FOUNDATION COURSE

MOCK TEST PAPER

PAPER -3: BUSINESS MATHEMATICS, LOGICAL REASONING AND STATISTICS

Maximum Marks: 100

QUESTIONS

PART A: BUSINESS MATHEMATICSAND LOGICAL REASONING

- 1. On simplification would reduces to $\frac{1}{1+Z^{a-b}+Z^{a-c}} \frac{1}{1+Z^{b-c}+Z^{b-a}} \frac{1}{1+Z^{c-a}+Z^{c-b}}$ would reduces to
 - a) $\frac{1}{Z^2(a+b+c)}$ b) $\frac{1}{Z^{(a+b+c)}}$ c) 1 d) 0
- 2. For any three consecutive integers x y z the equation log (1+xz) 2logy = 0 is
- (a) True (b) False (c) Sometimes true
- (d) Cannot be determined in the cases of variables with cyclic order

4. If $a^p = b^q = c^r = d^s$ and ab = cd then the value of $\frac{1}{p} + \frac{1}{q} - \frac{1}{r} - \frac{1}{x}$ reduces to (a) $\frac{1}{a}$ (b) $\frac{1}{b}$ (c) 0 (d) 1

5. Show that $\left(\frac{x^b}{x^c}\right)^a \times \left(\frac{x^c}{x^a}\right)^b \times \left(\frac{x^a}{x^b}\right)^c$ reduces to (a) 1 (b) 3 (c) 0 (d) 2 6. The cubic equation $x^3 + 2x^2 - x - 2 = 0$ has 3 roots namely.

7. Solve x³ - 5x² +2x +24=0 given that two of its roots being in the ratio of 3:4
(a) -2, 4, 3
(b) -1, 4, 3
(c) 2, 4, 3
(d) -2, -4, -3

8.
$$\begin{bmatrix} -3 & -1 & 3 \\ -1 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

a) $\begin{bmatrix} 14 & -6 \\ 4 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$ b) $\begin{bmatrix} 14 & -6 \\ 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ c) $\begin{bmatrix} 14 & -6 \\ -4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ d) $\begin{bmatrix} -14 & -6 \\ 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$

9. if $A = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 10 \\ 3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$

(a) Is a singular matrix(b) Non-singular matrix(c) Identitymatrix (d) Symmetric matrix

10. If
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & x \\ y & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
 = and $A = A^T$, then
(a) x = 0, y = 5 (b) x= y (c) x + y = 5 (d) none of these

11. The rules and regulations demand that the employer should employ not more than 5 experienced hands to 1 fresh one and this fact can be expressed as

(a) $y \ge x/5$ (b) $5y \le x$ (c) $5y \ge x$ (d) none of these

12. A company borrows Rs 10,000 on condition to repay it with compound interest at 5% p.a. by annual installments of Rs 1000 each. The number of years by which the debt will be clear is

(a) 14.2 years	(b) 10 years	(c) 12 years	(d) none of these		
13. A man deposi3 years he will ge	ted Rs. 8, 000 in a ba t	ank for 3 years at 5%	per annum compound int	erest, after:	
(a) Rs. 9,000	(b) Rs.8, 800	(c) Rs. 9,200	(d) Rs. 9261		
14. Which term c	f the AP 64,60,56,52	is Zero			
(a)16	(b)17	(c)15	(d)1		
15. A man purchased a house valued at Rs 3,00,000. He paid Rs 2,00,000 at the time of purchase and agreed to pay the balance with interest at 12% per annum compounded half yearly in 20 equal half yearly installments. If the first installment is paid after six months from the date of purchase then the amount of each installment is [Given log 10.6 = 1.0253 and log 31.19 = 1.494]					
(a) Rs 8,719.66	(b) Rs 8,76	9.21 (c) Rs 7,	893.13 (d) none c	of these.	
16. The time by v	vhich a sum of mone	y would treble itself	at 8% p. a C. I is		
(a) 14.28 years	(b) 14 years	(c) 12 years	(d) none of these		
17. A person bought a house paying Rs 20,000 cash down and Rs 4,000 at the end of each year for 25 yrs. at 5% p.a. C.I. The cash down price is					
(a) Rs 75,000	(b) Rs 76,000	(c) Rs 76,392	(d) none of these.		

18. A person has 8 friends. The number of ways in which he may invite one or more of them to a dinner is.

(a) 250	(b) 255	(c) 200	(d) none of these
---------	---------	---------	-------------------

19. How many numbers greater than a million can be formed with the digits: One 0 Two 1One 3 and Three 7?

(a) 360 (b) 240 (c) 840 (d) 20

20. Find the number of ways in which an arrangement of 4 letters can be made from the word `MATHEMATICS'.

(a) 1680	(b) 756	(c) 18	(d) 2 <i>,</i> 454
----------	---------	--------	--------------------

21. The sum of all natural numbers from 100 to 300 which are exactly divisible by 4 and 5 is

(a) 2,200 (b) 2,000 (c) 2,220 (d) none of these

22. If S_n the sum of first **n** terms in a series is given by $2n^2 + 3n$ the series is in _____.

(a) A.P.	(b) G.P.	(c) H.P.	(d) None

23. Find three numbers in A.P. whose sum is 6 and the sum of whose square is 44

(a) -2, 2, 6 (b) -1, 1, 3 (c) 1, 3, 5 (d) 1, 4, 7

24. The numbers x, 8, y are in G.P. and the numbers x, y, –8 are in A.P. The values of x, y are _____.

(a) 16, 4 (b) 4, 16 (c) both (d) None

25. Out of 1000 students 658 failed in the aggregate, 166 in the aggregate and in group-I 434 in aggregate and in group-II, 372 in group-I, 590 in group-II and 126 in both the groups.

Find out how many failed in all the three.

(a) 106 (b) 224 (c) 206 (d) 464.

26.As per questic	on No.(25) how	r many failed in the	e aggregate but not	in group-II?
(a) 106	(b) 224	(c) 206	(d) 464	
27.As per questic	on No.(25) how	many failed in gro	oup-I but not in the	aggregate?
(a) 106	(b) 224	(c) 206	(d) 464.	
28.As per question	on No.(25) how	many failed in gro	oup-II but not in gro	up-l?
(a) 106	(b) 224	(c) 206	(d) 464.	
29.As per question	on No.(25) how	r many failed in ag	gregate or group-II I	but not in group-I?
(a) 206	(b) 464	(c) 628	(d) 164.	
30.As per questic	on No.(25) how	r many failed in ag	gregate but not in g	roup-I and group-II?
(a) 206	(b) 464	(c) 628	3 (d) 1	.64
31. Integrate w.r	.t x, xe ^x			
a) $e^{x}(x-1) + k$	k	(b) $e^x (x+1)$	(c) xe ^x (x-1)+k	(d) none
32. Find the four	th derivative o	$f \log [(3x+4)]^{1/2}$		
(a) -243(3 <i>x</i> + 4)	⁻⁴ (b) 24	$43(3x+4)^{-4}$	(c) -243(4 <i>x</i> + 3	3) ⁻⁴ (d) None
33. If RAMAN is v	written as 1232	25 and DINESH as 6	575489 how HAMAN	/l is written?
(a) 92323	(b) 9223	3	(c) 93233	(d) 93292

34. If DELHI is coded as CCIDD, how would you encode BOMBAY?

(a) AJMTVT (b) AMJXVS (c) MJXVSU (d) WXYZAX

35. I n a certain code '256' means 'you are good', '637' means 'we are bad' and '358' means 'good and bad'. Which of the following represents 'and' in that code?

(a) 2 (b) 5 (c) 8 (d) 3

36. You go North, turn right, then right again and then go to the left. In which direction are you now?

(a) South (b) East (c) West (d) North

37. Roy walks 2 km to East, then turns North-West and walks 3 km. Then he turns South and walks 5 km. Then again he turns West and walks 2 km. Finally he turns North and walks6 km. In which direction, is he from the starting point?

(a) South-West (b) South-East (c) North-West (d) North-East

38. Five boys A, B, C, F, E, are sitting in a park in a circle. A is facing South-West, D is facing South-East, B and E are right opposite A and D respectively and C is equidistant between D and B. Which direction is C facing?

(a) West (b) South (c) North (4) East

Directions (No: 39-43): Study the following information carefully to answer the given questions. A to H are seated in straight line facing North. C sits fourth left of G. D sits second to right of G. Only two people sit between D and A. B and F are immediate neighbours of each other. B is not an immediate neighbour of A. H is not neighbour of D.

39. Who amongst the following sits exactly in the middle of the persons who sit fifth from the left and the person who sit sixth from the right?

(a) C (b) H (c) E (d) F

40. Who amongst the following sits third to the right of C?

(a) B	(b) F	(c) A	(d) E	
41. Which of the fol	lowing represents pers	ons seated at the two	o extreme ends of the	line?
(a) C <i>,</i> D	(b) A, B	(c) B <i>,</i> G	(d) D <i>,</i> H	
42. What is the posi	tion of H with respect t	:o F?		
(a) Third to the left Fourth to left	(b) Immedia	te right (c) See	cond to right	(d)
43. How many perso	ons are seated betweer	n A and E?		
(a) One	(b) Two	(c) Three	(d) Four	

44. There are eight books kept one over the other. Two books are on Organisation Behaviour, two books on TQM, three books on Industrial Relations and one book is on Economics. Counting from the top, the second, fifth and sixth books are on Industrial Relations. Two books on Industrial Relations are between two books on TQM. One book of Industrial Relations is between two books on Organizational Behaviour while the book above the book of Economics is a book of TQM. Which book is the last book from the top?

(a) Economics	(b) TQM	(c) Industrial Relations	(d)
Organizational Behaviour			

45. Pointing to a photograph Vikas said "She is the daughter of my grandfather's only son". How is the related to Vikas in the photograph?

(a) Father (b) Brother (c) Sister (d) Mother

46. Rahul and Robin are brothers. Promod is Rohin's father. Sheela is Pramod's sister. Prema is Promod's niece. Shubha is Sheela's grand-daughter. How is Rahul related to Shubha?

(a) Brother (b) Cousin (c) Uncle (d) Nephew

47. C is mother of A and B. If D is the husband of B, then what is C to D

(a) Mother (b) Aunt (c) Mother-in Law (d) Sister

48. A, Q, Y and Z are different persons. Z is the father of Q. A is the daughter of Y and Y is the son of Z. If P is the son of Y and B is the brother of P, then

- (a) B and Y are brothers
- (b) A is sister of B
- (c) Z is the uncle of B
- (d) Q and Y are brothers

49. Sita is the niece of Ashok. Ashok's mother is Lakshmi. Kalyani is Lakhshmi's mother. Kalyani's husband is Gopal. Parvathi is the mother-in-law of Gopal. How is Sita related to Gopal?

- (a) Great grandson's daughter
- (b) Gopal's Sita's father
- (c) Sita is Gopal's great grand-daughter
- (d) Grand niece

50. Given that: A is the mother of B.C is the son of A.D is the brother of E.E is the daughter of B. Who is grandmother of D?

(a) A (b) B (c) C (d) D

Each of the following questions contains two statements followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. You have to consider the two statements to be true, even if they seen to be at variance at the commonly known facts. You have to decide which of the given conclusions definitely follows from the given statements. Give answer (a) if only I follows; (b) if only conclusion II follows; (c) if either I or II follows; (d) if neither I nor II follows and (e) if both I and II follow.

51. Statement:

i. No man is a lion.

ii.Ram is a man.

Conclusions:

I. Ram is not a lion.

II. All men are not Ram.

52. Statements: I. All roads are poles

II. No poles are bungalows

Conclusions: I. Some roads are bungalows

II. Some bungalows are poles

53. Statements: I. All Pens are ink.

II. No ink is an eraser.

Conclusions:

- I.No pen is an eraser.
- ii. Some erasers are pens.

54. GO = 32, SHE = 49, then SOME will be equal to

(a)56	(b) 58	(c) 62	(d) 64
(4)30	(8) 30	(0) 02	(0)01

55. If SUMMER is coded as RUNNER the code for WINTER will be

- (a) SUITER
- (b)VIOUER
- (c) WALKER

(d) SUFFER

56. The number of ways in which 8 examination papers be arranged so that the best and worst papers never come together

- (a) 8! -2× 7!
- (b) 8! -7!
- (c) 8!
- (d) 7!

57. The sum of the infinite series 1+2/3+4/9+.....is

(a)1/3 (b)3 (c)2/3 (d) none of these

58. Find the three numbers in G.P, whose sum is 19 and product is 216.

- (a) 9,6,4 or 4,6,9
- (b) 9,6,3 or 3,6,9
- (c) 9,3,1 or 1,3,9
- (d) 9,3, -1 or -1,3,9
- 59. If $\frac{p}{q} = \frac{r}{s} = \frac{p-r}{q-s}$ the process is called
- (a) Subtrahendo
- (b)Componendo
- (c) Alternendo
- (d) none of these
- 60. Nominal Rate of Return =
- (a) Real Rate of Return –Inflation

- (b)Real Rate of Return + Inflation
- (c) Inflation -Real Rate of return
- (d) None of the above

PART-B STATISTICS

1. Vertical bar	chart may appe	ear somewhat alike			
(a) Histogram	(b) Fre	quency Polygon	(c) both	(d) none	
2. For overlap	ping class-inter	vals the class limit & cla	ss boundary are		
(a) same	(b) not same	(c) zero	(d) none		
3. Tally marks	determines				
(a) class width	I	(b) class boundary	(c) clas	s limit	(d)
class frequent	су				
4. Age of a pe	rson is				
(a) An attribut	e				
(b) A discrete	variable				
(c) A continuo	us variable				
(d) A variable.					

5. The UCB is

- (a) An upper limit to UCL
- (b) A lower limit to LCL
- (c) Both (a) and (b)
- (d) (a) or (b).

6. The best method to collect data, in case of a natural calamity, is

- (a) Personal interview
- (b) Indirect interview
- (c) Questionnaire method
- (d) Direct observation method.

7. For open-end classification, which of the following is the best measure of central tendency?

(a) AM	(b) GM	(c) Median	(d) Mode
(()))	(2) 0	(0) 111041411	(4) 11040

8. For the following incomplete distribution of marks of 100 pupils, median mark is known to be 32.

Marks:	0–10	10–20	20–30	30–40	40–50	50–60
No. of Students:	10	-	25	30	_	10
What is the mea	in mark?					
(a) 32	(b) 31	(c) 31.30	(d) 31.50		

9. What is the value of mean and median for the following data:

Marks:	5–14	15–24	25–34	35–44	45–54	55–64
No. of Student	s: 10	18	32	26	14	10

(a) 30 and 28
(b) 29 and 30
(c)33.68 and 37.94
(d) 34.21 and 33.18
10. The coefficient of mean deviation about mean for the first 9 natural numbers is

(a) 200/9

(d) 50.

11. The mean and SD for a group of 100 observations are 65 and 7.03 respectively. If 60 of these observations have mean and SD as 70 and 3 respectively, what is the SD for the group comprising 40 observations?

(c) 400/9

(a) 16 (b) 25 (c) 4 (d) 2

12. For a moderately skewed distribution, which of the following relationship holds?

(a)Mean – Mode = 3 (Mean – Median)

(b) 80

(b)Median-Mode = 3 (Mean - Median)

(c)Mean – Median = 3 (Mean – Mode)

(d)Mean – Median = 3 (Median – Mode)

13. Which measures of dispersions is not affected by the presence of extreme observations?

(a)Range (b) Mean deviation (c)Standard deviation

(d) Quartile deviation

14. Statistics is applied in

(a)Economics

(b)Business management

(c)Commerce and industry

(d)All these

15. 'Stub' of a table is the

(a)Left part of the table describing the columns

(b)Right part of the table describing the columns

(c)Right part of the table describing the rows

(d)Left part of the table describing the rows

16. If for two events A and B, P(AUB) = 1, then A and B are

(a) Mutually exclusive events

(b) Equally likely events

(c) Exhaustive events

(d) Dependent events.

17. The probability distribution of a random variable is as follows:

x: 1 2 4 6 8

P: k 2k 3k 3k k

The variance of x is

(a) 2.1 (b) 4.41 (c) 2.32 (d) 2.47

18. For a group of students, 30 %, 40% and 50% failed in Physics , Chemistry and at least one of the two subjects respectively. If an examinee is selected at random, what is the probability that he passed in Physics if it is known that he failed in Chemistry?

(a) ½ (b) 1/3 (c) ¼ (d) 1/6

19. For three events A, B and C, the probability that only A occur is

(a) P (A)

- (b) P (A∪B∪C)
- (c) P (A' \cap B \cap C)
- (d) P (A \cap B' \cap C')

20. If an unbiased die is rolled once, the odds in favour of getting a point which is a multiple of 3 is

(a) 1:2 (b) 2:1 (c) 1:3 (d) 3:1

21. If x is a binomial variable with parameters n and p, then x can assume

(a) any value between 0 and n.

(b) any value between 0 and n, both inclusive

(c) any whole number between 0 and n, both inclusive.

(d) any number between 0 and infinity.

22. If the weekly wages of 5000 workers in a factory follows normal distribution with mean and SD as Rs 700 and Rs 50 respectively, what is the expected number of workers with wages between Rs 660 and Rs 720?

(a) 2,050 (b) 2,200 (c) 2,218 (d) 2,300

23. For a normal distribution with mean as 500 and SD as 120, what is the value of k so that the interval [500, k] covers 40.32 per cent area of the normal curve? Given ϕ (1.30) =0.9032.

(a) 740 (b) 750 (c) 656 (d) 800

24. X is a binomial variable such that 2 P(X = 2) = P(X = 3) and mean of X is known to be10/3. What would be the probability that X assumes at most the value 2?

(a) 16/81 (b) 17/81 (c) 47/243 (d) 46/243

25. The interval (μ - 3 σ , μ + 3 σ) covers

(a) 95% area of a normal distribution.

(b) 96% area of a normal distribution

(c) 99% area of a normal distribution.

(d) all but 0.27% area of a normal distribution.

26. For a p x q classification of bivariate data, the maximum number of conditional distributionsis

(a) p (b) p + q (c) pq (d) p or q

27. The two lines of regression are given by8x + 10y = 25 and 16x + 5y = 12 respectively. If the variance of x is 25, what is the standard deviation of y?

(a) 16 (b) 8 (c) 64 (d) 4

28. The following data relate to the heights of 10 pairs of fathers and sons:

(175, 173), (172, 172), (167, 171), (168, 171), (172, 173), (171, 170), (174, 173), (176, 175) (169, 170), (170, 173)

The regression equation of height of son on that of father is given by

(a) y = 100 + 5x

(b) y = 99.708 + 0.405x

(c) y = 89.653 + 0.582x

(d) y = 88.758 + 0.562x

29. While computing rank correlation coefficient between profit and investment for the last 6years of a company the difference in rank for a year was taken 3 instead of 4. What is the rectified rank correlation coefficient if it is known that the original value of rank correlation coefficient was 0.4?

(a) 0.3 (b) 0.2 (c) 0.25 (d) 0.28

30. For 10 pairs of observations, No. of concurrent deviations was found to be 4. What is the value of the coefficient of concurrent deviation?

(a) $\sqrt{0.2}$ (b) $-\sqrt{0.2}$ (c) 1/3 (d) -1/3

- 31. Fisher's index number is based on
- (a) The Arithmetic mean of Laspeyre's and Paasche's index numbers
- (b) The Median of Laspeyre's and Paasche's index numbers.
- (c) The Mode of Laspeyre's and Paasche's index numbers
- .(d) The GM of Laspeyre's and Paasche's index numbers.
- 32. Purchasing Power of Money is
- (a) Reciprocal of price index number
- (b) Equal to price index number.
- (c) Unequal to price index number
- (d) None of these.
- 33. Time Reversal Test is represented symbolically by :
- (a) P01 x P10

(b) P01 x P10 = 1

(c) P01 x P10≠ 1

(d) None of these

34. During a certain period the cost of living index number goes up from 110 to 200 and the salary of a worker is also raised from Rs 330 to Rs 500. The worker does not get really gain. Then the real wages decreased by :

(a) Rs 45.45 (b) Rs 43.25 (c) Rs 100 (d) None of these

35. The average price of certain commodities in 1980 was `60 and the average price of the same commodities in 1982 was `120. Therefore, the increase in 1982 on the basis of 1980 was 100%. 80. The decrease in 1980 with 1982 as base is: using 1982, comment on the above statement is :

(a) The price in 1980 decreases by 60% using 1982 as base.

(b) The price in 1980 decreases by 50% using 1982 as base.

(c) The price in 1980 decreases by 90% using 1982 as base.

(d) None of these

36. The value index is equal to :

(a) The total sum of the values of a given year multiplied by the sum of the values of the base year.

(b) The total sum of the values of a given year Divided by the sum of the values of the

base year.

(c) The total sum of the values of a given year plus by the sum of the values of the base year.

(d) None of these.

37. The trend values in freehand curve method are obtained by:

- (a) Equation of straight line
- (b) Graph
- (c) Second degree parabola
- (d) All of the above
- 38. The additive model of Time Series
- (a) Y = T + S + C + I
- (b) Y = TSCI
- (c) Y= a + bx
- (d) $y = a + bx + C \times 2$
- 39. A time series consists of:
- (a) No mathematical model
- (b) One mathematical model
- (c) Two mathematical models
- (d) Three mathematical models
- 40. The unsystematic sequence which follows irregular pattern of variations is called:

(a) Noise	(b) Signal	(c) Linear	(d) Non-linear
-----------	------------	------------	----------------