children scheme framed & noth	deferred annuity other than annuity plan of LIC/ other insurer on the life of the individual the wife or husband & any child of such individual.	Spouse/	NA
statutory PF or RPF.  As a contribution by an employee to an opproved superannuation fund.  As a contribution by an individual/HUF to any Self Spouse Child  As a contribution by an individual/HUF to any Self Spouse Child  As subscription to NSS-I9192.  As subscription to NSS-I9192.  As subscription to NSS-I919 Self NA  As subscription to NSS-I919 Self NA  As subscription to only units of any Mutual Fund Self NA  As subscription to any units of any Mutual Fund Self NA  As subscription to any units of any Mutual Fund Self NA  As subscription to any units of any Mutual Fund Self NA  As subscription to any units of any Mutual Fund Self NA  As subscription to any units of Self NA  As a contribution by an individual to Retirement Self NA  As a contribution by an individual to Retirement Self NA  As subscription to the Home Loon A/c Scheme Self NA  As subscription to notified deposit scheme Self NA  As subscription to notified deposit scheme Self NA  As subscription to notified deposit scheme Self NA  As tultion fees pold by individual, whether at the time of admission or thereafter, including Stamp duty and registration fees.  > To any university, college, school/lather education of any two children of such individual  Re-Payment of Housing Loans: Except interest on borrowed capital provided house is taken for residential purpose & assesses should not transfer the house property for S years. Including Stamp Duty.  As subscription to equity shares/debentures forming part of any eligible issue of capital approved by the Board of a public co engaged in infrastructure including power sector or public financial institution  As term deposit:  a) For a fixed period of not less than S years with a scheduled bank; & b) Dihich is in accordance with a scheme framed & notified, by CA	EE being a sum deducted, for the purpose of securing to him a deferred annuity/making provision for his spouse or children, max upto	Self	NA
opproved superonnuation fund.  As a contribution by an individual/HUF to any PSPF, Min-200 Max-150000  As subscription to MSS-1992.  As subscription to NSS-1992.  As subscription to NSS-1992.  As subscription to NSS-1992.  Self NA  As subscription to NSS-1992.  As subscription to new order of deduction.  As contribution by an individual fund referred to in sec 10(23D), under any notified plan.  As a contribution by an individual to Retirement Benefit Pension Fund of UTI  As a contribution to the Home Loan A/c Scheme of National Housing Bank  As subscription to notlified deposit scheme  As subscription to the Home Loan A/c Scheme of National Housing Bank  As subscription to the Home Loan A/c Scheme of National Housing Bank  As subscription to the Home Loan A/c Scheme of National Housing Bank  As subscription to the Home Loan A/c Scheme of National Housing Bank  As subscription to Individual, whether at the time of admission or thereafter, including Stamp duty and registration fees.  > To any university, college, school/lether educational institution situated in India;  > For the purpose of full-time education of any two children of such individual  Re-Payment of Housing Loans: Except Interest on borrowed capital provided house is taken for residential purpose & assesses should not transfer the house property for 5 years. Including Stamp Duty.  As subscription to equity shares/debentures forming part of any eligible issue of capital approved by the Board of a public co engaged in infrastructure including power sector or public financial institution  As term deposit:  a) For a fixed period of not less than 5 years with a scheduled bank; & b) Dihlich is in accordance with a scheme framed & notified, by Ca		Self	NA
PPF, Min-500 Max-I50000 Spouse/ Child As subscription to NSS-1992. Self NA As subscription to NSS-1992. Self NA As subscription to NSS-1992. Self NA Note 1 Int accrued on these certificates which is deemed to be reinvested also qualifies for deduction. As subscription to any units of any Mutual Fund referred to in see 10(23D), under any notified plan. As a contribution by on individual to Retirement Benefit Pension Fund of UTI As subscription to the Home Loon Afc Scheme of National Hussing Bank As subscription to notified deposit scheme Self NA As subscription to notified deposit scheme Self NA As subscription to notified deposit scheme Self NA To any university, college, school/other educational institution situated in India; So To any university, college, school/other educational institution situated in India; For the purpose of full-time education of any two children of such individual Re-Payment of Housing Lans : Except Interest on borrowed capital provided house is taken for residential purpose & assesses should not transfer the house property for S years. Including Stamp Duty. As subscription to equity shares/debentures forming port of any eligible issue of capital approved by the Board of a public co engaged in infrastructure including power sector or public financial institution.  As term deposit:  O) For a fixed period of not less than S years with a scheduled bank; &  E) Shich is in accordance with a scheme framed & notified, by C		Self	NA
Note: Int accrued on these certificates which is deemed to be reinvested also qualifies for deduction.  As subscription to any units of any Mutual Fund referred to in sec 10(23D), under any notified plan.  As a contribution by an individual to Retirement Benefit Pension Fund of UTI  As a contribution to the Home Loan A/c Scheme of National Housing Bank  As subscription to notelfied deposit scheme  As subscription to the Home Loan A/c Scheme of National Housing Bank  As subscription to the Home Loan A/c Scheme  As subscription to Individual, whether at the time of admission or thereafter, including Stamp duty and registration fees.  > To any university, college, school/lather educational institution situated in India;  > For the purpose of full-time education of any two children of such individual  Re-Payment of Housing Loans: Except interest on borrowed capital provided house is taken for residential purpose & assesses should not transfer the house property for 5 years. Including Stamp Duty.  As subscription to equity shares/debentures forming part of any eligible issue of capital approved by the Board of a public con engaged in infrastructure including power sector or public financial institution  As term deposit:  a) For a fixed period of not less than 5 years with a scheduled bank; & b) Dihich is in accordance with a scheme framed & notified, by Ca		Spouse/	
Nate : Int accrued on these certificates which is deemed to be reinvested also qualifies for deduction.  As subscription to any units of any Mutual Fund federed to in see IO(23D), under any notified plan.  Benefit Pension Fund of UTI As a contribution by an individual to Retirement Self NA Benefit Pension Fund of UTI As subscription to the Home Loan A/c Scheme of National Housing Bank As subscription to notified deposit scheme Self NA As subscription to notified deposit scheme Self NA As tuition fees poid by individual, whether at the time of admission or thereafter, including Stamp duty and registration fees.  > To any university, college, school/lether educational institution situated in India;  > For the purpose of full-time education of any two children of such individual Re-Payment of Housing Loans: Except interest on borrowed capital provided house is taken for residential purpose & assesse should not transfer the house property for S years. Including Stamp Duty.  As subscription to equity shares/debentures forming part of any eligible issue of capital approved by the Board of a public co engaged in infrastructure including power sector or public financial institution  As term deposit:  a) For a fixed period of not less than S years with a scheduled bank; & b) Dihich is in accordance with a scheme framed & notified, by Ca	As subscription to NSS-1992.	Self	NA
referred to in sec IO(23D), under any notified plan.  As a contribution by an individual to Retirement Benefit Pension Fund of UTI As subscription to the Home Loan Alc Scheme of National Housing Bank As subscription to notified deposit scheme Self NA As subscription to notified deposit scheme As subscription to notified deposit scheme As tuition fees paid by individual, whether at the time of admission or thereafter, including Stamp duty and registration fees. To any university, college, school/other educational institution situated in India; For the purpose of full-time education of any two children of such individual Re-Payment of Housing Loans: Except interest on borrowed capital provided house is taken for residential purpose & assesses should not transfer the house property for S years. Including Stamp Duty. As subscription to equity shares/debentures forming part of any eligible issue of capital approved by the Board of a public co engaged in infrastructure including power sector or public financial institution As term deposit:  a) For a fixed period of not less than S years with a scheduled bank; & b) Dihlich is in accordance with a scheme framed & notified, by Ca	Note : Int accrued on these certificates which is deemed to be reinvested also qualifies for	Self	NA
Benefit Pension Fund of UTI  As subscription to the Home Loan A/c Scheme of National Housing Bank  As subscription to notified deposit scheme As subscription to notified deposit scheme  As tuttion fees poid by individual, whether at the time of admission or thereafter, including Stamp duty and registration fees.  > To any university, college, school/lather educational institution situated in India;  > For the purpose of full-time education of any two children of such individual  Re-Payment of Housing Loans: Except interest on borrowed capital provided house is taken for residential purpose & assesse should not transfer the house property for 5 years. Including Stamp Duty.  As subscription to equity shares/debentures forming part of any eligible issue of capital approved by the Board of a public co engaged in infrastructure including power sector or public financial institution  As term deposit:  a) For a fixed period of not less than 5 years with a scheduled bank; & b) Dihich is in accordance with a scheme framed & notified, by CA	referred to in sec 10(23D), under any notified	Self	NA
of National Housing Bank As subscription to notified deposit scheme Self As tuition fees paid by individual, whether at the time of admission or thereafter, including Stamp duty and registration fees. To any university, college, school/other educational institution situated in India; For the purpose of full-time education of any tiwo children of such individual Re-Payment of Huusing Loans: Except interest on borrowed capital provided house is taken for residential purpose & assessee should not transfer the house property for S years. Including Stamp Duty. As subscription to equity shares/debentures forming part of any eligible issue of capital approved by the Board of a public co engaged in infrastructure including power sector or public financial institution As term deposit:  a) For a fixed period of not less than S years with a scheduled bank; & b) Dihich is in accordance with a scheme framed & notified, by Ca	Benefit Pension Fund of UTI	Self	NA
As tultion fees paid by individual, whether at the time of admission or thereafter, including 3 children Stamp duty and registration fees.  3 To any university, college, school/other educational institution situated in India;  5 For the purpose of full-time education of any two children of such individual  Re-Payment of Housing Leans: Except Interest on borrowed capital provided house is taken for residential purpose & assesses should not transfer the house property for 5 years. Including Stamp Duty.  As subscription to equity shores/debentures forming part of any eligible issue of capital approved by the Board of a public co engaged in infrastructure including power sector or public financial institution  As term deposit:  a) For a fixed period of not less than 5 years with a scheduled bank; & b) Dihich is in accordance with a scheme framed & notified, by Ca	of National Housing Bank	Self	NA
the time of admission or thereafter, including Stamp duty and registration fees.  > To any university, college, schoolfether educational institution situated in India;  > For the purpose of full-time education of any two children of such individual  Re-Payment of Housing Loans: Except interest on borrowed capital provided house is taken for residential purpose & assesse should not transfer the house property for S years. Including Stamp Duty.  As subscription to equity shares/debentures forming part of any eligible issue of capital approved by the Board of a public oc engaged in infrastructure including power sector or public financial institution  As term deposit:  a) For a fixed period of not less than S years with a scheduled bank; & b) Dihich is in accordance with a scheme framed & notified, by CA		Self	
on borrowed capital provided house is taken for residential purpose & assesse should not transfer the house property for S years. Including Stamp Duty.  As subscription to equity shares/debentures forming part of any eligible issue of capital approved by the Board of a public co engaged in infrastructure including power sector or public financial institution  As term deposit:  a) For a fixed period of not less than S years with a scheduled bank; & b) Dihich is in accordance with a scheme framed & notified, by CA	the time of admission or therefer, including Stamp duty and registration feets. > To any university, college, school/other educational institution situated in India; > For the purpose of full-time education of any two children of such individual	2 children	
forming port of any eligible issue of capital approved by the Board of a public co engaged in infrastructure including power sector or public financial institution  As term deposit:  o) For a fixed period of not less than 5 years with a scheduled bank; & Self with a scheduled bank; & Self time to scheduled ba	on borrowed capital provided house is taken for residential purpose & assessee should not transfer the house property for 5 years. Including Stamp Duty.	Self	NA
a) For a fixed period of not less than S years with a scheduled bank, & b) Which is in accordance with a scheme framed & notified, by CG	forming part of any eligible issue of capital approved by the Board of a public co engaged in infrastructure including power sector or public financial institution	Self	NA
As subscription to hands of NARARD	a) For a fixed period of not less than 5 years with a scheduled bank; & b) Which is in accordance with a scheme framed & notified, by CG	Self	NA
Self NA	As subscription to bonds of NABARD	Self	NA

In an account under the senior Citizen Saving Scheme Rules, 2004.	Self	NA
As 5 year time deposit in an a/c under the Post Office Time Deposit Rules, 1981.	Self	NA
Sukanya Samriddhi Account [Noti 5/2015]	Self/Spouse/ Child	Any Member
Deposit by CG Employee as a contribution to his Tier-II A/c of Pension Scheme	Self	NA

## SEC 80CCC CONTRIBUTION TO CERTAIN

Condition 1 The assessee is an Individual [irrespective of status]
Condition 2 The assessee has poid or deposited any amount for any annuity
plan of LLC of India (or any other insurer) for receiving pension
from fund referred to in sec 10(23AAB)
Condition 3 The amount is paid out of his income chargeable to tax. Any
mount withdrawn or pension received from the plan is taxable

in the hands of the assessee or nominee in the year of receipt

Deduction Independently: ₹150000

Overall: ₹150000 or actual, whichever is lower

## SEC 80DDB DEDUCTION W.R.T MEDICAL TREATMENT

	Assessee	Individual/HUF being Resident						
	Condition	Expenditure incurred on the medical treatment of relative [Specified Diseases in Rule IID Neurological disease, Cancer, Chronic Renal failure, Thalassaemia].						
	Amount of		Depend	ent	Amount of deduction			
	Deduction	uction	1. Other than	senior citizen	Actual or ₹40,000, whichever is less			
			<ol> <li>Senior citi</li> <li>Very senio</li> </ol>		Actual or ₹100000, whichever is less			
	Meaning of Various	T	Dependent	Person	o Covered	7		
	Terms		Individual		idual, Spouse, children, parents, ners & sisters of the individual.			

## SEC 80CCD CONTRIBUTION TO PENSION SCHEME OF CG OR OTHER EMPLOYER

Condition | The assessee is an Individual, who is : a) Employed by CG or any other employer, or b) Any self employed person. Condition 2 The assessee has during the previous year paid or deposited any amount in his account under a pension scheme notified > Central Government or State Govt/Employer/Assessee > Atal Pension Yojna is also Eligible CG/Employer/Employee - 10% of salary any Other individual - 20% of Gross Total Income [Basic+DA(R)] 80CCD[IB] Additional deduction upto ₹50000 shall be allowed other than contribution covered u/s 80CCD[1] Contribution Example | Assessee contribution Rs.140000 towards NPS & GTI is ₹560000 in this case deduction shall be 20% of GTI = ₹112000 u/s 80CCD[1] Balance deduction = ₹28000 u/s 80CCD[IB] 20CCD[2] Employer contribution is first taxable under the head

Contribution lower of :

of salary (others)

Other notes :

1) As per 10[12A] Closer of NPS account 60% exempt (40% taxable)

 As per 10[12B] partial withdrawal from NPS Account 25% exempt (75% taxable)

## SEC 80M DEDUCTION IN RESPECT OF CERTAIN INTER-CORPORATE DIVIDENDS

Sec 80M(1): Where a domestic company in any PY receives dividends from:

- 1. Any other domestic company; or
- 2. Foreign company; or
- 3. Business trust, shall be allowed a deduction of :
  a) Amount of Dividend received
  - b) Amount of Dividend Paid on or before the due date.

## SEC 80G DONATIONS All Assessee being I/HUF/AOP (except co-op society)/BOI/AJP

	qualified for deduction. [Rama Vera 187 ITR 308] The donation be made only to specified funds/institutions (List).									
1ode	If the Donation Exceed ₹2000 then only through Cheque									
eduction	% Specified in the List Some Items : With Qualifying Limit [10% of Adjusted Total Income] Rest : Without Qualifying Limit									
alculation										
aicuiation f	r ai cicului 3	₹								
ualifyina	Gross Total Income	XXX								
imit.	Less :									
ımıt	LTCG	(xxx)								
	STCG u/s IIIA(only)	(xxx)								
	Deduction u/s 80C to 80U Except 80G	(xxx)								
	Adjusted Gross Total Income	XXX								
	10% of ATI	XXX								
	Deduction = 50% or 100% of (10% of ATI)	XXX								
	While calculating Adjusted GTI, casual income li lotteries etc. shall be included.	ke winnin	g from							

## The amount of deduction in respect of various kinds of

	uom	adviations is t							
I		Donation Limit	qualifying	for 100%	deduction,	without	any qualifying	Ī	

(1) The National Defence Fund set up by the Central Government
(2) Prime Minister's National Relief Fund.

(3) Prime Minister's Armenia Earthquake Relief Fund
(4) The Africa (Public Contributions-India) Fund

(4) The Africa (Public Contributions-India) Fund (5) The National Children's Fund

(6) The National Foundation for Communal Harmony
(7) Approved University or educational institution of national eminence

(8) Chief Minister's Earthquake Relief Fund, Maharashtra (9) Any fund set up by the State Government of Gujarat exclusively for

Any fund set up by the State Government of Gujarat exclusively for providing relief to the victims of the Gujarat earthquake
 Any Zilo Saksharta Samiti for primary education in villages and

towns and for literacy and post-literacy activities

(II) National Blood Transfusion Council or any State Blood Transfusion
Council whose sole objective is the control, supervision, regulation or
encouragement of operation and requirements of blood banks

(12) Any State Government Fund set up to provide medical relief to the

(13) The Army Central Welfare Fund or Indian Naval Benevolent Fund or Air Force Central Welfare Fund established by the armed forces of the Union for the welfare of past and present members of such forces or their dependants.

(14) The Andhra Pradesh Chief Minister's Cyclone Relief Fund, 1996

(15) The National Illness Assistance Fund (16) The Chief Minister's Relief Fund or Lieutenant Governor's Relief

Fund in respect of any State or Union Territory

(17) The National Sports Development [FA 2024] Fund set up by CG.

(18) The National Cultural Fund set up by the Central Government

(19) The Fund for Technology Development and Application set up by the Central Government (20) National Trust for welfare of persons with Autism, Cerebral Palsy,

Mental Retardation and Multiple Disabilities

(21) The Swachh Bharat Kosh, set up by the Central Government, other than sum spent by the assessee in pursuance of CSR u/s 135(S) of

the Companies Act, 2013

(22) The Clean Ganga Fund, set up by the Central Government, where such assessee is a resident, other than the sum spent in pursuance

Any donation in form of sum of money, Donation in kind is not qualified for deduction, [Romo Vera 187 ITR 308] The donation be made only to specified finds/institutions (List).

(23) The National Fund for Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy Abuse constituted u/s 7A of the Control of Druy A

the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotroic Substances Act, 1985
(29) Prime Minister's Citizen Assistance and Relief in Emergency

Situations Fund (PM Cores Fund)

11. Denation qualifying for 50% deduction, without any qualifying

(1) Prime Minister's Drought Relief Fund

III. Donation qualifying for 100% deduction, subject to qualifying limit

(1) The Government or to any approved local authority, institution or association as may be approved for promotion of family planning

(2) Sum paid by a company as donation to the Indian Olympic association or any other association/institution established in India, as may be notified by the Government established: > For the development of infrastructure for sports or games, or > The sponsorship of sports and games in India

Donation qualifying for 50% deduction subject to qualifying limi
 Any Institution or Fund established in India for charitable purposes fulfilling prescribed conditions u/s 80G(5).

(2) The Government or any local authority for utilisation for any charitable purpose other than purpose of promoting family planning

(3) An authority constituted in India by or under any other law enacted either for the purpose :

> Of dealing with and satisfying the need for housing accommodation; or

> Of planning, development or improvement of cities, towns and villages, or both.

(4) Any corporation established by the Central Government or any state Government for promoting the interests of the members of a minority community as referred in sec 10(26BB).

(5) For renovation or repair of any such temple, mosque, gurdwara, church or other place as notified by the Central Government to be of historic, archaeological or artistic importance or to be a place of public worship of renown throughout any State or States.

The institution or fund furnishes to the donor, a certificate specifying the amount of donation in such manner, containing such particulars and within such time from the date of receipt of donation, as may be prescribed.

### # W.e.f 1/10/2024

## Fund/Institution can file application for Grant of approval:

Where the activities of the Approval application should be filed at least Institution/Fund have not I month prior to the commencement of the PY relevant to the AY for which approval is ought.

Where the activities of the At any time, after the commencement

Institution/Fund have of activities.

# If the Fund/Institution is not satisfied can pass an order in writing, rejecting application for approval or canceling approval, after affording reasonable OOBH. [FA 2024]

## CIT v. Shree Govindbhai Jethalal Nathavani Charitable Trust (2015) (Guj.) :

Trust (2015) (Guy):

Can Commissioner reject an application for grant of approval u/s 80G(5) on the ground that the trust has failed to apply 85% of its income for charitable purposes?

At time of granting approval of exemption u/s 80G, only object of trust is required to be examined & therefore, assesses' application seeking approval u/s 80G(5) could not be rejected on ground that it failed to incur expense to extent of 85% of its income during relevant year. High Court observed that, while considering application for the purpose of sec 80G, authority cannot act as an assessing authority & enquiry should be confined to finding out if institution satisfies the prescribed conditions.

## SEC 80JJA BIO-DEGRADABLE WASTE

4	Assessee	Any Assessee
۱		Profits & gains from business of collecting & processing or treating of bio-degradable waste. > Generating power; or
t		> Perioducing power, in Producing bio-fertilizers, bio-pesticides or other biological agents; or Producing bio-gas or making pellets or briquettes for fuel or organic manure, he is entitled to a deduction in computing total income.
i	Deduction	1st 5 years = 100% of the profit

## SEC 80QQB ROYALTY INCOME OF AUTHORS

(Form No. 10CCD), duly verified by the person responsible for making such payment to the assessee

2) If the income is earned outside India, the assessee must furnish a certificate, in the prescribed form (Form No.10H)

from the prescribed authority (i.e. RBI, see rule 29A)

3) If royalty is earned outside India the deduction is allowed only if such royalty is brought to India in convertible Fore

only if such royalty is brought to India in convertible Forex within 6m from the end of PY or time allowed by RBI

salary & then he [employee] gets deduction u/s 80CCD[2]

a) Employers contribution
b) 14% (Central Govt) or (State Govt)/ 14% [FA 2024] 10%

### SEC SOPA FARM PRODUCER COMPANIES SEC SORRB ROYALTY ON PATENT Individual Being Farm producer companies Generating Income out of : Marketing of agricultural produce grown by its members. > Resident > Patentee : person who is true and first inventor of the 1. Purchase of agricultural implements, seeds, livestock or ratent and whose name is entered on the patent which is other articles intended for agriculture for the purpose of registered on or after 1.4.2003 under the Indian Patents supplying them to its members 3. Processing of agricultural produce of its members. Act, 1970. Minimum of the following : Deduction 100% deductions of profits for a period of 5 years Earned In India 100% of such income; or anditions II. There should be farm producer company. ₹3.00.000 Total turnover of up to ₹100 crores during the FY Earned outside Minimum of the following : 3. Engaged in Specified Activities Income in respect of money To be eligible, profits & gains attributable to such business brought into India in convertible for the PY relevant to an AY commencing on or after the foreign exchange within prescribed Ist day of April, 2019, but before the 1st day of April, 2025 time limit; or ₹3.00.000 SEC 80JJAA EMPLOYMENT OF NEW WORKMEN Conditions > The assessee must furnish a certificate in the prescribed Assessee Assessee to whom section 44AB applies form (Form No. 10CCE), duly verified by the person Deduction 30% of "additional wages" paid to the "new regular workmen" responsible for making such payment to the assessee Deduction should not exceed royalty as per licence employed by the assessee in the PY. The deduction shall be > Double deduction not permissible : Where deduction under allowed for 3 AYs, including the AY relevant to the PY in which such employment is provided this section is claimed and allowed for any AY no deduction shall be allowed in respect of such income under any other New Regular workmen do not include : provisions of the Act for the same or in any other AY af Terms > Employee Whose Total Remuneration exceed ₹25000pm If royalty is earned outside India the deduction is allowed Whase entire contribution is paid by Government under only if such royalty is brought to India in convertible Forey Pensian Scheme within 6m from the end of PY or time allowed by RBI. Employee worked for Less than 240 days/150 days in case of apparel Business/footwear & leather industry Employee who does not participate in RPF Restriction 1) Additional Employee Cost : Total Employment paid or payable to Additional Employees employed during the year a) In case of existing business: Cost will be NIL if no increase in total no of employees & emoulments paid otherwise than by A/c payee cheque/draft/NEFT/RTGS/ other electronic made prescribed b) In case of new business : Shall be empluments paid! payable to employees employed during that PY 2) The Business should not be formed by splitting up or reconstruction of an existing business. Exceptions : Business formed as a result of re-establishment, reconstruction or revival by the assessee of the business referred u/s 338 & within the period specified in that sec ) The Business should not be acquired by the assessee by way of transfer from any other person or as a result of any business representation ) The assessee furnishes along with ROI report of accountant, as defined in the Explanation to sec 288 before the specified date referred to in sec 44AB giving such particulars in report as may be prescribed. [Form IODA]

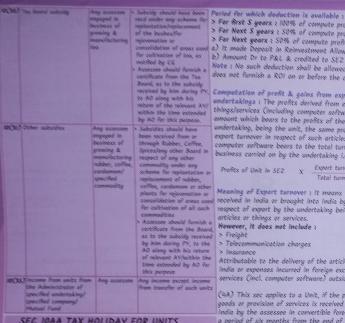
13.

## EXEMPTION

		12.		70111					
ction	Pa	TEICUIUIS	Who are Entitled to	Condition	10 (ix,	fr	om Foreign Govt	11	Remuneration received in connection with their
(2)	income, or in estate, amt re	ved out of family is case of impartible is received out of mily estate	Any Assessee Individual as member of HUF	7,7A,7B,8		In	ER) during stay in dia for specified aining		raining in any establishment or office or in any undertaking owned by : a) Govt
)(2A)	Partner's share	re in total income ch includes LLPs)	Partner of a firm						b) Co wholly owned by CG & SG or jointly by CG & I/more SG
(4)	(External) A	ived on NR	Individual NR	Ref Deduction					c) Any co which is subsidiary of a co
)(10D)	under a life including bor but excluding u/s 80DDA( Keuman Insu	ny sum received insurance policy nus on such policy g sums received 3) and under a urance policy is	Any Assessee	Ker Deduction					ref above d) Any stat corp e) Any society registered which is wholly owned by CG & SG or jointly by CG & I/more SG
10(6)	does not exc capital Sum [15% for pe	ided the premium ceed 10% of actual a assured in any year erson with disability. eration received	or J Official of :	I. Rem. by our		1	Royalty income or fees for technical services eceived from National Technical Research Org. (NTRO)	Corporate NR	Service can be rendered in or outside India
(11)			a) Eembossy b) High comm. c) Legation d) Commission e) Consulate f) Trade rep. of Foreign st.	2. Such officers not be engaged in	10	-	Compensation received on account of disaster	legal heir	Received/receivable from CG/SG/local authority on account of any disaster. No exemption if already allowed as deduction under this Act
			g) Member of staff of above	India			Any contribution in Sukanya Samriddhi Account, Rules	Any Assessee	Granted to meet cost of
10(6, (vi)		tion received for endered in India to nterprise	Employee of a foreign enterprise	I. Foreign Ent. not engaged in any biz/ trade 2. EE stay in Ind doesn't exceed 90 days in PY		0(17)	Educational scholarship Payments to MPs & MLAs > Daily allowance > Constituency Allowance of MPs > Constituency allowance of MLAs	MP / MLA	Granted to meet cost of education Reason of membership of Parliament or state legislature under any Act or rules
				3. Rem. not liable to be deducted from the ers income			Awards for literary, scientific & artistic works & other awards by Govt		Approved by CG in public interest
				chargeable to tax unde the Act	er	10(18)	Pension received by recipient of gallantry awards	Individual who is an employee of	Awarded "Param Vir Chakra" or "Maha Vir Chakra" or Vir Chakra or Y such other gallantry
		received for services and on foreign ship	Non Citizen NR employee	Total stay in India does not exceed 90 days during		10(26	A Specified income of a	Member	award notified by the CG in this behalf  Following Income will be
1 1				the PY		AA)	Sikkimese Individual. Exemption will not b available to a Sikkimese woman wh on or after 1st April, 2008, marries non- Sikkimese individual.	Individual	exempt: a) Income from any source in State of Sikkim; b) Income by way of dividend/interest on securities

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## SEC IOAA TAX HOLIDAY FOR UNITS ESTABLISHED IN SE2

A deduction of profits & gains which are derived by an assessee allow in this behalf. providing any service, shall be allowed from the total income of Explanation 1: "Competent authority" means the RBI or the the assessee.

Assessee who are eligible for exemption : Exemption is available to all categories of assessees who has unit in SEZ.

Essential conditions to claim exemption: The exemption shall apply to an undertaking which fulfills the following conditions:

- > It has begun or begins to manufacture between A.Y. 2006-07 to A.Y. 2020-21.
- > It should not be formed by splitting up or reconstruction of except given in section 33B.
- > It should not be formed by transfer of machinery or plant previously used for any purpose to new biz.

However, deduction u/s 10AA will be available if total value of machinery or plant transferred does not exceed 20% of the total value of machinery or plant used in business.

next under any schome for > For first 5 years : 100% of compute profit

> For Next 5 years : 50% of compute profit > For Next years : 50% of compute profit provided consolidation of areas used a) It made Deposit in Reinvestment Allowance reserve

b) Amount Dr to P&L & credited to SE2. Nete: No such deduction shall be allowed to assessee who does not famish a ROI on or before the due date u/s 134(1).

Computation of profit & gains from exports of such undertakings: The profits derived from export of articles/ things/services (including computer software) shall be the amount which bears to the profits of the business of the undertaking, being the unit, the same proportion as the export turnover in respect of such articles or things or computer software bears to the total turnover of the business carried on by the undertaking i.e.

Profits of Unit in SEZ

Export turnover of Unit SE2 Total turnover of Unit SEZ

Meaning of Export turnover : It means the consideration consultation of areas used received in India or brought into India by the assessee in respect of export by the undertaking being the unit of articles or things or services.

However, it does not include :

> Freight

> Telecommunication charges

Attributable to the delivery of the articles or things outside India or expenses incurred in foreign exchange in rendering of services (incl. computer software) outside India.

(4A) This sec applies to a Unit, if the proceeds from sale of goods or provision of services is received in, or brought into, India by the assessee in convertible foreign exchange, within a period of six months from the end of the previous year or. within such further period as the competent authority may

authority authorised under any law for time being in force.

Explanation 2: The sale of goods or provision of services shall be deemed to have been received in India where such export turnover is credited to a separate account maintained for that purpose by the assessee with any bank outside India with the approval of the Reserve Bank of India.

Sec 10AA also provides for a deduction in respect of units established in SEZ from the total income of the assessee. It is available only if assessee shifts out of sec IISBAC(IA). This deduction is not available if the assessee paus tax u/s IISBAC(IA).

Sec 199M Personal Payment

Sec 1940 Purchase of goods

Sec 199N Cash withdrawal

See 192A EPF withdrawal Sec 192 | TDS on Solory

Sec 1991A Purchase of Imm. Property

## TAX DEDUCTED & COLLECTED AT SOURCE

	SUMMARY CHART	FOR TO	5		SUN	1MA	RY CH
Relevant Section	Particulars	Limit	TDS rate	Relevant Sec Sec 206C(I)	Alcoho	lie liana	Particu r for human
Sec 1998	Dinnings from lottery	10,000	30%	Sec 206C(1)	Tendu		TOT HOTHU
88.PP1 39-	Winnings from horse races	10,000	30%	Sec 206C(1)			ed under fo
Sec 1995	Insurance Commission	15,000 pa	5%	Sec 206C(1)			ed by any i
Sec 1996	Lottery selling Commission		5% (before 30/9/29)	000 000000	forest		
	and demination		2% (w.e.f 1/10/24) on or after 1/10/24	Sec 206C(1)	Any of		est produce
Sec 199		5,000 pa	1098	Sec 206C(1)	Scrop		
	u/s 2(22) (a-f) w.e.f 1/10/2024			Sec 206C(1)	Miner	als, bein	g coal or lis
Sec 199K	Dividend by mutual funds	5,000 pa	10%	Sec 206C(IC)			o/toll/minh
26C 146T V	Compulsory land Acquisition	2,50,000 pa	10%	Sec 206C(IE)		n Moto	
Sec 1941C	Registered Redevelopment agreement	Any amount	10%	Sec 206C(IF)	Foreig	n remit	tance
Sec 1941B	Rent (Personal) not covered u/s 1991	50,000 pm or port thereoff	5% (before 30/9/29) 2% (w.e.f 1/10/29)	Sec 206C(IG) Sec 206(IH)			Program ther goods
	Senior Citizen earning pension & lat		TDS @Specified rate				9
	Maturity of LIP	1,00,000		1	MPC	RTA	NT FO
Sec 193	Interest received on securities	CO > 5,000 L.A > 10,000	10%	Due Date for payment	For N		
Sec 1991	TDS on rent	2,90,000 pa	2% or 10%	of TDS	Betwe		7th of the
Sec 194H	Commission/ brokerage	15,000		(Sec-200)	April	& Feb	in which u/s 192(1
Sec 1993	Payment of Professional Fees etc.	30,000	10% / 2%	TDS Return	r	0	PD
Sec 1990	Payment to contractor	30,000/1,00,000		Sec-200(3)	1		er Ending
Sec 199A		5000/ 90,000	10%	200(3)	-		h June
Sec 1998	Benefit & Perquisite in Business	20,000 p.o	10%			SULH .	September

0.195

TDS (01% of SDV

296

Avg rate of Tax

or consideration



Sec 1998A TDS on winning in Online Games | Any amount

Sec 206C(IG)	Oversea:	s tour F	rogram				5%
Sec 206(IH)	Sale of	any oth	ner goods				0.1%
1	MP01	RTAI	VT FO	R٨	15 & D	ATE	S
Due Date for payment of TDS (Sec-200)	For Ma Betwee April &	n 7 Feb ii	th of the n which to /s 192(1A	mo ax	Oth April onth succee is deducted	ding t or tar	he month x is due
TDS Return Sec-200(3)	3	Quarter Ending 30th June 30th September 30th December 31st March			Due date 31th July 31th October 31th January 31th May		
Forms of TDS to be submitted by Deductor	For Ot: NA Fo	For Salary u/s 192 Other than Salary NR For resident		26	all be accompanied 29Q 26Q 27 26QB furnish withi 7 days of deduction		
TDS certificate to be issued to deductee sec 203	TDS de u/s 192 Any Se Except	2	Form no   16   16A   16B	An Qui	Periodicity nual arterly thin 7 days th 26QB	31st 1 Follow Within of due filing	e date May of ing year in 15 days e date of TDS return is of ttion
30th . 30th				15 days fro		e date	

ART FOR TCS

mode other than a

mite or iron ore

ng rights

196

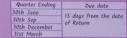
596

2.5%

2.5%

195

296



## FAILURE TO DEDUCT TOS OR FURNISH

Interest Condition Period of Interest payable on Tax is not deducted 1% pm From date on which Amount of by any other person such tax had to be such tax not (except assessee in deducted to the date deducted

default) of actual deduction Tax deducted but 1.5% pm From the date of not paid deduction of such tax such tax not to the actual date of paid payment of such tax Sec Nature of default Penalty Levy by 271C Failure to deduct Sum equal to the amount JCIT of TDS 271H Failure to file Rs.10000 to Rs.100000 AO

B	A	51	0	<

Rs.100 for every day of default

max default = tax deductible

Who Shall deduct Payer On Specified payments at the time of payment or When Assessee it will be allowed as deduction otherwise it will be disallowed u/s 40(a) and be treated as income of Assessee u/s 198.

## SURCHARGE & CESS ON RATES OF TDS

## 1. In Case of Resident Payee / Deductee :

Payee/ Deductee (i.e to whom payment is made)

Companies No surcharge or health & education cess be added

Return of TDS

TDS certificate

272A Failure to Issue

Any other assessee Only in case of salary, surcharge and education cess is applicable.

JCIT

2. In Case of Non-Resident Payee / Deductee : Surcharge is mandotary at applicable rate.

### TDS and GST

GST Shown Separately GST not shown Separately TDS on whole amount TDS on amount excl. GST

# GST for this purpose shall include CGST,SGST,IGST & UTGST

## SEC 203A TAX DEDUCTION & COLLECTION

- 1) Every person, deducting tax/collecting tax must have TAN number
- 2) Quote TAN No :
- > In all challans, in all certificates furnished, in all periodic statements, in all returns
- 3) TDS can be deducted in following section even if there is no TAN : a) 1941 b) 1941B c) 1940 d) 194M e)1945
- SEC 206AA FURNISH OF PAN
- Sec 206AA(1): If PAN not provided TDS at higher rate of . # W.e.f 1/4/2025: i) At the rate specified in Act; or
- ii) At the rate or rates in force: or
- iii) At the rate of 20%
- # For sec 1940/194Q TDS shall be 5%.

Sec 206AA(6): Where the PAN provided to the deductor is invalid or does not belong to the deductee, it shall be deemed that the deductee has not furnished.

## SEC 206AB TOS AT HIGHER RATE FOR

Section applies to all other cases where deductee :

a) He has not filed ROI for PPY; and b) TDS/TCS in that year

is 50000 or more.

The TDS Deducted shall be higher of :

i) At twice the rate in Act; or ii) At twice the rate in force: iii) At the rate of 5%.

IMP Hall

Sec 1941A : Acq of Property Sec 1941B : Rent Sec 194LBC : Interest Sec 194M : Personal Pau Sec 194N : Cash Withdraw

Sec 1945 : Transfer of VDA Further Section is not applicable : i) NR who does not have PE in India ii) If he is not liable to file ROI

Section not applicable

Deduct TDS as per Normal

Sec 194BB : Horse winning

Sec 194BA : Online Winning

Rates in Following cases

Sec 192 : Salary

Sec 192A : EPF

Sec 194B : Winning

# If 206AA & 206AB both applied TDS to be deducted @higher rate given in both the section.

## SEC 198 TAX DEDUCTED IS INCOME RECEIVED

## I. All sums deducted shall be deemed to be income received

## bu Assessee.

# W.e.f 1/4/2025 : New definition All sum deducted in India and TDS Deducted outside India in respect of which an assessee is allowed a credit against the tax payable shall be deemed to be income. [FA 2024]

2. However TDS deducted u/s 192(IA) & 194N, shall not be deemed to be income received.

SEC 200 DUTY OF DEDUCTOR # Due date of payments of TDS Deducted ;

If Tax is Deducted By 7th of Next Month During April Feb By 30th April of Next FY March

Due date of TDS Return (Statement) TDS Return Form 16 : For Salaried Quarter Ended TDS Return due date form 16A : Other than 30th June 30th Sept Salary rm 16B : Immovable 31st Jan 31st Dec 31st Mau 31st March Property

No correction statement shall be delivered after the expiry of 6 years from the end of the financial year in which the statement is required to be delivered. [FA 2024]

## SEC 197 CERTIFICATE FOR LOWER

I. Where TDS is required to be deducted & the AO is satisfied that income of the recipient justifies TDS deduction at any lower rates or no deduction of income-tax, AO shall, on an application made by the assessee in this behalf, give to him For Late Deduction : Pay simple interest @ 1% for every such certificate as may be appropriate.

2. Upon receipt of certificate the payer shall, until such certificate is canceled by the AO, deduct TDS at the rates For Late Payment : Pay Simple Interest @ 1% for every specified in such certificate or deduct no tax, as the case

# Certificate for lower deduction can also be issued for sec 1940 w.e.f. 1/10/2024, [FA 2024]

1. Deductor shall within 15 days from due date of submission of TDS Return shall furnish to payee TDS Certificate

(Due Dates: 15 Aug/ 15 Nov/ 15 Feb/ 15 June).

2. Employer shall furnish TDS certificate annually to employee FY or credit is given or 2 years from the end of the FY in

## SEC 200A PROCESSING OF TDS STATEMENTS whichever is later.

TDS return shall be processed to include :

- a) The sums deductible shall be computed after making the following adjustments, namely:
- i) Any arithmetical error in the quarterly return; or ii) An incorrect claim, apparent from any information in the quarterly return
- b) The interest/fee, if any.
- c) The sum payable or amount of refund due to the deductor shall be determined
- d) The Board may make a scheme for processing of statements made by any other person, not being a deductor, [w.e.f. 1/4/2025]
- # An intimation shall be prepared/generated & sent to deductor specifying the sum determined to be payable by amount of refund due to him under clause (d).

## SEC 234E FEES FOR NON FILLING OF TDS/ TCS RETURN (STATEMENT)

Fails to file TDS return in sec 200 or 206C he shall be liable to pay, a sum of Rs. 200 for every day.

## SEC 201 CONSEQUENCES OF FAILURE TO DEDUCT OR PAY

Sec 201(1): Assessee in default he shall be liable to pay Interest u/s 220 & penalty u/s 221.

Deductor shall not be treated as Assessee as default if following conditions are satisfied :

- 1. Has furnished his return of income u/s 139
- 2. Has taken into account such sum for computing income
- 3. Has paid the tax due on the income declared by him in such ROI and the person furnishes a certificate to this effect from an accountant (in form 26A).

## Sec 201(1A) : Interest for late deduction or Late payment of TDS:

month or part of a month on the amount

month or part of a month on the amount where an order is made by the AO for the default for non Deduction or short deduction the interest shall be paid by the person in accordance with such order.

Sec 200(3): No order shall be made deeming a person to be an assessee in default for failure to deduct the whole or any part of the tax after 7 years (before 1/4/2025), 6 years (after 1/4/2025) [FA 2024] from the end of the which the correction statement is delivered u/s 200(3),

## SEC 194B/BB TDS ON CASUAL INCOME & HORSE RACE WINNING

Payer[Deductor]	Any person
Payee[Deductee]	Any person [R/NR]
Limit	Amount > 10000 p.a.
Rate	30%
Time of Deduction	At the time of payment

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SEC 194BA TDS ON WINNING IN ONLINE

SEC 194 DIVIDENDS

Payer[Deductor] Principal officer of any Indian Col FC who made arrangements for payment of dividends (including dividends on preference shares) within India Payee[Deductee] Shareholder being Resident

The sec also provides that in above case TDS to be deducted :

On invoice value excluding On whole of invoice value, value of material, if such if value of material is not value is mentioned mentioned senarately in

SEC 194A TDS ON INTEREST OTHER THAN ON SECURITIES

Payer [Deductor] Specified Person being I/HUF: If T/o of Business in PPY exceed Icr and gross receipt from profession

Payer[Deductor] Person responsible for paying any sum on winnings in

## SEC 194BA TDS ON WINNING IN ONLINE GAMES

GHIICS	
Payer[Deductor]	Person responsible for paying any sum on winnings in any online game
Payee[Deductee]	Any person [R/NR]
Limit	Computed in the manner as may be prescribed at the end of FY
Rate	@30% of net winning as prescribe in sec IISBBJ
Time of Deduction	If there is Withdrawal: Deduct at the time of withdrawal.  No Withdrawal: At the end of FY.
	Where the winnings are in kind the person responsible for paying shall, before releasing the winnings, ensure that tax has been paid in respect of the winnings
	Net Winning of per sec USTIR : (A+D) - (B+C)

A = Actual Amount withdrawal

B = Aggregate Amount of Deposit In User Account
C = Opening Balance of User A/c at the beginning of
the Year.

D = Closing Balance at the End of FY

First Withdrawal Net Winning as per sec 115JJB: A-(B+C) A = Actual Amount withdrawal

B = Aggregate Amount of Deposit in User Account
C = Opening Balance of User A/c at the beginning
of the Year

### Subsequent Withdrawal : Net Winning as per sec 115JJB : A-(B+C+E)

A = Actual amount withdrawal

Special points

- B = Aggregate amount of deposit in user account
- C = Opening balance of user a/c at the beginning of the yr.
   E = Net Winning on which TDS already Deducted at the

## time of earlier withdrawal. Net Winning at the End of FY: (A+D)-(B+C+E)

A = Actual Amount withdrawal.

- D = Closing balance of user account at end of the FY.
- B = Aggregate amount of deposit in user Account.
- C = Opening balance of user a/c at the beginning of the yr.
   E = Net Winning on which TDS already Deducted at the time of earlier withdrawal.

## SEC 1940 TDS ON INSURANCE COMMISSION

Payer [Deductor]	Insurance company
Payee [Deductee]	Agent
Limit	Amount > ₹15000 in a year
Rate	5%
Time of Deduction	At time of payment or credit whichever is earlier

## SEC 194G TDS ON COMMISSION ON SALE OF LOTTERY TICKETS ETC

Payer [Deductor]	Stockist, distributor, etc of lottery tickets
Payee[Deductee]	Any Person (Resident / NR)
Limit	₹ 15000 p.a.
Rate	5% (before 1/10/2024), 2% (after 1/10/2024)[FA 24
Time of Deduction	At the time of payment or credit whichever is earlier

## SEC 194 DIVIDENDS

	Payer[Deductor]	Principal officer of any Indian Co/ FC who made arrangements for payment of dividends (including dividends on preference shares) within India
4	Payee[Deductee]	Shareholder being Resident
	Limit	If dividend (Including Deemed Dividend u/s 2(22)(1)) paid exceed ₹5,000 p.a.
	Rate	10%
e	Special Points	No TDS if Dividend paid to :  a) LIC b) General Insurance corporation or other Insurance Co.  B) Business trust d) Anu other person notified bu the CG

Payer [Deductor] Income from UTI or Mutual Fund units

Time of Deduction If dividend paid during FY exceed ₹5,000 p.a.

Payee [Deductee] Shareholder being Resident

# Rate of TDS 10% SEC 194LA TDS ON COMPULSORY ACQUISITION OF BUILDING!

e) If Dividend is made by any mode other than cash.

Payer [Deductor]	Any Person
Payee[Deductee]	Resident
Limit	Exceeds ₹2,50,000
Rate	
Time of Deduction	At the time of payment [State of Kerela Vs. Mariaama]
Other Condition	No TDS to be deducted if compulsory acquisition of Rural Agriculture land

## SEC 194C TDS ON PAYMENTS TO CONTRACTORS

	forest receipt from Profession exceed 50L and payment in PY exceed Prescribe Limit  Others: If Limit Exceed Prescribe limit.
Payee [Deductee]	Any person resident in India.
Limit	₹ 30,000 for single payment/aggregate amount ₹ 1,00,000
Rate	> In Individual or HUF : 1% > In other case : 2%
Time of Deduction	At the time of payment or credit whichever is earlier
Special points	Exemptions:  1. No TDS is required in case of contracts of personal in Nature  2. No.e.f. 01.06.15 no TDS is required in goods transport business which owns less than 10 goods whiche.  3. Contract for sale of goods  Works:  3. Contract for sale of goods  Works:  4. Should statement  5. Broadcasting  5. Catrieing  6. Catreling  6. Carriage of goods or passenger by any mode other

uls 40(A)(2)

Manufacturing of Product according to requirement/ specification of a customer by using material purchased from such customer or his relative

## VIDENDS The sec also provides that in above case TDS to

be deducted:

On invoice value excluding On whole of invoice value, value of material, if such value is mentioned separately in the invoice the invoice in the invoice.

### W.e.f 1/10/2024 : New definition of Works

- Advertising;
- b) Broadcasting and telecasting
- c) Carriage of goods or passengers by any mode other than by railways;
- of Catering;

  e) Manufacturing or supplying a product according to the requirement or specification of a customer by using material purchased from such customer or its associate, being a person placed similarly in relation to such customer as is the person placed in relation to the assessee under the provisions contained in clause (b) of sub-cuc/2) of sec (b).

### # But does not include :

- Manufacturing or supplying a product according to the requirement or specification of a customer by using material purchased from a person, other than such customer or associate of such customer;
- b) Any sum covered u/s 194J. [FA 2024]

## SEC 194M TDS ON PAYMENT OF CERTAIN SUMS BY CERTAIN IND/HUF

Payer [Deductor]	Individual or a HUF (other than payments covered in sec 194C, sec 194H, sec 194J) Max Time Puchte Hal
Payee[Deductee]	Any person [Resident]
Limit	Exceed ₹50L during a FY
Rate	5% (before 1/10/24), 2% (after 1/10/24) [FA 2024]
Special Points	TDS is deductible even if assessee does not have TAN u/s 203A

## SEC 1941 TDS ON PROFESSIONAL

Payer [Deductor]	IMUF: If T/o of business in PPY exceed Icr & gross receipt from profession exceed SOL and payment in PY exceed Prescribe Limit Others: If Limit Exceed Prescribe limit.
Payee [Deductee]	Any person resident in India
Limit	₹30,000 p.a except Directors fees
Rate	Technical Services/royalty on sale distribution/ exhibition of cinematographic films : 2% Other Cases/other royalty : 10%
Time of Deduction	At the time of payment or credit whichever is earlier
Special points	2% in case of payee engaged in business of operation of call centre CBDT

## SEC 194A TDS ON INTEREST OTHER THAN ON SECURITIES

PPY exceed Icr and gross receipt from profession exceed SOL and payment in PY exceed prescribe limit Others: If Limit Exceed Prescribe limit.
Any person being Resident
Others: If payment exceeds ₹5,000 Bankl POI co-op: If payment exceeds ₹40,000 co-op society, however for senior citizen if payment exceed 50,000 From 01,06.2015. If the bank has adopted core banking solution then limit will be per Bank wise.
10%
At the time of credit or payment whichever is earlier
No TDS of Following : Any banking company! co-op society! LIC! UT!

Pauer [Deductor] Specified Person being I/HUF : If T/o of Business in

## SEC 192A TDS ON BALANCE ON EPF

Payer [Deductor]	Trustee of EPF	
Payee [Deductee]	Employee [R/NR] participating in RPF	
Limit	If Amount exceed 50000	
Rate	10%	
Time of Doduction	At the time of payment	

## SEC 194H TDS ON COMMISSION OR

age, productions	IMUF: IF T/o of business in PPY exceed   cr and gross receipt from profession exceed SOL and payment in PY exceed Prescribe Limit. Others: If Limit Exceed Prescribe limit.
Payee[Deductee]	Any person being resident
Limit	Pay > ₹15000
Rate	5% (before 1/10/24), 2% (after 1/10/24) [FA 2024]
Time of Deduction	At the time of payment or credit whichever is earlier
Special Points	Commission or Brokerage other than those referred to in sec 1940 & sec 194G
Circular & Decision	The transactions relating to Securities are not covered by sec 194H. However, TDS shall be deducted on brokerage/commission paid for commodities transactions
	Where the content is produced as per specifications provided by the broadcaster/telecaster

## SEC 1941B TDS ON RENT PAYABLE OTHER THAN US 1941

THAN U/S 1991		
Individual/HUF		
Any person Resident		
Exceed ₹50000 per month		
5% (before 1/10/24), 2% (after 1/10/24) [FA 2024]		
At the time of payment or credit whichever is earlier		
In case TDS is required to be deducted u/s 206AA  Deduction should not exceed rent for last month.		

## SEC 1941 TDS ON RENT IMUF : If T/o of Business in PPY exceed Icr and Gross

ceipt from Profession exceed SOL and payment in PY ceed Prescribe Limit.  Chers: If Limit Exceed Prescribe limit.	Pa
ny person resident in India	
xceeds ₹2,40,000 p.a per co-owner (including advance nt & Arrears of Rent)	
or use of P & M : 2% or use of other asset : 10%	
No TDS on Rent credited or paid to a business Trust.  TDS is also required to be deducted on advance rent.  Circular No, 5/2001	1
. Where the share of each co-owner in the property is definite & ascertainable, the limit of 1.8L will be applicable to each co-owner separately.	5
Japan Airlines Co, Ltd, V, Commissioner of Income- Tox [SC]	П
Case : Landing & parking charges Airlines would attract TDS u/s 194C & not u/s 194-1	
No requirement to deduct tax at Source u/s 194-1 on payment in the nature of lease rent or supplemental lease rent, made by a 'LESSEE' to a lessor, being a mit hearth in LES	

## SEC 1941A TDS ON ACO OF PROPERTY Payer [Deductor] Any assessee

Payee [Deductee] Resident Assessee

unit located in IFSC for lease of an Aircraft.

receipt from Profession exceed SOL and payme

Exceeds ₹2,40,000 p.a per co-owner (including

exceed Prescribe Limit. Others : If Limit Exceed Prescribe limit.

rent & Arrears of Rent) For use of P & M : 2% For use of other asset : 10% Special points 1. No TDS on Rent credited or paid to a busin 2. TDS is also required to be deducted on adv

Any person resident in India

Payee [Deductee]

Limit

Limit Rate

Time of

Deduction

Payer [Deduct Payee [Deduc Limit

Special points

Consideration and SDV exceeds ₹50,00,000	-
1% of consideration or SDV whichever is higher	
The Deductor shall remit the TDS to CG in form 26QB and issue form 16B as certificate to payee.      Therefore, if the immovable property is purchased from	
3. If sellers jointly own a property and sells for a total consideration of SOL or more then sec 194-14 is	
attracted even if each co-owner's consideration is less than 50L.	
4. In case sec 194-1A is attracted then purchaser isn't required to obtain TAN, i.e Tax Deduction Account Number i.e sec 203A is not applicable.	
<ol> <li>Consideration shall incl. all charges of the nature of club membership fee, car parking fee, water or electricity facility fee, maintenance, advance fee/ similar which are incidental to the property.</li> </ol>	
less than SOL.	
However where there is more than one transferor or transferee in respect of any immovable property, then the consideration shall be the aggregate of the	
transferor or all the transferors for transfer of such	
immovable property. w.e.f 1/10/2024 [FA 2024]	

S	EC 194DA TDS ON LIP
or]	Any person
tee]	Any person resident in India
	Amount > ₹1,00,000 or more in a year
	5% (before 1/10/2024), 2% (after 1/10/2024) [FA 2024] [Amount received - Premium Paid]
tion	At the time of payment
	Conditions amount should not be exempt u/s 10(10D)

## SEC 193 TDS ON INTEREST ON SECURITIES Y

Payer [Deductor]	Any person
Payee [Deductee]	Any person being Resident
Limit	Company: If payment exceeds ₹5,000 Local Authority: If payment exceeds ₹10,000 corporation! 7,75% savings (Taxable) Bonds!32 w.e.f. In07,2024; Local Authority or: If payment exceeds ₹10,000 on 3% Savings (Taxable) Bonds, 2003,7,75% savings (Taxable) Bonds!3 or Floating Rate Savings Bonds, 2020 (Taxable) or any other security of CG or SG may by matification specify [FA 2024]
Rate	Ind
Time of Deduction	At the time of credit or payment whichever is earlier
Special points	No TDS of Fallowing: Interest payable to LIC/GIC or other insurer Interest on Provident Fund Interest payable on ony security of the Central or State Gort, however TDS shall be deducted on 7,75% Savings (Taxable) Bonds, 2018. Interest payable under "Indian Railway Finance Corporation Ltd. & "Power Finance Corporation Ltd. & "Power Finance Corporation Ltd. & Bonds".  Not. 05/2017: Interest Income accrued to minor child where both parents have deceased shall be deducted & reported against the PAN of minor Interest payable to business trust Interest payable to business trust Interest payable on Securities even if it is demoterable from

## SEC 194P DEDUCTION OF TAX IN CASE OF SPECIFIED SENIOR CITIZEN

	"Specified bank" means a banking company as the Central Government may, by notification in Official Gazette, specify
	"Specified senior citizen" means an individual, being a resident in India: 1) Who is 75 years or more at any time during the PY; ii) Who is 75 years or more at any time during the PY; ii) Who is having income of the nature of pension; iii) Has furnished a declaration to the specified bank containing such particulars in such form and verified in such manner, as may be prescribed.
or rayer	TDS would be deducted by the specified bank after giving effect to the deduction allowable under chapter VI-A and rebate allowable u/8 87A, compute the total income of such specified senior citizen for the relevant AY and deduct income-tax on such total income on the basis of the rates in force & a declaration shall be submitted by Bank
Benefit to	The senior citizen is not required to file an income tax

Senior citizen return

## SEC 194N TDS ON CASH WITHDRAW

SEC 11	Banks, Co-op Society or Post Office
ayer [Deductors]	Anu Assessee
nyer [Deductor] nyee [Deductee] imit	Cash withdrawal > Icr in PY from 1 or more accounts maintained.
	5%
Rate Special Points	o If payee has not filed ROI for all the 3 AYs relevant to the 3 PYs for which the time limit to file uls 139(I) has expired, then TDS deducted as follows:  a) Amount withdrawn more than 20 lakhs but upto
	lcr - 2% b) Amount withdrawn more than lcr - 5% > Where the recipient is a co-operative society, the limit would be 3 crore.
No TDS u/s 194N is paid to	1. Govt. 2. Banking co, Co-op, post office. 3. Banking correspondent as per RBI quideline
	4. White label ATM operator
	5. Cash replenishment agency and franchise agents of white label atm operator
	Commission agent or trader, operating under agriculture produce market committee (apmc.) and registered under law relating to apmc of concerned state.
	7. Full fledge money changer licensed by RBI and its franchise agent provided they satisfy other condition 8. Authoriside dealer & franchise agent & sub agent. Purchase of foreign currency from Foreign Tourist or non Resident visiting India or from Resident Indians on their return to India in cash as per the directions

## SEC 194R TDS ON PERQUISITE

	Specified Person responsible for paying any sum I/HUF : If T/o of Business in PPY exceed Icr and
Payer [Deductor]	Gross receipt from profession exceed SOL and payment in PY exceed Prescribe Limit
Payee[Deductee]	Others : If Limit Exceed Prescribe limit.  Any person being Resident
Limit	Amount exceeding 20000 p.a.
Rate	10% of the value or aggregate of value of such
Time of Deduction	Before providing such benefit or perquisite
Special points	1. Provisions shall apply whether benefit is in cash or in kind or partly in cash and partly in kind.  2. In case where the benefit or perquisite is wholly in kind or partly in cash and partly in kind but such part in cash is not sufficient to meet the liability of TDS in respect of whole of such benefit or perquisite deductor shall before releasing the benefit or perquisite, ensure that TDS required to be deducted has been paid.

## SEC 1940 TDS FOR PURCHASE OF GOODS

	SEC 17	194 TOS FOR PURCHASE OF GUUDS
D	eductor	Buyer whose T/o in PPY exceeds 10cr
	Peductee	Resident Seller Naya hai pucha ja sakta hai
ounts 7		For purchase of any goods of the value or aggregate of such value exceeding 50 lakh in PY
7	TDS Rate	0.1 per cent of such sum exceeding Rs. 50L
mit to ed as t upto	No TDS	The provisions of this section shall not apply to a transaction on which is 0.7 Tax is deductible under this Act; and b) Tax is collectible under the provisions of sec 206C other than 206C(IH]) applies.] c) Transaction in securities & commodities which are traded
the		through RSE or settled by Clearing corporation including located in IFSC.  d) Transaction in electricity, renewable energy certifies & energy saving certificates traded through registered power exchanges.
	Other points	Limit of SOL shall be calculated from 01.04.2021     Sec 1940 applies to buyer being R/NR, but 1940 does not apply to NR whose purchase of goods is not effectively connected with PE in India.     Sec 1940 shall apply on advance payment also.     Sec 1940 would not apply on E-auction services carried out by E-auctionor through electronic portal     The payment gateway will not be required to deduct TDS uls 1940 if TDS is done by E-Commerce operator under 1940.     No TDS under 1940 if transaction in securities is settled by recognized clearing co-operation in IFSC

## SEC 192 TDS ON SALARY

	Employer
Payee [Deductee]	Employee [R/NR]
Limit	If Annual Salary [after dedn & exemption] exceed Basic Limit
Rate	Normal slab rate (At the avg rate of income tax)
Time of Deduction	At the time of payment
Special points	> Solary Includes Basic + Allowance + Perk > EE shall provide all information and proof of payments. > Loss from HP can be reduced while determining TDS Liability. Sec 192(2B): Assessee shall provide details of Other Income & loss if any under House Property to employer. The Employer upon receipt of such Income (or Loss) compute the TDS deductible.
	No.ef. 110/2024; Nhere an assessee who receives "Salaries" has, in addition:  () Any other Head of Income (not being a lass other than HP lass)  (1) Any TDS/TCS tax deducted or collected he me send to Payer the particulars of: Such other income or TDS/TCS or Loss from HP and thereupon the payer shall take into account the particulars for the purposes of making TDS. The above adjustment shall not be done if it has effect of reducing TDS. (See done if it has

## SEC 271H FAILURE TO FURNISH TOS! TCS RETURN OR FURNISH INCORRECT

Penalty shall be ₹10,000 to ₹1,00,000, as may be decided by Competent Authority. Further No penalty would be leviable if the person proves that after paying TDS/TCS along with the fee u/s 234E and interest he had delivered or caused to be delivered the TDS/TCS statements before the expiru of I year (1 month w.e.f 1/4/2025) [FA 2024] from the time prescribed for delivering or causing to be delivered such statements.

## SEC 194T PAYMENTS TO PARTNERS OF

Payer	Firm
TDS on	Salary, remuneration, commission, bonus or interest to a partner of the firm
Time	At the time of credit of such sum to the account of the partner (including the capital account) or at the time of payment thereof, whichever is earlier
TDS Rate	10%
Formandian	No The if Amount (In Accreage) door not exceed

Note: The provision of sec 197/197A are not applicable.

₹20,000 p.a



## SEC 206C TCS PROVISIONS

## Sec 206C(1) TCS on Alcohol/Timber/Scrap/Minerals :

> Alcoholic liquor (human consumption)	1%
> Timber from forest Others	2.5%
> Other forest produce	2.5%
> Tender leaves	5%
> Scrap	1%
> Mineral	1%

Sec 206C(IC) TCS on Parking/ Toll/ Mining Rights: > Rate of Tax is 2%.

Sec 206C(IF) TCS on Motor vehicle > 10 Lakhs :

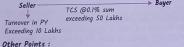


W.e.f 1/1/2025 New meaning : Every person, being a seller, who receives any amount as

consideration for sale of : i) A motor vehicle: or

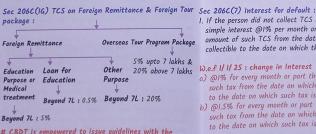
ii) Any other goods, as may be specified by CG of the value exceeding 10 lakh rupees, shall, at the time of receipt of such amount, collect from the buyer, a sum equal to 1% of the sale consideration as income-tax. [FA 2024]

## Sec 206C(IH) TCS on Sale of Goods :



> 1940 V/s 206C(1H) -> 194Q

> 206C(1H) v/s 194Q -> 194Q



# CBDT is empowered to issue guidelines with the approval of CG for the purpose of removing the difficulty

## Sec 206C(3) Due date of Payment of TCS (Rule 37CA)

Where Dept Deducted TCS	On the same day	
Where other Person Deducted TCS:	7th of Next Month 7th April of Next FY	

## Rule 37(CA) Submission in Digital Form :

Due Date for TCS Return	Recall Due Date for TDS Return
QI - 15th July	Q1 - 31st July
Q2 - 15th Oct	Q2 - 31st Oct
Q3 – 15th Jan	Q3 – 31st Jan
04 15+6 Man	Oh 21st May

### Sec 206C(3B) :

- 1. The person may also deliver Rectified return of TCS specifying any mistake or to add, delete or update the information furnished in the Return.
- 2. W.e.f 1/2025 : Further no correction statement shall be delivered after the expiry of 6 years from the end of the financial year in which the statement is required to be delivered. [FA 2024]

Sec 206C(4): Any amount collected from this section and paid the credit of Central Government shall be deemed payment of tax of person from whom the amount has been collected and credit shall be given to such other eligible person w.e.f 1/1/2025 [FA 2024] as may be prescribed by the Board.

Sec 206C(5) TCS Certified : Every person collecting tax shall furnish TCS Collection Certificate within 15 days from the due date for furnishing the statement of tax collected at W.e.f. 01.07.2023 The Rate of TCS under this sec source.

1. If the person did not collect TCS he shall be liable to pay simple interest @1% per month or part thereof on the amount of such TCS from the date on which such tax was collectible to the date on which the tax was actually paid.

## W.e.f 1/1/25: change in Interest

- a) @1% for every month or part thereof on the amount of such tax from the date on which such tax was collectible to the date on which such tax is collected; and
- b) @1.5% for every month or part thereof on the amount of such tax from the date on which such tax was collected to the date on which such tax is actually paid. [FA 2024]
- 2. Where an order is made by the Assessing Officer, the interest shall be paid by the person as per such order.

, Sec 206C(7A) : No order shall be made deeming a person to be an assessee in default for failure to collect tax from any person, at any time after the expiry of 6 years or 2 years from the end of the FY in which the correction statement is delivered, whichever is later. [FA 2024]

Sec 206C(9) Certificate of Lower collection or no Collection: Lower collection certificate can be issued by AO to "seller" u/s 206C(1)/(1C)/(1H). [FA 2024]

Sec 206C(12): Notwithstanding anything contained in this section, no collection of tax shall be made or collection of tax shall be made at such lower rate in respect of specified Naya hai pucha ja sakta hai transaction, from such person or class of persons, including institution, association or body or class of institutions, associations or bodies, as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette specify in this behalf.

## SEC 206CA TAX COLLECTION ACCOUNT

- 1. Every person collecting tax shall apply to the AO for the allotment of a tax collection account number
- 2. Assessee shall quote TAN no: in all challans, certificates, returns and other documents

## SEC 206CC REQUIREMENT TO FURNISH PAN BY COLLECTEE

Collectee shall furnish his PAN to the collector, if he fail to furnish such PAN, TCS shall be at higher of :

a) At twice the rate specified in the Act; or Naya hai pucha ja sakta hai

shall not exceed 20%.

Note: If 206CC and 206CCA both applied then TCS shall be higher of either of Rate

206AB (TDS)	206CCA (TCS)
If ROI Not Filed in PPY : TDS@ : 1) Twice rate in force	If ROI Not Filed in PPY: TCS@:  1) Twice rate in Act
2) Twice rate in Act 3) 5%, Whichever is higher	2) 5%, Whichever is higher

## 15.

## ADVANCE TAX

## SEC 208 CONDITIONS OF LIABILITY TO PAY ADVANCE TAX

Advance tax shall be payable during a financial year in every case where the amount of tax payable by the assessee is Rs. 10,000 or more.

"PGBP" Income.

Assessee Declaring Income u/s 44AD/44ADA.

## SEC 207 LIABILITY FOR PAYMENT OF ADVANCE TAX

I. Where Estimated Tax Liability is Below 10000 as computed. 2. Individual resident being Senior Citizen who does not have

## SEC 210 PAYMENT OF ADV TAX BY ASSESSEE OF HIS OWN ACCORD OR IN PURSUANCE OF ORDER OF AO

If assessee has not paid or short paid the advance tax AO may make order & ask assessee to pay advance tax in the installments due. AO can pass order upto last day of Feb

### The AO shall compute advance tax by taking :

- i) The total assessed income of the latest PY or
- ii) The total income declared in the return of income of any subsequent PY, whichever is higher.

## SEC 211 DUE DATES FOR PAYMENT OF ADVANCE TAX OTHER THAN PERSONS COVERED U/S 44AD/ADA

Due date of installments	On or before Companies & Other assessee
15th June	Not less than 15% of Advance Tax liability
15th Sept	Not less than 45% of Advance Tax
15th Dec	Not less than 75% of Advance Tax
15th March	The whole amt. of Advance Tax

### Note :

- 1. Person covered u/s 44AD/ADA to pay Advance Tax by 15th March (100%).
- 2. Any amount paid by way of advance tax on or before the 31st March shall also be treated as advance tax.
- If due date for payment of any installment is banking holiday, and payment is made on the next working days, No interest shall be leviable.
- If any assessee does not pay any installment within due date he shall be deemed to be an assessee in default in respect of such installment.

## PROVISO SEC 234 PAYMENT OF ADVANCE TAX IN CASE OF CAPITAL GAIN & CASUAL INCOME

- I. Advance tax is payable on all types of income.
- 2. Estimating income which are generally unexpected: Advance Tax should be paid in remaining installments after it is received or where no such installment is due, by 31st March of the relevant Financial Year.
- 3. If the entire amount of tax payable is so paid, then no interest on late payment will be leviable.

## SEC 234B INTEREST FOR DEFAULTS IN PAYMENT OF ADVANCE TAX

### Interest is payable if :

- a) Advance tax paid during PY < 90% of Assessed tax; or b) No advance tax paid during the year
- Assessed Tax means :
- 1. Where No Assessment is made : 143(1)
- 2. Where Regular Assessment is made: 143(3)/144/147

As Reduced By: Relief u/s 89,90,91(DTAA), TDS/TCS credit, MAT or AMT Credits u/s 115JD, in case the assessee exercises the option of shifting out of the default tax regime provided u/s 115BAC(IA).

### Interest Payable :

Advance Tax not 1% per month or X From 1st April of AY till the or Short Paid X part of a month X actual Date of Payment.

## Common in sec 234A & 234B :

Where as a result of Rectification order or Order of Appeal or Revision the amount of tax on which interest was payable has been modified, the interest shall be altered accordingly: i) If interest is increased the AO shall serve on the assessee

- a notice of demand.

  II) If interest is reduced, excess interest paid, shall be
  - refunded:
    a) Tax on total income as determined u/s 143(1) shall not include the additional income-tax, and
  - b) Tax on the total income determined under regular assessment shall not include the additional income-tax payable u/s 140B.



## SEC 234C INTEREST FOR DEFERMENT OF

## I Interest Payable = Amount Deferred x Rate x Period.

(0)	Amount	Tax as per ROI (-) by Relief ut's 89/90/91 (DTTA), MAT/MMT credit, TDS & TCS. In case the assessee exercises the option of shifting out of the default tax regime provided ut's IISBAC(IA) (Refer Point D.)
h)	Rate	1% for every month or part of a month
	Period	Q1/Q2/Q3: Interest for 3 months for all Installment. In case of last Quarter, Q4 Interest for Im shall be applicable

## 2. Other Points :

- a) No Interest shall be levied if assessee paid advance tax upto 12% in Q1 & 36% in Q2.
  - b) An assessee who declares PGBP as per sec 44AD(1)/ 44ADA(1), then, the assessee shall be liable to pay simple interest @ 1% for I month if Advance tax is not paid by 15th March.
  - c) No Interest u/s 234C if short fall is due to :
  - i) Failure to estimate capital gains; or
  - ii) Failure to Estimate Casual Income; or iii) Income under the head "PGBP" accrues or arises
  - iii) Income under the head "PGBP" accrues or aris for the first time; or
  - iv) The amount of dividend income and the assessee has paid the whole of the amount of tax payable had such income been a part of the total income.
- d) CBDT Clarified Advance Tax paid if any till 15th march shall also be reduced for calculating Interest u/s 234C.

## SEC 218 WHEN ASSESSEE DEEMED TO BE IN DEFAULT

If any assessee does not pay on the date specified in sec 211 or as per order of the AO u/s 210 he shall be deemed to be an assessee in default in respect of such installment(s).

## ADVANCE TAX IN CASE OF CAPITAL GAINS/ CASUAL INCOME PROVISO TO SEC 234

- l. Advance tax is payable on all types of income, including capital gains & winnings of lotteries, crossword puzzles, etc.
- 2. However, it is not normally possible for an assessee to estimate his capital gains or winnings from lotteries, etc. which are generally unexpected. Therefore if any such income arises after the due date then, the entire amount of tax payable (after deduction of tax at source, if any) should be paid in remaining installments or where no such installment is due, by 31st March of the relevant FY. If the entire amount of tax payable is so paid, then no interest on late payment will be leviable

## SEC 209 COMPUTATION OF ADVANCE TAX

Particulars	Amt.
ncome under the 5 heads of income	XXX
Adjustment in respect of B/F loss and allowance	XXX
Gross Total Income	XXX
Less : Deduction admissible under Chapter VI-A	(xxx)
Taxable Income	XXX
Tax on Taxable Income	XXX
Less : Rebate u/s 87A	(xxx)
Tax Payable	XXX
Add : Surcharge	XXX
Net Tax Payable	XXX
Less : Relief u/s 89, 90, 90A, 91	(xxx)
Tax liability	XXX
Less : TDS/TCS	(xxx)
Less : MAT/AMT Credit u/s IISJAA	(xxx)
Advance Tax	XXX

## SEC 139 MANDATORY FILING OF ROL

Every person :

1) Being a company or a firm; or

- 2) Being a person other than a company or a firm, if his total income or the total income of any other person in respect of which he is assessable under this Act during the PY exceeds basic exemption limit
- 3) A person being resident other than not ordinarily resident in India who is:
  - a) A beneficiary of any asset (incl Financial asset) or signing authority outside India:
- b) Who is a beneficial owner of any asset (incl Financial asset) or signing authority outside India:
- 4) Being an individual / HUF or AOP / BOI / AJP :
  - > If his total income or total income of any other person in respect of which he is assessable under this Act during PY.
  - > Without claiming deduction of sec 10(38)/10A/10B/10BA/ 54/54B/54D/54EC/54F/54G/54GA/54GB/80C to 80U
  - > Exceeded max amount which is not chargeable to IT.

## 5. Any person (other than a company or a firm) :

- a) Has Deposited in one or more current Account exceeding required to file ROI. Rs. Icr (In Aggregate) in a bank/co-operative year.
- b) Has Incurred expenditure on Foreign travel exceeding Rs. 2 Lakh (In Aggregate) for himself (or any other
- c) Has Incurred expenditure on consumption of electricity
- exceeding Rs. I Lakh (In Aggregate): d) Fulfils such other condition a may be prescribed.
- 6) Following Person are also required to file return :

Case	Transactions	Limits
on business	His total sales, or turnover or as the case may be, in the business	> ₹60 lakhs during the relevant P.Y.
	His total gross receipts in profession	> ₹10 lakhs during the relevant P.Y.
a) A resident individual who is aged ≥ 60 yrs at any time during the relevant P.Y.	The aggregate of TDS and TCS in his case	> ₹50,000 during the relevant P.Y.
b) Any other person	The aggregate of TDS and TCS in his case	> ₹25,000 during the relevant P.Y.
3) A person having savings bank account	The deposit in one or more savings bank account of the person, in aggregate	> ₹50 lakhs during the relevant P.Y.

Shall furnish a return of his income on or before the due date in such form and verified in such manner and setting forth such other particulars, as may be prescribed.

## 16.

## RETURN OF INCOME

## DUE DATE OF FILING ROI U/S 139(1) Due date of Filing Return

Comp	any	Other th	nan Co.
Liable to	Not liable to	Liable to	Not liable to
TP report	TP report	Tax Audit	Tox Audit
30th Nov	31th Oct	31th Oct	31th July
of AY	of AY	of AY	of AY

## FEE FOR DEFAULT IN FURNISHING ROL U/S 234F

A fees of 5,000 shall be payable if ROI furnished after the due date. However, if Total income does not exceed 5 lakhs, Fees shall not exceed 1.000

## SEC 139(4A) CHARITABLE/RELIGIOUS TRUSTANSTITUTION

If total income without giving effect to provisions of sec II and 12 exceeds the basic exemption limit, then trust is

- > Audit is also mandatory is Income >BEL.
- > Due date of Filing ROI 31st Oct
- > Sec 272A penalty for Non Compliance ₹100 for every day
- > Fees is also applicable in Addition to Sec 272A

## SEC 139(4B) POLITICAL PARTY

If the total income without giving effect to the provisions of sec 13A exceeds the basic exemption limit, then PP is required to file ROI.

> Audit is also mandatoru.

> Due date of Filing ROI - 31st Oct

## SEC 139(4C) SPECIFIC ENTITIES

- > Specified Entity like Hospital, Medical/Institution
- > If the total income without giving effect to the provisions of sec 10, exceeds the basic exemption limit, then these entities are required to file ROI.
- > Due date can either be 31st July/31st Oct
- > Sec 272A penalty for Non compliance Rs 100 for every day,
- > Fees is also applicable in Addition to sec 272A

## SEC 139(4D) UNIVERSITY, COLLEGE. OTHER INSTITUTION

All of the above which are approved u/s 35 ROI is

## SEC 139(4E) BUSINESS TRUST

REIT/INVIT - ROI is MANDATORY

## SEC 139(3) LOSS RETURN

Loss under the head PGBP/Capital Gains/ O&M Horse Races is allowed to be cff only if ROI is filed u/s 139(1). However 2 losses can be clf even if ROI not filed :

- a) Unabsorbed depreciation; &
- b) HP Loss.

## SEC 139(4) BELATED RETURN

Any person who has not furnished a return within the time allowed to him u/s 139(1) or 142(1) may furnish this belated Return as under :

- a) By 31st Dec of relevant AY (3M Prior to end of AY);
- b) Before the completion of assessment (u/s 144). Whichever is Earlier

## SEC 139(5) REVISED RETURN

After furnishing ROI, noticed any omission or any wrong statement therein, file revised return as under :

a) By 31st Dec of relevant AY (3M Prior to end of AY); or b) Before the completion of assessment (u/s 144). Whichever is Earlier.

## SEC 139(9) DEFECTIVE RETURN

The Assessing officer may intimate the defect to assessee & give him an opportunity to rectify the defect within 15 days else return is invalid

# Where ROI is submitted as per order u/s 119(2) this return shall be deemed to be ROI u/s 139. [FA 2024]

## BULK RETURN SEC 139(1A)/ OPTION TO FURNISH ROI TO EMPLOYER

The Scheme is optional & provides an additional mode of furnishing return of income of eligible employee may furnish his return of income in the prescribed form.

## SEC 139A PERMANENT ACCOUNT NUMBER Persons required to apply for PAN Time limit for Application of PAN

Every person, if his total income exceeds Basic Exemption Limit	On or before the 31st May of the AY for which such income is assessable
Every person carrying business or profession whose total sales, t/o or gross receipts exceed Rs. S lakhs in any PY	Before the end of that FY (PY)
Every person who is required to furnish a ROI u/s 139(4A)	Before the end of that FY (PY)
Every person being a resident, enters into a financial transaction of Rs. 2,50,000 or more in a FY	On or before 31st May of the immediately following FY
any person competent to act on	immediately following FY in which the person referred above enters into
Every person if deposit cash in one	Atleast 7 days before the date on

or more a/c with a bank coop bank which he intends to deposit cash or post office, is ₹20 lakh or more over ₹20 lakh or more.

withdraw cash from his one or which he intends to withdraw cash more accounts during a FY is ₹20 over ₹20 lakh or more. lakh ar mare Any person, who intends to open a Atleast 7 days before the date on which he intends to open such current account or cash credit account with a banking co or a co-operative bank, or a Post Office

Atleast 7 days before the date on

Expl: CBDT can specify class or classes of person for whom return cannot be considered as defective - Expl 139(9)

> Non-Compliance of Sec 139A or quoting wrong PAN. Penalty of ₹10,000 for each default is leviable u/s 272B

## SEC 139AA AADHAR NUMBER

Every person who is eligible to obtain Aadhar number

Aadhar number :  a) Pan Application b) Filing ROI
Where the person does not possess the Aadhor Number, the Enrollment ID of Aadhor application Shall be quoted in the application for PAN/filing. However the requirements of quoting enrolment ID has been removed while making PAN Application or Filing ROI furnished on a rater I/IO/2024. Every person who has been allotted PAN on the basis of Enrolment ID of Aadhor application form filed prior to the I/IO/2024, shall intimate his Aadhor number to such authority on or before a date notified by GG (FA 2024)
In case of failure to intimate the Aadhar number, PAN allotted shall be deemed to be inoperative (without declaring it invalid) (ruling confirmed by Binay Viswam vs. U), 2017 (SC)) & other provisions shall apply as if not applied for PAN
1. PAN must be linked to Aadhar maximum by 31.3.22 but if not linked it shall become inoperative. 2. If PAN become inoperative then he shall be liable for fees uls 234H: Not exceeding 97,000 at the time of making intimation. 3. After Payment of Fees PAN would become operative within 30 days from the date of Intimation.
1) NR; 2) Person is not a citizen of India; 3) Person residing in Assam, Meghalaya, J&K 4) Person whose age is 80 or above.

rmanent account number inoperative :

### Provision If a person, who has been allotted PAN as on 1st July, 2017 and is required to intimate his Aadhaar number u/s 139AA(2), has failed to intimate the same on or before 31st March, 2022, the PAN of such person would become inoperative and he would be liable for payment of fee in accordance with section 234H read with Rule 114(5A) i.e., ₹ 1,000.

or before 31st March, 2022, has intimated his Aadhaar number u/s 139AA(2) after 31st March, 2022, after payment of fee specified in section 234H read with Rule 114(SA), his PAN would become operative within 30 days from the date of intimation of Aadhaar number

(3) A person, whose PAN has become inoperative, would be liable for following further consequences for the period commencing

|/107/2023 [Circular No. 3/2023 dated 28th March, 2023]
|ii) No refund of any amount of tax or part thereof, due under the provisions of the Act;

 ii) Interest would not be payable on such refund for the period, beginning with the date specified under (4) below and ending with the date on which it becomes operative;

when the date on which in Decomes operative; iii) Where tax is deductible at source in case of such person, such tax shall be deducted at higher rate, in accordance with provisions of section 206AA;

 iv) Where tax is collectible at source in case of such person, such tax shall be collected at higher rate, in accordance with provisions of section 206CC:

## SEC 139B RETURN THROUGH TAX RETURN PREPARES [TRP]

1. Who can be TRP : Any Individual

## 2. Person not eligible :

- > Chartered Accountant.
- > Any legal practitioner who is entitled to Practice in any civil court in India.
- > An employee of the specified class or classes of person.

## 3. Return which cannot be filed by TRP :

- > Person covered under Tax Audit
- > Revised return if original return is not made by TRP
- > Person not resident in India

## SEC 139(8A) UPDATED RETURN

- 1. Who can submit updated return : Any person whether (or not) he has furnished a return u/s 139(1)/(4(BR))/(5(RR)) for an AY.
- 2. Time-limit: At any time within 24 months from the end of the relevant AY.
- 3. When updated return cannot be submitted in the following cases updated return cannot be submitted:
- > If updated return is a return of a loss.
  > If updated return has the effect of decreasing the total
- tax liability determined on the basis of return furnished or results in refund or increases the refund due on the basis of return.
- > If Search has been initiated u/s 132 or books other documents or any assets are requisitioned u/s 132A or a survey has been conducted u/s 133A other than sec 133A(2)/133A(5).
- > A notice has been issued to the effect that any money, bullion, jewelery or valuable article or thing or Books or Documents, seized or requisitioned u/s 132 or sec 132A in the case of any other person belongs to Assessee, or
- > Where an updated return has already been furnished for the relevant AY
- > Any proceeding for assessment/reassessment/ re-computation/revision of income is pending or has been completed for that AY

- > The AO has information in respect of such person for the relevant AY in his possession under:
  - a) The prevention of money Laundering Act 2002; or b) The Black Money (undisclosed foreign income & Assets) and imposition of Tax Act; or
  - c) The prohibition of Benami property transaction Act 1988; or
  - d) The Smugglers and Foreign Exchange Manipulators (Forfeiture of property) Act, 1976 and the same has been communicated to him, prior to the date of his filling updated return;
- > Information has been received under DTAA (sec 90 or 90A) and the same has been communicated to him, prior to the date of filing updated return; or
- > Any prosecution proceedings have been initiated for the relevant AY in respect of such person
- > Other Person as may be Notified by the Board in this regard.

## SEC 140B HOW TO CALCULATE TAX ON UPDATED RETURN

Where assessee has not furnished return earlier the tax payable shall be computed after reducina :

- after reducing : a) Advance Tox already paid
- b) Any TDS/TCS credit; c) Any relief of tax claimed
- u/s 89/90/90A/91; d) Any AMT credit/MAT credit u/s 115JAA/11SJD.
- Such updated return shall also be accompanied by proof of payment uls 23F.

Where assessee has furnished return earlier the tax payable should be computed after reducing a) Amount of Tax paid Earlier

- b) TDS/TCS
  c) Any MAT/AMT credit
- > The aforesaid tax shall be increased by the amount of refund, if any, issued in respect of earlier return.
- > The updated return shall be accompanied by proof of payment of such Tax, additional Tax, interest and fee

## # Computation of additional Tax - The additional tax payable shall be calculated as follows :

f updated return is furnished before completion of 12m from the end of	25 % of aggregate of tax (+ SC - HEC) and interest as computed
the relevant AY  If updated return is furnished after the expiry of 12m but before completion of 24m from the end of	HEC) and meeress as

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