

Foundation \rightarrow Intermediate \rightarrow Final CA 7

RESULT ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM (REP) BATCH

CA FOUNDATION MATHEMATICS

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CA FOUNDATION - MATHMATICS

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SURDS & INDICES

Q1

$$a^{m} \cdot a^{n} = a^{m+n}$$
$$\frac{a^{m}}{a^{n}} = a^{m-n}$$
$$(a^{m})^{n} = a^{mn}$$

01. DEC 2022

$$(2a^{3}b^{4})^{6}$$
 / $(4a^{3}b)^{2} \times (a^{2}b^{2}) =$
a. $4a^{2}b^{3}$ b $4a^{6}b$ c $4a^{10}b^{10}$
d $4a^{10}b^{20}$

02. DEC 2023

$$\frac{9^{n} \times 3^{5} \times 27^{5}}{3 \times 81^{4}} = 27, n = ?$$
a. 2 b 0 c 3 d 4
03. JUNE 2022
 $\sqrt{9^{-8}} \times \sqrt{3^{-5}} = 3a$
a $\frac{2}{21}$ b $\frac{21}{2}$ c $\frac{-21}{2}$ d $\frac{-2}{21}$

- 04. DEC 2020 $\sqrt{9^{-5}} \times \sqrt{3^{-7}} = \sqrt{3^{-a}}$ a. 13 b. 11 c. 15 d. 17
- 05. DEC 2021 if $(\frac{3a}{2b})^2 x - 4 = (\frac{2a}{3b})^2 x - 4$ for some a&b, Find x a. 8 b 6 c 4 d 2
- 06. JUNE 2023 , JUNE 2015
 - $x = y^{a}, y = z^{b}, z = x^{c}$ then abc = ? a. 1 b 2 c 3 d 4

07. NOV 2018 $\frac{2^{m+1} \times 3^{2m-n+3} \times 5^{n+m+4} \times 6^{2n+m}}{6^{2m+n} \times 10^{n+1} \times 15^{m+3}}$ a. 3^{2m-2n} b. 3^{2n-2m} c. 1 d. none

Q2

$$\frac{3^{n+1}+3^{n}}{3^{n+3}-3^{n+1}} = ?$$

a. ¹/₅ b. ¹/₆ c. ¹/₄ d. ¹/₉

- 02. DEC 2009
 - $\frac{2^{n} + 2^{n-1}}{2^{n+1} 2^{n}} = ?$ a. ¹/₂ b. ³/₂ c. ²/₃ d. ¹/₃
- 03. DEC 2021 $6^{n+4} + 3^{n+3}x2^{n+3} = ?$ $5x6^{n} + 6^{n}$ r is e a. 232 b. 242 c. 252 d. 262

04. NOV 2019

$$\left(\frac{\overset{n+1}{4}}{3.\sqrt{3.3^{n}}}\right)^{\frac{1}{n}}$$

a. 1 b. 3 c. 9 d. 27

Q3
$$(a-b)(a^2 + ab + b^2) = a^3-b^3$$

 $(a+b)(a^2 - ab + b^2) = a^3+b^3$

01. JUNE 2014

$$\left[\frac{y^{a}}{y^{b}}\right]a^{2}+ab+b^{2}\left[\frac{y^{b}}{y^{c}}\right]b^{2}+bc+c^{2}\left[\frac{y^{c}}{y^{a}}\right]c^{2}+ca+a^{2}$$

$$=?$$
a. y b. -1 C. 1 d. none of these

02.
$$\left(\frac{x^{a}}{x^{-b}}\right)^{a^{2}-ab+b^{2}}\left(\frac{x^{b}}{x^{-c}}\right)^{b^{2}-bc+c^{2}}\left(\frac{x^{c}}{x^{a}}\right)^{c^{2}-ca+a^{2}}$$

$$ans x^{2}(a^{3}+b^{3}+c^{3})$$

Q4	a ^{1/n}	=	b	\Rightarrow	а	=	b ⁿ
	a ⁿ	=	b	\Rightarrow	а	=	b ^{1/n}

- 01. JUNE 2016 $x = y = 75^{z}$, then $a = \frac{1}{x} + \frac{2}{y} = \frac{1}{z}$ $b = \frac{2}{x} + \frac{1}{y} = \frac{1}{z}$ $c = \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} = \frac{1}{z}$ $d = \frac{1}{z}$ $d = \frac{1}{z}$
- 02. JUNE 2019 $2^{x^2} = 3^{y^2} = 12^{z^2}$, then a. $\frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{1}{y^2} = \frac{1}{z^2}$ b. $\frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{2}{y^2} = \frac{1}{z^2}$ c. $\frac{2}{x^2} + \frac{1}{y^2} = \frac{1}{z^2}$ d. none
- 03. DEC 2017 if $u^{5x} = v^{5y} = w^{5z}$ and $u^2 = vw$ then xy + zx - 2yz =a. 0 b. 1 c. 2 d. none

Q5 $(a+b)^{3} = a^{3} + b^{3} + 3ab(a+b)$ $(a-b)^{3} = a^{3} - b^{3} - 3ab(a-b)$ If a+b+c = 0 then $a^{3}+b^{3}+c^{3}=3abc$

01. JUNE 2009

$$x = 3 + 3$$
, $3x^{3} - 9x = ?$
a. 3 b. 9 c. 12 d. 10

a) abc b) 9abc c) abc/2 d) abc/9

Q6 SURDS

01. DEC 2023 $x = \frac{\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{3}}, \quad y = \frac{\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{3}}$ Find the value of $\frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{1}{y^2}$ a. 63 b 61 c 62 d 60 02. DEC 2021 $a = \frac{\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{3}}, \quad b = \frac{\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{3}}$ Find the value of $a^2 + b^2$ a. 64 b 62 c 60 d 254

- 03. JUNE 2017 $a = \frac{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{5}}$, $b = \frac{\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{5}}$ Find the value of $\frac{1}{a^2} + \frac{1}{b^2}$ a) 486 b) 484 c) 482 d) 500
- 04. NOV 2019 Find the value of $x^2 - 10x + 1$ if $x = \frac{1}{5 - 2\sqrt{6}}$ a. 25 b. 1 c. 0 d. 49

LOGARITHMS

Q1
$$\log (ab) = \log a + \log b$$

 $\log(a/b) = \log a - \log b$
 $\log_a = 1$

01. JUNE 2023

 $\log_{10} x = m+n-1$, $\log_{10} y = m-n$ then express $\log_{10}(100x/y)$ a. 1-m+3n b. m-1+3n c. m+3n+1 d. m²-n²

- 02. DEC 2021 $\log_{10} 3 = x$, $\log_{10} 4 = y$, then $\log_{10} 120 =$ a. x-y+1 b. x+y+1 c. x+y-1 d.2x+y-1
- 03. DEC 2022 $\log_{10} 2 = y$, $\log_{10} 3 = x$, then $\log_{10} 15 = 10^{-10}$ a. x-y+1 b. x+y+1 c. x-y-1 d.y-x+1

Q2
$$\log a^n = n \log a$$

 $\log a = 1$

- 01. JUNE 2023 $\begin{bmatrix} \log_{10} [5\log_{10} 10^{0}] \end{bmatrix}^{2} =$ [a. 1 b. 2 c. 10 d. 25]
- 02. NOV2018

03. SEPT 2024

Log log log 256 + 2log 2 2 4 $\sqrt{2}$ a. 2 b. 3 c. 5 d. 7 04. DEC 2021 Find $log(x^6)$ if $\log x + 2\log(x^2) + 3\log(x^3) = 14$ d. 6 a. 3 b. 4 c. 5 05. JUNE 2019 log 512 : Log 324 3√2 2√2 a. 128 :61 b. 2 :3 C. 3 :2 d. none $\log a + \log b = \log (ab)$ Q3 $\log a - \log b = \log(a/b)$ $\log a^n = n.\log a$ log a = 1 а $\log 1 = 0$ **JUNE 2022** 01. Find the value of $\log \frac{p^2}{qr} + \log \frac{q^2}{pr} + \log \frac{r^2}{pq}$ a. 0 b. 1 c. log pqr d. pqr 02. JULY 2019 $\log_{5}\left(\frac{1+1}{5}\right) + \log_{5}\left(\frac{1+1}{6}\right) + \dots + \log_{5}\left(\frac{1+1}{624}\right)$ a. 2 b. 3 c. 5 d. 0 **Q4**

01.
$$\log xy^2 - \log y = \log(x+y)$$
 then $y =$
a. $\frac{1}{x}$ b. $\frac{x}{x+1}$ c. $\frac{x}{x-1}$ d. none
NOV 2019
02. $\log \left(\frac{x-y}{2}\right) = \frac{1}{2} [\log x + \log y]$, then $x^2 + y^2$
DEC 2017
a. $6xy$ b. $2xy$ c. $3x^2y^2$ d. $4x^2y^2$

03. if
$$x^2+y^2 = 7xy$$
, then $\log \left(\frac{x+y}{3}\right) =$
a. $\log x + \log y$ b. $\frac{1}{2} \left(\log x + \log y\right)$
c. $\frac{1}{3} \left(\log x + \log y\right)$ d. $\frac{1}{3} \left(\log x + \log y\right)$
JUNE 20

JUNE 2014

Q5
$$\log_{b} a = \frac{\log a}{\log b}$$
, $\frac{1}{\log_{b} a} = \log_{b} a$
 $\log_{a} x$
 $a = x$

01. DEC 2022
$$\log_{3}^{4.\log} 4^{5.\log} 5^{6.\log} 6^{7.\log} 7^{8.\log} 8^{9} =$$

a. 3 b 2 c. 1 d. 0

02. NOV 2019
$$\log_{0.01}^{10000} = ?$$

a. 2 b. -2 c. 4 d. -4

03. MAY 2018

$$\log_{a} b \log_{b} c \log_{c} d \log_{d} t$$
a
a
a. t b. abcdt c. a+b+c+d+t
d. none

04. JAN 2021

$$\log_{a} (ab) = x , \text{ then } \log_{b} (ab) =$$

a. $\frac{1}{x}$ b. $\frac{x}{x+1}$ c. $\frac{x}{x-1}$ d. none

Q6
$$\log_{b} a = n \Rightarrow a = b^{n}$$

- 01. JUNE 2022 $\log_{a} \sqrt{3} = 1/6$, then find the value of a a. 3 b. 9 c. 27 d. 81
 - MATHEMATICS

02. JUNE 2018

$$\log_{x} \sqrt[3]{2} = \frac{1}{15}, \quad x = ?$$

a. 2 b. 8 c. 16 d. 32

03. JULY 2021

log ₄ x +	log ₁₆ x -	^{+ log} 64 [×]	+ log 256	x =	25
-					6
Find x,	a. 64	b. 4	c. 16	d.	2

^a Vơranda

RATIO PROPORTION

01. DEC 2022

Four persons A, B, C, D wish to share a sum in the ratio of 5:2:4:3. IF C gets ₹ 1000 more than D , then share of В

a ₹2000 b ₹1500 c ₹2500 d ₹1000

02. JUNE 2019

If ratio of two numbers is 7 :11 and 7 is added to each number then the new ratio will be 2 :3 . The numbers are a. 49,77 b. 42,45 c. 43,42 d. 39,40

03. DEC 2020

The ratio of no. of boys and the no. of girls in a school is found to be 15:32. How many boys and equal number of girls should be added to bring the ratio 2/3 a. 20 b. 19 c. 23 d. 27

04. DEC 2021

In a department ,the number of males and females are in the ratio 3:2. If 2 males and 5 females join department, then the ratio becomes 1 :1 . Initially the number of females in the department is a. 9 b. 6 c. 3 d. 8

05. JAN 2021 JULY 2021

the salaries of A, B and C are in the ratio 2:3:5. If increments of 15%, 10% and 20% are allowed respectively to their salary, then what will be the new ratio of their salaries

a. 3:3:10 b. 10 :11 :20 c. 23 :33 :60 d. can't be determined

06. SEPT 2024

The ratio of incomes of A and B is 5:4 and their expenditure is 3:2. If at the end of the year each saves 1600, then the income of A

a ₹3400 b ₹3600 c ₹4000 d ₹4400

07. DEC 2021

a bag has 105 coins containing some 50 paise and 25 paise coins . The ratio of number of coins is 4:3. The total value (in \mathfrak{F}) in the bag is a. ₹ 43.25 b ₹ 41.25 c. ₹ 39.25

08. JUNE 2022

a bag contains 25 paise , 10 paise and 5 paise coins in the ratio 3:2:1. The total value of the bag is ₹ 40 . Find the number of 5 paise coins

c. 40 b. 48 d. 20 a. 45

09. DEC 2017

The ratio of number of 5 rupee coins to number of 10 rupee coins is 8:15. If the total value of 5 rupee coins is 360, then the number of ten rupee coins is

a. 72 b. 60 c. 150 d. 135

10. DEC 2016 r p r i s e

a bag contains 23 number of coins in the form of 1 rupee , 2 rupee and 5 rupee coins . The total sum of coins is ₹ 43 . The ratio between 1 rupee and 2 rupee coins is 3:2. The number of 1 rupee coins is

a. 12 b. 8 c. 10 d. 16

11. JULY 2021

A :B = 5 :3 , B :C = 6 :7 , C :D = 14 :9 then A :B :C :D a. 20 :14 :12 :9 b. 20 :9 :12 :14 c. 20 :9 :14 :12 d. 20 :12 :14 :9 option d

12. JULY 2017

if a :b = 2 :3 , b :c = 4 :5 , c :d = 6 :7 , then a :d is a. 24:35 b. 8:15 c. 16 :35 d. 7 :15

MATHEMATICS

K. SHAH

a, b, c are in proportion, then $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{b}{c},$ $b^{2} = ac, b = mean proportion$ a, b, c, d are in proportion then $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d}, d = fourth proportion$

13. SEPT 2024

The mean proprotional between $12x^2$ & $27y^2$ is a. 18xy b. 81xy c. 8xy d.19.5xy

14. DEC 2015

Find the ratio of third proportional of 12,

30 and mean proportional of 9,25

a. 7 : 2 b. 5 : 1 c. 9 : 4 d. none

15. JUNE 2024

if the 4 nos. $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{6}$, $\frac{1}{10}$ and $\frac{1}{x}$ are proportional, then what is the value of x a. 14 b. 15 c. 10 d. 1/12

16. DEC 2015

What must be added to each of the numbers 10, 18, 22, 38 to make them proportional

a. 5 b. 2 c. 3 d. 9

FOR x : y DUPLICATE RATIO = $X^2 : Y^2$ TRIPLICATE RATIO = $X^3 : Y^3$ SUB DUPLICATE RATIO = $\sqrt{X} : \sqrt{Y}$ SUB TRIPLICATE RATIO = $^3\sqrt{X} : ^3\sqrt{Y}$ 17. MAY 2018

if p:q is the sub duplicate ratio of $p-x^2:q-x^2$, then x^2 is a. p/p+q b. q/p+q c. pq/p+q d. none

18. NOV 2018

3x-2/5x+6 is the duplicate ratio of 2/3 . Find x a 6 b. 2 c. 5 d. 9

19. DEC 2022

a group of 400 soldiers [posted at the border area had provisions for 31 days . After 28 days , 280 soldiers were called back from the border . Find the number of days for which remaining ration will be sufficient ?

a 3 b 6 c 8 d 10

20. JUNE 2015

If one type of rice of cost ₹ 13.84 is mixed with another type of rice of cost ₹ 15.54 , the mixture is sold at ₹ 17.60 with a profit of 14.6% on selling price , then in which proportion the two types of rice is mixed

a. 3:7 b. 5:7 c. 7:9 d. 9:1

21. JUNE 2023

Mr Ram invested a total amount of 1,00,000 in two different banks for a fixed period . The first bank yields an interest of 9% per annum and second 11% per annum . If the total interest at the end of one year is 9.75% per annum , then the total amount invested in these banks are respectively

a. ₹ 52500, ₹ 47,500
b. ₹ 62,500, ₹ 37,500
c. ₹ 57500 , ₹ 42,500

d. ₹ 67500 , ₹ 32500

J.K. SHAH

LINEAR INEQUALITIES

01. DEC 2023

solution of the inequality

$$\frac{5-2x}{3} \le \frac{x}{6} - 5$$

a) $x \ge 8$
b) $x \ge 7$
c) $x \le 80/3$
d) $x \ge 40/3$

02. DEC 2022

2x+5 > 3x+2 and $2x-3 \le 4x-5$

then x can take from the following values a. 3 b. -1 c. 2 d. -3

03. DEC 2023 MTP II

 $2 \le \frac{3x-2}{5} \le 4$, $x \in N$, Solve for x a.{5,6,7} b.{3,4,5,6} c.{4,5,6} d.{4,5,6,7}

04. NOV 2019

Solution set of the inequation x+2>0 and 2x-6 >0 is a. $(-2,\infty)$ b. $(3,\infty)$ c. $(-\infty,-2)$ d. $(-\infty,-3)$

05. JUNE 2022 K. SHAH[®] a Veranda

a labour can be paid under two methods given below nterprise root see

1. ₹ 600 fixed and ₹ 50 per hour

2. ₹ 170 per hour .

If a labour job work takes `x' hours to complete , find out the value of \boldsymbol{x} for which the method

(ii) gives the labour better wages

a. 6 b. 4 c. 3 d. 2

06. JUNE 2023

the largest side of a triangle is 3 times the shortest side and the third side is 4 cm shorter than the largest side . If the perimeter of the traingle is at least 59 cm , what is the length of the shortest side

a) < 7 cm b) \geq 7 cm c. < 9 cm d. \geq 9 cm

07. JUNE 2019

employer recruits experienced (x) and fresh workmen(y) for his under the condition that he cannot employ more than 11 people. x and y can be related by the inequality

a. $x+y \neq 11$ b. $x+y \leq 11$, $x \geq 0, y \geq 0$ c. $x+y \geq 11$, $x \geq 0, y \geq 0$ d. none of these

08. JUNE 2023 JUNE 2024

in a garment factory , an average experienced tailor can stitch 5 shirts while a fresh tailor can stitch 3 shirts daily , but the employer has to maintain an output of at least 30 shirts stitched per day . This can be formulated as

a. $5x+3y \le 30$ b. 5x+3y > 30 c. $5x+3y \ge 30$, $x \ge 0$, $y \ge 0$ d. $5x+3y \le 30$, $x \ge 0$, $y \ge 0$

09. JUNE 2023

A fertilizer company produces two types of fertilizers called grade I and grade II . Each of these types is processed through a critical chemical plant unit . The plant has maximum of 180 hours available in a week . Manufacturing one bag of grade I fertilizer requires 4 hours in the plant . Manufacturing one bag of grade II fertilizer requires 10 hours in the plant . express this using linear inequalities

a. $2x_1 + 5x_2 \le 180$ b. $4x_1 + 10x_2 > 180$ c. $2x_1 + 5x_2 > 180$ d. $4x_1 + 10x_2 \le 180$

10. SEPT 2024

a dietician wishes to mix two kinds of food so that vitamin contents of the mixture is at least 45 units of carb , 25 units of protien ,15 units of fat and 15 units of fibre . content of each food is shown below Enterprise Carb Protien Fibre Fat Food I 20 5 3 2 Food II 2 4 5 10

Assuming x units of food I is mixed with y units of food II, the situation can be expressed as a. $20x + 10y \le 45$, $5x + 2y \ge 25$, $3x + 4y \le 15$, $2x + 5y \ge 15$, $x \ge 0$, $y \ge 0$ b. $20x + 10y \le 45$, $5x + 2y \ge 25$, $3x + 4y \le 15$, $2x + 5y \ge 15$, $x \ge 0$, $y \ge 0$ c. $20x + 10y \ge 45$, $5x + 2y \ge 25$, $3x + 4y \ge 15$, $2x + 5y \ge 15$, $x \ge 0$, $y \ge 0$ d. $20x + 10y \le 45$, $5x + 2y \le 25$, $3x + 4y \ge 15$, $2x + 5y \ge 15$, $x \ge 0$, $y \ge 0$

11. JUNE 2022 MTP II

the rules and regulations demand that the employer should employ not more than 5 experienced hands (x) to 1 fresh one (y). This is represented by

a. $y \ge x/5$ b. $5y \le x$ c. $y \ge 5x$ d.none

12. DEC 2021

XYZ company has a policy for recruitment as it should not recruit more than 8 men (x) to 3 women (y). Express this as an inequality

a. $3y \ge 8x$ b. $3y \le x/8$ c. $8y \ge 3x$ d. $8y \le 3x$

MATHEMATICS

/dranda

13. JUNE 2019



14. DEC 2021

The region indicated by the shaded portion in the graph is expressed by the inequalities



15. DEC 2018

on solving $5x+y \le 100$, $x+y \le 60$, $x \ge 0$, $y \ge 0$ we get following situations

- a. (0,0),(20,0),(10,50),(0,60)
- b. (0,0),(60,0),(10,50),(0,60)
- c. (0,0),(20,0),(0,100),(10,50)
- d. None of these

16. JUNE 2023

On solving $6x+y \geq 18$, $x+4y \geq 12$, $2x+y \geq 10$, x,y > 0 , we get following solution

- a. (0,18), (12,0), (4,2), (2,6)
- b. (3,0) , (0,3) , (4,2) , (2,6)
- c. (5,0), (0,10), (4,2), (2,6)
- d. (0,18),(12,0),(4,2),(0,0),(2,6)

J.K. SHAH

17. NOV 2019

The solution of $2x+y \geq 12$, $5x+8y \geq 74$, $x+6y \geq 24$, $x,\,y \geq 0$ is given by

- a (24,0) (126/11,23/11), (2,8), (0,12)
- b (0,24), (2,8), (0,12), (126/11,23/11)
- c (8,4), (2,8), (0,12), (0,24)
- d (8,4), (0,0), (0,6), (2,0)



EQUATIONS

Q1

01. DEC 2022

the solution of the following system of linear equation 2x-5y+4=0 & 2x+y-8=0 is a. (2–3) b. (1–4) c. (3,2) d.(–2,2)

- 02. DEC 2014
 - x+5y = 33, $\frac{x+y}{x-y} = \frac{13}{3}$ a. (4,8) b. (8,5) c. (4,16) d.(16,4)
- 03. JUNE 2017 , MAY 2018
 - $\frac{3}{x+y} + \frac{2}{x-y} = -1, \quad \frac{1}{x+y} \frac{1}{x-y} = \frac{4}{3}$ a. (2,1) b. (1,2) c. (-1,2) d.(-2,1)
- 04. JUNE 2022 Solve for x and y $\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)x + \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)y = a^2 + b^2$ & x + y = 2ab
 - a. (a/b,b/a) <u>b</u>. (ab,ab)
 - c. 3ab , -ab d. -3ab , ab
- 05. MAY 2018 , JUNE 2016 if $2^{x+y} = 2^{2x-y} = \sqrt{8}$, x,y ? a. 1, $\frac{1}{2}$ b. $\frac{1}{2}$,1 c. $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{2}$
- 06. DEC 2019 Solve $4^{x}.8^{y} = 128$, $3^{x}/27^{y} = 1/3$ a. 2,1 b. -2,1 c. 2,-1 d. 1,2
- 07. DEC 2020 SOLVE $m + \sqrt{m} = 6/25$ a. 2/25 b 1/25 c. 3/25 d. 1

MATHEMATICS

- 08. DEC 2023
 - $2^{x} = 4^{y} = 8^{z}$ and $\frac{1}{2x} + \frac{1}{4y} + \frac{1}{6z} = \frac{24}{7}$ then the value of z =a) $\frac{7}{16}$ b. $\frac{7}{32}$ c. $\frac{7}{48}$ d $\frac{7}{64}$
- 09. JUNE 22 MTP I
 - if abc = 2, then the value of



- 10. JUNE 2016
 - $\frac{x^{2} (y z)^{2}}{(x + z)^{2} y^{2}} + \frac{y^{2} (x z)^{2}}{(x + y)^{2} z^{2}} + \frac{z^{2} (x y)^{2}}{(y + z)^{2} x^{2}} = ?$ a. 0 b. 1 c. -1 d. none
- 11. JULY 21 if xy + yz + zx = -1 then the value of

$$\frac{x+y}{1+xy} + \frac{z+y}{1+zy} + \frac{x+z}{1+xz} =$$
a) xyz b $\frac{-1}{yz}$ c $\frac{1}{xyz}$ d $\frac{1}{x+y+z}$

Q2

01. DEC 2022

a man wants to cut three lengths from a single piece of board of length 91 cm . Second length is 3 cm longer than shortest and 3rd is twice as much as shortest one . Find the length of shortest piece a. 15 b. 18. c. 20 d. 22

02. DEC 2023

Divide 27 into 2 parts so that 5 times the first and 11 times the second together equal to 195 , then ratio of first and second part is

a) 17 :10 b) 15 :12 c) 14 :13 d) 16 :11

03. DEC 2022

if the cost of 3 bags and 4 pens is 257 where as the cost of 4 bags and 3 pens is 324, then the cost of one bag is a. 8 b. 24 c. 32 d. 75

04. JULY 2021

cost of 2 oranges and 3 apples is 28 . If the cost of an apple is doubled , then the cost of 3 oranges and 5 apples is 75 . Original cost of 7 oranges and 4 apples a. 59 b. 47 c. 71 d. 63

05. SEPT 2024

A person purchased 2 apples and 5 bananas at the cost of Rs 90 . Later he visited another shop where shopkeeper told him that if you give me Rs 50 and 1 banana , I can give you 3 apples . he agreed to the deal . What is the cost of one apple and one banana

a.15,10 b. 10,15 c. 10,20 d. 20,10

06. JUNE 2024

fraction becomes 1 when 3 is added to numerator & 1 is added to denominator . But when numerator and denominator are decreased by 2 and 1 respectively it becomes $\frac{1}{2}$. The denominator of the fraction is

a. 5 b. 6 C. 7 d. 8

07. JUNE 2023

the age of a persons is FOUR TIMES the sum of the ages of his two son's and after 10 years his age will be double the sum of their ages . Find his present age A. 56 B. 45 C. 60 D. 64

08. JUNE 2015

the age of a persons is 8 years more than thrice the sum of the ages of his two grandson's who were twins and after 8 years his age will 10 years more than twice the sum of their ages . Find his when twins were born

A. 86 B. 73 C. 68 D. 63

09. JUNE 2019

A NUMBER CONSISTS OF TWO DIGITS . THE DIGIT IN THE ONE'S PLACE IS 3 TIMES THE DIGIT IN THE TEN'S PLACE . IF 36 IS ADDED , THE DIGITS GET REVERSED . THE NUMBER IS

A. 62 B. 26 C. 39 D. NONE

10. SEPT 2024

A NUMBER CONSISTS OF TWO DIGITS . THE DIGIT IN THE TEN'S PLACE IS 3 TIMES THE DIGIT IN THE ONE'S PLACE . IF 54 IS SUBTRACTED , THE DIGITS GET REVERSED . THE NUMBER IS

A. 39 B. 62 C. 93 D. 31

nda

CA FOUNDATION

11. JUNE 2017 , MAY 2018

IF SIDES C	OF AN EC	QUIL	ATE	RAL	TRI	ANG	LE A	RE
SHORTENE	D BY	3	,	4	,	5	UN	ITS
RESPECTIV	'ELY ,	Α	RIG	ΗT	TR	[ANC	GLE	IS
FORMED	. THE	SI	DE	OF	ΕÇ	UIL	ATEF	RAL
TRIANGLE	IS							
A. 6	B. 7		C.	8		d.	10	

12. DEC 2021

in a MCQ type question paper of 100Q's of 1 mark each , candidate score 60% marks . Candidate attempted all Q's and there was a penalty of 0.25marks for wrong answers . The difference between the number of right answers and wrong answers will be

a. 32 b. 36 c. 40 d. 38

13. JUNE 2015

NUMBER OF STUDENTS IN EACH SECTION OF A SCHOOL IS 36 . AFTER ADMITTING 12 NEW STUDENTS , FOUR NEW SECTIONS ARE STARTED . IF TOTAL STUDENTS IN EACH SECTION NOW IS 30 , THEN NUMBER OF SECTION INITIALLY WERE

A. 6 B. 10 C. 14 D. 18

14. JUNE 2015

A PERSON ON A TOUR HAS RS 9600 FOR HIS EXPENSES . BUT THE TOUR GOT EXTENDED FOR ANOTHER 16 DAYS SO HE HAS TO CUT DOWN HIS DAILY EXPENSES BY RS 20 . THE ORIGINAL DURATION OF THE TOUR IS A. 48 B. 64 C. 80 D. 96



K. SHAH

QUADRATIC & CUBIC EQUATION

Q1 Q.E.:
$$x^2 - Sx + P = 0$$

01. DEC 2015, MAY 2018

If α and β be the roots of Q.E. such that $\alpha+\beta = -2$ and $\alpha\beta = -3$. Find the Q.E. a. $x^2+2x-7 = 0$ [b. $x^2+2x-3 = 0$ c. $x^2-2x-3 = 0$ d. $x^2-2x+7 = 0$

02. JUNE 2023

if α and β are roots of the equation $x^2 - 2x - 3 = 0$, then equation whose roots are $\alpha + \beta$ and $\alpha - \beta$ is a. $x^2 - 6x - 8 = 0$ b. $x^2 - 6x + 8 = 0$ c. $x^2 + 6x + 8 = 0$ d. $x^2 + 6x - 8 = 0$

if
$$lpha$$
 = p+ $\sqrt{\mathsf{q}}$, then eta = p- $\sqrt{\mathsf{q}}$

03. Find quadratic equation whose one root is $6 + \sqrt{11}$ ans $x^2 - 12x + 25 = 0$

04. JUNE 2012

If one of the roots of the equation $x^2+px+a = 0$ is $\sqrt{3}+2$, then find the value of p and a a. -4,-1 b. 4,-1 c. -4,1 d. 4,1

05. DEC 2021

When roots of quadratic equation are α , $^1/_\alpha$, then what will be the quadratic equation

a.
$$\alpha x^{2} - (\alpha^{2} + 1)x + \alpha = 0$$

b. $\alpha x^{2} - (\alpha^{2} + 1)x + 1 = 0$
c. $\alpha x^{2} - \alpha^{2}x + 1 = 0$

d. None of these

06. JUNE 2012

If airthmetic mean between roots of a quadratic equation is 8 and the geometric mean between them is 5 , then the equation is

a.
$$x^{2}-16x-25 = 0$$

b) $x^{2}-16x+25 = 0$
c. $x^{2}-16x+5 = 0$ d. none of these

07. DEC 2018

if one root is half of the other of quadratic equation and difference in roots is a , then quadratic equation is

a.
$$x^{2}+ax+2a^{2}=0$$

b. $x^{2}-3ax-2a^{2}=0$
c. $x^{2}-3ax+2a^{2}=0$
d. $x^{2}+3ax-2a^{2}=0$

Q2 if α , β are roots of the equation $ax^{2}+bx+c=0$, $\alpha+\beta = {}^{-b}/a$, $\alpha\beta = {}^{c}/a$

01. JUNE 2022

if roots of $5z^2+13z+y = 0$ are reciprocals of each other , then find the positive value of y .

a. 1/5 b. -1/5 c. 5 d. -5

02. JUNE 2010

if roots of $3x^2-14x-k = 0$ are reciprocals of each other , then find the value of k . a. -3 b. 0 c. 3 d. 14

J.K. SHAH

Q3 if α , β are roots of the equation $ax^{2}+bx+c=0$, $\alpha+\beta = {}^{-b}/a$, $\alpha\beta = {}^{c}/a$ $\alpha^{2}+\beta^{2} = (\alpha+\beta)^{2}-2\alpha\beta$

01. DEC 2012

If α and β are roots of $2x^2 + 3x + 7 = 0$, find $\alpha\beta^{-1} + \beta\alpha^{-1}$ a. 2 b. $^3/_7$ c. $^7/_2$ d. $^{-19}/_{14}$

02. JULY 2021

if α , β are the roots of $2x^2+5x+k = 0$ & $4(\alpha^2+\beta^2+\alpha\beta) = 23$ then a. $k^2+3k-2 = 0$ b. $k^2-2k+3 = 0$ c. $k^2-2k-3 = 0$ d. $k^2-3k+2 = 0$

03. DEC 2023

IF $\alpha \& \beta$ are roots of equation $x^{2} - (n^{2}+1)x + \frac{1}{2}(n^{4}+n^{2}+1) = 0$ then $\alpha^{2}+\beta^{2} =$ a. 2n b. n^{2} c. $2n^{2}$ d. n^{3}

Q4 if α , β are roots of the equation $ax^{2}+bx+c=0$, $\alpha+\beta = {}^{-b}/a$, $\alpha\beta = {}^{c}/a$ $\alpha^{3}+\beta^{3} = (\alpha+\beta)^{3}-3\alpha\beta(\alpha+\beta)$

01. DEC 2023 if α and β are roots of $x^2-4x+1 = 0$, then the value of $\alpha^3+\beta^3$ a - 76 b 76 c - 52 d 52

02. JUNE 2011

if α and β are roots of $x^2 + x + r = 0$, & $\alpha^3 + \beta^3 = -6$. Find r a) $-\frac{5}{3}$ b) $\frac{7}{3}$ c) $-\frac{4}{3}$ d) 1

03. JUNE 2017 , MAY 2018

if α and β are roots of $x^2+x+5 = 0$, then the value of $\frac{\alpha^2+\beta^2}{\beta}$ a $\frac{^{16}}{_5}$ b 2 c 3 d $\frac{^{14}}{_5}$

$$a = \frac{1}{5}$$
 b 2 c 3 d

04. JUNE 2015

If α and β are roots of $2x^2 - 4x = 1$ find $\frac{\alpha^2}{\beta} + \frac{\beta^2}{\alpha}$ a. -11 b. 22 c. -22 d. 11

05. NOV 2018

if α and β are roots of $x^2 + 7x + 12 = 0$, then the value of $\frac{\alpha^2}{\beta} + \frac{\beta^2}{\alpha}$ a. $\frac{-12}{91}$ b $\frac{-12}{91}$ C $\frac{-91}{12}$ d $\frac{91}{12}$

Q5 if
$$\alpha$$
, β are roots of the equation
 $ax^{2}+bx+c=0$,
 $\alpha+\beta = {}^{-b}/a$, $\alpha\beta = {}^{c}/a$
 $(\alpha-\beta)^{2} = (\alpha+\beta)^{2} - 4\alpha\beta$

01. DEC 2017



02. JAN 2021

The value of p for which the difference between the roots of equation $x^{2}+px+8 = 0$ is 2 a. ± 2 b. ± 4 c. ± 6 d. ± 8

03. JUNE 2016

if the difference between the roots of the equation $x^2-kx+8=0$ is 4 then the value of k is a. 0 b. ± 4 c. $\pm 8\sqrt{3}$ d. $\pm 4\sqrt{3}$

04. JUNE 2013

:15:

If α , β are roots of $x^2+7x+11=0$ then the equation whose roots are $(\alpha+\beta)^2, (\alpha-\beta)^2$ a. $x^2-54x+245=0$ b. $x^2-14x+49=0$ c. $x^2-24x+144=0$ d. $x^2-50x+49=0$

J.K. SHAH

Q6 if α , β are roots of the equation $ax^2+bx+c=0$, $\alpha + \beta = {}^{-b}/a$, $\alpha\beta = {}^{c}/a$ 01. 1UNE 2019 If one root of $ax^2+bx+c = 0$ is twice the other then a. $2b^2 = 3ac$ b. $b^2 = 3ac$ c. $2b^2 = 9ac$ d. none of these 02. DEC 2011 If roots of $4x^2-6x+p = 0$ are in ratio 1 :2, then find the value of p a. 1 bl 2 c. -2 d. -1 03. DEC 2010 If roots of $12x^2 + kx + 5 = 0$ are in ratio 3:2, then find the value of k a. $\frac{5}{12}$ b. $\frac{12}{5}$ c. $\frac{5\sqrt{10}}{2}$ d. $5\sqrt{10}$ 04. DEC 2022 if the roots of the equation $x^2-px+q=0$ are in ratio 2 :3 then a. $p^2 = 25q$ b. $p^2 = 6q$ c. $6p^3 = 5q$ d. $6p^2 = 25q$ O7 For equal roots , $b^2 - 4ac = 0$ 01. DEC 2012 Find k for which roots of the equation x^2 -2kx+16 = 0 are equal a. ± 1 b. ± 2 c. ± 3 d. ± 4 02. DEC 2015 Find k for which roots of the equation $4x^2 - 12x + k = 0$ are equal a. 144 b. 9 c. 5 d. none 03. DEC 2022 What will be the value of k , if the roots of the equation $(k-4)x^{2}-2kx+(k+5) = 0$ are equal

> a. 18 b. 20 MATHEMATICS

Q8

 $HM(a,b) = \frac{2ab}{a+b}$

01. JAN 2021

The	harmonic	mean	of	the	roots	of
(5+√	2)x ² -(4+\	5)x + 8	8+2	√5 =	0 is	
a. 2	b. 4	C	:. 6		d. 8	

QE: [2,3]	QE: [¹ / ₂ , ¹ / ₃]
S = 5 , P = 6	S = $\frac{5}{6}$, P = $\frac{1}{6}$
$x^2 - Sx + P = 0$	$x^2 - Sx + P = 0$
$x^2 - 5x + 6 = 0$	$x^{2}-^{5}/_{6}x+^{1}/_{6} = 0$
	2

$$6x^2 - 5x + 1 = 0$$

a & c have exchanged places

Conclusion :

Q.E.[
$$\alpha,\beta$$
]
Q.E.[$1/\alpha,1/\beta$] ax²+bx+c = 0
cx²+bx+a = 0

02. JUNE 2024

if α and β are the roots of the equation $ax^{2}+bx+c = 0$, then the equation whose roots are $1/\alpha$ and $1/\beta$ is a. $cx^{2}-bx+a=0$ (b. $cx^{2}+bx+a=0$ c. $x^{2}+bx+a=0$ d. $x^{2}+bx-a=0$

03. JUNE 2018

:16:

If the roots of $kx^2-3x-1 = 0$ are the reciprocal of the roots of $x^2+3x-4 = 0$ then k = ? a. 4 b. -4 c. 3 d. -3

29 CUBIC EQUATION

 $ax^{3} + bx^{2} + cx + d = 0$ $\alpha + \beta + \gamma = S = \frac{-b}{a}, \ \alpha \beta \gamma = P = \frac{-d}{a}$

- 01. DEC 2023 , JUNE 2014 roots of the equation $x^{3} + x^{2} - x - 1 = 0$ a. 1,-1,-1 b. 1,1,-1 c. -1,-1 d. 1,1,1
- 02. DEC 2019 THE ROOTS OF THE EQUATION $x^{3} + 9x^{2} - x - 9 = 0$
- 03. DEC 2020 RATIONAL ROOTS OF THE EQUATION $2x^{3} - x^{2} - 4x + 2 = 0$ a. -2 b. 2 c. $\frac{1}{2}$ d. $-\frac{1}{2}$
- 04. DEC 2017 THE ROOTS OF THE EQUATION $x^{3} + 7x^{2} - 21x - 27 = 0$ a. -3, -9-1 b 3, -9, -1 c. 3, 9, 1 d. -3, 9, 1
- 05. DEC 2023 the solution of cubic equation $x^{3}-23x^{2}+142x-120 = 0$ is given by a. 1,10,12 b. 1,-10,12 c. -1,-10,-12 d. 1,10,-12ⁱ
- 06. SEPT 2024

If one root of the cubic equation $3x^3 - 5x^2 - 11x - 3 = 0$ is -1/3 then the other roots are a. 1,3 b. -1,3 c. 1,-3 d. -1,-3

07. Find value of k if 2 is a root of the equation $3x^2-2kx+5 = 0$ a. $\frac{17}{4}$ b. $\frac{4}{17}$ c. $\frac{-17}{4}$ d. $\frac{-4}{17}$ 08. JULY 2021 Find value of k if 2 is a root of the following cubic equation $x^{3} - (k+1)x + k = 0$ a.2 b. 6 c. 1 d. 4

09. JULY 2018 If roots of, $x^3 - 15x^2 + kx - 45 = 0$ are in A.P., find the value of k a. 56 b. 59 c. -56 d. -59

J.K. SHAH	CA FOUNDATION
TIME VALUE OF MONEY	
SIMPLE INTEREST	
$SI = \frac{Pnr}{100}, A = P + SI = P + \frac{Pnr}{100} \Rightarrow A = P \begin{pmatrix} 1 + \frac{nr}{100} \end{pmatrix}$	
Q1 $A = P + \frac{Pnr}{100}$	
01. Manoj invests ₹ 12,000 at 6% per annum SIMPLE INTERES	ST to obtain a total amount of
₹ 14,880 . What is the time for which the amount was invested	1
a. 3 years b. 4 years c. 2 years d. 5 years	[DEC 2023]
02. an investor is saving to pay off an obligation of ₹ 15,250 which investor is earning 7.5% S.I. rate per annum , he must deposit	ch will be due in 7 years . If the t ₹ to meet the obligation
a.₹8000 b.₹9000 c.₹10000 d.₹11000	[DEC 2022]
03. in SI , a certain sum of money amounts to ₹ 59000 in 3 year principal amount and rate of interest	rs and ₹ 62000 in 4 years . Find
a. ₹ 50000,6% b. ₹ 45000,4.5% c. ₹ 55000,5% d. ₹ 52	000,7% [DEC 2021]
Q2 DIFFERENCE IN S.I. S E n t	erprise
01. Two equal sum was lent at simple interest at 15% p.a. for 3	$\frac{1}{2}$ yrs and 5 yrs respectively . If
a. ₹ 620 [b.] ₹ 640 c. ₹ 820 d. ₹ 840	[JAN 2021]
02 Mr X invest 90,500 in post office at 7.5% p.a. SI . While c taken as 5.7% p.a The difference in amounts of maturity is the sum was invested .	alculating the rate was wrongly 9774 . Find the period for which
a. 7 years b. 5.8 years c. 6 years d. 8 years	[DEC 2012]
A = P(1+1), $A = Future Val.$, $P = Present Value$	
r = rate per compounding period ,	
in _ no. of times the money is compounded	
Q1 FIND AMOUNT/ F.V.	

01. Mr X makes a deposit of ₹ 50,000 in a bank for 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ years . If the rate of interest is 12% p.a. compounded HALF YEARLY , then maturity value is , Given $(1.06)^5 = 1.3382$

J.K. SHAH GLASSES ENterprise	CA FOUNDATION
a ₹ 66,910 b ₹ 66,123 c ₹ 67,925 d ₹ 65,550 02. if ₹ 10,000 is invested at 8% per year COMPOUNDED QUAR investment after 2 years is	[DEC 2023] TERLY , then the value of
 a. ₹ 10,716.59 b. ₹ 11,716.59 c. ₹ 117.1659 d. 03. the present population of a town is 25000. If it grows at the rate 2nd & 3rd year respectively, then find the population after 3 years a. 29484 b. 29844 c. 29448 d. 28994 	none [NOV 2018] of 4% , 5% , 8% during 1 st , [DEC 2019]
Q2 FIND PRESENT VALUE	
 01. Jonny wants to have 2,00,000 in his saving account after three offered by bank is 8% p.a. COMPOUNDED ANNUALLY . How mutachieve his target amount . a. ₹ 1,47,489.10 b. ₹ 1,58,766.44 c. ₹ 1,71,035.59 	years . The rate of interest ch should he invest today to [JUNE 2023] d. ₹ 1,84,417.96
 02. It needs to pay ₹ 5,00,000 after 10 years . He invested a sum interest COMPOUNDED HALF YEARLY. How much amount be invest a. ₹ 397321 b. ₹ 207321 c. ₹ 297321 d. ₹ 34032 Q3 FIND COMPOUND INTEREST C.1. = P[(1+i)ⁿ-1] 	in a scheme at 9 % rate of ted (1.045 ²⁰ = 2.41171) 21 [DEC 2021] r p r i s e
01. Ram borrowed ₹ 5000 @ 12.5% p.a compound interest . The years .The total interest paid by him approximately is (1+0.125) a. ₹ 2119 b. ₹ 2200 c. ₹ 2000 d. ₹ 2500	e money was repaid after 3 ³ = 1.4238 [JUNE 2024]
02. Compute the compound interest on 6,000 for 1 ¼ years a COMPOUNDED QUARTERLY a ₹ 642 b ₹ 630.78 c ₹ 634.68 d ₹ 624.48	at 8% p.a. Interest will be [DEC 2023]
03. what is the CI on sum of ₹ 12600 for 1 ½ year at 20% p.a. if HALF YEARLY a. ₹ 4271 b. ₹ 4171 c. ₹ 4711 d. ₹ 4117	the interest is COMPOUNDED [JULY 2021]

04. Mr Prakash invested money in two schemes A and B offering compound interest at the rate of 8% and 9% p.a respectively . If the total amount of interest accrued through two schemes

J.K	SHAH	a Veranda Enterprise	CA FOUNDATION
	together in tw	wo years was ₹ 4818.30 and total amount invested	was ₹ 27000 . What was the
	amount invest	ted in scheme A	
	a.₹12000	b.₹12500 c.₹13000 d.₹13500	[DEC 2022]
Q	4 CI - SI	$= P[(1+i)^n - 1 - ni]$	
01.	the difference	e between the compound interest amount and the	simple interest amount for a
	period of 2 ye a.P x r ²	ears at a simple interest of r is b. P x r/2 c. P x 2 x r d. P ² x r	[JUNE 2024]
02.	the difference	e between SI and CI on a certain sum invested for 2	years at 5% p.a. is ₹ 30 Find
	principal amo a. ₹ 10,000	unt is b. ₹ 12,000 c. ₹ 13,000 d. none	[DEC 2016]
03.	Difference be of interest pe	etween CI and SI on an amount of ₹15000 for er annum a.9% b.8% c.11% d.10%	2 years is ₹ 96 . What is rate [DEC 2022]
04.	the difference	e between SI and CI on a certain sum invested for 3	years at 6% p.a. is ₹ 110.16
	Find principal a. ₹ 3,000	amount is b. ₹ 3,700 c. ₹ 12,000 d. ₹ 10,000	[JUNE 2023]
Q	5 DEPRECIA	ATION	
	V = P(1 - 1)	i) ⁿ . P = initial price/cost of M/c	
	(-	V = value of M/c after n years / Scrap V	Value
		i = rate of depreciation	
_			
01.	a machine cos	sting \gtrless 1,00,000 has useful life of 10 years . If the crap value of the machine at the end of life $(0.88)^1$	rate of depreciation is 12% , $^{0} = 0.27850$
	a ₹ 25,850	b ₹ 26,850 c ₹ 27,850 d ₹ 28,850	[DEC 2023]
02.	The value of	furniture depreciates by 10% a year . If the prese	nt value of the furniture is ₹
	21870 , calcul	late the value of furniture 3 years ago	
	a. < 30,000	D. < 35,000 C. < 40,000 a. < 50000	
Q	6 FIND PE	RIOD	
01.	at 8% compo	unded annually , how long will it take ₹ 750 to doub	le
	a. 6.5 years	b. 48 months C. 9 years d. 12 years	[JUNE 2024]
02.	the populatio	n of a town increases every year by 2% of the po	opulation at the beginning of
	a. 15 b.	e number of years by which the total increase of pop 17 c. 19 d. 20	JUIATION DE 40% IS [JUNE 2023]
	MATHEMA	TICS 🗧 : 20 :	

03. a machine depreciates at 10% of its value at the beginning of a year. The cost and scrap value realized at the time of sale being ₹ 23,240 and ₹ 9,000 respectively. For how many years the machine was put to use
a. 7 b. 8 c. 9 d. 10 [JUNE 2023]

CA FOUNDATION

- 01. if the initial investment of ₹ 4,00,000 becomes ₹ 6,00,000 in 24 months , then the compound annual growth rate (CAGR) is a. 30.33% b.22.4% c. 19.46% d. 14.47% [DEC 2023]
- O2. You bought a painting 10 years ago as an investment . You originally paid ₹ 85000 for it . If you sold it for ₹ 4,84,050, what was your annual return on investment
 a. 47%
 b. 4.7%
 c. 19%
 d. 12.8%
 [JUNE 2024]
- 03. 10 years ago the earnings per share (EPS) of ABC ltd was ₹ 5 per share . If EPS for this year is ₹ 22 . Compute at what rate , EPS of the company grow annually .
 a. 15.97% b. 16.77% c. 18.64% d. 14.79% [DEC 2022]
- 04. Mr. Paul invested ₹ 1,00,000 in a mutual fund scheme in January 2018. After one year in January 2019, she got a dividend amounting to ₹ 10,000 for first year, ₹ 12000 for second year, ₹ 16000 for third year, ₹ 18000 for fourth year and ₹ 21000 for the fifth year in January 2023. What is CAGR of dividend return? [JUNE 2023]
 a. 20.38% b. 18.59% c. 16.36% d. 15.89%

Q8 KUCH KATKE

- 01. if ₹ 64 amounts to ₹ 83.20 in 2 years , what will ₹ 86 amount to in 4 years at the same rate prevent per annum
 - a. ₹ 127.60 b. ₹ 147.60 c. ₹ 145.34 d. ₹ 117.60 [DEC 2022]
- 02. What is the present value of an investment that pays ₹ 400 at the end of 3 years and ₹ 500 at the end of 6 years
 a. ₹ 320 b. ₹ 335 c. ₹ 340 d. ₹ 280 [JUNE 2024]

Q9 EFFECTIVE RATE $E = [(1+i)^{n}-1]x100$

01. Find the effective rate of interest if an amount of ₹ 40,000 is deposited in a bank for 1 year at the rate of 10% COMPOUNDED SEMI – ANNUALLY

J.K. SHAH CLASSES Enterprise	CA FOUNDATION
a. 10.20% b. 10.05% c. 10.25% d. 10.10%	[JUNE 2024]
02. the nominal rate of interest is 10% per annum . The interest in The effective rate of interest per annum will be	s COMPOUNDED QUARTERLY
a. 10 % b. 10.10% c. 10.25% d. 10.38%	[JUNE 2023]

03. you are considering two investments . Investment A yields 10% compounded quarterly . Investment B yields r% compounded semiannually . Both investments have equal annual yields . Find r
a. 19.875% b. 10% c. 10.38% d. 10.125% [JUNE 2024]

ANNUTIY (FUTURE VALUE / PRESENT VALUE) F.V. = $A\left[\left(\frac{1+i}{i}\right)^{n}-1\right]$, annuities happen at the END of every period = $A\left[\left(\frac{1+i}{i}\right)^{n}-1\right](1+i)$, annuities happen at the START of every period where A - instalment/annuity , i - rate of compounding per period n - no of instalments

F.V. INTEREST FACTOR A(n,i) = $(1+i)^n - 1 \Rightarrow F.V. = A \times A(n,i)$

Q1 FIND FUTURE VALUE OF ANNUITY (ORDINARY)

- 01. Find future value of an annuity of ₹ 5000 made annually for 6 years at interest rate of 12% COMPOUNDED ANNUALLY if $(1.12)^6 = 1.9738$
 - a. ₹ 45,375 b. ₹ 40,575 c. ₹ 39,465 d. ₹ 37,868 [JUNE 2024]
- 02. ₹ 800 is invested at the end of EVERY MONTH in an account paying interest @ 6% p.a. compounded annually . What is the future value of this annuity just after making 10th payment [GIVEN 1.005¹⁰ = 1.0511, 1.005²⁰ = 1.1049] a. ₹ 16,764 b. ₹ 8,766 c. ₹ 3,491 d. ₹ 8,176 [JAN 2021, JUNE 2022]

Q2 FIND FUTURE VALUE OF ANNUITY (IMMEDIATE)

01. Suppose Mr X invested ₹ 5000 every year starting FROM TODAY in mutual fund for next 10 years . Assuming average return COMPOUNDED ANNUALLY is at 18% p.a. What is the future value

				CA FOUNE	DATION	
a.₹183,677.68	b.₹138,678.85	c. ₹ 1,83,776.53	d.₹	1,38,774.55	[DEC	2023]
Q3 SINKING FUND -	GIVEN F.V. FIND THE	E INSTALMENT SIZE				

- 01. How much amount is required to be invested every year so as to accumulate ₹ 30,000 at the end of 10 years if the interest COMPOUNDED ANNUALLY at 10% Given A(10,0.1) = 15.9374
 a ₹ 1882.36 b ₹ 1828.30 c ₹ 1832.65 d ₹ 1853.65 [DEC 2023]
- o2. company wants to replace its existing tool machine at the end of 10 years, the expected cost of machine would be 10,00,000. If the management of the company creates a sinking fund, how much provision needs to be made out of revenue each year which can earn at the rate of 10% COMPOUNDED ANNUALLY. A(10,0.10) = 15.937425

 a. ₹ 74,625
 b. ₹ 72,514
 c. ₹ 62,745
 d. ₹ 67,245
- o3. a company creates a sinking fund of ₹ 200,000 in a bank account for 15 years at interest rate of 6% p.a.. The YEARLY PAYMENT to be paid by company will be [1.06¹⁴ = 2.209]
 a. ₹ 8,945 b. ₹ 8,145 c. ₹ 9,345 d. ₹ 9,645 [DEC 2022]



- 01. If Mrs. X invests in an annuity IMMEDIATELY that promises annual payments of ₹ 50,000 for the next 16 years. If the interest rate is 6% compounded annually then the approximate present value of this annuity is (1.06)¹⁶ = 2.54035 a ₹ 5,51,217.75 b ₹ 5,75,900.00 c ₹ 5,05,288.08 d ₹ 5,35,612.45 [DEC 2023
- Govinda's mother decides to gift him ₹ 50,000 every year STARTING FROM TODAY for the next 5 years. Govinda deposits this amount in a bank as and when he receives and gets 10% per annum interest rate compounded annually. What is the present value of this annuity.
 [GIVEN P(4,0.10) = 3.16987]
 a. ₹ 2,80,493.5 [b. ₹ 2,08,493.5 c. ₹ 2,08,943.5 d. ₹ 2,58,493.5 [JUNE 2023]

Q5 APP OF PRESENT VALUE OF ANNUITY - GIVEN THE LOAN AMT , FIND THE INSTALMENT SIZE

01. a car is available for ₹ 4,98,200 cash payment or ₹ 60,000 cash down payment followed by 3 equal annual instalments . If the rate of interest charged is 14% per annum compounded yearly , then TOTAL INTEREST CHARGED in the instalment plan [Given P(3,0.14) = 2.32163]

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a.₹1	,46,314	b.₹1,46,137	C.₹1,28,040	d.₹1,58,040	[JUNE 2023]
02. Madhu the er	u takes a nd of year	loan of 50,000 5 . Determine	from XYZ bank @ the amount of eq) 10% p.a. The f Jual instalments ,	first instalment will be paid at , if Madhu wishes to repay the
a. ₹	19,510	b. ₹ 19,430	c.₹ 19,310	d.₹ 19,630	[JUNE 2022]

- 01. a person wants to open a shop . He has 2 options . He can acquire the commercial space either by leasing for 10 years at annual rent of ₹ 2,00,000 or purchase the space for ₹ 12,00,000 . If person can borrow the money at 14% compounded per annum , which alternate is most suitable . GIVEN P(10,0.14) = 5.21611

 a Leasing b. Purchase c. Can't say d. Data insufficient [DEC 2023]
- 02. A person wants to lease out a machine costing ₹ 5,00,000 for a 10 year period . It has a fixed rental of 51,272 per annum payable annually starting from the end of first year . Suppose the rate of interest is 10% p.a. compounded annually on which money can be invested . To whom the agreement is favorable

a. Lessee b. Lessor c. Not for both

d. Can't be determined

[FEB 2008]

03. A machine can be purchased for ₹ 50,000. Machine will contribute 12000 per year for the next five years. Assume borrowing cost is 10% per annum compounded annually. Determine whether machine should be purchased or not

 a. should purchase
 b. should not purchase
 c. can't say
 d. none
 [FEB 2007]

Q7 PERPETUITY

FIXED PERPETUITY	GROWING PERPETUITY
$PVA\infty = \underline{R}$	$PVA\infty = R$
i	i–g

01. Mr Sharad got his retirement benefits amounting to 50,00,000 . He wants to receive a fixed monthly sum of amount for his rest of life after one month and thereafter he wants to pass on the same to future generation . He expects to earn an interest of 9% compounded annually . Determine how much perpetuity amount he will receive every month

c. ₹ 37,500 a. ₹ 39,500 b. ₹ 38,500 d. ₹ 36,600 [JUNE 2023]

- 02. assuming that the discount rate is 7% p.a , how much would you pay to get ₹ 200 per year growing @ 5% forever
 - a. ₹ 2500
 b. ₹ 5000
 c. ₹ 7500
 d. ₹ 10000
 [JAN 21, JUNE 22]

J.K	SHAH averanda	CA FOUNDATION
Q	8 BOND EVALUATION	
01.	₹ 1000 bond paying annual dividends of 8.5% will be redeeme	d at par value at the end of 10
	years . Find the purchase value of this bond if the investor wish	nes a yield rate of 8%
	a ₹ 907.135 b ₹ 1033.54 c ₹ 945.67 d none of th	ese [MTP DEC 2023]
02.	3 year , ₹ 1000 bond paying annual nominal rate of 10% .	At what price the bond may be
	purchased now if it matures at par and the investor requires a	rate of return of 14%

a ₹ 904 b ₹ 907.125 c ₹ 905.25 d 909 [SEPT 2024]



PERMUTATION

r ite	ms out of N can be arranged in ${}^{n}P_{r}$ ways
exan	The pipe 1. Arrange 3 men on to 5 chairs ${}^{5}P_{3} = 5.4.3 = 60$ ways
	2. 5 men , arrange any 3 out of them into 3 chairs = ${}^{5}P_{3}$ = 5.4.3. = 60 ways
Q 01.	1 A student has 3 books on Computer , 3 books on Economics , 5 on Commerce . If these books are to be arranged SUBJECTWISE on a shelf , in how many ways they can be arranged a. 25290 b. 25920 c. 4230 d. 4320 [JUNE 2015/DEC 2017]
02.	if 5 books of English , 4 books of Tamil and 3 books of Hindi are to be arranged in a single row so that books of same language come together . Find number of ways a. 180630 b. 160830 c. 103680 d. 130680 [DEC 2014]
03.	In how many ways can the 5 trophies be arranged on a shelf if one particular trophy must always be in the middle a. 24 b. 120 c. 48 d. 144 [JUNE 2024]
04.	total number of arrangements of 8 persons in a row with President and Vice President occupying middle chairs a. 6! b. 7! c. 6!.2! d. 7!.2! [JUNE 2022] Enterprise
05.	5 boys and 4 girls are to be seated in row . If the girls occupy even places then the number of arrangements a. 288 b. 2808 c. 2008 d. 2880[DEC 2014]
06.	Eight chairs are numbered from 1 to 8 . 2 women and 3 men are to be seated by allowing one chair for each . First the women choose the chairs from the chairs numbered 1 to 4 and then men select the chairs from the remaining . The number of possible arrangements is a. 120 b. 288 c. 32 d. 1440 [JAN 2021]
07.	Number of ways , 4 boys and 3 girls can be seated in a row so that they are alternate a. 12 b. 288 c. 144 d. 256 [DEC 2022]
08.	5 boys and 3 girls are to be seated together such that no two girls are togethera. 14400b. 2400c. 720d. none[DEC 2019/JUNE 2024]
09.	in a class of 4 boys and 3 girls are to be seated together in a row such that no two girls are together a. 60 b. 480 c. 720 d. 1440 [SEPT 2024]
10.	there are 10 students in a class including 3 girls . The number of ways to arrange them in a row , when any 2 girls out of them never come together [JUNE 2016] a. ${}^{8}P_{3}7!$ b. ${}^{3}P_{3}.7!$ c. ${}^{8}P_{3}.10!$

MATHEMATICS

Q	2
01.	In how many ways letters of the word STADIUM be arranged in such a way that the vowels occur together a. 7!/3! b. 5!.3! c. 5!.4! d. 7!.3! [JUNE 2024]
02.	Number of ways the letters of the word DETAIL can be arranged in such a way that vowels occupy odd places a. 32 b. 36 c. 48 d. 60 [DEC 2021]
03.	In how many ways the word ARTICLE can be arranged in a row so that vowels occupy evenplacesa. 132b. 144c. 72d. 160[JUNE 2013]
04.	Number of words that can be formed using the letters of the word PETROL such that words do not have P in the first place a. 720 b. 120 c. 600 d. 540 [DEC 2021]
05.	4 letter words with or without any meaning can be formed using letters of word LOGARITHMS if repetition is not allowed a. 5040 b. 7020 c. 5400 d. 30240 [JUNE 2022]
06.	Number of 4 letter words that can be formed with letters of the word DECTIONARY a. 5040 b. 720 c. 90 d. 30240 [DEC 2021]
\mathbf{O}^{\prime}	
01.	How many numbers between 1000 and 10000 can be formed with the digits 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 a. 720 b. 360 c. 120 d. 60 Enterprise [DEC 2016]
02.	How many 7 digit numbers can be formed using digits 3 , 4 , 5 , 6 , 7 , 8 , 9 with no digitsrepeated not ÷ by 5 .a. 4320 b. 4690 c. 3900 d. 3890[JULY 2021]
03.	How many 3 digit odd numbers can be formed using digits 5 , 6 , 7 , 8 , 9 if the digits can berepeateda. 55b. 75c. 65d. 96[DEC 2022]
04.	How many odd numbers of 4 digit can be formed with digit 0 , 1, , 2 , 3 , 4 , 7 , 8 a. 150 b. 300 c. 120 d. 210 [JAN 2021]
Q	4
	TOTAL NUMBER OF ARRANGEMENTS OF N DIFFERENT THINGS IN WHICH 'p items' ARE ALIKE AND OF
	ONE KIND , 'q items' ARE ALIKE AND OF ONE KIND WILL BE GIVEN BY $n!/p!.q!$
	LET ME TRY TO EXPLAIN A,B,C,D would arrange amongst themselves in ${}^{4}P_{4} = 4!$ Ways lets say A , B , C were like items (say all were A) . In that case whichever 3 places they occupy, they would NOT further arrange amongst themselves in $3!$ ways which they do
	we must have get initially treating all items distinct

J.K. SHAH

we must have got initially , treating all items distinct Answer would then be $4!/_{3!} = 4$ (AAAD , AADA , ADAA , DAAA)

:27:

MATHEMATICS

01.	ASSES E					CA FOUN	DATION
	The number of a	arrangements tha	t can be form	ed from th	e letters of	the word A	LLAHABAD
	a. 7560 b. 37	80 c. 30240	d. 15320				[JUNE 2017]
02.	The number of together	words from the a. 120 b. 36	letters of wo	ord BHARA d. none	T in which	B and H v	vill never com [NOV 2018
03.	In how many dif vowels always co CORPORATION	ferent ways can t ome together = 11 L	the letters of a 810 b	the word (1440 c 2	CORPORATI 25200 d	ON be arrar] 50400	ged so that th [DEC 2023]
Q	5						
	Lets consider an	rangements of 4	items LINE	AR V/s C	IRCULAR	R	
	LINEAR ARRANG 1 2 3 4 3! 2 1 3 4 3! 3 1 2 4 3! 4 1 2 3 3!	EMENT Starting gives you 24 arrang not have with 2 , finally	with 1 , 2 , 3! arrangeme gements . Howe start , 3! a 3 , 4 have to we are lef	3 , 4 the ents leading ever since o rrangement be ignore t with	remaining to 4! = ircle does s starting d . Hence only 3!	CONCLUSI N items or table can (n–1)! w	ON n a circular be arranged in ays
		arrangem	ents starting w	vith 1			
01. 02	In how many wa a. 2550 b 28 In how many w ladies sit togeth	ys 5 boys and 5 80 c. 625 ays can 6 GENTS er 14400 c. 84	girls are seate d. 2476 5 and 5 ladi	ed on a rou a es can b	and table if	no 2 boys a	are adjacent ULY 2021] table if no tw
	a. 86400 D.	14400 C. 84	000 u. 34	500			
Q	$26 ^{n}P_{r} = \frac{n!}{(1)}$	n-r)! , howev ⁿ P3 ⁿ⁻¹ P3 n+1p	er in prac = n(n-1)(r = (n-1)(n-	tice we 1–2) -2)(n–3)	solve a	IS	
		P3	= (n+1)n(r	า–1)			
01.	$\frac{\text{JUNE 22}}{\frac{n!}{10}} = \frac{n-1}{P_{n-3}} .$	P ₃ Find n	= (n+1)n(r a. 5	n-1) b. 6	c. 7	d. 8	7
01.	JUNE 22 n! = n-1Pn-3. 10 JUNE 23 6P2r = 12. 6Pr	P3 Find n . Find r	= (n+1)n(r a. 5 a. 1	n–1) b. 6	c. 7 c. 3	d. 8 d. 4	1
01.	JUNE 22 $n! = {}^{n-1}P_{n-3}$. JUNE 23 ${}^{6}P_{2r} = 12. {}^{6}P_{r}$	P3 Find n . Find r	= (n+1)n(r a. 5 a. 1	n-1) b. 6 b. 2	c. 7 c. 3	d. 8 d. 4	,
01. 02. 03.	JUNE 22 n! = n-1Pn-3. 10 JUNE 23 6P2r = 12. 6Pr DEC 21 nP2 = 12. Find	P3 Find n . Find r d n	= (n+1)n(r a. 5 a. 1 a. 2	n-1) b. 6 b. 2 b. 3	c. 7 c. 3 c. 4	d. 8 d. 4 d. 6	,

	SHAH a Veranda			CAF		
04.	JULY 21 ${}^{n}P_{6} = 20.{}^{n}P_{4}$. Find n	a. 5	b. 3	c. 9	d. 8	
05.	DEC 20 ${}^{n}P_{4} = 20.{}^{n}P_{2}$. Find n	a. 4	b. 2	c. 5	d. 7	
06.	if ${}^{n}P_{13}$: ${}^{n+1}P_{12} = 3:4$, then n a. 13 b. 15 c. 18 d. 31	a. 13	b. 15	c. 18	d. 31	





COMBINATIONS

CA FOUNDATION

Q1 1. ${}^{n}C_{r}$ gives us the number of selections of r items out of the given n items 2 out of 4 items can be selected in 4C2 ways 3 out of 5 items can be selected in 5C3 ways 2. ${}^{n}C_{r} = {}^{n}C_{n-r}$ ${}^{6}C_{4} = {}^{6}C_{2}$ since no.of ways of selecting 4 out of 6 = no. of ways of rejecting 2 out of 6

^a Veranda

A person has 10 friends of which 6 of them are relatives . He wishes to invite 5 persons so that 3 of them are relatives . In how many ways he can invite
 a. 450 b. 600 C. 120 d. 810 [JUNE 2015]

- 02. Out of 6 boys and 4 girls , find the number of ways for selecting 5 member committee in which there are exactly 2 girls a. 120 b. 1440 c. 720 d. 71 [DEC 2019]
- 03. Out of 7 gents and 4 ladies a committee of 5 is to be formed . the number of committees such that AT LEAST 1 LADY is included a. 400 b. 440 c. 441 d. none
- 04. A bag contains 4 red , 3 black and 2 white balls . In how many ways 3 balls can be drawn from this bag so that they include AT LEAST ONE BLACK BALL
 a. 46 b. 64 c. 86 d. 68 [NOV 2018]

How many total combinations can be formed of 8 different counters marked as 1 , 2 ,...., 8 taking 4 counters at a time and there being atleast one odd and one even counter in each combination
 a. 68 b. 66 c. 64 d. 62 [SEPT 2024]

- 06. a selection is to be made for one post of of Principal and 2 post of Vice Principal . Amongst the 6 candidates called for the interview , only 2 are eligible for the post of Principal while they all six are eligible for the post of vice principal . The number of possible combinations
 a. 4 b. 12 c. 18 d. 20 [SEPT 2024]
- 07. In how many ways can a committee of 3 ladies and 4 gentlemen be appointed from a meeting consisting of 8 ladies and 7 gentle men ? What will be number of ways if Mrs X refuses to serve in a committee where Mr Y is a member

a.1530 b. 1500 c. 1520 d. 1540 [JUNE 2023]

- **Q2**
- 01. From a group of 8 men and 4 women, 4 persons are to be selected to form a committee so that ATLEAST 2 WOMEN are there on the committee . In how many ways can it be done
 a. 201 b. 168 c. 202 d. 220 [DEC 2020]
- 02. 6 gents & 4 ladies . A committee of 5 is to be formed if it includes ATLEAST 2 LADIES . How many committees can be formed a. 64 b. 162 c. 102 d. 186 [DEC 2015]

J.]	C. SHAH a Veranda	CA FOUNDATION
03.	In how many ways can a selection of 6 out of 4 teachers and 8 include ATLEAST 2 TEACHERS	students be done so as to
	a. 220 b. 672 b. 896 d. 968	[JUNE 2016]
Q	3	
01.	6 points on a circle . The number of quadrilateral s that can be form a. 30 b. 360 c. 15 d. none	ned are [JUNE 2010]
02.	20 points . Find number of triangles formed by joining 12 points if 5 a. 550 b. 560 C. 1130 d. 1140	points are collinear [DEC 2022]
03.	the number of parallelograms that can be formed by a set of 6 para another set of 4 parallel lines a. 360 b. 90 c. 180 d. 45	llel lines intersected by the [JUNE 2017]
04.	6 points are marked on a straight line and 5 points are marked parallel to the first line . How many straight lines including the given with these points a. 30 b. 32 c. 11 d. 2	l on another line which is iven 2 lines can be formed [JUNE 2022]
05.	the maximum number of points of intersection of 10 circles will be a. 2 b. 20 c. 90 d. 180	[JUNE 2016]
06.	a regular polygon has 44 diagonals , then the number of sides a. 8 using options	b.9 c. 10 d 11 [JUNE 2013]
07.	If there are 40 guests in a party , if each guest takes a shake h	prise and with all the remaining
	guests , then the number of handshake is a. 780 b. 840 c. 1560 d. 1600	[JUNE 2019]
08.	The number of handshakes in a group of 10 persons	
	a. 45 b. 54 c. 90 d. 10	[JUNE 2013]
09.	In a party every person shakes hand with every other person . If the total , find the number of persons in the party	nere are 105 handshakes in
	a. 14 b. 15 c. 21 d. 22	[SEPT 2024]
Q	4 SELECTION OF ANY NO. OF OBJECTS FROM 'n' DISTINCT OBJECT	S
	Lets say , we have 5 DISTICNT items . We can select no item , 1 ite all 5 items . This can be done in ${}^{5}C_{0}$, ${}^{5}C_{1}$, ${}^{5}C_{2}$,, ${}^{5}C_{5}$ ways ways = ${}^{5}C_{0}$ + ${}^{5}C_{1}$ + ${}^{5}C_{2}$ + ${}^{5}C_{3}$ + ${}^{5}C_{4}$ + ${}^{5}C_{5}$	m , 2 items and so on uptil respectively . Hence total
	$= {}^{5}C_{0} + {}^{5}C_{1} + {}^{5}C_{2} + {}^{5}C_{2} + {}^{5}C_{1} + {}^{5}C_{5}$	
	= 1 + 5 + 10 + 10 + 5 + 1 = 32	
	More interesting is , we could have got the same answer by 2^5 .	
	EXCITED TO KNOW THE LOGIC BEHIND IT !	
	MATHEMATICS	

J.K	C. SHAH	· Veranda	CA FOUNDATION
	You take a base Each of the 5 Hence by FUN items = 2 x 2 NOTE : NUMB	sket and go to each item , items have 2 options SELECT/NO SELECT idamnetal principle of counting , number of ways $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 = 2^5 = 32$ ER OF WAYS TO SELECT ANY NUMBER OF ITEMS GIVEN I ER OF WAYS TO SELECT ONE OR MORE (ATLEAST ONE)	s of selecting any number of N ITEMS = 2^n ITEM = $2^n - 1$
01.	The number o a. 64 b.	f ways in which a man can invite one or more of his 128 C. 127 d. 63	7 friends to dinner is [JUNE 2018]
02.	a question p ways to solve a. 1024 b.	aper consist 10 questions , 6 in math and 4 in st question paper if atleast one question is to be atter 950 C. 945 d. 1022	ats . Find out the number of mpted from each section [DEC 2015]
03.	A MCQ test ha possible	as 5 Q's and each Q has 4 possible options . How m a. 512 b. 1024 c. 20 d. 625	any different answer keys are [JUNE 2022]
Q	5 PERMUTAT	TION & COMBINATION KA COMBO PACK	
01.	A boats crew side . The nur a. 1728 b. a user wants Z). No letter of the password	consists of 8 men , 3 of whom can row only on one nber of ways in which the crew can be arranged is 256 c. 164 c. 126 Ente to create a password using 4 lowercase letter (a-z) can be repeated in any form . In how many ways can must start with an uppercase	e side and 2 only on the other [JUNE 2019] r p r i s e and 2 upper case letters (A- an the password be created if
	a. 26x25x24x2 d. 6x26x25x24	23x22x5x21 b. 26x25x24x23x22x2x21 c. 26x5 4x23x22x21	5x25x24x23x2x22x21 [JUNE 2024]
Q	$6 P_r = n$	C _r .r !	
01.	NOV 2018 ⁿ P _r = 720 &	ⁿ C _r = 120. Find r a. 3 b. 4 c.	5 d. 6
02.	DEC 2022 , JU ⁿ P $_{r} = 3024$	INE 23 & ⁿ C _r = 126 . Find n,r a 9,4 b. 10,3	c. 12.4 d. 11,4
⁵ C ₃	$_{3} = {}^{5}C_{2}$, no	te 3+2=5 , ${}^{6}C_{4} = {}^{6}C_{2}$, note 4+2=6	
03.	JUNE 2019 ${}^{11}C_{x} = {}^{11}C_{2x}$	$_{-4}$, x ≠ 4 then $^{7}C_{x}$ = ? a 20 b 21 c	22 d 23
Ē	MATHEMATICS	: 32 :	

J.K	SHAH ASSES Enterprise			CA FC	
04.	DEC 23 ${}^{15}C_{3r} = {}^{15}C_{r+3}$, then r = ?	a 5	b 4 C 3	d 2	
ⁿ C _r	+ ${}^{n}C_{r-1} = {}^{n+1}C_{r}$, Eg ${}^{5}C_{3} + {}^{5}C_{2} = {}^{6}C_{3}$				
05.	JUNE 2017 ${}^{10}C_3 + 2$. ${}^{10}C_4 + {}^{10}C_5 = {}^{n}C_5$, n =	a. 10	b.11 C.1	2 d.13	
06.	DEC 2012 ${}^{13}C_6 + 2$. ${}^{13}C_5 + {}^{13}C_4 = {}^{15}C_x , x =$	a. 6	b.7 c.8	d. 9	
07.	JUNE 2018 ${}^{12}C_3 + 2$. ${}^{12}C_4 + {}^{12}C_5 = {}^{14}C_x$, x =	a. 3,5	b. 5,9	c. 7,1	d. 9,12
08.	JUNE 2014 ${}^{1000}C_{98} = {}^{999}C_{97} + {}^{x}C_{901}$, then x =	a. 999	b. 998	c. 997	d. none

09. JUNE 23

In next world cup, there will be 12 teams divided equally into 2 groups. Team of each group will play a match against other teams of the group. From each group 3 top teams will qualify for next round. In this round each team will play against each other. Four top teams of this round will qualify for semi finals and play against each other. Top 2 teams will go to final where they play best of 3. How many MINIMUM number of matches will be held in the next world cup a. 54 b. 53 c. 38 d. 43

ARITHMETIC PROGRESSION

Q	1 $tn = a + (n-1)d$ $t_6 = a+5d$, $t_{10} = a + 9d$, $t_{20} = a+19d$	
01.	9^{th} and 19^{th} term of AP are 35 and 75 respectively . Find the 20^{th} term a. 78 b. 79 c. 80 d. 81	JUNE 2023
02.	Find the 17th term of an AP series if 15 th and 21 st terms are 30.5 and 39.5 repse	ctively
	a. 33.5 b. 35.5 c. 36.0 d. 38.0	DEC 2023
03.	4 th term of an A.P. is zero . Find ratio of 25 th term to 11 th term a. 5 b. 4 C. 3 d. 2	SEPT 2024
04.	pth term is q and qth term is p . Find the (p+q)th term	DEC 2022
	a. 1 b1 C. 0 d. none of above	
05. 06.	in an arithmetic progression, seventh term is x and $(x+7)^{th}$ term is zero, then xt a. 6 b. 7 c. 8 d. 10 the third term of an AP is 7 and seventh term is 2 more than thrice of third	h term is JUNE 2024 d term . The
	common difference is SSESESENTER Pris	e JUNE 2024
07.	The number of numbers between 74 & 25556 divisible by 5 a. 5079 b. 5097 c. 5907 d. 5709	JUNE 2023
08.	if the second and the eigth terms of an arithmetic progression are equal to constate the sum of first n terms of an AP is equal to a. na b. a/n c. $2n+n(a-1)$ d. $n+a(n-1)$	nt a , then JUNE 2024
Q	2 3 NO'S IN A.P. = a-d , a , a+d / 5 NO'S IN A.P. = a-2d , a-d , a , a	ı+d,a+2d
01.	Divide 69 into 3 parts which are in A.P. and are such that product of first two par	ts is 460
	a. 20,23,26 b. 21,23,25 c. 19,23,27 d. none	DEC 2020
02.	Divide 144 into three parts which are in A.P. and such that the largest is twice t The smallest of three numbers will be MTP a. 48 b. 36 c. 13 d. 32	he smallest . – MAY 2024

03. Find five numbers in AP whose sum is 20 and product of first and last is 15 ans 3,3.5,4,4.5,5 OR 4,4.5,4,3.5,3

^a Voranda CA FOUNDATION $\frac{n}{2}$ [a + ℓ] Sn =first and last term of AP are 5 and 905 . sum of n terms is 45955 . Find n c. 101 a. 110 b. 100 d. 111 **JUNE 2022** if nth term of an AP series is 7n-2, then sum of n terms is a $0.5(7n^2+2n)$ b $0.5(7n^2-3n)$ c $0.5(7n^2+3n)$ d $0.5(7n^2-2n)$ **DEC 2023** The sum of n terms of an AP is $3n^2 + 5n$, The series is **DEC 2021**

- a. 8,14,20,26,..... b. 8,22,42,68,... c. 22,68,114,... d. 8,14,28,44
- 04. Sum of all natural numbers between 100 and 1000 which are divisible by 11 DEC 2017

 $Sn = \frac{n}{2} [2a + (n-1)d]$ $\Omega 4$

01.

02.

03.

- 01. Sum of series 7+14+21+ To 17th term is
 DEC 2021

 a. 1071
 b. 971
 c. 1171
 d. 1271
- 02. A person recieved the salary for the first year ₹ 5,00,000 and he received an increment of ₹ 15000 per year then the sum of the salary he has taken in 10 years is
 a. ₹ 56,75,000 b. ₹ 72,75,000 c. ₹ 63,75,000 d. none of these DEC 2016
- 03. In an A.P. if the sum of 4th and 12th term is 8 then sum of first 15 terms is

 a. 60
 b. 120
 c. 110
 d. 150
 JUNE 2013
- 04.
 Sum of five terms of A.P. is 75 , find the 3rd term

 a. 20
 b. 30
 c. 15
 d. none
 DEC 2019

Q5 Sn = $\frac{n}{2}$ [2a + (n-1)d]

- 01. A person pays 975 in monthly instalments , each instalment is less than former by 5 . The amount of 1st instalment is 100 . In what time (months) will be entire amount be paid a. 26 b. 15 c. a&b d. 18 MAY 2018
- 02. The number of terms of the series $5+7+9 + \dots$ must be taken so that the sum may be 480 a. 20 b. 10 c. 15 d. 25 JULY 2021
- 03. Find the value of x for the following data 1+7+13+19+.....+ x = 225 a. 56 b 63 c 49 d 42 DEC 2023

J.K.	SHAH a Veranda	
Q6	ARITHMETIC MEANS (A.M.'s)	
~~	2+ 4 + 6 + 8 + 10 are in AP	
	4 , 6 , 8 are the A.M.s called as A_1 , A_2 , A_3	
	$A_1 + A_2 + A_3 = 18$	
	= 3(6)	
	= 3(mean of 2&10)	
	Conclusion 1.Sum of n A.M.s = n x (Mean of a & b) between a & b	
	2.n th A.M. is n+1 th term in the AP	
01. T a	e value of k for which the terms 7k+3 , 4k–5 , 2k+10 are in A.P. –13 [b. –23 c. 13 d. 23	NOV 2018
02. if a	a, –3, b, 5, c are in A.P., then value of c = –7 b. 1 c. 9 d. 13	JUNE 2017
03. if a	20 A.M.s are inserted between 3 and 51 then sum of these 20 A.M.s540b. 1080c. 270d. none of theseCLSECLC <td>prise prise</td>	prise prise
01. If	1 /b+c , 1 /c+a , 1 /a+b are in AP then a ² , b ² , c ² are in	
а	AP b. GP c. Both AP & GP d. none of these	JUNE 2016
02. If a	^{b+c–a} /a, ^{c+a–b} /b, ^{a+b–c} /c are in A.P. then a , b and c are in AP b. GP C. HP d. none	DEC 2019
Q8		
01. M	P - NOV 2022	
SI	m of x terms of two AP's are in ratio $3x+5:5x+3$, then ratio of thei	r 10 th term is
a	31:49 D. 30:49 C. 28:49 d. none	
02. JI	NE 2019	
tł	e ratio of sum on n terms of two A.P.'s is $n+1/n-1$, then the ratio of	of their mth terms is
a	m+1:2m b. m+1:m-1 c. 2m-1:m+1 d. m:m-1	

GEOMETRIC PROGRESSION

Q1
$$t_n = ar^{n-1}$$

eg : $t_8 = ar^7$, $t_{10} = ar^9$
01. JUNE 2022
In GP, 2nd term is 12 and 6th term is
192. Find 11th term
a. 6411 b 6144 c. 6414 d. none
02. DEC 2022
In GP 5th term = 27, 8th term = 729.
Find t₁₁
a. 19683 b. 16893 c 19863 d. none
03. JAN 2021
3rd term of a GP is 1 and 6th term is
 $^{-1}/_8$, then the 1st term and common
ratio is
a. 4, $^{1}/_2$ b. 4, $^{-1}/_4$ c 4, $^{-1}/_2$ d.4, $^{1}/_4$
04. DEC 2011
In a GP, if the 5th term is $\sqrt[3]{3}$, then
product of first 9 terms is
a. 8 b 27 c. 243 d. 9
05. JUNE 2019
In a GP, if the 4th term is 3, then
product of first 7 terms is
a. 3⁵ b 3⁷ c. 3⁶ d. 3⁸
Q2 3 nos. in GP : a, a, a, ar
5 nos. in GP : a, a, a, ar

01. DEC 2020

3 numbers in GP with their sum is 130 and their product is 27000 are a. 90,30,10 b. 10,30,90 C. a & b

 $r^2 r$

02. DEC 2021

If the sum and product of three numbers in GP are 7 and 8 respectively , then the 4^{th} term of the series is

a. 6 b. 4 c. 8 d. 16

03. JULY 2021

sum of 3 nos. in G.P. is 28 . When 7,2,and 1 are subtracted from first , second and third number respectively , then the resulting numbers are in A.P. Find sum of squares of original three nos. a. 510 b. 456 c. 400 d. 336



02. a person borrows 8000 at 2.76% p.a. SI . The principal and interest are to be paid in 10 monthly instalments . If each instalment is double the preceding one , find the value of first and the last instalment ans 8 , 4096

03. SEPT 2024

a person borrows 9000 at 2.76% p.a. SI . The principal and interest are to be paid in 10 monthly instalments . If each instalment is double the preceding one , find the value of first and the last instalment

a.1024 b. 4608 c. 9207 d. 4096

CA FOUNDATION



- 01. **JUNE 22** sum of first 8 terms of a GP is 5 times the sum of first 4 terms . The common ratio is c. ±√2 d. ±√3 a. ±2 b. ±3

^a Veranda

02. JUNE 2017

Sum of first 20 terms of a GP is 1025 times the sum of first 10 terms , then the common ratio is b. 2√2 c. $\frac{1}{2}$ a. 2 d. √2

Q5

- 01. JUNE 2014 , JUNE 2015 , MAY 2018 Sum of m terms of the series 1 + 11 + 111 + m terms is [a.] $\frac{1}{81}(10^{m+1}-9m-10)$ b. $^{1}/_{27}(10^{m+1}-9m-10)$
 - c. $10^{m+1} 9^m 10$ d. none of these CLA
- 02. MTP1 - MAY 23 , MAR 21

7+ 77 + 777 +
a.
$${}^{(7)}_{/81}(10^{n+1}+10) - {}^{(7)}_{/9}n$$

b. ${}^{(7)}_{/81}(10^{n+1}-10) + {}^{(7)}_{/9}n$
c. ${}^{(7)}_{/81}(10^{n+1}-10) - {}^{(7)}_{/9}n$

Q6
$$S\infty = \frac{a}{1-r}$$
, $|r| < 1$

- 01. **JUNE 2014** $1 + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{9} + \frac{1}{27} + \dots$ a. 1.95 b. 1.5 c. 1.75 d. none
- 02. DEC 2019 ${}^{1}/{}^{2} + {}^{1}/{}^{3}{}^{2} + {}^{1}/{}^{3} + {}^{1}/{}^{3} + {}^{1}/{}^{5} + {}^{1}/{}^{6}$

a. $\frac{25}{24}$ b. $\frac{19}{24}$ c. $\frac{1}{12}$ d. none 03. JUNE 2019

If
$$y = 1+x+x^2 + \dots \infty$$
 then $x = [a. y^{-1}/y b. y^{+1}/y c. y^{-1}/y + 1] d. y^{-1}/y - 1]$

Q7

01. DEC 2012

The first term of a G.P. where second term is 2 and sum of infinite term is 8 will be C. 4 a. 6. b. 3 d. 1

02. DEC 2023

Given an infinite geometric series with first term a and common ratio r . If its sum is 4 and second term is $\frac{3}{4}$, then one of the correct option is

 $a = 1 \& r = \frac{1}{4}$ $b = 3 \& r = \frac{3}{4}$ $c_a = 3 \& r = \frac{1}{4}$ d a = 1 & r = $\frac{1}{2}$

03. SEPT 2024

infinite geometric series with first term a and common ratio r . If its sum is 8 and second term is $\frac{7}{8}$, then one of the correct option is a a = 3 & r = $\frac{7}{_{24}}$ b a= 4 & r = $\frac{7}{_{16}}$ c a = 7 & r = $\frac{1}{_8}$ d a= 2 & r = $\frac{7}{_{32}}$

Q8 A.M. of(a,b) = $\frac{a+b}{2}$ G.M. of(a,b) = \sqrt{ab}

01. DEC 2022 AM and GM of 2 numbers is 5 and 4 respectively. The numbers are b. 2,8 a. 2,3 c. 4,6 d. 1,16

02. 2011

AM and GM of 2 numbers is 12.5 and 10 respectively. The numbers are a. 20,5 b. 10,5 c. 5,4 d. none

J.K. SHAH CLASSES Enterprise

03.	DEC 2015

Find nos whose G.M. is 5 and A.M. is 7.5 a. 12,13 b. 13.09,1.91 c. 14,11 d. 17,19

1 + 2 + 4 + 8 + 16 + 32 + 64 $(1,8,64), (2,8,32), (4,8,16) \dots$ satisfies B² = AC 8 = G.M.OF(1,64), (2,32), (4,16)NOTE 8 is GM of any 2 terms in G.P. whichstand equidistant on either side of 8.

04. JUN 2023

 4^{th} , 7^{th} and 10^{th} term of GP are p,q,r then a. $p^2=q^2+r^2$ b. $p^2=qr$ C. $q^2=pr$

- d. pqr+pq+1 = 0
- **Q**9
- 02. JUNE 2018 if a , b , c , d are in GP then the value of $(b-c)^{2} + (c-a)^{2} + (d-b)^{2} =$ a. $(a-b)^{2}$ (b. $(a-d)^{2}$ c. $(c-d)^{2}$ d. none
- 03. a , b , c are in AP and x , y , z are in GP , then value of x^{b-c} . y^{c-a} . z^{a-b} is

a. 1 b. 0 c. b(c-a) d. none

- 04. JUNE 2018 If the pth, qth and rth terms of a GP be a, b, c respectively then (q-r)loga + (r-p)logb + (p-q)logc =
 - a. 0 b. 1 c. 2 d. none

05. SEPT 2024

the numbers x , 8 , y are in GP and the numbers x , y , -8 are in AP . The value of x and y are a. -8, -8 [b.] 16,4 c. 8,8 d.none



SETS - RELATION - FUNCTION

Q1 SETS - VENN DIAGRAM

01. JUNE 2011 in a class of 40 students , 30 passed in

English , 25 of them passed in Math and 15 passed in both . Every student has passed in atleast one subject . How many have passed in English but not in Math a. 15 b. 20 c. 10 d. 25

02. JUNE 2014

in a class of 50 students , 35 students have taken mathematics , 37 have taken commerce . Find the number of the students who have taken both .

a. 13 b. 15 c. 22 d. 28

03. JUNE 2017

in a class of 35 students , 24 play cricket and 16 play football . Also each student likes to play at least one game . How many students like to play both cricket and foot ball a. 5 b. 11 c. 12 d. 17

04. JUNE 2017

in a class , 80 students speak Hindi , 60 speak English and 40 speak both Hindi & English . Find no. of students in the class a. 100 b. 120 c. 140 d. 180

05. JUN '23

Survey shows 74% of Indians like grapes where as 68% like bananas What % of Indians like both if everybody likes either of the two

a. 32 b. 26 c. 6 d. 42

06. JULY 2021

n(U) = 6	50 , n(A) =	310 , n(A	$\neg B) = 95$,	
n(B) = 190 , find n($\overline{A} \cap \overline{B}$)				
a. 400	b. 200	c. 300	d. 245	

07. DEC 2015

in a class of 80 students , 35% students can play only cricket , 45% play only table tennis and the remaining students can play both the games . In all how many students can play cricket

a. 86 b. 54 c. 36 d. 44

Q2 SETS - VENN DIAGRAM

DEC 2013 01. a out of 200 candidates who were E interviewed for a position at call centre , 100 had a two wheeler , 70 had a credit card and 140 had a mobile phone . 40 of them had both two wheeler and a credit card , 30 had both a credit card and mobile phone, 60 had both a two wheeler and mobile phone . 10 had all three . How many candidates had none of the three a. 0 b.20 c. 10 d. 18

02. DEC 2012

For a group of 200 persons , 100 are interested in music , 70 in phototgraphy and 40 in swimming . Further more 40 are interested in both music and photography . 30 in both music and swimming , 20 in photography and swimming and 10 in all three . How many are interested in photography but not music and swimming a. 30 b. 15 c. 25 d. 20

K. SHAH

03. MAY 2018

in a town of 20,000 families , 40% buy newspaper A , 20% buy B , 10% buy C , 5% buy A and B , 3% buy B and C and 4% buy A and C . If 2% buy all three newspaper then number of families which buy only A

a. 6600 b. 6300 c. 5600 d. 600

04. DEC 2020

05. DEC 23

In a survey of 100 boys , it was found that 50 used white shirts , 40 red shirts and 30 blue shirts , 20 were using white and red shirts , 15 were using both red and blue shirts and 10 were using both blue and white shirts . Find number of boys using all colours a 20 b 25 c 30 d 35

06. DEC 2021

Out of a group of 20 teachers in a school , 10 teach Mathematics , 9 teach Physics & 7 teach Chemistry . 4 teach Math & Physics but none teach both Math and Chemistry . How many teach Chemistry & Physics . How many teach only Physics a. 2,3 b. 3,2 c. 4,6 d. 6,4

Q3 SETS

01. JUNE 19
A =
$$\{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9\}$$

B = $\{1,3,4,5,7,8\}$, C = $\{2,6,8\}$
Find (A-B) \cup C
ans $\{2,6,8,9\}$

02. JUNE 2016

 $A = \{x : \frac{x}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}, 0 \le x \le 10\}$ B = \{x : x is one digit prime number\} C = \{x : \frac{x}{3} \in \mathbb{N}, x \le 12\} A\cap(B\cap C) a. \phi b. A b. B c. C

03. JUNE 2018

$$A = \{x/x=3^{n}-2n-1, n \in N\}$$

 $B = \{x/x=4(n-1), n \in N\}$
a. $A \subset B$ b. $B \subset A$ c. $A = B$ d. none
Q4 a

SUBSETS, NON EMPTY SUBSETS & PROPER SUBSETS

A = $\{1,2,3\}$ Write the possible subsets of A $\{\}$, $\{1\}$, $\{2\}$, $\{3\}$, $\{1,2\}$, $\{1,3\}$, $\{2,3\}$, $\{1,2,3\}$ PROPER SUBSETS

NOTE 1 : an empty set and the set itself are too subsets of any set

NOTE 2 : n(A) = 3No. of subsets formed = $2^3 = 8$ (2^n) No. of NON EMPTY SUBSETS (1) (2) (2) (1 2) (1 2) (2 2) (1 2 2)

 $\{1\}, \{2\}, \{3\}, \{1,2\}, \{1,3\}, \{2,3\}, \{1,2,3\}$ $= 7 = (2^{n} - 1)$

No. of NON EMPTY PROPER SUBSETS {1}, {2}, {3}, {1,2}, {1,3}, {2,3} = 6 = $(2^n - 2)$

- 01. **DEC 22** No. of subsets of $\{0,1,2,3\}$ a. 2 b. 4 c. 8 d. 16 02. **JUNE 19** No. of subsets of $\{3,4,5\}$ a. 2 b. 4 c. 8 d. 16 DEC 23, MAY 18 03. $B = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$, then the number of proper subsets of B is c) 31 a) 120 b) 30 d) 32 04. **DEC 22** $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9\}$ $B = \{2, 4, 6, 7, 9\}$ How many proper subsets of $A {\cap} B$ can be created a. 16 b. 15 c. 32 d. 31
 - JUNE 2016 the number of subsets of the word formed from the letters of the word ALLAHABAD a. 128 b. 16 c. 32 d. 64

06. JUNE 22, DEC 20

05.

Two finite sets with and a and b elements . The total number of subsets of the first set is 56 more than the total numbers subsets of the 2^{nd} set . Find a , b a. 6,3 b. 3,6 c. 8,4 d. 6,4

- 07. Two finite sets with p and q as elements . The total number of subsets of the first set is 64 more than the total number of subsets of the second . The values of p and q are `_____
 - a. 5,7 b. 7,6 c. 8,7 d. 9,7

Q5 CARTESIAN PRODUCT OF 2 SETS

ALL ELEMENTS OF A ARE MAPPED TO ALL ELEMENTS OF B

Let A and B be two non empty sets then the cartesian product of A and B is defined as a set of ordered pairs (a,b) such that $a \in A$, $b \in B$ Its denoted as $A \times B$, read as `A CrOSS B'

 $AxB = \{(a,b) / a \in A, b \in B\}$

01.
$$A = \{1,2\}, B = \{a,b\}$$

 $AxB = \{(1,a),(1,b),(2,a),(2,b)\}$

$$BxA = \{(a,1),(a,2),(b,1),(b,2)\}$$



NOTE : 1. $AXB \neq BXA$ 2. n(AXB) = n(BXA)3. n(A) = 2, n(B) = 3, n(AxB) = n(BxA) = 2x3 = 6

02. DEC 2011 A = $\{1,2,3,4,5\}$, B = $\{2,4\}$, C= $\{1,3,5\}$ then (A-C) x B a. $\{(2,2),(2,4),(4,2),(4,4),(5,2),(5,4)\}$ b. $\{(1,2),(1,4),(3,2),(3,4),(5,2),(5,4)\}$ c. $\{(2,2),(4,2),(4,4),(4,5)\}$ d. $\{(2,2),(2,4),(4,2),(4,4)\}$

- 03. JUNE 23
 A = {a,b,c} ,B= {b,c,d}, C= {a,d,c} then
 (A-B)x(B∩C) is
 - a. {(a,d),(c,d)} b. {(a,c),(a,d)}

c. {(c,a),(d,a)} d. {(a,c),(a,d),(b,d)}



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05. DEC 23 $A = \{2,4\}, B = \{1,2,3\}$ then (AUB) x (A \cap B) a) {(1,2),(2,2),(3,2)} b) ((1,2),(2,2),(2,3),(2,4)} c) {(2,1),(2,2),(2,4)} d) {(1,2),(2,2),(3,2),(4,2)}

Q6 INVERSE RELATION

- INVERSE RELATION (R^{-1}) If R:A \rightarrow B then inverse relation R^{-1} :B \rightarrow A R \subseteq AxB then $R^{-1} \subseteq$ BxA R = {(1,a), (2,b), (3,c)} then $R^{-1} = \{(a,1), (b,2), (c,3)\}$ dograin of R = range of R^{-1} range of R = dograin of R^{-1}
- 01. A = $\{2,3,5,7\}$ B = $\{4,6,9,10,11\}$ R is a relation defined as **`is a divisor** Of' from A to B. find the domain and range of R⁻¹ ans $\{4,6,9,10\}$, $\{2,3,5\}$

02. JUNE 19

Q7 REFLEXIVE - SYMMETRIC & TRANSITIVE RELATION

$$A = \{1, 2, 3\}, R: A \rightarrow A$$

Is REFLEXIVE if $(a,a) \in R$ for all $a \in A$

 $\mathsf{R} = \{(1,1), (2,2), (3,3)\}$

IS SYMMETRIC if $(a,b) \in R$ then $(b,a) \in R$

 $\mathsf{R} \, = \, \big\{ (1,2), (2,1), (2,3), (3,2) \big\}$

IS TRANSITIVE if (a,b),(b,c) \in R then (a,c) \in R R = {(1,2), (2,3), (1,3)}

If R is REFLEXIVE , SYMMETRIC & TRANSITIVE the R has attained EQUIVALENCE

- 01. A = $\{1,2,3\}$, R : A \rightarrow A R = $\{(1,1),(2,2),(3,3),(1,2),(2,3),(1,3)\}$ R is DEC 22
 - a. Symmetric & Transitive
 - b. Reflexive but not Transitive
 - c. Reflexive but not Symmetric
 - d. Neither Symmetric not Transitive

02. JUNE 22

 $R = \{(3,3), (6,6), (9,9), (12,12), (6,12), (3,9), (3,12), (3,6)\}$

defined on A = $\{3,6,9,12\}$ then R is

- a. Equivalence
- b. Reflexive & Transitive only
- c. Reflexive
- d. Reflexive & Symmetric only

K. SHAH

03. JUNE 23

 $R = \{(1,2),(2,3)\} \text{ defined on}$ set A = {1,2,3} . Find minimum no. of ordered pairs which when added to R will make it equivalence relation a. 5 b.7 c. 6 d. 8

04. DEC 21

`aRb' , (a–b) is an even integer , then relation R is

a. Symmetric, reflexive but not transitive

b. symmetric , transitive but not reflexive

- c. transitive , reflexive but not symmetric
- d. Equivalence relation

05. JUN 23

`xRy' , (x–y) is \div by 5 . x,y \in N , then relation R is

a. Equivalence

- b. Not Symmetric
- c. Symmetric but not Transitive
- d. Symmetric but not Reflexive'

06. JAN 21

In the set of all straight lines on a plane which of the following is not TRUE

- a. 'Parallel to' is an equivalence relation
- b. 'Perpendicular to' is a symmetric relation
- c. 'Perpendicular to' is an equivalence relation
- d. 'Parallel to' is a reflexive relation

FUNCTION

Q8

IF EVERY ELEMENT OF SET A IS RELATED / MAPPED TO ONE AND ONLY ONE ELEMENT OF B , THEN

 $R:A \rightarrow B$ is called $f:A \rightarrow B$

01. DEC 2015

Which of these is a function from $A \rightarrow B$ $A = \{x,y,z\}, B = \{a,b,c,d\}$ a. $\{(x,a),(x,b),(y,c)\}$ b. $\{(x,a),(x,b),(y,c),(z,d)\}$ c. $\{(x,a),(y,b),(z,d)\}$ d. $\{(a,x),(b,z),(c,y)\}$

02. JUNE 19

which $R:A \rightarrow B$ is function

03. DEC 18

which R is function a) $R_1 \equiv \{(1,1), (1,2), (1,3)\}$ b) $R_2 \equiv \{(1,1), (2,1), (2,3)\}$ c) $R_3 \equiv \{(1,2), (2,2), (3,2), (4,2)\}$ d) none

04. JUNE 2011

A = $\{\pm 2, \pm 3\}$, B = $\{1,4,9\}$ and

 $f = \{(2,4), (-2,4), (3,9), (-3,9)\}$

then f is defined as

- a. one to one function from A into B
- b. one to one function from A onto B
- c. many to one function from A into B
- d. many to one function from A onto B

Q9

01. JAN 2021 $f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x , x > 3 \\ x^2 , 1 < x \le 3 \\ 3x , x \le 1 \end{cases}$ Find f(-1) + f(2) + f(4)a. 9 b. 14 c. 5 d. 6

- 02. DEC 2010 f : R \rightarrow R , f(x) = x+1 , g : R \rightarrow R , g(x) = x²+1 , then fog(-2) a. 6 b. 5 c. -2 d. none
- 03. JULY 21 $f(x) = x^2 - 1, g(x) = |2x+3|$ then fog(3) - gof(-3) = ? a. 71 b. 61 c. 41 d. 51
- 04. JUNE 19 $f(x) = x^2$, $g(x) = \sqrt{x}$, then **a.** gof(3) = 3 b. gof(-3)=9c. gof(9) = 3 d. gof(-9)=3

Q10 COMPOSITE FUNCTIONS

- 01. JUNE 2017 $f(x) = \frac{1}{1-x} \qquad g(x) = \frac{x-1}{x}$ Find gof(x) a. x-1 b. x c. 1-x d. -x
- 02. JUNE 2011

$$f(x) = \frac{x}{\sqrt{(1+x^2)}} \quad g(x) = \frac{x}{\sqrt{(1-x^2)}}$$

fog(x) = ?
a. x b. ¹/x c. ^x/ $\sqrt{(1-x^2)}$
d. x. $\sqrt{(1-x^2)}$

03. DEC 2017

$$f(x) = \frac{x+1}{x+2} \cdot f[f(1/x)]$$
a. $\frac{2x+3}{3x+2}$ b. $\frac{2x+5}{3x+2}$ c. $\frac{3x+2}{5x+3}$ d. $\frac{5x+2}{2x+3}$

Q11 RANGE OF FUNCTION

- 01. DEC 18 A = $\{1,2,3,4\}$ B = $\{1,4,9,16,25\}$ f:A \rightarrow B, f(x) = x². Find the range of the f(x) a. $\{1,2,3,4\}$ b. $\{1,4,9,16\}$ c. $\{1,4,9,16,25\}$ d. none
- 02. JULY 2021 The range of the function f defined as $f(x) = \sqrt{16-x^2}$ a. [-4,0] b. [-4,4] C. [0,4] d. (-4,4)
- 03. JUNE 2017 Find range of $f(x) = \frac{x}{x^2+1}$ a. $(-^1/2, 1/2)$ b. $[-^1/2, 1/2)$ c. $[-^1/2, 1/2]$ d. none 04. JUNE 2018 r r i s e Find range of $f(x) = \frac{x^6}{x^{12}+1}$ a. $(0,\infty)$ b. $[-^1/2, 1/2)$

Q12 INVERSE OF A FUNCTION

- 01. JUNE 23 f(x) = 4x+3, $\forall x \in N$, then $f^{-1}(x)$ is a. $4+^{(x+3)}/4$ b. $^{(x+3)}/4$ c. $^{(x-3)}/4$ d. $^{(3x+4)}/4$
- 02. JUNE 22 $f(p) = \frac{1}{1-p}$, $f^{-1}(p) =$ a. $\frac{1}{p-1}$ b. 1-p c. $\frac{1-p}{p}$ d. $\frac{p-1}{p}$

- 03. DEC 22
 - $u(x) = \frac{1}{1-x}, u^{-1}(x) =$ a. $\frac{1}{x-1}$ b. 1-x c. $1-\frac{1}{x}$ d. $\frac{1}{x-1}$

04. DEC 2019

$$f(x) = 2x^{3}+1$$
, $f^{-1}(x)$
a. $\frac{1}{2}(x-1)^{1/3}$
(x-1/2)^{1/3}
c. $(x^{-1}/2)^{1/2}$

d. none of these

05. JULY 21







DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS

				PR	ODUCT/QUOTIENT RULE
$\frac{d}{dx}k$	= 0	DERIVATIVES		01	DEC 2021
ux		OF		01.	$y = x^4$. then $dy/dx =$
$\frac{d}{dx}x$	= 1	STANDARD			e ^x
. 2					a. $x^{3}(4-x)/(e^{x})^{2}$
$\frac{d}{dx}$	= 2x	FUNCTIONS			b. $x^{3}(4-x)/e^{x}$
d v ³	- 2x ²				c. $x^{2}(4-x)/e^{x}$
$\frac{d}{dx}$	= 5X				d. $x^{3}(4x-1)/e^{x}$ option b
$\frac{d}{d}x^4$	$= 4x^3$			02.	JUNE 22
dx				•=-	which of the following is the
$\frac{d}{d}x^5$	$= 5x^4$				differentiation of e ^t .log _e t wrt t
dx					a. e ^t (t.logt) b. e ^t (1+tlog _e t)/t
$\frac{d}{dx}\frac{1}{x}$	$= \frac{-1}{x^2}$				c. e ^t /t d. e ^t (1-log _e t)
d dy	- 1				option b
$\frac{d}{dx}$	$-\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$		AH		a Veranaa
			ES	СС	MPOSITE FUNCTIONS
$\frac{d}{dx}$ logx	$= \frac{1}{x}$			03.	JULY 21
ux	^				$f(x) = 3.e^{x^4}$
d e ^x	= e ^x				$f'(x) - 4x^3 f(x) + 1f(0) - f'(0) = ?$
dx					3
d a ^X	× . I.c				a. 0 b. e c. 1 d1
$\frac{d}{dx}$	– a .iu	Jya		04.	NOV 19
					if $f(x) = a(x^2+x+1)^2$, $f'(-1) = -6$, then
$\frac{d}{dx}$ 3 ^x	= 3 ^x .lo	og3			find a
ax					a. 1 b. 2 c. 3 d. 4
d 4 ^x	= 4 ^x .lo	og4			option c.
dx					
л Х	.X (.	1		LO	
$\frac{d}{dx}$	= x .(.	1+10gx)		05.	DEC 22
		2 2)			y = x ^x . Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at x = 1
d log	$\left[x + \right] x$	$(\pm a^2) = 1$			a. 0 b. 1 c. –1 d. 2
dx		√x⁻± a⁻			ontion h
					option D.

06. JUNE 2016

$$y = \sqrt{\frac{1-x}{1+x}}, \text{ then } dy = dx$$

a.
$$\frac{y}{x^2-1}$$
 b.
$$\frac{y}{1-x^2}$$
 c.
$$\frac{y}{1+x^2}$$
 d.
$$\frac{y}{y^2-1}$$

option b.

07. DEC 2016 $y = \log_{e} \left(\sqrt{x-1} + \sqrt{x+1} \right)$. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ a. $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x^{2}-1}}$ b. $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x^{2}+1}}$ c. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x-1} + \sqrt{x+1}}$

option a.

IMPLICIT FUNCTIONS

08. DEC 22

$$x^{5}+y^{5}-5xy = 0 , \text{ find } \frac{dy}{dx}$$

a. $\frac{y+x^{4}}{x+y}$ b. $\frac{y-x^{4}}{y^{4}-x}$ c. $\frac{x-y^{4}}{x-y}$
d. $\frac{x+y^{4}}{x^{4}+y}$ option b.

09. DEC 23

$$x^{3}+y^{3}-3axy = 0$$
. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$
a) $\frac{ay-x^{2}}{y^{2}-ax}$ b. $\frac{x^{2}-ay}{y^{2}-ax}$ c. $\frac{ay-x^{2}}{ax-y^{2}}$
d) $\frac{x^{2}-ay}{ax-y^{2}}$ option a

10. JUNE 19 $2^{x}-2^{y} = 2^{x-y}$, then dy/dx at x = y = 2 a. 1 b. 2 c. 4 d. 5 option a.

IMPLICIT FUNCTIONS

- 11. **DEC 18** $x = at^{3}, t = a/t^{3}$, then dy/dx
 - a. $\frac{-3a}{t^6}$ b. $\frac{-1}{t^6}$ c. $\frac{1}{3at^2}$ d. none

12. DEC 23 $x = 5t^{2}+3$, $y = 2t^{2}+1$, dy/dx =a) 2 b) 1 c) 2t d) $^{2}/_{5}$ option d

MAKE IMPLICIT TO EXPLICIT

- 13. JUNE 23, xy = 1, $y^{2} + \frac{dy}{dx} = ?$ a. 1 b. 0 c. -1 d. $\frac{1}{2}$ option b.
- 14. DEC 2017 $x^{y} = e^{x - y}$. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ a. $\frac{2\log x}{(1 + \log x)^{2}}$ b. $\frac{\log x}{1 + \log x}$ c. $\frac{\log x}{(1 + \log x)^{2}}$ option c.

15. JUN 23

$$y = \frac{x}{x+5}$$
 Find $\frac{dx}{dy}$ **d**
E n t e r p r i s e
a. $\frac{5}{(1-y)^2}$ b. $\frac{5}{(1+y)^2}$ c. $\frac{3}{(1-y)^2}$ d.none
antian a

option a.

MAXIMA / MINIMA

16. DEC 22

 $y = 2x^3 - 15x^2 + 36x + 10$

maxima & minima occurs respectively at

17. MAY 2018

the cost function for the production of x units of a commodity is given by $C(x) = 2x^3-15x^2+36x+15$. The cost will be minimum when x a. 3 b. 2 c. 1 d. 4 option a. 18. JUNE 2019

the total cost function of a firm is $C(x) = 150x - 5x^{2} + \underline{x}^{3}$

Find output ,x at which marginal cost is equal to average cost a. 5 b. 10 c. 15 d. 20 option c.

19. JAN 2021

the cost function of production is given

$$C(x) = \frac{x^3}{2} - 15x^2 + 36x$$

Where x denotes the number of items produced . The level of output for which marginal cost and average cost are minimum a. 10,15 b. 10,12 c. 12,15 d. 15,10

20. JULY 2021

the cost function $C(x) = 125 + 500x - x^2 + x^3/3$, and the demand function for the items is given by p(x) = 1500-x, then the marginal profit when 18 items are sold is a. 751 b. 571 c. 676 d. 875 Enterprise

CA FOUNDATION

INTEGRAL CALCULUS

J.K. SHAH° & Veranda

LIST OF FORMULAE				
∫1 dx	= x + C			
∫ x ⁿ dx	$= \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} + c$			
$\int \frac{1dx}{x}$	$= \log x + C$			
$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	$= 2\sqrt{x} + C$			
∫e ^x dx	$= e^{x} + C$			
∫ a ^x dx	$= \frac{a^{X}}{\log a} + C$			
$\int \frac{1}{x^2 - a^2}$	$dx = \frac{1}{2a} \log \left \frac{x - a}{x + a} \right ^{+} c$			
$\int \frac{1}{a^2 - x^2}$	$dx = \frac{1}{2a} \log \left \frac{a + x}{a - x} \right + c$			
$\int \frac{1}{\left x^2 + a^2\right }$	$dx = \log \left x + \sqrt{x^2 + a^2} \right + C$			
$\int \frac{1}{\left x^2 - a^2\right }$	$dx = \log \left x + \sqrt{x^2 - a^2} \right + C$			
$\int \sqrt{x^2 + a^2} dx$	$x = \frac{x}{2} \sqrt{x^2 + a^2} + \frac{a^2}{2} \log x + \sqrt{x^2 + a^2}$			
$\int \sqrt{x^2 - a^2} dx$	$x = \frac{x}{2} \sqrt{x^2 - a^2} - \frac{a^2}{2} \log x + \sqrt{x^2 - a^2}$			
$\int \frac{f'(x)}{f(x)} dx$	$x = \log f(x) + k$			
$\int e^x [f(x)]$	$+f'(x)]dx = e^{x} [f(x) + k$			
∫uv dx	= $u\int vdx - \int (d/dx) dx$			

<u>Q1</u>

```
01. JUNE 23 - MTP I
     2
     \int 3x^2 dx
     0
     a. 7 b. -8 c. 8 d. -7
02. DEC 23 - MTP II
     4
     ∫ (2x+5)dx
                                 ans 30
     1
03. NOV 19
     1
    \int (2x^2 - x^3) dx
    -1
     a. 14 b. 104 c. \frac{2x^3}{3} - \frac{x^4}{4} d. 4/3
04. JUNE 23 - MTP I
   \int_{0}^{1} 3x^{2} + 2x + k dx = 0
     a. 0 b. -1 c. -2 d. 1
05. DEC 22
     Find area under curve f(x) = x^2 + 5x + 2
     with limits 0 to 1
     a. 3.833 b. 4.388 c. 4.833 d. none
06. DEC 18
        3
       \int (1+3x-x^3) dx
      -1
     a. -3 b. -4 c. 3 d. 4
07. DEC 22 - MTP II
     1
     \int (e^{x} + e^{-x}) dx
     0
    a. e - e^{-1} b. e^{-1} - e c. e + e^{-1}
     d. none of these
```

J.K. SHAH

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DEC 23 08. $\int \frac{f'(x)}{f(x)} dx = \log f(x) + k$ **Q2** $\int (e^x - 1/x^2) dx$ a. $e^3 - e - \frac{2}{3}$ b. $e^2 - e - \frac{1}{3}$ 01. JULY 21 - MTP I c. $e^3 + e + \frac{2}{2}$ d. $e^3 - e + \frac{2}{2}$ $\int \frac{2x+1}{x(x+1)} dx$ a. $\log(x^2 - x) + k$ b. $\log(x^2 + x) + k$ c. $log(x^2+1)+k$ c. none of these 09. NOV 19 ∫ log_a^x dx 02. DEC 22 , JUNE 17 a. $\log_{a} \frac{x^{2}}{2} + k$ b. $\log_{a} a^{\frac{x}{2}} + k$ $\int \frac{x}{x^2 + 1} \, dx$ c. $x \cdot \log a^{x} - x + k$ d. $x \cdot \log a^{x} + k$ $\frac{a.1}{2}\log\left(\frac{17}{5}\right) b.2\log\left(\frac{17}{5}\right) c.\frac{1}{2}\log\left(\frac{5}{17}\right)$ 10. DEC 2012, JUNE 2013 d. 2 $\log\left(\frac{5}{17}\right)$ option a $\int 2^{3x} \cdot 3^{2x} \cdot 5^{x} \cdot dx$ a. $\frac{2^{3x}.3^{2x}.5^{x}}{\log 720}$ + c b. $\frac{2^{3x}.3^{2x}.5^{x}}{\log 360}$ + c **Q3** $\int e^{x} [f(x)+f'(x)]dx = e^{x} [f(x) + k$ c. $\frac{2^{3x}.3^{2x}.5^{x}}{\log 180}$ + c d. $\frac{2^{3x}.3^{2x}.5^{x}}{\log 90}$ + c 01. JUNE 22 - MTP I $\int e^{x}(x^{2}+2x)dx$ a. $x^2 \cdot e^x + c$ b. $x \cdot e^x + c$ c. $-x \cdot e^x + c$ $d e^{-x} + c$ 11. DEC 22 , JUNE 23 - MTP I $(2x+3)^5 dx$ 02. DEC 2016 a. $(2x-3)^{6} + c$ b $(2x-3)^{6} + c$ $\int_{0}^{e} e^{x} (x \log x + 1)x^{-1}.dx$ $c \left(\frac{2x+3}{12}\right)^{6} + c d \left(\frac{2x-3}{5}\right)^{6} + c$ a. e-1 b. e^e c. e^e-1 d. nione 12. NOV 19 **DEC 2016** 03. $\int (4x+5)^6 dx$ $\int_{1}^{e} e^{x} (x^{-1} - x^{-2}).dx$ a. $(4x+5)^7 + c$ b $(4x+5)^7 + c$ a. e(e/2-1) b. e(e-1) c. $e^2(e-1)$ c $(4x+5)^7$ + c d none of these d. none

MATHEMATICS



"*Ve*randa

I.K. SHAH



03. AUG 18 - MTP

If MC = $10-0.01x+0.009x^2$ where x is the quantity of production and total fixed cost = 100, then the total cost is a. $100+10x-0.05x^2+0.009x^3$ b. $100+10x-0.005x^2+0.003x^3$ c. $100+10x-0.05x^2+0.009x^3$

d. none of these

04. DEC 21 – MTP II

Marginal cost and marginal revenue of a commodity is C'(x) = 8+6x and R'(x) = 30. Fixed cost = 0 Find the total profit a. $22x+3x^2$ b. $22x-3x^2$ c. $22x-x^2$ d. none of these

