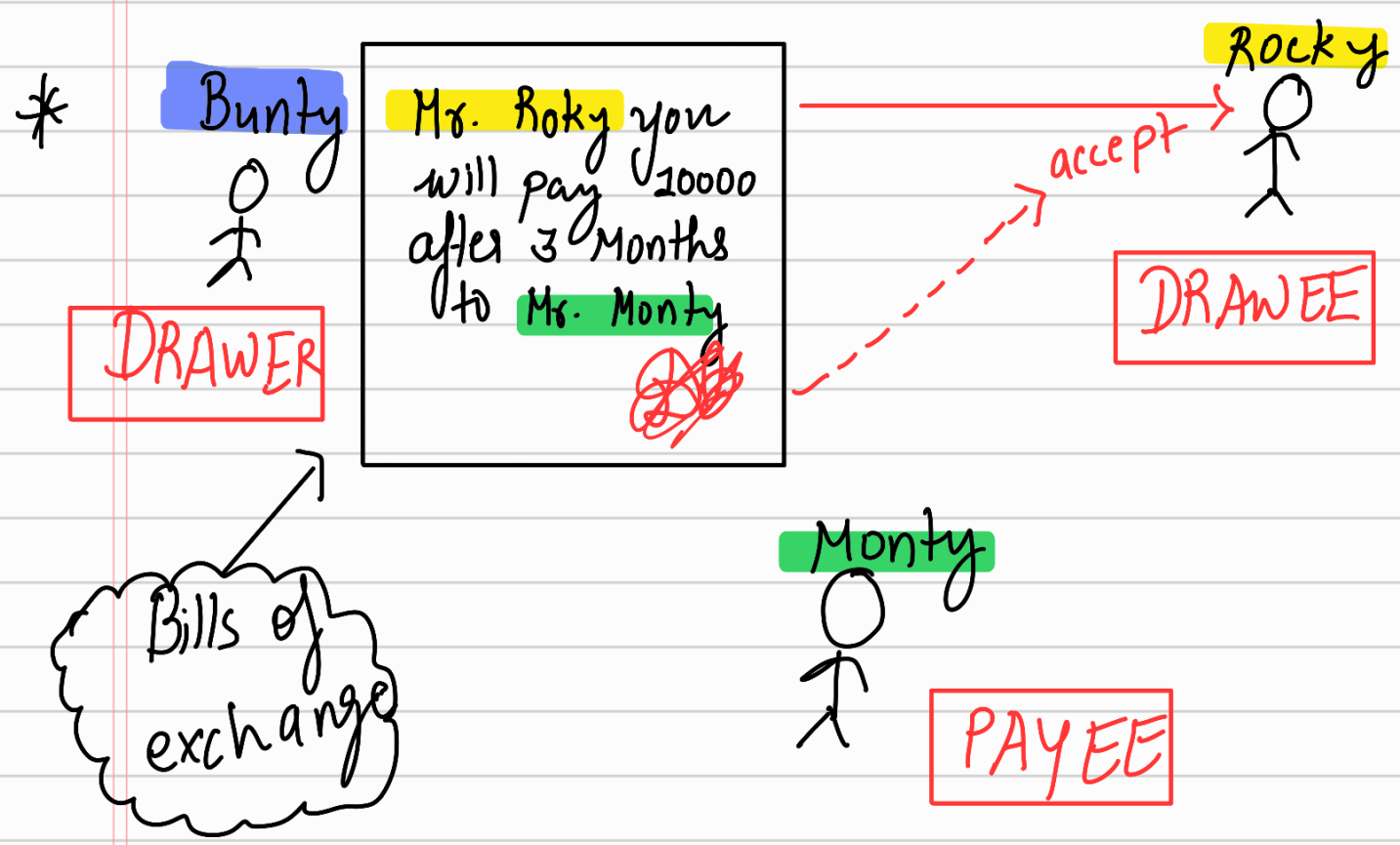
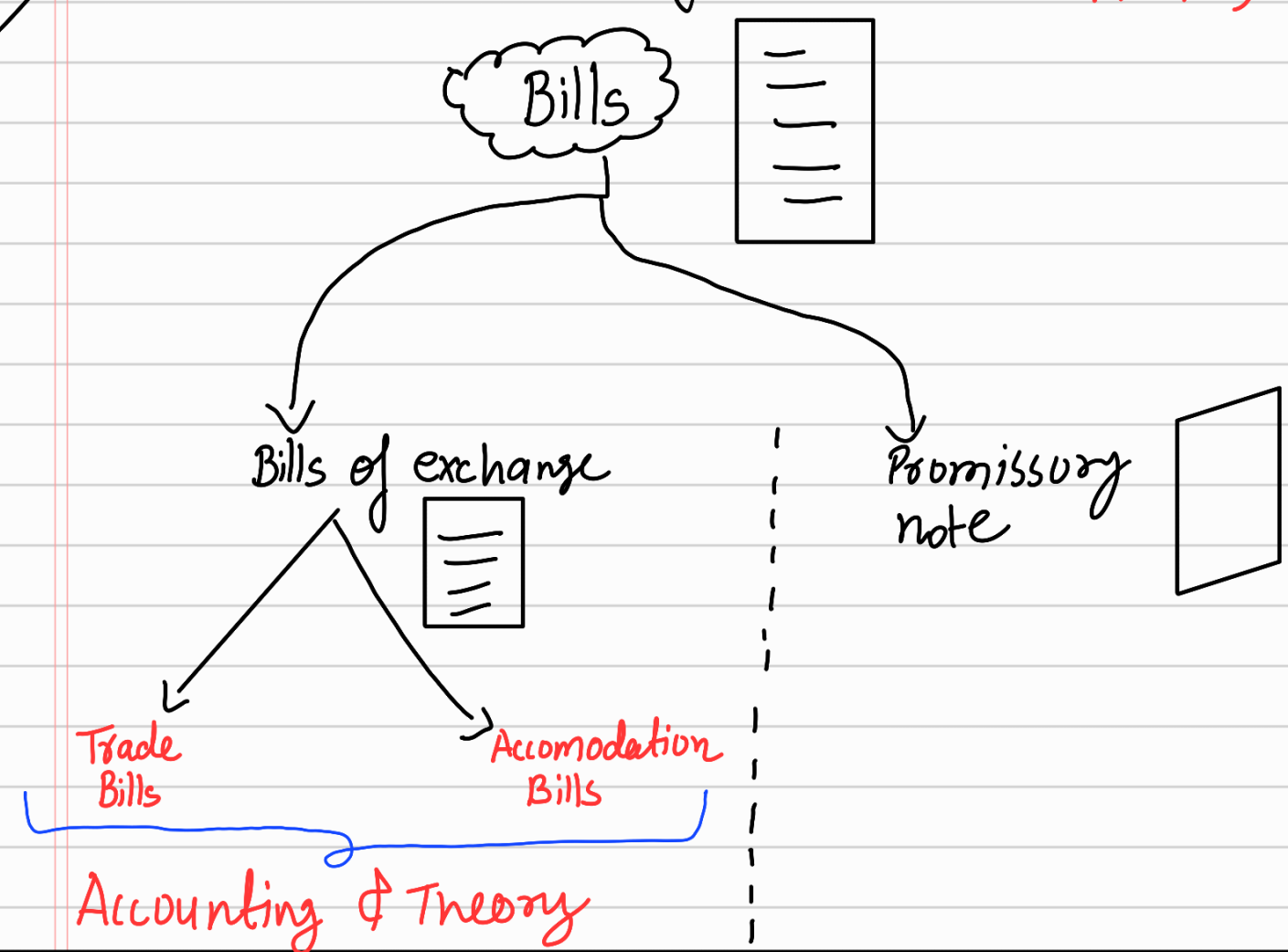


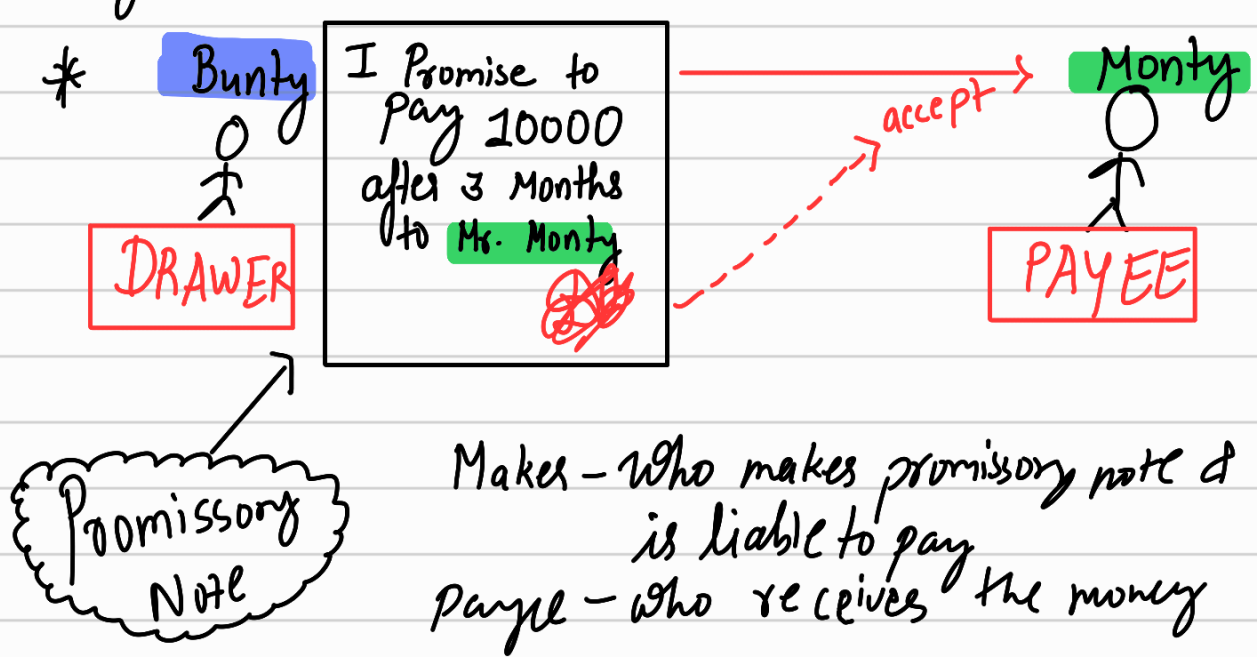
Ch-6 Bills of exchange (5-10 Marks)



Drawer - Who makes the bill

Drawee - Accept i.e who is liable to pay

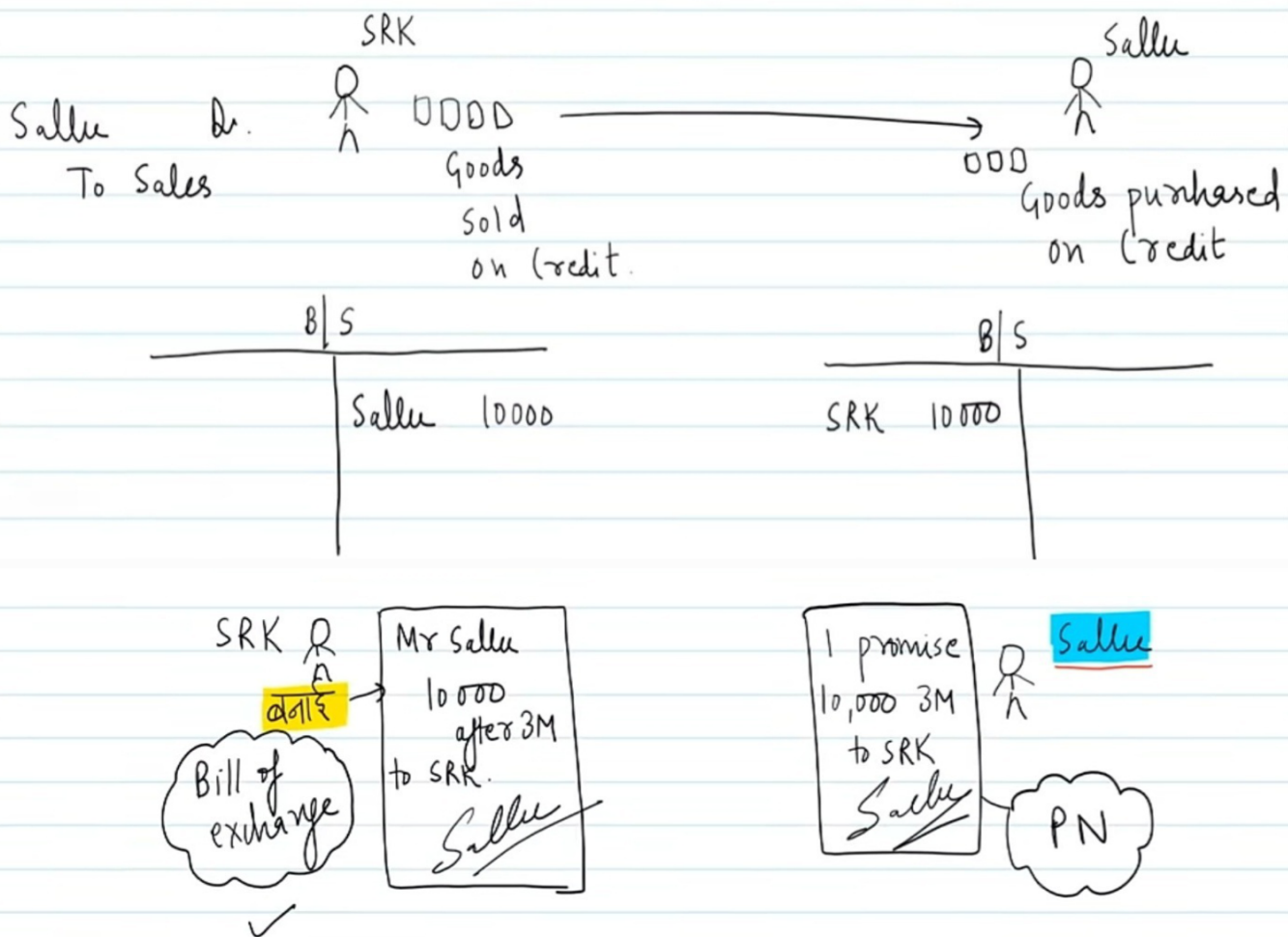
Payee - Who receives the money



Makes - Who makes promissory note & is liable to pay  
Payee - who receives the money

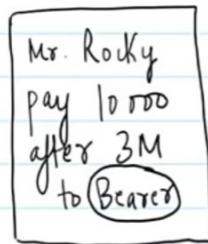
\*

|    | Bills of Exchange                                             | Promissory Note                                              |
|----|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1. | A bill contains an <b>order</b> to pay                        | It contains <b>promise</b> to pay                            |
| 2. | There are <b>3</b> parties<br>- Drawer, Drawee & Payee        | There are <b>2</b> parties<br>- Maker, Payee                 |
| 3. | Bill is paid by <b>acceptor</b><br>i.e. drawee                | A promissory note is paid by <b>maker</b>                    |
| 4. | Bill is drawn by <b>CREDITOR</b>                              | A promissory note is made by <b>DEBTOR</b>                   |
| 5. | Bills of exchange can be <b>accepted</b> <b>conditionally</b> | A promissory note <b>cannot</b> be made <b>conditionally</b> |
| 6. | In Bills of exchange <b>notice of dishonour</b> must be given | <b>No</b> notice is required                                 |



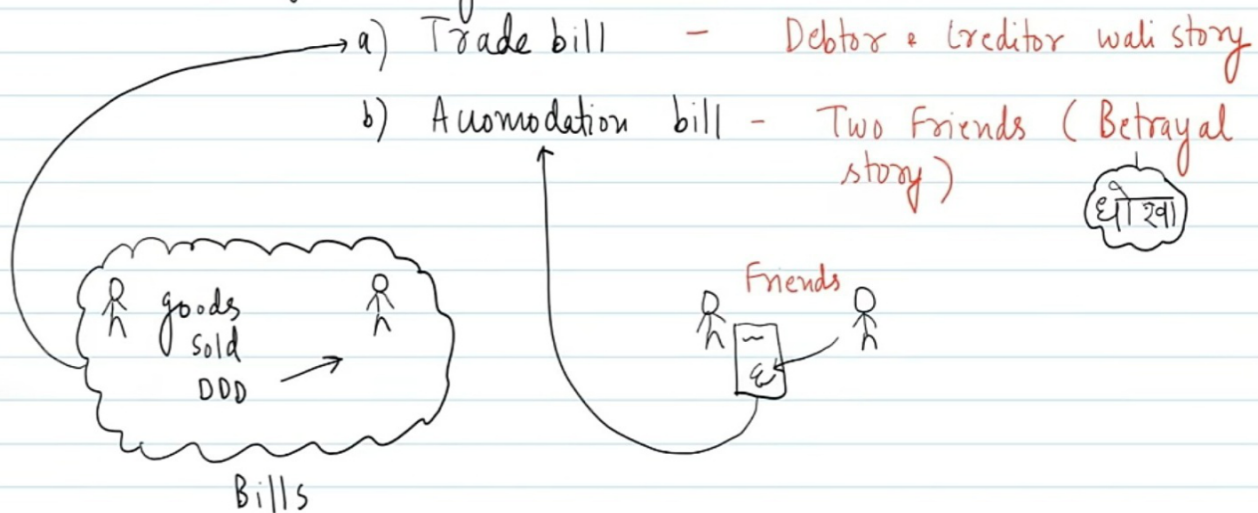
## → Bills of exchange

- It is an instrument in **writing** containing an unconditional **order** signed by the maker directing a certain person to pay a certain sum of money only to or to the order of certain person or the **bearer** of the instrument



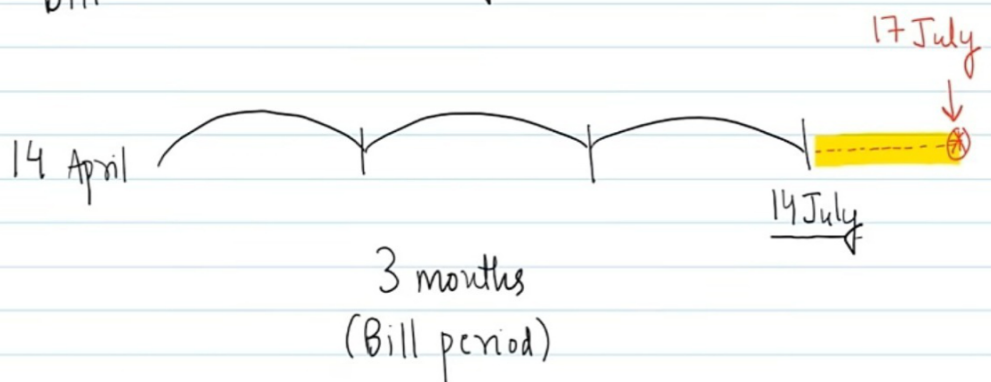
- There are (3) parties - Drawer, Drawee & Payee

- Bills of exchange can be :-

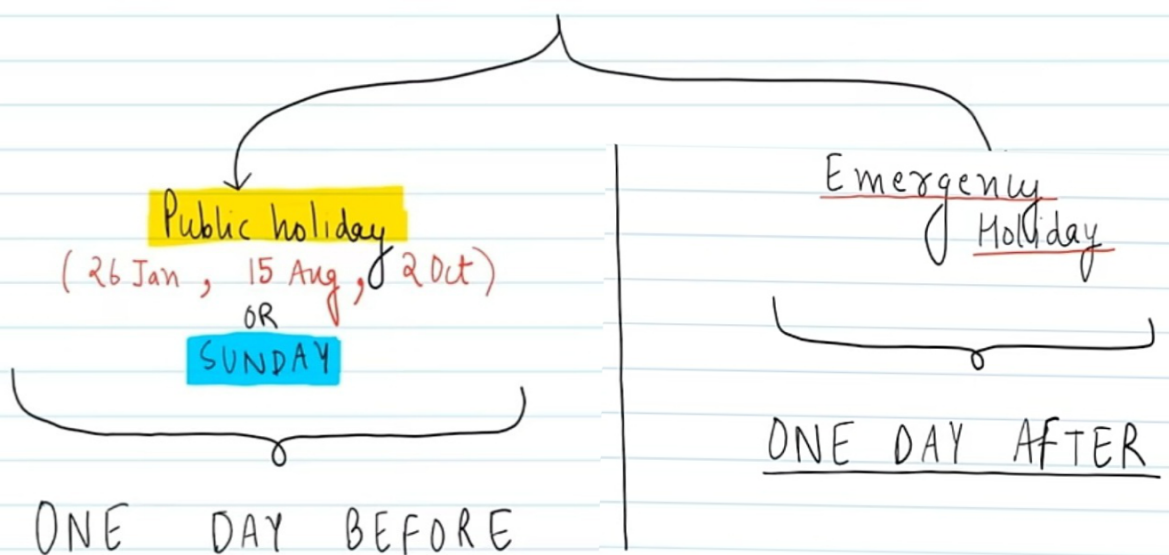


## → Due date of Bills of Exchange

period of Bill (+) **3 Days** Grace



If due date falls on :-



Q - find due date

|    | Date of Bill | Period of Bill | Due date                  |
|----|--------------|----------------|---------------------------|
| 1) | 1 Jan 2019   | 3 months       | 4 April 2019              |
| 2) | 16 June 2019 | 30 days        | 19 July 2019              |
| 3) | 12 Nov 2019  | 147 days       | 10 April 2020             |
| 4) | 12 July 2019 | 1 month        | 14 <sup>th</sup> Aug 2019 |

Nov. Dec 2019 Jan 2020 Feb 2020 March 2020 April 2020  
 18 Days (+) 31 days (+) 31 days (+) 29<sup>\*</sup> Days (+) 31 Days (+) 7 days

2000 → Leap year

[ Divisible by 4 ]

→ Types of Bill

a) Bill at Sight / Bill on Presentation

- No time period & No grace days
- Payable on Demand

b) Bill after Sight

- Period begins after date of Acceptance

c) Bill after Date

- Period begins after date of drawing of bill

By default



→ Foreign Bills of Exchange

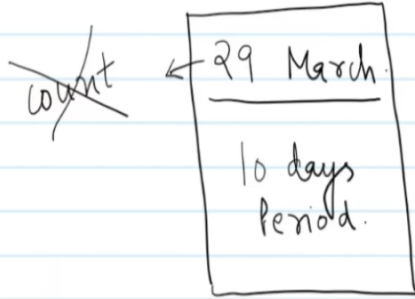
A bill drawn in one country and is payable in another country

- eg :-
- Bill drawn in India, payable outside India
  - A bill drawn outside India, payable in India

\* Important points related to due dates.

- (i) Count in months if months are given and count in days if days are given.

(ii) While counting days exclude the date of bill



March.

Remaining days  
2

eg ① Date of bill 30<sup>th</sup> August ———— 30<sup>th</sup> Sep  
Period 1 month.  
Due date. 3<sup>rd</sup> Oct

eg ② Date of bill 31<sup>st</sup> August ———— 30 Sep  
Period 1 month  
Due date 3<sup>rd</sup> Oct. ~~31 Sep~~

eg ③ Date 31<sup>st</sup> January ———— ~~31 Feb~~  
Period 1 month  
Due date 3 March. 28

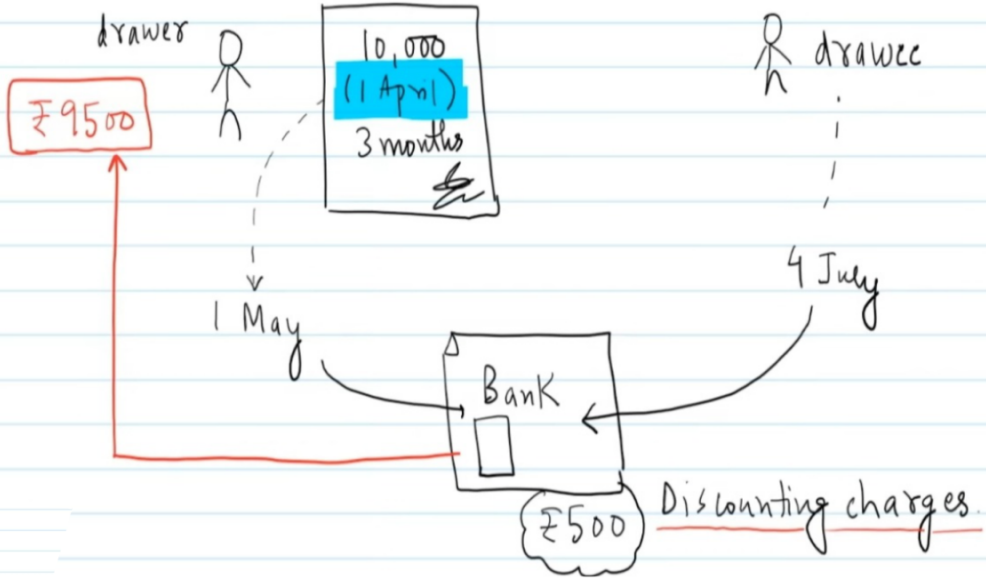
eg ④ Date 28<sup>th</sup> Feb ———— 28 March  
Period 1 month.  
Due date 31 March

eg ⑤ Date 1 March ————  
Period 30 days  
Due date 3 April  
March (Remaining)  
30 days (31 March)

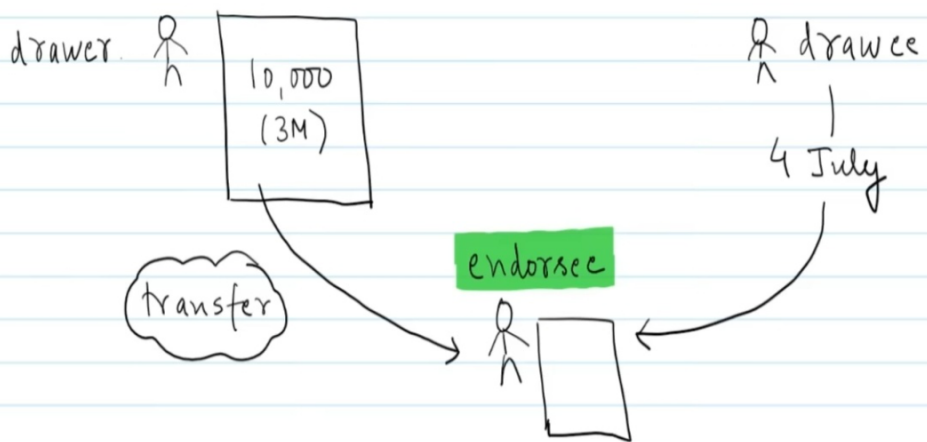
eg ⑥ Date 1 April ————  
Period 30 days  
Due date 4 May

\* Concepts \*

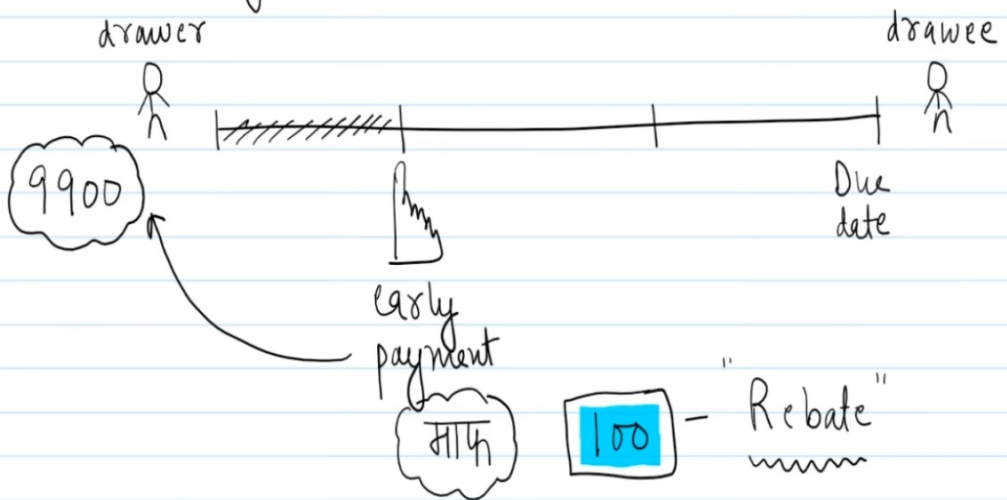
① Discounting of Bill



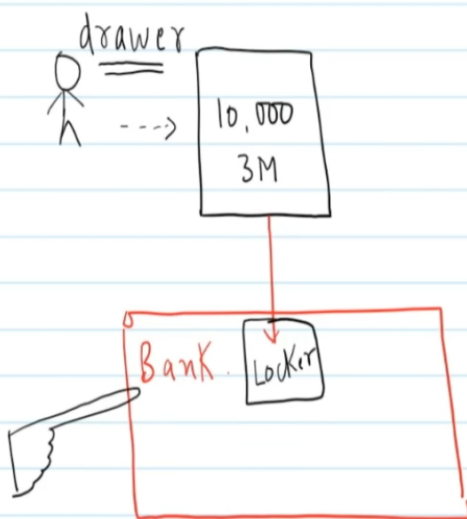
② Endorsement of Bill



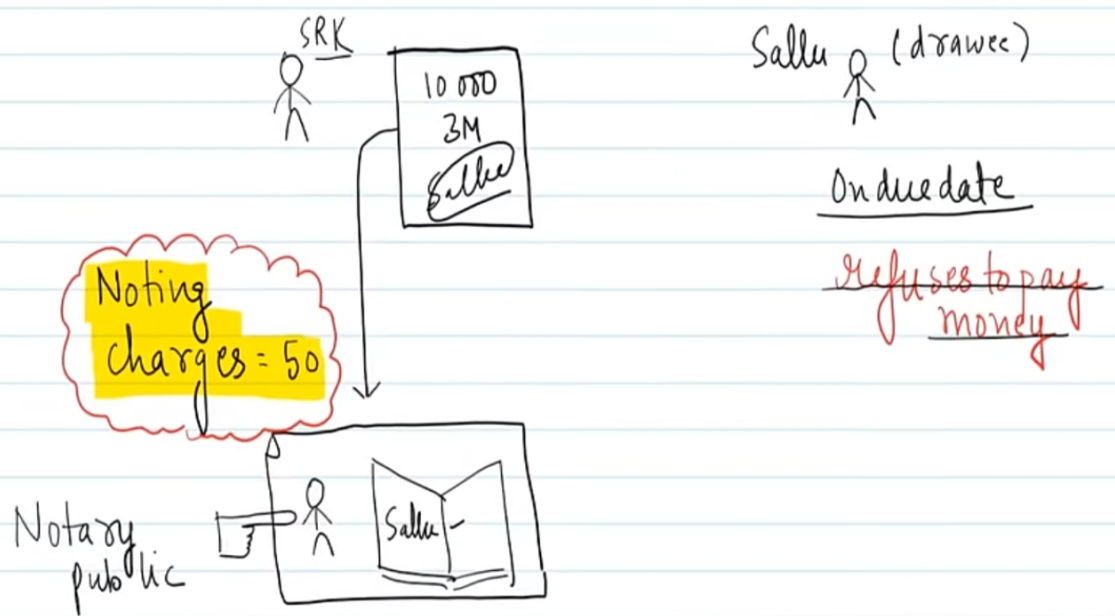
③ Retirement of Bill



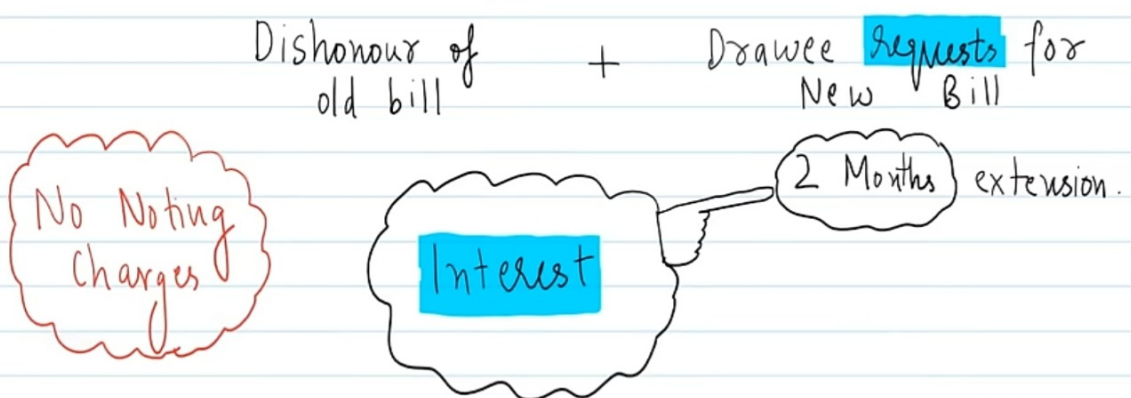
④ Bills Sent for Collection (BSFC)



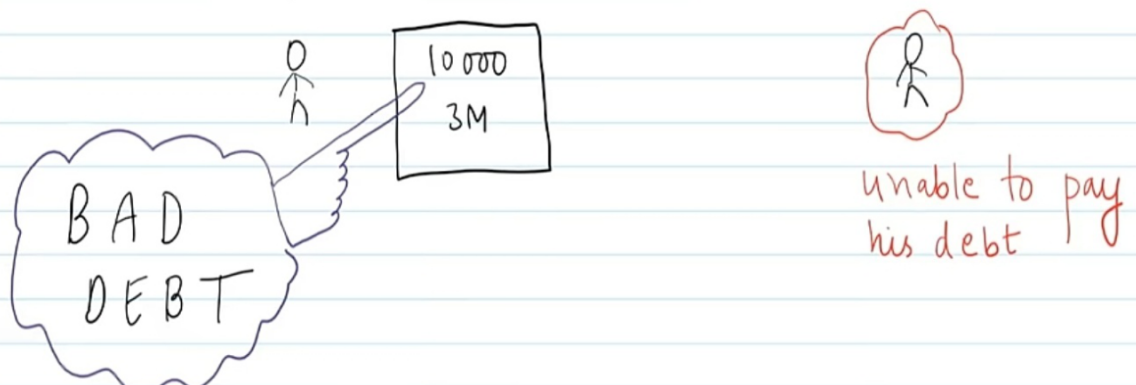
## 5 Dishonour of Bill



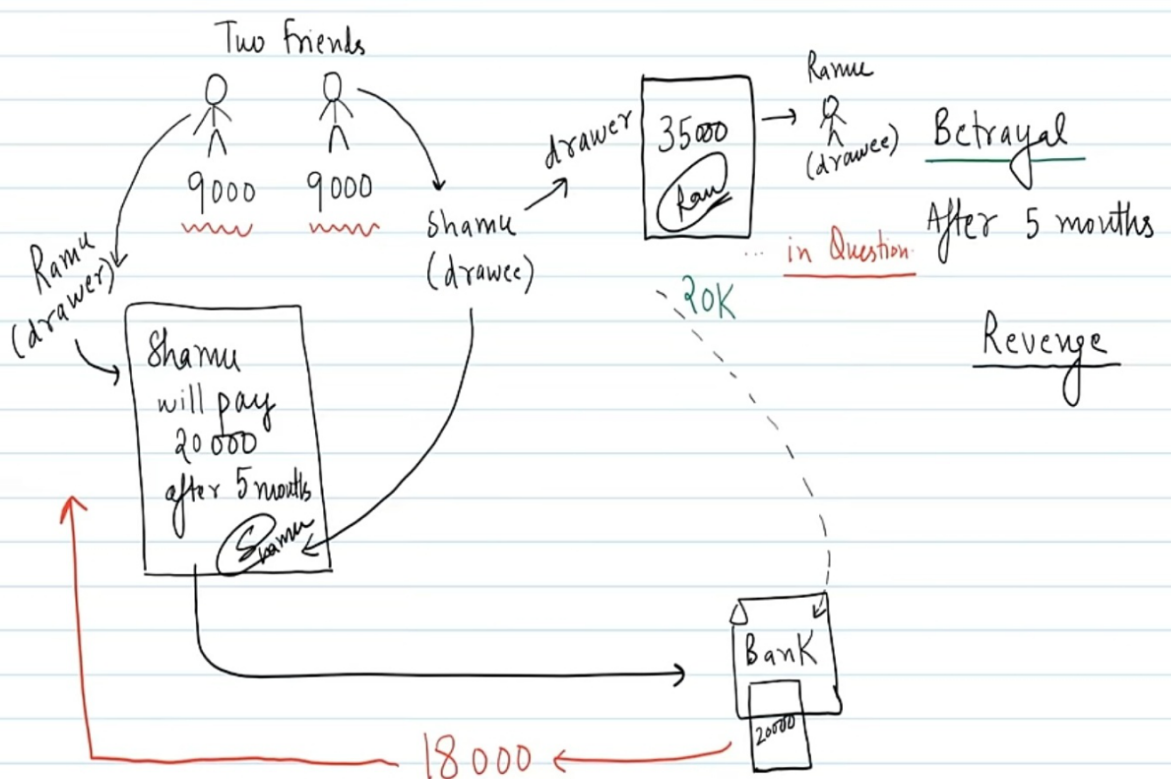
## 6 Renewal of Bill



## 7 Insolvency of Drawee



## 8 Accommodation Bill



$$\text{Proportionate discount} = \frac{\text{Benefit of 1st Bill (+) Amount remitted of 2nd Bill}}{\text{Amount of 2nd bill after discount}} \times \text{Discount}$$



## CA FOUNDATION BEST STUDY MATERIALS

WhatsApp community



<https://chat.whatsapp.com/Bf0K8vZXyAiEAgyvlweSBC>