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JUNE/DEC-24
AS PER FINANCE ACT, 23.

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BY CA. CS. VIJAY SARDA



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- Most Dynamic & Dedicated Faculty of Direct Tax, SM, Economics.
- Most preferred faculty for CA Inter & CA Final Direct Tax
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- Taught more than 1,00,000 Students
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whom this would not have been the light of the day. Special Thanks to "VLEARN" & "EKATVAM" TEAM, who has been involved "day & night literally" to fulfill this dream book without

me your teacher. I am grateful for the opportunity to be of service to you. The love & affection you have shown is immense & invaluable. everyone of them for assisting me in all my endeavors. Thanks to the student community: For inviting me into your academics & making "Padho toh Hadh kardo warna Program radh kardo" my journey called this life. All these people deserve much more than a deep thank and love. I express all my gratitude to each and I Have been blessed to have an extraordinary support terms of colleagues, friends & family who have helped me in every sphere of

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General Concept

Important

Amendments

	- No.
	٥ .1
	به ا
	4.
	5. Salary
-	6.
_	7.
CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY.	
	9. Chubbing
	10. Set-off & Carry Forward
No. of Lot	11. AMT
ALCOHOLD BY A	12.
	13.
the state of the s	14. TDS
Children .	15. Advance Tax
AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN 1	16. Return of Income

TAX RATES (OLD & NEW SCHEME)

TAX RATES FOR I/HUF/AOP/BOI/AJP - OLD SCHEME

Resident Individual below 60
 NR irrespective of Age
 HUE, AOP/BOL, AJP







Upto ₹ 5,00,000 Nil	Total Income	
0.00,000	ome	Super S (Resider
Nil 20%	Rates % Shortcu	Super Senior citizens: Individ. (Resident) 80 years / more
7 1 00 oc	Shortcı	ns: Individ

SURCHARGE

30%

222012

Surcharge: I / HUF / AOP / BOI / AJP as:

2) HEC is applicable @4% [after surcharge or Rebate]

3) Rebate u/s 87A

c) Whose TI(From All Heads after Deduction) does not exceed

b) He is Resident in India a) Assessee is Individual 1) Ind/HUF/AOp/BOI/AJP have to pay tax as per default

Above ₹ 10L

scheme sec 115BAC. However they can opt for old regime.

NOTES:

In case of AOP (consisting of only companies as its member), the maximum of rate of surcharge is 15% for AY 2023 & 24

6) Special Adjustment:

limit of ₹ 3,00,000 & 5,00,000.

special income liable at special rates.

SPECIAL RATES

absorb BEL, then he can adjust special income & balance If assessee (R) has special income (111A/112A/112) & cannot 5) Any resident Individual whose 60th/80th birthday falls on

60/80 years on 31st March 2024 i.e PY 2023-24 (AY 2024-25)

1st April 2024 shall be treated as having completed the age of and hence would be eligible for the higher basic exemption

S.288A Round off of Total Income R/o to nearest multiple of ₹10

R/o to nearest multiple of ₹10

d) Rebate not available for tax computed u/s 112A

Rebate= ₹ 12500 or 100% of tax payable, whichever is lower

S.288B Round off of Total Tax

APPLICABLE TO OTHER ENTITIES TAX RATES AND SURCHARGE

SELF NOTES

-	Date	Apı	Applicable Surcharge		Rate of
Assessee	of Tax	of Tax TI < 1 Cr 1 Cr < TI < 10 Cr	1 Cr < TI < 10Cr	TI > 10 Cr	HEC
mestic Co turnover not exceed at exceed 400 crore in PY 20-21	25%		7%	12%	4%
ther Companies	30%		7%	12%	4%
oreign Company	40%		2%	5%	4%
rm/LLP/Local Authority	30%		12%	12%	4%
o Operative Society	10%				4%
or 1st ₹10,000	20%				4%
or next ₹10,000	30%		7%	12%	4%
or the balance					

- A) In case of an Local Authority & Firm, where TI < ₹1cr, (Tax on ₹1cr) + (Total Income - ₹1cr) aggregate of income tax & surcharge shall be restricted to:
- B) In case of an Individual & HUF,

Exceeds ₹5cr (Tax on ₹5 crore with surch @ 25%) + (TI - ₹5 lakhs)	Exceeds ₹5cr
₹2cr = ₹5cr (Tax on ₹2 crore with surch @ 15%) + (TI - ₹2 lakhs)</td <td>₹2cr <!--= ₹5cr</td--></td>	₹2cr = ₹5cr</td
₹1cr = ₹2cr (Tax on ₹1 crore with surch @ 10%) + (TI- ₹1 lakhs)</td <td>₹1cr <!--= ₹2cr</td--></td>	₹1cr = ₹2cr</td
₹50L = ₹1cr (Tax on ₹50 lakhs) + (TI - ₹50 lakhs)</td <td>₹50L <!--= ₹1cr</td--></td>	₹50L = ₹1cr</td
Income tax & Surcharge restricted to	Total Income

- C) In case of a Domestic / Foreign Company, where TI ₹1cr </= (Tax on ₹1cr) + (Total Income - ₹1cr) ₹10cr, aggregate of income tax & surcharge shall be restricted to:
- D) In case of a Domestic Company, where TI > ₹10cr, aggregate of (Tax on ₹10cr with surch of 7%) + (TI - ₹10cr) income tax & surcharge shall be restricted to:
- E) In case of a Foreign Company, where TI > ₹10cr, aggregate of income tax & surcharge shall be restricted to: (Tax on ₹10cr with surch of 2%) + (TI - ₹10cr)

OPTIONAL TAX SCHEME

115 BAE 115 BAD	3) a. Co-op Society Engaged in MNF b. Others
115 BAB	b. Domestic Co Engaged in MNF
115 BAA	2) a. Domestic Co
115 BAC	1) Individual/HUF/AOP/BOI/AJP
Sec	Particulars

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30% + 37% + 4%

42.744%

60% 30%

ec 115 BB) Net winnings from online games [FA 2023

plained Cash/Expenses/Investment-115BB

LTCG U/s 112A Beyond ₹1Lakh

sual incomes (e.g. Lottery, horse winnings, etc.)

TCG referred to in sec 112

STCG referred to in sec 111A (Securities)

15% 20%

Rates

SEC 115BAC DEFUALT TAX SCHEME

of the Act as default scheme however they may opt foe old scheme. For Individual /HUF / AOP/ BOI/ AJP have to pay as per sec 115BAC

Firm/LLP/ Local Autority / Foreign Co - No Alternative Tax Scheme available as of now

Condition: 1 Restriction on claiming deduction or exemption

Deduction can't be Taken

2. House rent allowance sec 10(13A) Leave travel concession sec 10(5)

3. Entertainment allowance & 4. Free food & beverage through Employment/professional tax u/s 16;

2. Conveyance Allowance

a divyang employee

 Transport Allowance granted to Deduction can be Taken

Any Allowance granted to meet

the cost of travel on tour or on

5. Some of the allowance mentioned in sec10(14) vouchers provided to EE

Interest u/s 24 in respect of self-occupied

be c/l as per extant law) any other head & would be allowed to (Loss from house property for rented or vacant property referred to in Sec 23(2). house not be allowed to be set off under

Additional deprecation u/s 32(1)(iia);

Various deduction for donation for or Deductions u/s 32AD, 33AB, 33ABA of sub-sec (1) /sub-sec (2AA) of sec 35; contained in sub-clause (ii) /(iia)/(iii) expenditure on scientific research

Deduction u/s 35AD or sec 35CCC;

PGBP:

Depreciation is allowed

IMP Hail

 Deduction from family pension u/s 57(iia): CO:

Any deduction under chapter VIA

Allowances to MPs/MLAs sec 10(17)

Exemption for SEZ unit contained in Allowance for income of minor sec 10(32)

earlier AY, if the same is attributable to any of the deductions referred in with any other head of income. Both the losses mentioned cannot be c/ point A. Also, without setting off any loss under the head House Proper Condition 2: Without Set off of any loss c/f or depreciation from an

Condition 3: For opting the Scheme 115BAC

has no business Income If assessee(I/HUF)

has business Income If assessee(I/HUF)

1. Before filing ROI

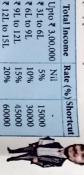
2. Once opted cannot be withdrawn exce where it was exercised by assessee havi rear in which exercised business income for P.Y. other than the

Every year before filing of ROI

SLAB RATES

Sec 115BAC (1A) [FA 2023] NEW(Default)

IMP Hai!



Rebate u/s 87A:

Above ₹ 151

4. Daily Allowance to meet

ordinary daily charges incurred

1) Assessee is Individual

by an employee on absence from 2) He is Resident in India

5. Standard deduction u/s 16(ia)

his normal place of duty

1. Deductions Sec 80CCD

(employer contribution on

(new employment), 80CCH (CG

contribution towards Agnipath pension scheme) & Sec 80JJAA account of employee in notified

> 3) Whose total income (From All Heads after Deduction) (Normal + Special excluding Agriculture Income and Exempt Income) does not exceed ₹ 7 lakh

Rebate not available for tax computed u/s 112A [FA23] Rebate= ₹25000 or 100% of tax payable, whichever is lower

Marginal relief in case of income slightly exceed 71. income exceed 7 lakh. [FA 23] tax on such income cannot exceed the amount by which net net income exceed 7 Lakh but does not exceed 7,27,770 income Rebate u/s 87A is subject to marginal relief from A.Y. 24-25, if

Further Points:

1. Income Chargeable at Special rate

	LTCG u/s 112 A Beyond ₹1 Lakh	LTCG referred to in Sec 112	STCG referred to in Sec 111A (Securities)	Income
-	10%	20%	15%	Rates

Casual income (e.g. Lottery, Horse winnings, etc.) (Sec 115 bb) 50%

Surcharge: I / HUF / AOP / BOI / AJP as:

	TI[includin dividend in	2) TI [includin	income exce	income exce 3) TI (including income exce	income exce 3) TI (including income exce 4) TI (excluding income exce	income exceed 50L 3) TI [including Incoming one exceed 1cr bincome exceed 1cr bincome exceed 2cr bincome exceed 2cr bincome exceed 2cr bincome exceed 3cr bincome exceed 3cr bincome exceed 3cr bincome exceed 3cr bincome
Income u/s1	1) TI[including Income u/s 111A,112,112A & dividend income does not Exceed 50L]	2) TI [including Income u/s 111A,112, 112A& dividend	income exceed 50L but does not exceed Ict.	income exceed 50L but does not exceed 1ct.) 3) TI (including Income u/s 111A.112,112A & dividend income exceed 1ct but does not exceed 2ct.)	income exceed 501 but does not exceed 5cr.] 3) I'l (including Income wi 111A,112,112A & dividend income exceed 1cr but does not exceed 2cr.) 4) I'l [excluding Income w/s 111A,112,112A & dividend income exceed 2cr but does not exceed 5cr.]	income exceed 501, but does not exceed 16r.] 3). I'l fincluding Income u/s 111A,112,112A & dividend income exceed 1cr but does not exceed 2cr.] 4). I'l fexcluding Income u/s 111A,112,112A & dividend income exceed 2cr but does not exceed 5cr.] 5). I'l fexcluding Income u/s 111A,112,112A & dividend income exceed 5cr.]
u/s 111A, 112, 112A, Dividend Income	NII	10%		15%		
Other	Z	10%		15%	25%	25% 25% [FA 23]

DEFAULT TAX SCHEME

SEC 115BAD ALTERNATE TAX REGIME FOR CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY

2) The condition for concessional rate shall be that the total income of co-operative society is computed 1) For the resident co-operative society, tax rate will be 25.168% (Tax 22% + surch 10% + HEC 4%)

a) Without claiming the following deductions:

> Additional Depreciation u/s 32(1)(iia) > Exemption for SEZ unit contained in section 10AA

> Provisions under Chaper VI A > Deductions u/s 32AD, 33AB, 33ABA, 35(ii)/(iia)/(iii) (1)/(2AA)/35AD/35CCC

b) Without Set off of any loss c/f or depreciation from an earlier AY, if the same is attributable to any of the deductions referred in point A. Also, the same cannot be carried forward.

c) By claiming Depreciation u/s 32 except Additional depre.

3) The concessional rate shall not apply unless option is exercised by the co-operative society in the prescribed apply to subsequent assessment years. relevant to the assessment year commencing on or after 1st April, 2021 and such option once exercised shall manner on/before the due date specified u/s 139(1) of the Act for furnishing the returns of income for any PY

4) Provisions of Sec 115JC, AMT, shall not apply to such Resident Co-operative Society. Similarly, provisions in Sec 115JD relating to carry forward and set off of AMT credit, if any, shall not apply

Option once exercised cannot be withdrawn.

SEC 115BAE TAX ON NEW MANUFACTURING CO-OP SOCIETIES

1. Assessee - Engaged in Manufacturing, Co.op Society in India (Resident)

2. Following are not considered as manufacturing:

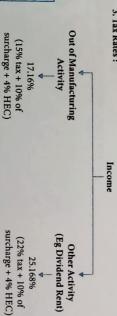
(i) Development of computer software in any form or in any media;

(ii) Mining;

(iii) Conversion of marble blocks or similar items into slabs

(iv) Bottling of gas into cylinder;

(vi) Any other business as may be notified by the Central Government in this behalf; (v) Printing of books or production of cinematography film; or



ption once taken cannot be withdrawn

eduction u/s 115BAD cannot be taken

his option needs to be taken before filing ITR for A.Y. 24-25

losses and unabsorbed depreciation arise because of above deduction it cannot be taken.

					4.					2.	-	
			ii.	Conditions	Conditions to be fulfille exemption from MAT	Other Income where no specific rate is provided	Adjustment for transaction with close connection by AO	STCG derived from transfer of Capital Asset on which no depreciation is allowed	Effective rate of tax (including surcharge & HEC) General Rate Special Income (111A/	Applicability of MAT	Applicability	Particulars
vi. It should not engage in any business other than manufacturing or production of article or thing & research related thereto.	iv. It should not use P&M previously used. v. It should not use building previously used as hotel/ conventional centre	iii. It should not be formed by splitting up or reconstruction except given in Sec 33B	i. It should commence manufacturing or production of an article or thing on or before 31.3.2024.	i. The company should be set-up and registered on or after 1.10.2019.	Conditions to be fulfilled for availing concessional rate of tax and exemption from MAT	25.168% (Tax @ 22% + sur 10% + HEC 4%)	34.32% (Tax @ 30% + sur 10% + HEC 4%)	25.168% (Tax @ 22% + sur 10% + HEC 4%)	[Tax@15% (+) Surcharge @10% (+) HEC@4%] Special rate + 10% surcharge + HEC @ 4%	Not applicable	Domestic MNF Co	Section 115BAB
No similar condition	No similar condition No similar condition	No similar condition	Need not be a manufacturing or a production company	No time limit specified Both existing companies and new companies can avail benefit	rate of tax and	25.168% (Tax @ 22% + sur 10% + HEC 4%)	No adjustment required	25.168% (Tax @ 22% + sur 10% + HEC 4%)	25.168% [Tax@22% (+)Surcharge @10% (+) HEC@4%] Special rate + 10% surcharge + HEC @ 4%	Not applicable	Any domestic company	Section 115BAA

SEC 69A UNEXPLAINED MONEY, ETC

assessee for such FY. money and the value shall be deemed to be the income of the offered by him is not, in the opinion of the AO, satisfactory, the offers no explanation about source of acquisition or explanation money, bullion, jewellery or other valuable article and the assessee Where in any FY the assessee is found to be the owner of any

ETC., NOT FULLY DISCLOSED IN BOOKS SEC 69B AMOUNT OF INVESTMENTS, OF ACCOUNT

amount recorded in books of account and the assessee offers no deemed to be the income of the assessee for such financial ye of the Assessing Officer, satisfactory, the excess amount may explanation or explanation offered by him is not, in the opin Where in any AO finds that the amount expended exceeds the

SEC 69C UNEXPLAINED EXPENDITURE,

explanation about the source of such expenditure or or the part thereof, as the case may be, may be deemed to be the AO, satisfactory, the amount covered by such expenditure or explanation, if any, offered by him is not, in the opinion of the Where assessee has incurred any expenditure and he offers no income of the assessee for such FY.

SEC 69D AMOUNT BORROWED OR REPAID ON HUNDI

Where any amount is borrowed on a hundi or repaid to, any to be the income of the person borrowing or repaying the on a bank, the amount so borrowed or repaid shall be deemed person otherwise than through an account payee cheque drawn or repaid, as the case may be. amount aforesaid for the PY in which the amount was borrowed

INVESTMENTS ETC. TO ATTRACT TAX @60% SEC 115BBE UNEXPLAINED MONEY,

- (i) The unexplained money, investment, expenditure, etc. would be taxed @ 60% plus surcharge @25%. Thus, the effective rate of tax is 78% (60%+25%+HEC 4%). deemed as income under sec 68/69/69A/69B/69C/69D
- (ii) No basic exemption or allowance or expenditure shall be 1961 in computing such deemed income. allowed to the assessee under any provision of the IT Act,
- (iii) Further, no set off of any loss shall be allowable against sec 69D. income brought to tax under Sec 68/69/69A/69B/69C or

2. RESIDENTIAL STATUS

BASICS OF RESIDENTIAL STATUS

- 2. RS always determined for PY because we have to determine the 1. RS is determined for each category of person seperately total income of the PY only
- 5. Citizenship of a country & RS of that country are different 4. A person can be resident of more than one country for any PY 3. It is calculated for every year because it may change year to year
- 6. Onus of Proof

|--|

b) Stays in India for 60 days in PY a) They stay in India for 182 days If satisfy any of following condition-Resident or more in PY A person can be either be If an individual does not satisfy any of the above basic condition Non resident

Sec 6(6)ROR (Resident ordinary resident)

(Continuous 4 PPY) AND 365 days in 4 PPY

RNOR (Resident not ordinary resident)

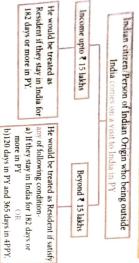
following conditions given If he satisfy both the If does not satisfy any of the basic conditions u/s 6(6).

u/s 6(1)

b) He stays in India for a) He is a resident in atleas any 2/10 PPY, and 730 days or more during

stays in for 182 days or more or else remains Non Resident. # Exception to 6(1): The person shall be treated an resident if

- Ship crew member. 1. Person leaving India for Employment
- 3. Person of Indian origin.
- # Person of Indian Origin: A person is deemed to be of Indian was born in Undivided India. It may be noted that grandparents origin if he, or either of his parents or any of his grandparents, include both maternal and paternal grand parents.



IC / PIO having income exceeding 15L & liability to tax in

No Person treated as RNOR as per Sec 6(1A) & 6(6)

Yes RS depends upon period of stay in India when he

- Upto 120 days NR
- Exceeding 120 days but less than 182 days & 365 RNOR [6(1) & 6(6)] days or more in 4 PPY -

Wholly or partly

- 182 days or more
- Sec 6(1) Resident
- Sec 6(6) ROR or RNOR

SEC 6(1A) DEEMED RESIDENT

RESIDEN HAL STATUS FOR INDIAN CITIZEN > It is an Indian company; or Sec 6(3) - A company is said to be a resident in India in any Indian Company Always Resident SEC 6(3) RESIDENTIAL STATUS OF COMPANIES POEM in India POEM outside India Then Resident Foreign Company

Then NR

B) Interest on RPF beyond

12% of the salary

D) Contribution to pension fund C) Transfer from URPF to RPF

SEC 6(4) RESIDENTIAL STATUS FOR OTHER ASSESSEE

> Its place of effective management, in that year, is in India

Resident Sec 6[4]

Non-Resident

3. Not a Business Connection 2 Deemed Business Connection

- Business Connection

Business Connection

situated in India If Control & Management

Wholly Situated Outside India If Control & Management

SEC 5 SCOPE OF TOTAL INCOME & TAX INCIDENCE

- Indian Income: Received In India
- 2. Deemed to be Received in India [Sec 7]
- 3. Accrued in India[Sec 9]
- 4. Deemed to be accrued or arise in India

Foreign Income:

Income is not received or not deemed to be received in India. Income which does not accrue or arise in India

Remittance of Income:

he shall deem to be RNOR.

As per Sec 6(6), If a person is deemed Resident as per Sec 6(1A) of his domicile / residence /any other criteria of similar nature if he is not liable to tax in any other country / territory by reason during the PY shall be deemed to be resident in India in that PY, than the income from foreign sources, exceeding 15,00,000 An individual, being citizen of India, having total income, other

Unapproved Mode — Taxable In India Approved mode Exempt in India

SEC 6(2) RESIDENTIAL STATUS OF HUF INCIDENCE OF TAX FOR INDIVIDUAL & HUF

Non-Resident Income ROK RNOK
Indian Taxable in India Taxable in India
Wholly Situated Outside India Foreign Taxable in India is taxable in India. [Refer Notes] India

Only Individual & HUF can Note: Foreign Income from business/profession which is set up ın İndia

INCIDENCE OF TAX FOR OTHERS

Taxable in India	Not Tavable in	
	e in India Taxable III IIIdia	Indian Taxab

wholly outside India.

Whole HUF ROR

Whole HUF RNOR Section 6[6]

If Karta Satisfies Section 6[6]

If Karta do Not Satisfies

person can be Resident/NR be ROR/RNOR, other If Control & Management Wholly

Resident Sec 6[2]

or partly situated in India

that year the control & management of its affairs is situated be resident in India in any PY in every case except where during Sec. 6(2) - A HUF, firm or other association of persons is said to

DEEMED TO RECEIVE OR ACCRUED

Deemed to be received in India [Sec 7] Accrued In India [Sec 9]

A) Contribution to RPF beyond

1) Income out of Busines

Salary earned in India

Salary from government to an Rendered outside India Indian citizen for services

5) Income from Interest payable 4) Dividend from Indian Co by specified person

Income from Technical services Income from Royalty

8) Income from Property/Assets situated In India

9) Income from transfer of 10) Gift by R to NR Capital Assets situated In India

SEC 9(1)(i) INCOME FROM **BUSINESS CONNECTION**

D C CALVE	SOUTHER SOUTHER THE	
Business	Deemed Business Connection	Not a Business Connection
see Contract on f of NR/ plays	 Significant economic presence is deemed 	 Purchase in India for the purpose of export
icant role. tain stock on	Business Connection - Download of Data/	outside India Collection of news and
f of NR.	Software/Purchase/	views In India for
re order on behalf	Sale.	transmission out of India.
	-Amount exceed 2cr in PY	 Shooting of any cinematograph Film in
	OR	India.
	- Interactions with no	- Display of uncut and
		any special zone notified
		by CG.

- Asses behall signifi - Maint behalt

If interest is payable to Non-Resident by: Sec 9(1)(v) - Interest payable by:

a) Government

Resident (For activities in India)

Non-Resident (For carrying out business profession in

1) If NR pays interest for activities other than business or profession in India such interest is not Taxable to NR in

2) If a Resident pays interest to NR outside India for carrying is not taxable to NR in India. out business or profession outside India then such interest

Sec 9(1)(vi) - Royalty

Government; or

2) Resident Person [Exception: where it is payable for transfer of any right or the use of property or Information or for the on by such person outside India or for the purpose of earning any Income from any source outside India) utilization for the purpose of business or profession carried

NR, where moneys borrowed and used, for the purposes of a business or profession carried on by such person in India. Then royalty is treated as deemed to accrued or arise in India

"Royalty means:

2) The imparting of any information concerning the working 1) The transfer of all or any rights (including the granting of a Consideration including any lump sum consideration for secret formula or process or trade mark or similar property license) in respect of a patent, invention, model, design,

3) The use of any patent, invention, model, design, secret formula or process or trade mark or similar property: of, or the use of, a patent, invention, model, design, secret formula or process or trademark or similar property

4) The imparting of any information concerning technical,

industrial, commercial or scientific knowledge, experience

44BB; the transfer of all or any rights (including the granting rendering of any services in connection with the activities distribution or exhibition of Cinematographic films; or the radio broadcasting, including consideration for the sale, connection with television or tapes for use in connection with scientific work including films or video tapes for use in of a license) in respect of any copyright, literary, artistic or equipment but not including the amounts referred to in sec referred to in sub-clauses (i) to (iv), (iva) and (v). The use or right to use any industrial, commercial or scientific

Sec 9(1)(vii) - Fees for technical services payable by:

b) Resident Person a) Government; or

a business or profession carried on by such person outside Except where the fees are payable for services are utilised in from any source outside India or India or for the purposes of making or earning any income

c) NR in respect of FTS payable in respect of services utilized for the purpose of business or profession carried by such

Pg

BASICS OF AGRICULTURE INCOME

- 1. Agriculture income is defined u/s 2[1A]
- 2. Agricultural Income is exempt from income tax u/s 10 (1), but the income tax act indirectly collects tax on agricultural income.
- 3. Agriculture Income Fall within the state List Entry no 46. Hence shall be levied and collected by SG.
- 4. Sec.14A Where any expenditure is incurred in relation to exempt Income the same shall not be allowed as

AGRICULTURAL LAND

The urban land is not defined but rural Land is defined. There are 2 type of agricultural land 1] Urban 2] Rural



or Cantonment

exceed 10,000

Upto 2km if population does not

Area

Board

Expl 4: Population means according to the last exceed 10,00,000 Upto 8km if population does not

exceed 1L

Upto 6km if population does not

	5.	4.		2.	ŀ	SN	
Dictaria Col	Distance 6-8km	Distance 2-6km	Distance 2-6km	Distance 0-2km	Distance 0-2km	Particulars	census pi
1000000	Less than 1000000	More than 100000	Less than 100000	More than 10000	Less than 10000	Population	census published before the first day of PY.
	Rural	Urban	Rural	Urban	Rural	Result	day of PY.

MINORS AGRICULTURE INCOME

as per section 64(1A) (Refer Clubbing chapter). Minor Earning Income from Agriculture shall be chargeable

TREATMENT OF AGRICULTURE LAND



COMPOSITE INCOME

expenditure incured by Assessee. Further no deduction is permissible in respect for any into Agricultural income and non agricultural Income Composite Income. This Income needs to be disintegrated agriculture & Non agricultural, in this case company ear_{Π_S} Assessee may have composite Income which is partially

RULE[7 & 8] COMPOSITE INCOME IN CASE OF TEA, COFFEE, RUBBER

Rule	Content	Agricul- Non Agri
		-ture culture
7A	Growing and manufacturing rubber	65%
7B	Growing and manufacturing coffee grown & Cured	75%
7B	Growing and manufacturing coffee grown, cured, roasted and grounded	60%
00	Growing and manufacturing Tea	60%

COMPOSITE INCOME FOR OTHERS PRODUCTS

Al xxx	iale Value xxx Cost of [xxx] Cultivation xxx
- Cost of Cultivation AI	Agriculture Income
XXX [XXX]	Income
Sale Value - FMV of Produce xxx - Exp on sales xxx PGBP xxx	Sold after processing

METHOD OF AGGREGATION / METHOD OF PARTIAL INTEGRATION

Minimum agricultural income: Should exceed ₹5000 BOI, AJP. and not applicable to firms and companies. Applicability: Applicable only to individuals, HUF, AOP and

Other income: Should exceed ₹250000/300000/500000 as the case may be

Step 1: Agricultural Income + Non Agricultural Income	XXX
	XXX
ncome + Basic Exemption Limit	YYY
	XXX
ax [Step 2- Step 4]	YYY
HEC	XXX
	XX

than or more than 60 years old shall be limited to ₹ 300000 whether such individual is less If an Individual opts to be taxed u/s 115BAC, the exemption

LOSS FROM AGRICULTURAL INCOME

- > Loss from agricultural shall be set off against agriculture income only.
- > If such loss could not be set off in that PY, it shall be c/f & set-off in following AY for not more than 8Y against agri income only.

HOUSE PROPERT

SEC 22 CHARGING SECTION

Asseessee must be owner appartenant thereto Annual Value of Land, Building

be used for own business &

Property must not profession

Income under this head may be charged irrespective of income actually received or not.

demeed owner Sec 27

Owner include

COMPOSITE RENT

is not separable	If letting of such property		If letting of such property is separable
Letting is not the main business	Letting is the main business	Letting is not the main business	Letting is the main business
Entire income will be taxable under "Othersources".	Entire income will be taxable under "PGBP".	a) Income from property- "HP" b) Income from other asset- "Other sources"	a) Income from property- "HP"b) Income from other asset- "PGBP"

carrying on the business in the efficient manner and letting * Except the case where letting out is for the purpose of is not the main business.

INCOME FROM HP OUTSIDE INDIA

Assessee is ROR

Taxable in India whether property is in India or Outside India. Assessee is RNOR/NR

Taxable in India Only if rent is received in India

GROSS ANNUAL VALUE

GAV shall be higher of RER or ARR

(lower of Step 3 / 4)	(ep 3 / 4) xxx
Municipal Value	This is value as determined by the municipal authorities for levying municipal taxes on house property
Fair Rent	Fair rent is the rent which a similar property can fetch in the same or similar locality
Standard Rent	Standard Rent The standard rent is the maximum rent which can be collected by landlord. This is fixed under Rent control act
Unrealized Rent	Rent due from tenant but not received. Deduction is allowed is condition is satisfied if nothing is mentioned assume that condition is satisfied.

Khosla vs. CIT [1981] RER cannot exceed expected Rent: (SC) & Amolak Ram

MUNICIPAL /PROPERTY/ CORPORATION TAX

Deductions Conditions for | a) It should be Borne by Assessee (Not Tenant). Paid outside Other Benefit Benefit for Sewerage Tax and Water Tax Also Allowed as per CIT v. R. Venugopala Reddiar Paid for PY in the current year - Allowed b) It should be actually paid during the year. Advance Paid - Not allowed because it is not Paid for Current Year - Allowed

SEC 24 DEDUCTIONS FROM ANNUAL

Adjustments

Take % of Municipal Value and Not of GAV

Given in Cash: Take Actual Amount % is given

	dard
Ξ	a)
1 1 1	30% of 1
	VAV

- b) Available only if NAV is Positive
- Interest on c) If standard deduction is available deduction for other expenses are not available eg: Repairs,
- Borrowed | b) Interest on unpaid interest is not allowed as a) Deduction is available on Accrual Basis deduction under this sec.
- c) Any brokerage or commission paid for raising such loan is not allowed.
- d) Interest on new loan taken to repay original loan is considered as loan taken for such acquisition, dated 20-8-1969). construction, etc. (Refer CBDT Circular No. 28
- f) Sec 80EE Provides additional benefit Out of Gross Total Income.
- g) Deduction = 1/5th of Pre construction + 100% of Post Construction.
- Post Construction interest: 100% allowed as deduction
- Pre Construction Interest: 1/5th of Total Interes Paid during pre construction period

Completion.	Precedes Repayments March Prior to date of	b) Construction Date of Borrow	Construction of Repayment	a) Repayment Precedes Date of Borrowing to date	Pre Construction Period
on.	ior to date of	Date of Borrowing to 31st	nent	prrowing to date	od

referred to in sec 23(2) i.e self. Occupied or unoccupied Under default tax regime u/s 115BAC - There would be no property [FA 2023] default tax regime u/s 115BAC in respect of property deduction on account of interest or loan u/s 24(b) under

SEC 25 DEDUCTION OF INTEREST NOT ALLOWED IN CERTAIN CASES

Interest chargeable under this Act which is payable outside India shall not be deducted if:

- a) Tax has not been paid or deducted from such interest and
- b) There is no person in India who may be treated as an agent

SEC 23(2) COMPUTATION - SOP

- 1. The property was not let out for any part of the year No other benefits has been derived from the property
- Number of self occupied property shall not exceed 2
- 4. There would be no deduction on account of interest on loan the property referred to in section 23(2) i.e., self-occupied or u/s 24(b) under default tax regime u/s 115BAC in respect of unoccupied property [FA 2023]

	a. If condition given in 1 is not satisfied
	Deduction)
	2. Upto maximum of ₹30000 Aggregate Amount of
	from the end of FX. in which capital is borrowed.
	c. Acquisition or construction is complete within 5 yrs
	b. After 1.4.1999
	a. Loan is taken for acquisition or construction
	Deduction
	L. Upto Rs. Maximum of ₹200000 Aggregate Amount of
	Conditions:-
(xxx)	b) Interest on borrowed capital
Zi	a) Standard Deduction
	Less:- Deduction u/s 24
NE	NAV
N	Less:- Municipal tax actually paid
Z	Annual value u/s 23(2)
~	Particulars

SEC 23(4) MORE THAN 2 SOP

oss from House Property

b. Loan is taken for repairs and maintenance

Part	Interest on borrowed capital	Standard deduction	NAV	Less: Municipal	an annual and	Dantinular
Particulars	(xxx) [limited]	Z.	Z.	ZZ	FISOP	
,	(xxx)	N.	Z	ZZ	F2 SOP	Option I
Option 3	(xxx) [unlimited]	(xxx)	E	(m)	F3 DLOP	
90.3	(xxx) [hmited]	N.	Na	ZZ	FI SOP	
	(xxx) [unlimited]	<u>(H</u>	Xxx	(m)	F2	Option 2
	(xxx)	N.	Z	E	F3 SOP	

or higher loss Romance: - Choose the option which has lower taxable income

Notes:-

- a) This option can be changed year after year in a manner beneficial to the assessee.
- b) In case of deemed let-out property, the Annual value The Maximum Interest of both Self occupied property cannot exceed 2,00,000/30,000. (i.e. reasonable expected rent) shall be taken as the GAV.

SEC 23(1)(c) LET OUT PROPERTY VACANT FOR WHOLF YEAR

AV Less: Deduction Alandard deduction Nil Arxel

competent authority, shall be taken to be nil. of completion of construction of property is obtained from the for period up to 2 year from end of FY in which the certificate the PY, the annual value of such property or part of the property, any part of the property is not let during the whole or any part of Appurtenant thereto is held as stock-in-trade and property or Where the property consisting of any building or land

PART & SELF OCCUPIED FOR PART YEAR SEC 23(3) PROPERTY LET OUT FOR

let out property. Income shall be calculated for the whole year as deemed

Lease: Deduction a) Standard deduction b) Interest on borrowed capital (Unlimited) Income from House Property	GAV Less: Municipal tax actually paid by the owner for PY NAV	Particulars	
H H H	mx (mx) Xu	^	

LET OUT & PORTION SELF OCCUPIED PROPERTY A PORTION OF WHICH IS

unit for computation of income from house property There is no need to treat the whole property as a single

NAV Leas: Deduction Standard deduction Interest on borrowed capital Income from House Property	GAV Less: Municipal tax actually paid by the owner for the whole year	Particulars
exx (bihnu)(ax)	(m) (m)	LOP
Nii Xaa(hd)	FFF	\$0\$
	222	

SEC 23(1)(c) I FF OUT PROPERTY NAMED T VACANI ROR PARTOF YEAR

Deduction u/s 24 1. Standard deduction @ 30%	Step2: ARR (Excluding unrealized Rent) Higher shall be GAV Step 3: AR Less: Municipal tax actually paid NAV	Particulars	The state of the s
(m) (m)	(xxx) xxx	~	The same and the s





SEC 15 CHARGING SECTION

CHARGEABLE INCOME:

other it is said that there exists a relationship of ER and EE. Where an individual is bound to follow the instructions of Where there exists a relationship of employer and employee

WHEN IS SALARY CHARGED TO TAX:

whichever matures earlier Salaries charged to tax either on DUE or RECEIPT

a. Advance Salary Exception: Following salaries charged to tax only on receipt basis

COMPUTATION:

d. Arrears of Salary

c. Salary in lieu of notice period

b. Bonus

Basic + Taxable Allowance + Taxable Perquisite

Salary includes The contribution made by the CG in in sec 80CCH. [FA 2023] the PY, to the Agniveer Corpus Fund account of an individual enrolled in the Agnipath Scheme referred to

FULLY TAXABLE PART OF SALARY

- b. Bonus a. Basic
- c. Fees
- d. Advance/Arrears
- f Leave Encashment e. Commission
- g. Uncommuted Pension

u: Deductio

PARTLY EXEMPT ALLOWANCES

461 01.	Exempuon is lower or.		
aid the	b) If he has not paid the		ngal, Bihar & Orissa.)
t availa	Exemption is not availa a) Accommodation is ow	₹200 p.m	ibal Area (The tribal areas of Madhya adesh Tamil Nadu, Uttar Pradesh
) HC	SEC 10(13A) HC		ble in both
	employee	In case E.F. is blind/handicapped.	
	handicapped		id Lakshadweep Group of Islands)
	orthopedically	₹ 3,250 p.m	land (duty) allowance (member of the
	deaf and dumb/		
	employee other	₹ 4,200 p.m	pecial compensatory highly active
	allowance to	₹1,600 p.m	For above 15,000 feet
	13. Transport	₹ 1,060 p.m	For altitude of 9,000 to 15,000 feet
I	12. Non-practicing Allowance		iny special allowance in the nature of
	Allowance	₹ 800 p.m	-
	11. Warden		
	allowance		perating in areas away from their
	10 Any other cash		o the members of the armed forces
	Dinner	₹3,900 p.m	ounter insurgency allowance granted
India [Se	unch/		Any special allowance in the nature of
Governin	8. Project Allowance	₹ 1,000 p.m	Compensatory Modified Field Area Allowance
	Allowance	₹ 2,600 p.m	10
Tuny C	7. Servant	Children	1
Bully or	Allowance	₹ 300 p.m per child max upto 2	el expenditure Allowance on his
both sch	cities)	children	
above are	cost of living in	₹100 p.m per child upto a max 2	Children Education Allowance
Note: the	Allowance (to meet increased	Lower of: 70% of such allowance or; ₹10,000 p.m	Allowance for employee working in any transport system.
10	compensatory		Allowance [Specified States]
(d) Tra	Allowance	₹ 200 p.m	Schedule Areas/Agency Areas)
(c) Co	4. Fixed Medical		Special Compensatory (Tribal Areas/
(b) Da	Allowance	the specified locations	allowance or disturbed area allowance
Except (a) Tra	allowance	₹1,300 or ₹ 1,100 or ₹1,050 or ₹ 750	Border area allowance or remote
2. Specia	2. Dearness		Avalanche Allowance
[u/s 10	allowance		Snow Bound Area Allowance or
1. House	1 Entertainment		or Uncongenial Climate Allowance or
under ti	regimes	the specified locations ₹ 7,000 p.m.	Allowance or High Altitude Allowance
Fully ta	Fully taxable	Exemption	Special Compensatory (Hilly Areas)
			NI-tun of all among

Allowance I. Transport allowance to employee other than blind/ deaf and dumb/ orthopedically handicapped employee	Project Allowance Tiffin/Lunch/ Dinner Allowance J. Any other cash allowance	. Interim Allowance . Servant Allowance	City compensatory Allowance (to meet increased cost of living in cities)	1. Entertainment allowance 2. Dearness allowance 3. Overtime 4. Allowance b. Fixed Medical Allowance	Fully taxable under both regimes	
IMP Hai!	Allowances granted to Government employees outside India [Section 10(7)]	Fully exempt under both tax regimes		i. House aren't Allowance [u/s 10(13A)] 2. Special Allowance [u/s 10(14)] Except: [a) Travelling allowance (b) Daily allowance (c) Conveyance allowance to (d) Transport allowance to	under default artly exempt tional tax regime	ALLOWANCES
	the income tax Act, 1961. In case (ii) exemption is provide, under the respective Act, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in any other law	provide for such exemption, notwithstanding anything contain	to High Court or Supreme Court Supreme Court Judges Note: In case (i) and (iii) above, the respective Acts	1. Allowances to High Court Judges 2. Salary and Allowances Paid by the United Nations Organization 3. Sumptuary allowance pro-	Fully exempt only under the optional tax regime	FA 231

Se

Totally Taxable Uncommuted to all Employee Employment

During his

At the Time of

After the death Taxable under of Employee

Retirement

_c 16(ia)	c 16(iii)		c 16(ii)	gc 16(i)
Standard Deduction	Professional Tax		Entertain- ment Allowance	Standard Deduction
Standard Lower of: Deduction a Amount of salary	Professional Professional tax means tax on employment, Tax profession, trade, etc. levied by a state under article 276 of the Constitution. Deduction = Actual Amount Pard If Employer has paid the amount, 1st Add in salary and then take the deduction.	 > First Add Entertainment allowance in gross salary and then take deduction. > Deduction shall be irrespective of actual expense incurred. Whether for office or for personal purposes. 	Non Govt EE Not Available Govt EE Lower of 10 20% of Pasic Salary c) ₹5000 p.a.	Lower of : 1. Rs.50000 2. Salary For Salary and Pension [Not Family Pension]

gratuity is received or not)

Non Goyt EE

Govt EE (Whether

Taxable to all including Govt EE Pension

Pension

IFOS

Exempt u/s 10(10A)(i)

who have received

Gratuity

received gratuity

who have not Non-Govt EE

Non-Govt EE

SEC 10(10) GRATUITY

Relief U/s Available 89(1)	Received from more than 1 employer		Salary	Meaning
Available	While claiming amount earlier of from ₹20L	Average Salary	Not Covered in Gratuity Act	Covered in Gratuity Act
	Received While claiming the statutory deduction of ₹20L any from more amount earlier claimed as deduction shall be reduced employer	Avg. monthly salary calculated on basis of avg. salary for 10 M immediately preceding month in which employee has retired. For instance if employee retires on Dec, avg. salary will be calculated till November.	Not Covered in Basic salary + D.A. (R) + commission Gratuity Act based on fixed % of turnover.	Basic +DA

Minimum of: 1) Actual received 2) 15 x Last drawn x No. of yrs 26 Salary of completed service / part in excess of 6 M 3) Maximum ₹20L	can be claimed Fully exempt u/s 89. Employees covered under The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972	During his Employment Employment Totally Taxable to all Employees Employees At the Time of Refirement Refirement Refirement No
Minimum of: 1) Actual received 2) L x Avg Salary x No. of yrs of 2 of 10 m completed service 3) Maximum ₹20L [Not. 16/2019] No difference if seasonal Employee	Employees not co The Paym Gratuity A	of After the death After the death of Employee Non Government Payment to Employees Widow/legal

Notes:

Actual Amount Recd
(-) 1/3rd of Full

) 1/2 of Full

(XX) XX

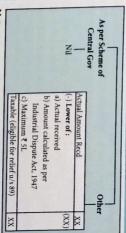
Taxable

Section 10(10A)(ii)

Section 10(10A)(ii)

Relief u/s 89(1) available for commuted pension. Pension received from UNO is not taxable. Full Value of Pension = Amount Received % of Commutation

SEC 10(10B) RETRENCHMENT



Notes:

> If amount determined as per industrial dispute act is not given:-

15 x Avg salary of Last 3M x No of year of completed service /part thereof in service /part thereof in

take 15/30. However as per Guru Jambeswar Case instead of 15/26

> Salary for this purpose:- Basic+ DA(R)

> If retrenchment compensation is received in scheme framed by CG then whole retrenchment compensation is Exempt.

> Any compensation in excess of above limit will be taxable as salary.

1. Salary = Basic + DA(R) + Commission (T).

iii) 50% of salary in respect of the relevant period, if such

accommodation is situated in Mumbai, Calcutta, Delhi

or Chennai (40% of salary if it is situated at any other place)

ii) Rent Paid (-) 10% of salary

i) Actual amount

emption is not available if:

EC 10(13A) HOUSE RENT ALLOWANCE

Accommodation is owned by him.

If he has not paid the rent for accommodation.

- 2. If there is change in any factor namely Salary, HRA, Period place of business etc.HRA needs to be calculated separately
- 3. Any Advance Salary shall be excluded for purpose of this
- 4. Exemption is also not available if Rent paid is less than 10%
- 6. This is fully taxable under default tax Regime. [FA 2023] not of Service.

> Complete year of service: For calculating complete year of > In case of seasonal employment period of 15 days shall be

replaced by 7 days.

service any period of more than 6 M shall be taken to be full year.

5. The basis for calculation is location of accommodation &

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SEC 10(10C) VOLUNTARY RETEREMENT

(iii) Overall Reduction in number of employees (i) 10 years of service or 40 years of age (ii) For all employees (except directors of the company) (v) No same managemen (iv) Not to be filled up Actual Amount Recd XX

a) Actual Amount b) Rs.500000 c) Amount higher of: -) Lower of: ii) Last Drawn Salary x Balance no of M left for i) Last drawn salary x 3 x No of yrs Completed

claims exemption u/s 10(10C) in that year or any other AY. Salary = Basic + DA(R) + Commission(T).Deduction under this sec is available only once in lifetime. assessee claims relief u/s 89(1) for VRC then he cannot

SEC 10(10AA) LEAVE SALARY

Totally Taxable to all Employee	During his Employment
Govi EE	
Non Gove EE Not hand hand (1) Actual received (2) Maximum 2500000 (4) Leave Credit for 30 days	At the Time of Retirement
t EE Not Taxable in hands of legal heir eived y x 10 months 25,0000 dit for 30 days	After the death of Employee

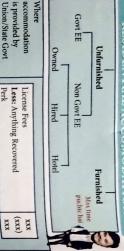
- > Employees are entitled to various types of leave while in encashed every year or these are accumulated and not availed of, these may either lapse/are allowed to be service. The leave may either be availed by them or in case encashed after Retirement or death.
- > Salary Means Basic +DA(R) + C (T).
- > How to Find out leave Credit: > Relief u/s 89(1) available.
- a) Find out duration of service without any fraction- 12yrs &
- b) Find out leave allowed: (Max allowed as per rule 30 days then same can be taken. then take 30 days for calculation & it is less than 30 days per yr) if period of leave credited is more than 30 days
- c) Period of leave earned = (Leave Credit x Avg Salary) / 30.

SPECIFIED & NON SPECIFIED EMPLOYEE

If any of the 3 condition is satisfied an employee is treated

- a. Employee + Director as specified employee. [17(2)(iii)]
- b. Employee + Substantial Interest. S 2(32) An employee holding atleast 20% voting power in a company.
- c. Income from Salary less salary in kind exceeds ₹ 50,000. If none of the conditions are satisfied then employee is treated as non specified employee.

RULE 3(1) PERK: VALUATION OF RESIDENTIAL ACCOMODATION



Accommodation owned by him	Population of the city (as per accommodation is provided. Population Population 125Lakh	as per 200 rided,	is) where
	Beyond 25Lakh Above 10Lakh-25 Lakh Below 10 Lakh Deduction for any amoun The amount so calculated if any, actually paid by EE	t paid l	mploye ed by r
Accommodation is hired /leased	Lower of: a) 15% of Salary or b) Actual amount paid. b) Actual amount paid h Deduction for any amount paid h amount so calculated shall be redu amy actually paid by the employee. Salary for such period only: Salar purpose should be taken only for th which accommodation is occupied	Lower of: a) 15% of Salary or b) Actual amount paid. b) Actual amount paid by EE; The amount so calculated shall be reduced by rent, if any, actually paid by the employee. Salary for such period only: Salary for this purpose should be taken only for the period during which accommodation is occupied by EE.	i: The y rent, this riod du
Provided in Hotel	Upto 15 days Beyond 15 days	Nil 24% of salary Less: Recovered Perk	(XX)

alue as Per Unfurnished xxx dd: Value of Furniture xxx	e as Per Unfurnished : Value of Furniture wned:- 10% of actual Cost dd:- Actual Hire Changes : Anything Recovered	(mx) XX
	wned:- 10% of actual Cost	xx
ost	: Anything Recovered	(xxx)
		XXX

- I. Salary: Basic+ DA(R)+ Bonus + Commission + All taxable Allowance
- 2. "Accommodation" incl. house, flat, farm house, hotel caravan, mobile home, ship etc. accommodation motel, service apartment guest house,
- 3. Where an employee is transferred from one place to another & he is provided with an accommodation at new only one such house having lower value for period not exceeding 90 days. Thereafter, the values of both. place also. The value of perquisite shall be taken for

RULE 3(2) PERK : VALUATION OF VOTOR/OTHER VEHICLE

				AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON NAMED IN					-		
by Employer	by Employer	Car owned	Car owned & maintained by Employee		& maintained by Employee	Employee		maintained by Employer	car owned	Situation	
Partly official partly private	Private use	Official use	Nothing is Taxable	Partly official partly private	Private use	Official use	Partly official partly private	Private use	Official use	Use	0.11
Actual Expenditure xxx (-) 1800 pm / 2400 pm (xxx)	Amount of Expenditure	Nil	faxable IMP Hall	Taxable amount = For/below 1.6 ltr.CC = 600 pm Above 1.6 ltr.CC = 900 pm If Chauffer provided = 900pm (Nothing deductible on account of amount recovered)	10% of cost OR Actual hire charges (-) Amount recoverable	Exempt	Taxable amount = For/below 1.6 ltr.CC = 1,800 pm Above 1.6 ltr.CC = 2,400 pm (Nothing deductible on account of a mount recovered)	10% of cost OR Actual hire charges (+) Running & Maintenance exp. (-) Amount recoverable	Exempt	Tax Treatment	THEN VEHICLE
more	less t	ER's	EE's	all En	Officia				Other	Offici	

- Month denotes completed month. Any part of M shall be
- 2. Chauffer is added only if provided.
- 3. When more than 1 car is provided to EE, otherwise th
- 4. I car shall be taken as used for partly official & partly wholly & exclusively for such car than value of perquis

GIFT PROM EMPLOYER

Nii Alternative 1: Followed BY ICA1 & Our Class
--

PERK: CREDIT CARD FACILITY

Official Purpose	Nil	
Other Purpose	Actual Cost to Employer Less: Recovered Perk	XXX (XXX)
	Conditions: a) Complete details in respect of such expense are maintained by the employer which may inter-alia, include date & nature of expense; and	ct of such expense are yer which may, inter-alia, expense; and

PERK: CLUB FACI

b) The employer gives a certificate for such expense exclusively for the performance of official duty to the effect that same was incurred wholly &

on the date of Exercise [-] Amount Recovered.

PPROVED SUPER AN

less than ₹ 150,000 - Exempt from Taxable **ER's Contribution** Contribution is eligible for deduction u/s 80C

more than ₹ 150,000 - chargeable to tax to the extent it exceeds

Interest on accumulated balance is exempt from tax.

(Depending on CC)

(-) 900 pm if chauffer is

Overall Cap Limit Introducted By Finance Act 20 > The amount or the aggregate of amounts of any contribution (a) In a recognised provident fund; made to account of the assessee by the employer-

(b)In the scheme referred to in sec 80CCD(1); and

(c)In an approved superannuation fund, to tthe extent it exceeds ₹7,50,000 in a PY;

>Annual accretion by way of interest, dividend or any other

amount shall be computed in such manner as may be

PERK: USE OF MOVABLE ASSETS

	9	an ite or.
Comp & Laptop Nil	Hired by ER	Owned by ER
Nil	Actual Cost to ER Less: recovered Perk	10% of actual Cost Less: recovered Perk
	xx (xxx)	xxx (xxx) xxx

Particulars	Electronics/ computer	Car	Other
Depreciation Rate	50%	20%	4601
Depreciation Method	WDV	WDV	MIS
Actual Cost	Xxx	Xxx	XXX
Less: Depreciation for each	(xxx)	(XXX)	(xxx)
completed year from			
date of acquisition			
WDV	Xxx	Xxx	XXX
Less: Sale Value	(xxx)	(xxx)	(xxx)
Perk	Xxx	Xxx	Xxx

EE (

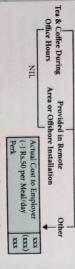
DERK : INTEREST FREE O

	_	Diseases & =	For Specified
as on 1st day of PY.	lower than SRI rate	=/> than SBI rate as on 1st day of PY.	Loan Be
Monthly Bal (i.e. the aggregate outstanding bal for each loan as on last day of each month after EMI) Less: Recovered	Maximum Outstanding	Nil	Loan Beyond ₹20000

retire with Amo EE C

Lo

SKEL SOOF SKEL



the option of shifting out of the default tax regime provided This exemption is available only if the employee exercises u/s 115BAC(1A) [FA 2023]

value does not exceed Cost of education or Rs 1000 pm per child

RULE 3(3) SWEEPER, GARDNER.

Appointed by ER

(-) Recovered from EE Cost to the ER

(-) Recovered from EE Cost to the ER

(a) spouse(s); (b) children and their spouses; (c) parents; For Employee or "member of household" shall include -(d) servants & Dependants

PERK: TAXABLE ONLY IN CASE OF 322 G 12121 3 2 3

GAS / ELECTRICITY / WATER FACILITY

Connection in the name of

Manufacturing cost Employer - Taxable only to specified EE XXX

XXX XXX Actual Cost to ER ess: Recovered

Less: Recovered Per Unit

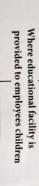
Employee - Taxable to all N N N

ON HELVI

Partic ERC

		Heat		
culars	RPF	URPP	SPF	PPF
	Centribution in excess of 12% of salary is taxable	Not taxable at the time of contribution	Fully exempt	N.A. (as there is only assessee's own contribution)
Contri.	Deduction u/s 80C. If EE exercises the option of shifting out of the default tax regime provided under section 115BAC(1A)	Not eligible for deduction	Deduction u/s 80C, [If EE exercises the option of shifting out of the default tax regime provided u/s 115BAC(IA)]	Deduction u/s 80C, if EE exercises the option of shifting out of the default tax regime provided u/s 115BAC(1A)
est on ER tri.	Amount in excess of 9.5% p.a. is taxable	Not taxable at the time of credit of interest	Fully exempt	N.A.
rest on Ontri.	Amount in excess of 9.5% p.a. is taxable	Not taxable at the time of credit of interest	Exempt upto certain limit of contribution as prescribed	Fully exempt
drawn on ement/ nination	Exempt u/s 10(12) subject to certain conditions prescribed	Employee's contribution is not taxable Interest on Employee's contribution is taxable under 'Income from Other Sources'. Employer's contribution and interest thereon is ealary.	Exempt u/s 10(11)	Fully exempt u/s 10(11)

EDUCATION FACILITY



Amount exceeds 1000 pm per child (-)Amount paid or recovered from the EE Cost of Education

> (xxx) XXX

Z (-)Rs. 1000 pm per child (-)Amount paid or recovered from the EE (xxx) Cost of Education (xxx)

Overall Cap Limit Introducted By Finance Act 20

- > The amount or the aggregate of amounts of any contribution made to account of the assessee by the employer— (a) In a recognised provident fund;
- (b) In the scheme referred to in sec 80CCD(1); and
- (c) In an approved superannuation fund,to tthe extent it exceeds ₹7,50,000 in a PY;
- > Annual accretion by way of interest, dividend or any other amount shall be computed in such manner as may be prescribed;

TRANSPORT FACILITY

In any other case	transportation business.	If employer is	Cases
Actual cos the hands	Other	Rail/Air	
Actual cost of employer for such facility is taxable in the hands of all employees (-) Recovered.	Amount charged from public for such facility is taxable in the hands of specified employee (-) Recovered.	NIL	Tax

MEDICAL FACILITY:

taxable only in case of 'specified employees'. Where however, bills are issued in the name of the employee & the taxable in the hands of all employees. employer makes payment thereof, then it is a perquisite The perquisite in respect of medical facility is generally

Gross total Income upto 2L Nil Gross total Income beyond 2L Total taxable	Travel	
Exempt upto an amount specified by RBI	Stay Abroad	
Exempt upto an amount specified by RBI	Medical Treatment	Outside India
Reimbursement in Private Hospital is Fully Taxable	Taxable	
Approved Hospital Any health Insurance/ Group Insurance		
Treatment in Hospital Maintained by Employer Government Hospital	Exempt	In India Exempt

SWEAT EQUITY SHARE

Where educational facility is provided to a member of his household (other than children)

FMV- Option Price x NO of Shares = Perk

LEAVE TRAVEL CONCESSION

Different situations	Amount of exemption if journey is performed on
Dinerent situations	or after October 1, 1997
When journey is performed by air	Amount of air economy class fare of the National Carrier by the shortest route or the amount spent, whichever is less
When journey is performed by rail	Amount of air-conditioned first class rail fare by the shortest route or the amount spent, which were is less
When the places of	Amount of air-conditioned first class rail fare by the
origin of journey and	shortest route or the amount spent, whichever is less
destination are	
connected by rail and	
journey is performed	
by any other mode of	
transport	
Where the places of or	Where the places of origin of journey and destination (or part thereof) are
not connected by rail	
a. Where a recognised	First class or deluxe class fare by the shortest route or
public transport	the amount spent, whichever is less
system exists	
b. Where no	Air-conditioned first class rail fare by the shortest
recognised public	route (as if the journey has been performed by rail) or
transport system	the amount actually spent, whichever is less
exists	

1. Meaning of "family": The aforesaid exemption is available in respect of fare for going anywhere in India along with children born out of multiple births after the first child will more than two surviving children of individual born on or dependent upon employee. However, family does not include children of the employee. It also includes parents, brothers "family". For this purpose, "family" includes spouse and be treated as 'one child only') after October 1, 1998 (in reckoning this limit of two children. and sisters of the employee, who are wholly or mainly

Only 2 journey in a block of 4 years is exempt: Exemption on the aforesaid basis is available in respect of 2 journey performed in a block of 4 calendar years commencing from

"Carry-over" concession: If an assessee has not availed respect of 2 journeys in the subsequent block purposes of claiming the future exemptions allowable in on both occasions), exemption can be claimed in the first case, the exemption so availed will not be counted for the journey). This is known as "carry-over concession". In such calendar year of the next block (but in respect of only one 4 block periods on one of the two permitted occasions (or travel concession or assistance during any of the specified

4. Exemption is based upon actual expenditure: The quantum incurring expenses thereon, no exemption can be claimed journey. In other words, without performing any journey and of exemption is limited to the actual expenses incurred on the

5. Exemption is available in respect of fare: The exemption is expenses will qualify for exemption. porterage expenses during the journey and lodging/boarding strictly limited to expense on air fare, rail fare, bus fare only. No other expenses like scooter or taxi charges at both ends,

tax regime provided u/s 115BAC(1A) [FA 2023]. If the assessee exercises the option of shifting out of the defau

FULLY EXEMPTED PERKS

The following are not included for TDS u/s 192 -

> Tea or snacks provided during working hours.

> Free meals provided during working hours in a remote area an offshore installation.

> Perquisites allowed outside India by Govt to citizen of India rendering service outside India.

Free educational facility provided in an institute owned/ Employer's contribution to staff group insurance scheme.

Interest-free/concessional loan of an amount not exceeding doesn't exceed ₹1,000 pm per child (no limit on no. of childre ₹20,000. maintained by employer to children of ee provided cost/value

> Comp/laptop given (not transferred) to EE for official/person

> Rent-free official residence & Coveyance to a HC/SC Judge. > Traveling facility to employees of railways or airlines. > Transfer without consideration to an employee of a movable employer after using it for a period of 10 yrs or more. asset (other than computer, electronic items or car) by

Conveyance facility provided to an EE between office &

> Accommodation provided on transfer of an employee in a > Interest free loan for medical treatment of nature given in hotel for not exceeding 15 days in aggregate.

Periodicals and journals required for discharge of work.

NOTE: INTEREST CREDITED ON CONTRI BUTION BY SUCH PERSON/EMPLOYEE

similar nature during the previous yearaccretion by way of interest, dividend or any other amount of Rule 3B: notified the following manner to compute the annual

TP = (PC/2)*R + (PC1 + TP1)*R

Aggregate of taxable perquisite u/s 17(2)(viia) for the PY or years commencing on or after 1st April, 2020 other than the current PY. (Amount or aggregate of amounts of balance to the credit of recognized provident fund, national pension scheme u/s 80CCD u/s 80CCD and approved supera current previous year in recognized PF,national nount or aggregate of amounts of income accrued during the approved super-annuation fund on 1st April, 2021+ Amount

aggregate of amounts of balance to the cre

			a				5.	Ä				=
=	10	9	œ	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Step	
Relief $u/s 89(1) = (A) - (B)$	Difference between Step 7 & Step 9 (B)	Tax on Step 8 @ of that year	TI for that year (excluding arrears of salaries)	Tax on Step 6 @ of that year	TI for that year (including arrears of salaries)	Difference between Step 2 & Step 4 (A)	Tax on Step 3 including cess	TI for this year excluding arrears of salaries	Tax on Step 1 including cess	TI for this year (including arrears of salaries)	Particulars	COMPUTATION OF RELIEF
ğ	Ä	ğ	ä	Ħ	B	Ä	A	Ä	Ħ	Ä	~	

INCOME FROM OTHER SOURCE

SEC 56(1):

from Other Sources. Income of every kind which is exempt & not chargeable to tax under any of the other head, shall be chargeable under Income

1. Casual income.

2. Interest on compensation & enhance compensation.

Income from subletting of HP.

4. Rent from a vacant plot.

5. Composite Rent Non-seperable. Advance money forfeited.

Director sitting fees.

9. Dividend 8. Agriculture Income from foreign

11. Sum received under keyman Insurance policy including sum by way of Bonus. Income tax refund is not an Income.

12. Family Pension

13. Interest on Loan/ securities.

14. Income of MP,MLA.

15. Interest on income tax refund 16. Royalty

17. Any compensation or other payment received by any person 18. Income from Undisclosed Sources. the modification of the terms and conditions relating thereto in connection with the termination of his employment or

19. Income from Letting of P&M & Furniture

20. Issue of share @ premium.

21. Interest earned on Debenture, Deposit, Bond, securities of CG,Loan, advances shall be taxable

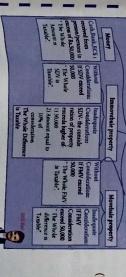
ADVANCE MONEY FORFEITED

Forfeited on or after 01.04.2014 is taxable under IFOS

INTEREST ON COMPENSATION & ENHANCE COMPENSATION

of the year to which it pertains. of such interest is allowed as deduction (Sec 57), irrespective Such interest is taxable in IFOS in the year of receipt & 50%

$_{ m SEC}$ 56(2)(x) TAXATION OF GIFTS



1. If the property is held as Stock in Trade u/s 43CA instead of 10% take 20% will be considered.

2. Date of agreement = Date of Registration; SDV of date of a. Consideration or part thereoff is paid as on the date of Agreement will be considered if the conditions are satisfied

b. Such Consideration is paid by way of Account payee (Rule 6ABBA). cheque, draft, ECS, Other electronic Mode agreement &

3. Where the stamp duty value is disputed then provision of Sec 50C is applicable with respect to Full value of

GIFT RECEIVED FROM FOLLOWING IS EXEMPT:

From any relative

2) On the occasion of the marriage of the individual

3) Under a will or by way of inheritance

4) In contemplation of death of the payer or donor

5) From any local authority, University, Educational institute u/s 10(23C)

6) From or by any trust or institution registered u/s 12A/ or trust registered u/s 12AA/12AB then such sum shall be referred u/s 13(3) from any Fund registered u/s 10(23C) 12AA / 12AB If sum or property is received by any person

7) By way of transaction not regarded as transfer u/s 47(i)/ (iv)/(v)/(vi)/(via)/(viaa)/(vib)/(vic)/(vica)/(vicb)/(via)/ (vii),(viiac) or (viiad) or (viiae) or (viiaf).

9) From such class of persons & subject to such conditions, 8) From an individual by a trust created or established solely for the benefit of relative of the individual;

10) Received by an Individual, from any person, for medical as may be prescribed. any illness related to COVID-19 subject to such conditions, as CG may Notify. treatment or treatment of any member of his family, for

the individual has to keep a record of the following No. 91/2022 dated 5.8.2022, specified that for such purpose, Accordingly, the Central Government has, vide Notification documents, namely:-

(a) The COVID-19 positive report of the individual or his investigations in a hospital or an in-patient facility by a family member, or medical report if clinically treating physician for a person so admitted; determined to be COVID-19 positive through

(b) All necessary documents of medical diagnosis or a COVID-19 positive; The details of the amount so 9 months from the end of such F.Y. [FA 2023] prescribed form to the Income-tax Department within received in any financial year has to be furnished in the within 6 months from the date of being determined as COVID-19 or illness related to COVID-19 suffered treatment of the individual or family member due to

11) Received By a member of the family of a deceased person i) From the employer of the deceased person; or

ii) From any other person or persons to the extent that such rupees, sum or aggregate of such sums does not exceed 10 lakh

i) Received within 12 months from the date of death of such Where the cause of death of such person is illness related to COVID-19 and the payment is -

ii) Subject to such other conditions, CG may notify person; and

No. 92/2022 dated 5.8.2022, specified the following conditions Accordingly, the Central Government has, vide Notification

1. (i) The death of the individual should be within 6 months clinically determined as a COVID-19 case, for which any from the date of testing positive or from the date of being sum of money has been received by the member of the

(ii) The family member of the individual has to keep a record of the following documents -

(a) The COVID-19 positive report of the individual, or COVID-19 positive through investigations in a medical report it clinically determined to be hospital or an inpatient facility by a treating physician

(b) A medical report or death certificate issued by a related to corona virus disease (COVID-19). medical practitioner or a Government civil registration office, in which it is stated that death of the person is

2. The details of such amount received in any financial year has Officer within 9 months from the end of such EY.. [FA 2023] to be furnished in the prescribed form to the Assessing

> "Family" (For clause 12 & 13), in relation to an individual

(i) The spouse and children of the individual; and (ii) The parents, brothers and sisters of the individual or any of them, wholly or mainly dependent on the individual.

PROPERTY MEANING

i) Immovable property being land or building or both; ii) Shares and securities iii) Jewellery & Bullion

iv) Archaeological collections v) Drawing vii) Any work of art

viii) Sculptures vi) Paintings

ix) Virtual Digital Asset

RELATIVE MEANING

- > Spouse of the Individual
- > Brother/Sister of either of the Parents of the Individual > Brother/Sister of the Individual/Spouse of the Individual
- > Any lineal ascendant/descendant of the Individual
- > Any lineal ascendant/descendant of the Spouse of the Individua
- > Spouse of the person referred to in clause (ii) to (vi)
- > In case of HUF Any member

NOTIFICATION 96/2019

which are based on latest power of attorney, agreement to sell, of Delhi, when CG by notification regularize such transaction by a resident of unauthorised colony in national capital territory Sec 56(2)(x) is not applicable if immovable property is received such property. Stamp Duty Value as on the date of agreement can for the right of ownership or transfer or mortgage in regards to will / possession letter & other document evidencing payment payee cheque / draft / ECS / other mode as may be prescribed be considered if full/ part consideration is received by account

MPs/MLAs will not be chargeable to income-tax under the head any other head of income shall be chargeable to tax under the he Parliament or State Legislatures will be exempt u/s 10(17): under section 56. However, the following incomes of Members of 'Salary' but will be chargeable as "Income from other sources" "Income from other sources". For example, salary received by an RESIDUALINCOME

(i) Daily Allowance - Daily allowance received by any Member of Parliament or of any State Legislatures or any Committee

(iii) Constituency allowance of MLAs - Any constituency (ii) Constituency Allowance of MPs - In the case of a Member of Parliament (Constituency Allowance) Rules, 1986; and Parliament, any allowance received under Members of allowance received by any person by reason of his membership

CASUAL INCOME

State Legislature.[FA 2023]

of any State Legislature under any Act or rules made by that

Lottery ncome by way of

Horse races

Card Game

Games of any sort

Notes: 1. Sec.58(4),no deduction is allowed from such Income.

2. U/s 115BB it is taxable @ 30%. Deduction u/s 80C-80U is not available.

4. Generally casual Income is Received after TDS [Net of TDS] Hence we need to

. Lottery held as stock in trade taxable in PGBP. > If nothing is given - assume it is Gross up. > If Problem gives Net amount - gross it. grossing up = Amount received 100 -TDS Rate

TAXATION OF DIVIDEND & DEEMED DIVIDEND

COMPANY'S LIABILITY

Sec	Provisions before 1.4.2020	Provisions after 1.4.2020
115-0	115-0 Company is Liable to DDT on dividend declared & Paid.	Company is not liable to DDT
194	Company is not liable to Deduct TDS on dividend paid u/s 115-O	Company would be liable to deduct TDS
80M	Was not in existence.	Inter operate Dividend allowed

SEC & DIVIDEND INCOME

DEEMED DIVIDEND

1) Interim Dividend shall deemed to be income of to member. which such dividend is made available by com

2) Dividend includes deemed dividend u/s 2(22 LYNABITLY OF DIVIDEND IN

1) From 01.04.20, dividend incon HANDS OF SHARDHOLDER

Tree of Dividend PY in which it is taxable
Interim Dividend Taxable in the year in which it is receive
Final Dividend Taxable in the year in which it is declared at AGM
Deemed Dividend Taxable in the year in which it is distributed or paid

3) Surcharge on Dividend:

a) Upto 50lakhs capital gains u/s 111A / 112A shall not exceed 15% For Individual & HUF - The surcharge on dividends & No surcharge

c) Exceeds 1cr upto 2cr b) Exceeds 50L upto 1cr. 15%

d) Beyond 2cr. 15% only

4) Allowability of Expenses from dividend Income:

i) Expense is allowed lower of a) Actual interest

ii) No expenses except above shall be allowed as deduction b) 20% of dividend income before such deduction

5) When Dividend is received by NR & Foreign Co. 1) Dividend income is taxable (as per Sec 115A the tax rates will be 20%)

2) The Payer Company shall deduct the TDS u/s 195 @ 20%

SEC 80M DEDUCTION IN RESPECT CORPORATE DIVIDEND OF CERTAIN INTER-

i) Dividend received or Sec 80M(1) - Domestic company can take deduction lower of

ii) Dividend paid on or before the due date of filing ROL "due date" means the date one month prior to the date for turnishing the return of income u/s 139(1).

	J	(a) to (e).			Of P Y IN 3(22)(a)	Sec
# When assets are distributed, PMV of	Place of bonus shares is not deemed	harsholder	or not respitting referse of its assets to its the date of distribution	extent of accumulated profits (capitalised FMV of assets as on	2(22)(a) Any distribution by a company, to the	Particulars
	cajediation of dividend	has to be taken for	the date of distribution	FMV of assets as on	Amount of dividend =	Relevant point

	r in which it is received	which it is taxable	s taxable:	me is taxable in the hands
			(F) (F)	
Any distribution to the shareholders of a Co in such case, there will	> To the extent of accumulated profits (capitalised or not).	its preference shareholders.	Any distribution to its distributions by a Colf bonus states are assessed as the state of the contribution	the taken:
in such case, there will		tribe	to equity shareholde	

on its against on the extent of its of its apital, to the extent of accumulated profits (capitalised Any distribution to its chareholders by a Co. on the reduction a completed grows (aprinted or not). the CO u/s 46(1). be no CG in the hands of ill be subject to CG. wever, the shareholder

Loan & Advances by Private Colclosely held co) is treated as Loans & Advances by Closely Held Company: Deemed Dividend to the extent of accumulated profit

2. Accumulated profit means profit as per companies Act 3. Substantial Interest in case of companies shall be 10% of voting rate in case of other concern it shall be 20% of profit or voting right

i. Carninta Sheam of Cit (see): Section is applicable at the time when loan is given hence even if loan is repaid during the year then also sec applies.

6. Accumulated profits means all profit which is available 5. It is not applicable in case of trade advances. [Cir 19/2017] profits up to date of liquidation for distribution or payment of dividend & u/s 2[22][c] all

In case of an amalgamated company, Accumulated profits, whether capitalized/not/loss as the case may be shall be amaigamating company on date of amaigamation. increased by accumulated profits whether capitalized/not of

LIABILITY OF COMPANY

of Resident whereas Sec 195 in case of Non Resident. The Payer Company is liable to deduct TDS u/s 194 in case The Payer Company now not liable to deduct Tax u/s 115-O

SEC 194 TDS ON DIVIDEND IN CASE OF RESIDENT

Payer [Deductor]	Paver Principal officer of any Indian Co / a company which has made [Deductor] the declaration and payment of dividends (including dividends on preference shares) within India
Payee [Deductee]	Shareholder being Resident
Limit	Paid by any mode & dividend exceed (5,000)
Rate	10% [FX20]
Time of	Before making any payment by any mode

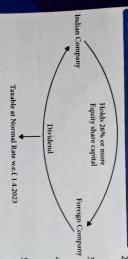
This section shall not apply to such income credited or paid to-

c) Any other insurer b) General insurance a) LIC

SEC 195 TAXATION IN CASE OF NR

TDS shall be deducted @ 20%

INDIAN COMPANY FROM FOREIGN CO SEC 115BBD DIVIDEND RECEIVED BY



SHARE ISSUED AT PREMIUM

Consideration (-) FMV = IFOS resident shareholder on premium then; If a closely held company [Private Co.] issued to share to a

2) Person specified by Central Govt (as of now Cat I AIF is Premium received by Venture Capital Undertaking &

Startup shall be eligible for Exemption u/s 56(2)(viib)(ii) if exempt FA'19 Notification By CG - notification w.e.f 19.02.2019: specified) Issue of Share at Premium by Category II AIF shall be following conditions mentioned are satisfied.

FAMILY PENSION



ension is not available. assessee opts for Sec 115BAC, Deduction in respect of family

DEDUCTION NOT ALLOWED U/S 58

- (a) Any personal expenses of the assessee.
 b) Any interest or salary payable outside India on which tax
- c) Any sum paid on account of Wealth-Tax has not been.
- d) The provisions of section 40A shall apply mutatis-mutandis.e) Expenditure related to casual Income.

DEDUCTION ALLOWED U/S 57

 Expenditure for realizing dividend or interest from UTI/MF only Interest exp allowed & that too 20% of such dividend / income from UTI / MF.

2. Employees' contribution towards relevant fund(s) before the due date as per that Act [Sec. 57(ia)].

3. Repair, depreciation, insurance of plant, machinery, furniture,

4. Standard deduction in case of family pension lower of 1/3rd of such income or ₹15,000 whichever is less.

5. Other deductions incured for business is allowed as deduction. 1.4.2013

6. 50% of the amount of interest on compensation or enhanced

7. Any expenditure in respect of which a payment is made to a under the head 'Income from other sources' as well. section 40A will be applicable to the computation of income of payment or aggregate of payments exceeding 10,000 or Assessing Officer, having regard to the FMV and disallowance extent the same is considered excessive or unreasonable by the in respect of which a payment is made to a related person, to the related person: In addition to these disallowances, sec 58(2) IMPS, UPI, RTGS, NEFT, and BHIM Aadhar Pay covered by electronic mode such as credit card, debit card, net banking, through bank account or through such other prescribed otherwise than by account payee cheque or draft or ECS 35,000, as the case may be, made to a person during a day specifically provides that the disallowance of any expenditure

8. Disallowance of 30% of expenditure: 30% of expenditure shall resident and on which tax is deductible at source, if not be allowed, in respect of a sum which is payable to a

 Such tax has not been deducted or; Such tax after deduction has not been paid on or before the due date of return specified in sec 139(1).

first proviso to section 201(1) by reason that such payee any such sum but is not deemed as assessee in default under the In case, assessee fails to deduct the whole or any part of tax on

(i) Has furnished his return of income under section 139;

(ii) Has taken into account such sum for computing income in

(iii) Has paid the tax due on the income declared by him in to this effect from an accountant in such form as may be such return of income, and the payer furnishes a certificate deemed to be the date on which return of income has been deduction and payment of taxes by the payer shall be prescribed, it would be deemed that the assessee has furnished by the payee. [FA 2023] deducted and paid the tax on such sum. The date of

TAXABILITY OF LIP

Any sum received under a life insurance policy, including the sum allocated by way of bonus on such policy would not be The following are the exemption available u/s 10(10D): included in the total income of a person Sec 10(10D)[FA 2023]

31.3.2012 In respect of policies In respect of policies Any sum received under a LIP including the 1.4.2003 and issued between ued before 1.4.2003 sum allocated by way of bonus is exempt the term of the policy exceeds 20% of "actual the premium payable for any of the years during Any sum received under a LIP including the sum allocated by way of bonus is exempt flowever, exemption would not be available if

1.4.2012 but before issued on or after in respect of policies Any sum received under a LIP including the sur term of the policy exceeds 10% of actual capital premium payable for any of the years during the exemption would not be available if the illocated by way of bonus is exempt. However, sum assured.

capital sum assured"

1.4.2013 ssued on or after

In respect of policies a) Where the insurance is on the life of a person "actual capital sum assured" during the term of the policy exceeds 15% of if the premium payable for any of the years sum allocated by way of bonus is exempt Any sum received under a LIP including the to in section 80U or a person suffering from with disability or severe disability as referred However, exemption would not be available disease or ailment as specified u/s 80DDB.

b) Where the insurance is on the life of any "actual capital sum assured". during the term of the policy exceeds 10% of if the premium payable for any of the years However, exemption would not be available sum allocated by way of bonus is exempt. Any sum received under a LIP including the person, other than mentioned in (a) above

issued on or after 1.4.2023 In respect of policies at the option of the assessee, whose aggregate ULIP) and the aggregate of premium payable or Any sum received under a LIP including the sur y a person for more than one LIP (other than or any of the previous years during the term of exemption would also not be available if the be, of "actual capital sum assured. Further, payable for any of the years during the term of the policy exceeds 10% or 15%, as the case may allocated by way of bonus is exempt. However, ich policies exceed ₹ 5,00,000 for any of the uch policy. In a case where premium is payable xemption would not be available if the premiu evious years during the term of any such nount of premium payable exceeds ₹ 5,00,000 pect of any of those LIPs (other than ULIP), im payable does not exceed ₹ 5,00,000

the annual premium payable on the policy. The condition of pa of premium of 10% or 15% or 20% or ₹ 5,00,000 would not be Any sum is received on the death of a person is exempt irrespective of ium payable on the policy. The conc

> individual or the member of the HUF has paid or deposited any amount would not be exempt u/s 10(10D). of the previous year in which such amount is received. Such or deposited shall be deemed to be the income of the assessee the individual or the member of the HUF, the amount so paid amount in any scheme of LIC or any other insurer, predeceases Accordingly, if the dependent disabled, in respect of whom an sum received u/s 80DD(3) shall not be exempt u/s 10(10D). an insurance policy taken for disabled person u/s 80DD: Any Exemption is not available in respect of amount received from

person who is or was the employee of the first-mentioned Exemption is not available in respect of the sum received insurance policy taken by one person on the life of another Keyman insurance policy shall also not be exempt. Explanation under a Keyman insurance policy: Any sum received under a the business of the first mentioned person. The term includes person or is or was connected in any manner whatsoever with treated as a keyman insurance policy even after the same is consideration. Therefore, such policies shall continue to be assigned to any person during its term, with or without within its scope a keyman insurance policy which has been keyman onsuch policies, being "keyman insurance policies", assigned to the keyman. Consequently, the sum received by the to sec 10(10D) defines "Keyman insurance policy" as a life would not be exempt u/s 10(10D).

allocated by way of bonus) at any time during a previous year, u/s 10(10D): Where any sum is received (including the amount Taxability of sum received under a LIP which is not exempt under a life insurance policy, other than the sum -

(i) Received under a ULIP

(ii) Received under a Keyman insurance policy; which is not under any other provision of the Act, computed in the of such life insurance policy, and not claimed as deduction exceeds the aggregate of the premium paid during the term exempt under section 10(10D), the sum so received as prescribed manner, would be chargeable to tax under the head "Income from other sources"

THERE MUST BE CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Assets Sec 2(14) means :-

- 1) Capital Asset means property of any kind held by an Assessee whether or not connected with his business or profession & include & shall be deemed to have always included any right management or control or any others right whatsoever. in or in relation to an Indian company, including rights of
- 2) Any security held by Foreign Institutional Investor (whether
- 3) Any ULIP issued on or after 1st Feb 2021 to which exception to sec 10(10d) does not applies on account of 4th & 5th

ASSETS NOT TO BE TREATED AS CAPITAL ASSET



Gold Bonds, 1980, or National Defence 7% Gold bonds, 80

Gold Deposit Bonds issued under Gold Gold Monetization Scheme 2015 Deposit Scheme'99 Special Bearer Bonds

TRANSFERRED GAIN MAY BE POSITIVE OR CAPITAL ASSETS MUST HAVE BEEN NEGATIVE

THERE ARE 2 TYPES OF GAIN DEPENDING ON CAPITAL ASSET

Other Assets - 36M or less Unlisted Shares & immovable property Financial Asset - 12M or less SHORT TERM
CAPITAL ASSET [SEC 2(42A)]

2. Unlisted Shares & immovable property more than 24 M
Other Assets - more than 36M Financial Asset - more than 12M CAPITAL ASSET [SEC 2(29A) LONG TERM

Units which become

The period of holding shall include the

period for which the unit or units in

consolidation of mutual fund were held by

consideration of transfer property of assessee in

SEC 48 HOW TO COMPUTE?

Assets acquired by

From the date of Acquisition

Conversion of SIT into

From the date SIT was acquired

Always ST irrespective of holding period

Depreciable Assets

STCG Xxx	Less: Exemption u/s 54B/54D/ (xxx)		Less: Cost of Improvement (xxx)	Net Consideration xxx	Less: Exp on Transfer (xxx)	Full Value of Consideration xxx	SHORT TERM CAPITAL GAIN
Less: Exempt U/s 54 to 54GB	LTCG	Less: Indexed Cost of	Less: Indexed Cost of	Net Consideration	Less: Exp on Transfer	Full Value of Consideration	LONG TERM CAPITAL GAIN
H (H)	XXX	0	(xxx)	xxx	(xxx)		

SEC 2(47) TRANSFER OF CAPITAL ASSET

a) The sale, exchange / Relinquishment of the asset Transfer in relation to capital assets includes the following:

- b) The extinguishment of any rights therein
- c) The compulsory Acquisition
- d) Conversion of asset into stock- in-trade
- e) The maturity or redemption of a zero coupon bond f) Any transaction in part Performance of contract of immovable property u/s 53A of TOPA, 1882
- g) Any transaction of becoming a member of society or Co. etc. having house building scheme for its members,

DETERMINING PERIOD OF HOLDING

DELEMENT	PARTON
Situations of 49(1)	Holding Period of Assessee
	+ previous Owner
Conversion of inventory	From the date of Its conversion
into Capital Assets	
Share Received in	It shall be counted from the date of
amalgamation	acquisition of shares in Amalgamating co
Share Received in	It shall be counted from the date of
Resulting co.	acquisition of shares Demerged co
Right Shares	Counted from the date of allotment Share
Bonus Shares	Counted from the date of allotment Share
Sweat equity share	Counted from the date of allotment or transfer of such equity Share
Conversion of Pref. Shares into Equity	The period of holding shall be considered from the date of Acquisition of preference shares
Conversion of Debenture /Bond into shares	The period of holding shall be considered from the date of Acquisition of Bond/Debenture
Units of Business Trust [pursuant to Sec.47(xvii)]	The period of holding shall include the period for which shares where held by Assessee
11:11	The arrived of holding shall include the

RULE 115A: METHOD OF CONVERSION

SIXTH PROVISO TO SEC 48:

CG into INR	Transfer Expense	COV	Sale Consideration
TTBR	Avg of TTBR & TTSR	Avg of TTBR & TTSR	Avg of TIBR & TISR
On date of Transfer	On date of Transfer	On date of Acquisition	On date of Transfer

FIRST PROVISO TO SEC 48: CG IN CASE OF NR

In case of:

- > Assets should be shares or debentures of Indian > Assessee who is a NR (Includes foreign company Company &
- > Asset was acquired in foreign currency by way of purchase of reinvestment then CG shall be calculated in foreign currency & after that it shall be reconverted into Indian Currency.

THIRD PROVISO TO SEC 48

First & Second proviso NOT APPLICABLE for computation LTCG in case of Equity shares, Equity oriented units, units of Business Trust Referred u/s 112A.

FOURTH PROVISO TO SEC 48

Capital Indexation Bonds & Sovereign Gold Bonds issued by redemption of Sovereign Gold Bond issued by RBI Index benefit not allowed in case of bonds/debentures except RBI. As per Sec 47, NO CG in case of Individual on



benefit available Other Assessee: CG on transfer on maturity & index

FIFTH PROVISO TO SEC 48: FOREIGN **EXCHANGE FLUCTUATION GAIN ON** RUPEE DENOMINATION BOND

currency at the time of redemption of rupee denominated on account of appreciation of rupee against a toreign In case of an assessee being a non-resident, any gains arising the purposes of computation of FVOC under this section. bond of an Indian company held by him, shall be ignored for

result of transfer for the purposes of this sec. shall be deemed to be the FVOC received or accruing as a irrevocable trust, the market value on the date of such transfer proviso to sec 47(iii) are transferred under a gift or an Where shares, debentures or warrants referred to in the DEEMED CONSIDERATION

SELF NOTES

CG EXPRESSLY EXEMPT U/S 10

Sec 10(34A) - Any income arising to an assessee, being a shareholder, on account of buy back of shares by the company as referred to in sec 115QA;

Sec 10(43) - Any amount received by an individual as a loan, either in lump sum or in installment, in a transaction of reverse mortgage referred to in section 47(xvi);

Sec 10(37) - in the case of an assessee, being an individual or a arising from the transfer of agricultural land, wherei) Such land is situate in any area referred to in item(a) or HUF, any income chargeable under the head "Capital gains' item (b) of sec 2(14)(iii);

- ii) Such land, during the period of two years immediately preceding the date of transfer, was being used for agricultural purposes by such HUF or individual or a parent of his;
- iii) Such transfer is by way of compulsory acquisition under any or approved by the CG or the Reserve Bank of India; law, or a transfer the consideration for which is determined
- iv) Such income has arisen from the compensation or on / after the 1st day of April, 2004. consideration for such transfer received by such assessee

under the Andhra Pradesh Capital City Land Pooling Scheme (Formulation and Implementation) Rules, 2015 Sec 10(37A) - Any income transfer by individual or a HUF,

SPECIAL CASE IN CAPITAL GAIN

YEAR OF RECEIPT (MONEY/OTHER ASSETS) INSURANCE SEC 45 (IA) CG BE TAXABLE IN FROM INSURANCE CO

If compensation is not received then it is pure dead loss It is Taxable in the year of receipt of compensation and Indexation is allowed only upto the year of destruction.

AAA

SEC 45(2) PERSONAL ASSETS CONVERTED INTO STOCK IN TRADE

Capital Gain		PGBP
Full Value of Consideration	XXX	Sale Value
FMV on date of conversion	(xxx) Less:	Less:
Less: Exp on Transfer	XXX	xxx FMV as on date
	(xxx)	(xxx) of conversion
Less: COA / ICOA (allowed upto year of conversion)(xxx)	(xxx)	
Less: COI / ICOI		PGBP
Gross Capital Gain	VYY	
	(xxx)	
Tavable Capital Cain	XXX	

or partly Sold. Indexation is available upto the year of conversion. Both Amount Is taxable in the year when converted stock is sold

- 1) If any part of stock is sold then only part CG shall arise in [If Stock is converted into CA then PGBP would arise]
- 2) In case of converted stock sale, period of 6M shall calculate from date of sale of stock for claiming deduction exemption

SEC 45(2A) SECURITIES IN DEMAT ACCOUNT

Basis based on Entry in demat account. Purpose of cost of Acquisition it shall be considered on FIFO If securities are Transfered in Demat Account then for the

SEC 45(3) TRANSFER BY PARTNER OR MEMBER TO FIR OR AOP/BOI

books of accounts shall be considered adn any FMV shall be ignored. Where a unit of a Specified Mutual Fund acquired on or for the purpose of Full value of consideration amount recorded in If the partner/ member transfer the CA to Firm or AOP/ BOI then

SEC 45(5) COMPULSORY ACQUISITION

compensation is taxable in IFOS & a of 50% is allowed there Initial Compensation & enhanced compensation taxable in year of receipt & exp are allowed as dedn Interest on Enhanced

Initial Compensation

Less: Exp on transfer Net Consideration	xxx (xxx)
Less: COA / ICOA	(xxx)
(allowed upto year of Compulsory acq) Less: COI / ICOI	(xxx)
Gross Capital Gain	Xxx
Less: Exemptions Taxable Capital Gain	XXX (xxx)

compensation & Transparency in Land Acquisition Rehabilitation If compensation is reduced in future then capital gain shall be recomputed If compensation is received under Right to fair and Resettlement Act 2013 then it is not taxable.

Enhance Compensation

1	avable Carital Cai
(xxx)	Less: Exemptions
Xxx	Gross Capital Gain
Z	Less : COL/ICOL
	(allowed upto year of Compulsory acq)
Z	Less: COA / ICOA
XXX	Net Consideration
(xxx)	Less: Exp on transfer
AAA	Amount given by appropriate authority
YYY	

SEC 45(5A) TRANSFER UNDER REGISTERED REDEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT

Applicable for Individual/HUF

XXX	Taxable Capital Gain
(xxx)	Less: Exemptions
Xxx	Gross Capital Gain
(xxx)	less : COI / ICOI
(xxx)	Less: COA / ICOA
XXX	Net Consideration
(xxx)	Less: Exp on transfer
	+consideration (cash)
XXX	SDV of share on date of issue of

If the rights are transfered before the certificate of completion capital) then capital gain would arise in the year of transfer.

SEC 50AA COMPUTATION OF CAPITAL GAINS IN CASE OF MARKET LINKED DEBENTURE FA 2023

Adv

after 1/4/2023 or a Market Linked Debenture,

Computation of Capital gains

Particulars	Amount
FVC = Amount received / redemption Value	XXX
(-) Expenses on Transfer	(xxx)
Net Consideration	YYY
(-) COA of Debenture or Unit	(vvv)
STCG	(ADDA)

Notes:

- 1. No deduction shall be allowed for STT paid.
- . "Market Linked Debenture" means a security which has an to market returns on other underlying securities or underlying debt security and where the returns are linked regulated as a market linked debenture by SEBI. indices and include any security classified or Nayahapucha ja regulated as a marker linked Jahannan L. crip, Sakhahaid
- "Specified Mutual Fund" means a Mutual Fund where not equity shares of domestic companies: Percentage of equity more than 35% of its total proceeds is invested in the the daily closing figures. shall be computed with reference to the annual average of shareholding held in respect of the Specified Mutual Fund

SEC 50C FULL VALUE OF CONSIDERATION OF LAND & BUILDING

is adopted as FVC otherwise consideration so received consideration received or accruing, then only Stamp Value If Value adopted by Stamp Value Authority exceed 110%

Authority & executed through Agreement to sell or power of attorney are also included in Sec 50C. Transaction which are not registered with Stamp Duty

reference Value by VO is lower than value by	Situation Value by VO is lower than SVA but more C= VO Value than Assessee	Different Value by VO is higher than SVA
han value by	han SVA but more	than SVA
C = Assessee Value	C= VO Value	C= SVA

agreement if he has received consideration or part thereof but, if the date of agreement and registration are not the Generally, SDV as on the date of registration is considered DD, ECS or any other electronic mode. upto the date of agreement by way of A/c payee cheque, same, then, Assessee can take SDV as on the date of

SEC 55(2) COST OF ACQUISITION

which he has incurred, for acquisition of asset. It includes Cost of acquisition is value which assessee has paid, or amount amount for completing /acquiring title (Interest on Borrowed

SEC 51 ADVANCE MONEY RECEIVED

	Reduce from cost/ WDV/ FMV & then calculate Indexation	vious Owner Assessee	ance Money received/retained upto 31-03-2014
--	--	----------------------	---

ed after 31-03-2014 ce Money received/ xable in "IFOS"

FULL VALUE OF CONSIDERATION

ceived or receivable by transferor without making any ull value of consideration is amount of consideration duction there from.

in Cash - Take Actual Amount

in Kind - As per Sec 50D take FMV wherever Consideration is not ascertainable or cannot

be determined.



SEC 50CA UNLISTED SHARES

- > FMV shall be deemed to be the FVOC if consideration < FMV (Rule 11UAA)
- > Sec applies only if the shares are held as Capital Asset not > Sec applies to all Assessee including NR stock in trade.
- transfer of any movable property, being unquoted shares, of > Sec applies to all kinds of shares-equity or preference. The provisions of section 50CA of the Act shall not apply to However, it does not apply to Debentures
- a company and its subsidiary and the subsidiary of such (i) The Tribunal, on an application moved by the CG u/s 241 subsidiary by an assessee, where, of the CA, 2013, has suspended the BOD of such company and has appointed new directors nominated by the CG
- (ii) Share of such company and its subsidiary and the u/s 242 of the said Act; and u/s 242 of the CA, 2013 after affording a reasonable subsidiary of such subsidiary has been transferred opportunity of being heard to the jurisdictional Pursuant to a resolution plan approved by the Tribunal Principal Commissioner or Commissioner.

EXPENSES OF TRANSFER

- a) Expenses on transfer is allowed as deduction (not exp Given in Cash: Take Actual Amount on acquisition because it is added to cost)
- b) Expenses on transfer include brokerage & other legal expenses for sale of Such assets Given in %: Take % of Sale Consideration not of FVOC
- c) Expenses on transfer does not Include STT, Hence STT is not allowed as Deduction [7th Proviso to Sec 48]

SEC 55(I)(B) COST OF IMPROVEMENT

- a) Any improvement expenditure incurred before 01.04.2001 to be ignored while computing capital gain
- b) IT can be incurred either by Assessee or previous owner.

c) COI shall be NIL for the following:

- ii) Right of Manufacture, Produce or Process any article, Goodwill of Business
- Right to carry on a business or profession

SEC 49 COST OF ACQUISITION

into CA	Conver- sion of business	Assets trf under IDS	Property Received u/s 56(x)	Immov- -able property	If 112A applies			Shares		Sec 49	Sec 49(1)
	COA = FMV as on the date of conversion [FA.2018]	FMV of the assets taken into account for the purpose of Tax, surcharge and penalty. [As on 01.06.2016 shall be taken] In case of CA declared under IDS'16: 1) Immovable Property - POH = Date of Acq. as per deed 2) Other Assets - POH = From 01.06.2016	The Value considered for section 5	FMV as on 01.04.2001 cannot exceed SDV	Higher of a) Cost of Acquisition & b) Lower of i) Consideration or ii) FMV as on 31.1.2018	1.4.2001 Bonus shares allotted on or after 1.4.2001 Sweat Equity shares	Right renouncement: if rights are Renounced in favor of other person Bonus shares allotted before	Right shares subscribed by the other person	Original Shares	Assets Acquired before 01.04.2001	i) Distribution of assets on total/partial partition of HUF. ii) Ciff or will or inheritance. iii) Succession, inheritance or devolution. iv) Distribution of assets on liquidation of co. v) Transfer to revocable/irrevocable trust. v) Specified Transfer u/s 47 v) Specified Transfer u/s 47 v) Specified Transfer u/s 47
	version [FA.2018]	nt for the purpose 16: 2ate of Acq. as per deed 06.2016	56(2)(x) [Sec.49(4)]	ed SDV as on 01.04.2001	5) Lower of i) Sale 1.2018	Nil FMV for calculation of Perquisite	Nil FMV on 1.4.2001	acquiring such asset. Purchase price paid to person renouncing such right + amount paid to callotting such shares	Amount paid for acquiring these shares Amount paid by him for	Cost of acquisition / FMV as on 01.04.2001 whichever is higher	Cost to the Previous Owner

2ND PROVISO TO SEC 48 INDEXED COST OF ACQUISITION & IMPROVEMENT

an Indian company referred to in first proviso. to a non-resident from the transfer of shares in, or debentures of, transfer of a long-term capital asset, other than capital gain arising provisions of indexation will apply in case of long term CG on

1) Index cost of acquisition a) Before 01/04/2001

Owner, whichever is higher Assessee / Previous FMV on 1/4/2001 / COA to CII of the year of transfer 100

b) After 01/04/2001

X CII of the year of transfer

COA to Assessee CII of year of acquisition

c) Asset acquired prior to 01/04/2001 by previous owner & received by Assessee prior to 01/04/2001

whichever is higher Assessee /Previous Owner, FMV on 1/4/2001 / COA to

CII of the year of transfer

d) Asset acquired prior to 01/04/2001 by previous owner & received by FMV on 1/4/2001 / COA to Frevious Owner, whichever X CII of the year of transfer CII of year in which first Assessee after 01/04/2001

e) Asset acquired after to 01/04/2001 by previous owner & held by Assessee IMP Hai!

received by Assessee 01/04/2001

COA to Previous X CII of the year of transfer by Assessee CII of year in which first held

transferred such assets, then ICA would be with reference to year Manjula shah vs CIT: If assessee acquire CA by way of gift & in which previous owner held the assets & not in which Assessee which previous owner acquired the assets & not in which assessee becomes the owner. Therefore CII should be based on the year in becomes the owner.

2) Index cost of Improvement

COI of the asset improvement made by CII of the year in which CII of the year of transfer assessee/previous owner

Finance Act, 2016 has rearranged the Cost inflation Index: **NOTIFICATION NO. 73/2021**

FY	CII	FY	CII	FY	CII
2001-2002	100	2010-2011	167	2019-2020	289
2002-2003	105	2011-2012	184	2020-2021	301
2003-2004	109	2012-2013	200	2021-2022	317
2004-2005	113	2013-2014	220	2022-2023	331
2005-2006	1117	2014-2015	240	מרחב ברחב	210
2006-2007	122	2015-2016	254	4707-0707	OFC
2007-2008	129	2016-2017	264		
2008-2009	137	2017-2018	272		
2009-2010	148	2018-2019	280		

BENEFIT OF INDEXATION NOT AVAILABLE TO

Nature of Long Term Capital Gain Transferred Assessee not Eligible
Bond/debenture Except capital Indexed Bond All Assessee nares/debenture of Indian company acquired by 15ACA [Refer NR Taxation] Securities given DR purchased in Foreign Currency u/s 115AC/ efer NR Taxation ued by Govt/ Sovereign gold Bond 's 115AD [Refer NR Taxation] its purchased in Foreign Currency u/s 115AB urities covered u/s 112A g convertible Forex Resident Individual Non Resident/ Offshore Fund Non Resident All Assessee

SEC 112A TAX ON LONG TERM CAPITAL GAIN [SEC 10(38) ABOLISHED]

LTCG on transfer of:

> Equity Shares, or

> Units of Business Trust in excess of 1L shall be taxable > Equity Oriented Units, or ULIP to Which Exemption u/s 10(10D) by virtue of 4th & 5th Provisio thereof of or

@ 10% (+ HEC @ 4%)

if following conditions are satisfied:

ii) STT paid on transfer of Equity Oriented Units & Units i) STT paid on Acquisition & transfer of Equity Shares of Business Trust. If the above conditions are not

Sec 112 is still applicable:

Particulars	Amount
FVC = Amount received	XXX
(-) Expenses on Transfer	(xxx)
Net Consideration	XXX
(-) COA: Higher of	(xxx)
a) COA b) Lower of:	
i) Sale Consideration	
ii) FMV as on 31.1.18	
Capital Gain	xxx

Listed but not traded Listed & Traded on 31.1.18

 Highest Price on that Day Highest Price on any

- NAV as on 31.1.18

Previous Traded Day

Indexed Cost (17-18)

Unlisted Shares

Sec 112A(2) Conditions Given Above

LTCG shall be taxable	20% u/s 112	beyond Rs.1L u/s 112A
•	LTCG shall be taxable (LTCG shall be taxable @ 10%
	-	•
Satisfied Not Satisfied	Not Satisfied	Satisfied

NOTIFICATION 60/2018 EXCEPTION TO STT PAYMENT

- 1. Shares acquired prior to 1st Oct 2004.
- 2. Acquisition of shares approved by HC/SC/NCLT/SEBI/RBI.
- Shares acquired by NR under FDI guideline.
- Acquisition of shares by Investment Fund u/s 115UB
- 5. Shares acquired through preferential issue as per SEBI. Acquisition through an issue of shares by company.
- Acquisition by schedule bank, reconstruction, or securitisation company or PFI during the ordinary course of business.
- 8. Acquisition under ESOP.
- 9. Acquisition Under ESOP.
- Acquisition from Government .
- 11. Acquisition by any mode of Transfer 45{3}/45[4]/47/50B if the previous owner has acquired shares by any mode.
- > Enhanced surcharge is not applicable to LTCG u/s 112A/STCG u/s 111A.

SEC 46 CAPITAL GAIN ON LIQUIDATION

Liquidation is not regarded as transfer. Sec 46(1) - Distribution of assets to its shareholders on

and the sum so arrived at shall be deemed to be the FVOC for the amount assessed as dividend within the meaning of sec 2(22)(c)of the other assets on the date of distribution, as reduced by the under the head CG. The money so received or the market value Sec 46(2) - Money or assets received by shareholders will be taxed

OF ASSETS BY COMPANIES IN LIQUIDATION SEC 46A CAPITAL GAINS ON DISTRIBUTION 47

47(

Holder of specified securities	Company	Taxability in Buyback of hands of domestic co	(I)
Holder of shareholder specified exempt securities u/s 10(34A)	Subject to additional Income Tax @ 23.296%	Buyback of shares by domestic co.	(2)
to shareholder taxable as Capital gains u/s 46A	Not Subject to Not Subject to tax in the hands in the hand of the company company	Buy back of shares by a company	(3)
holder of specified securities taxable as capital gains u/s 46A.	Subject to Not Subject to tax additional Income tax in the hands in the hands of the Tax @ 23.296% of the company company	Buyback of specified securities by any co.	(4)

COA & COI OF INTANGIBLES

1) Goodwill of business/

Self-Generated = Nil Purchased

= Purchase price

- 3) Right to carry on any 2) Right to manufacture,
- business, produce article or thing,

1)Benefit of FMV as on

in case of these assets.

01/04/2001 NOT available

- 4) Trademark / brand name of business,
- Tenancy rights,
- 6) Route permits,7) Loom hours.
 - 2)No CG on Goodwill of Profession as per B.C

SEC 47 TRANSACTION NOT REGARDED AS TRANSFER

	NEUANDED AS INALISI DA
Sec	Provision
47(i)	Any distribution on the total or partial partition of a rice
47(iii)	Any transfer under a gift or will or an irrevocable trust
47(iv)	Any transfer by a company to its subsidiary company
47(v)	Any transfer by a subsidiary company to the holding Co.
47(vi)	Any transfer by the amalgamating company to the
	amalgamated company, in a scheme of amalgamation
47(via)	Any transfer by the amalgamating foreign company to the
// // // //	amalgamated foreign company, in a scheme of attlangament
	of two foreign companies
47(vib)	Any transfer, in a demerger, by the demerged company to
	the resulting company
47(vid)	Any transfer or issue of shares by the resulting company, in a
	scheme of demerger to the shareholders of the demerged Co.
47(viih)	Any transfer of a capital asset made outside India by a NR to
, (am.)	another non-resident

	wiib) Any transfer of a capital asset made outside India by a NR to	riib)
FN	Any transfer or issue of shares by the resulting company. In a scheme of demerger to the shareholders of the demerged Co.	vid)
FN	Any transfer, in a demerger, by the demerged company to the resulting company	vib)
₹ ₹ [Any transfer by the amalgamating foreign company to use amalgamated foreign company, in a scheme of amalgamation of two foreign companies	via)
to v >	Any transfer by the amalgamating company to the amalgamation amalgamation	(vi)
	Any transfer by a company to its substitute of the holding Co. Any transfer by a substitute company to the holding Co.	(v)
7	Any transfer under a gift or will or an irrevocable trust	
	Any distribution on the total or partial partition of a HUF	(i)
_	Drovision	

SEC 50B SLUMP SALE

- (1) Meaning of slump sale [Section 2(42C)] Slump sale means individual assets and liabilities in such sales. lump sum consideration without values being assigned to the transfer of one or more undertakings, by any means, for a
- (3) Full value of consideration = FMV as on date of transfer. (2) Deemed cost of acquisition = net worth of the undertaking

of slump sale. sale and for this purpose, valuation date shall also mean the date FMV of the capital assets shall be determined on the date of slump

Simplified Analysis:

ansfer, calculated in the prescribed manner	(xxx)	[Deemed cost of acquisition]	ess: Net Worth [D
xxx xxx		in the prescribed manner	ransfer, calculated
	XXX	ets as on the date of	YOC: FMV of ass

SELF NOTES

ule 11UAE: The FMV shall be the FMV1 or FMV2.

all assets 100% deduction Claimed assets - Nil

MV1 = The FMV of capital assets transferred by way of MV2= The FMV of thw consideration received or slump sale determined at the date of slum sale

accruing as a result of transfer by way of

in assessee for not more than 36M immediately ill result into STCG. receding the date of its transfer, then such slump sale **Note:** However, if the undertakings owned and held by



SELF NOTES

CIR. NO. 743. INITITIO

CIR. NO. 743; UNUTILIZED DEPOSIT UNDER CGAS IN THE HANDS OF LEGA HEIRS

Cost of new asset or Capital Gain, whichever is lower
establishing the existing undertaking or setting up a new industrial undertaking.
Purchase/construct Purchase within a within 3 years after the period of 6 months date of transfer, for shifting or re-
land or Building or Bonds of NHAI or RECL or any other boulding C.G. (Redeemable after 5 years)
tely
Land & building forming part of an industrial undertaking

Special Points:

Additional conditions for availing exemption is Assessee any law, then, Time limits for acquiring new asset & for prescribed limit, other than the New Asset. should not purchase any Residential House within

depositing in CGAS shall be computed from date of receipt of compensation & not compulsory acquisition. Where transfer of CA is by compulsory acquisition under Sec 54H: Extension of time limit for acquiring new asset

PROFIT GAINS FROM BUSINESS OR PROFESSION

œ

Following Income shall be taxable under the head PGBP: Any profit/gain of any Business/Profession

- **Profit on sale of Import Entitlement License**
- Cash Compensatory support or duty drawback
- 4 profit on sale of DEPB (Duty entitlement pass book scher Duty free Replenishment Certification (DFRC)
- Any Amount received under Key-Man Insurance Policy Any gift/benefit/perquisite arising due to Business/Profession
- Any Interest, salary, bonus, commission received by partner from Partnership firm [to extent allowed u/s 40(b) to firm]
- any business or profession or not sharing any know-how, Non-compete Fees (not carrying out any activity in relation to patent, copyright, trade-mark etc.)
- Income derived by a trade, professional or similar association from specific service perform for its member
- 12) Sale of Asset whose whole cost is allowed as deduction. 11) Any Compensation or other payment due to/received by, any 10) FMV of inventory as on date on which it is converted into CA terms & conditions, of any contract relating to his business person, at or in connection with termination/modification of
- The value of any benefit or perquisite arising from business or the exercise of any profession, whether: - Convertible into money or not or In cash or in kind or partly in cash and partly in kind

SEC 41 DEEMED PGBP

way of expenses or loss, Trading Liability & now during the there is remission or cessation of such trading liability, then Sec 41[1]: If Assessee was allowed deduction in earlier years by such refund or remission or cessation shall demmed to be pgbp current PY, assessee has obtained a refund of such Liability or

Sec 41[2]: Balancing charge:

Where any asset of power generating unit is:

- Owned by assessee
- On which depreciation is claimed on SLM basis For the purpose of business is sold, discarded, demolished or the amount of scrap value so much of depreciation already destroyed and amount recieved for such asset together with
- Shall deemed to be PGBP

Sec 41[3]: Sale of assets used for scientific research PGBP income will be lower of:

- a) Net sale price of the asset
- b) Deduction claimed u/s 35

Sec 41[4]: Recovery of bad Debts in the CY.

SEC 44AD PRESUMPTIVE INCOME FOR OTHER

Individual, HUF, Firm (Not LLP)

2. Gross receipt/Turnover does not exceed 2cr.

3. Not engaged in following : Agency, Profession, Commission,

P.Y., if aggregate cash receipts in the relevant PY \le 5% of total total T/o or gross receipts in the P.Y. ≤ ₹300 lakhsin the relevant Any business, other than business referred to in sec 44AE, whose turnover or gross receipts.

Note: For this purpose, the receipt of amount or aggregate which is not account payee, would be deemed to be the of amounts by a cheque drawn on a bank or by a bank draft, receipt in cash. [FA 2023]

4. Presumptive Income: Higher of Income Declared or Deemed Income Deemed Income: - 6% of Turnover or Gross receipt if the assessee. [FA 2023] or 8% of Turnover. that PY. (or) such higher sum claimed to have been earned by or before due date of filing of return u/s 139(1) in respect of Payment is in prescribed mode (RULE 6 ABBA) during the P.Y.

Advance Tax is applicable

6. All deductions u/s 30-37(1)

7.80C - 80U to be allowed

8. Set off losses allowed

10. Continuously opt for the scheme for the 5 years else this 9. Remuneration to partner u/s 40b not allowed. option is not available for next 5 years

11. Lower profit can be declared - yes [Maintain Accounts &

SEC 44AE PRESUMPTIVE INCOME FOR GTA

- Any assessee
- The number of vehicle
- Presumptive Income= Higher of Declared income or Heavy Advance Tax is applicable Other Than Heavy goods vehicle: 7500 per month per vehicle [Heavy goods vehicle: exceed 12ton] Goods vehicle - 1000 x per ton x per month x per vehicle
- All deductions u/s 30-37(1)
- 6. 80C 80U to be allowed
- Set off losses allowed
- 9. Lower protfit can be declared yes [Maintain Accounts 8. Remuneration to partner u/s 40b not allowed.
- & Do Audit].
- Assessee can declare presumptive income upto Rs.75 Lakh in this section where the amount or aggregate of the amounts received during PY, in cash, does not exceed 5% of the total cheque is also considered as cash.[FA 2023] gross receipts. Further Payment received through bearer

SEC 44ADA PRESUMPTIVE INCOME FOR PROFESSIONAL

- Assesser: Individual/ Firm (Not LLP) (Resident)
- 2 Inguerd in specified profession defined u/s 44AA(1)
- It is the secret the second so Lakhs
- a Cash receipt if does not exceed 5% of total receipt 75 Lakhs

A Presumptive Income:

- 50% of gross receipt or profit declare whichever is higher Can lower profit be shown: Yes
- a) Maintain BOA u/s 44AA
- b) Do tax audit u/s 44AB submit report at least I month prior to date of filling ROI

5. Other point:

(i) Advance tax mandatory - 15th March - 100% if failed 234C interest

(ii) Deduction:

- > All deduction u/s deemed to be allowed
- > Partners remuneration u/s 40B not allowed
- > Chapter VI A deduction allowed Exempt Part C
- (III) Losses can be set off

SEC 30 & SEC 31

Current repairs is allowed as deduction. On capital repairs deprectation	Municipal tax, land revenue subject to Sec 43B is allowed as deduction. Current repairs is allowed as deduction. On capital repairs depreciation
Insurance of PMF is allowed as deduction	Insurance of premises is allowed as deduction
Rent of the PMF paid to others / Firm is allowed as deduction u/s 37	Rent of the premises paid to others / Firm is allowed as deduction
of plant, machinery & furniture (PMF)	bection 30. Rent, rates and taxes of premises

SEC 32 DEPRECIATION [MANDATORY]

- 1. Assets must be used for the purpose of business & profession
- 2. Assets should be owned by the Assessee
- 3. Depreciation should be on block of assets @ prescribed
- 4. Assets must be put to use
- 5. No Dep on Godwill Even if Purchased/ otherwise

SEC 32(i)(iia) ADDITIONAL DEPRECIATION

Manufacture or production

Power Generation, distribution or transmission

> Purchased Particulars

> > SEC 43(1) ACTUAL COST

1. Assessee Engaged in

A Printing & Publication

2. Acquire New Plant & Machinery

However new Plant & machinery does not Include: a) Second hand P&M (used within India or outside India) c) P&M being transport vehicle, ship or aircraft b) P&M installed in Office or Guest House. d) P&M whose whole cost is allowed as deduction

Expi I.A. Stock in trade is converted int

brought into business use

research subsequently Acquired for Scientific

Capital asset.

rder |

Such P&M acquired after 31.03.2005

Rate of Additional Depreciation

Euthy 3 43(1)

> inheritance Acquired by way of gift or

the asset for his business or from any other person using Asset acquired at higher price 5

in Subse		ays - 20% >180 days - 10%	If used for	•
in Subsequent Year).	(Bal 10% shall be allowed	·s - 10%	H	

If used > 180 d

The deduction of additional depreciation is not available is assessee opted alternative tax scheme

Proviso 3 to Sec 32

Additional depreciation is allowed only if assessee units if they follow SLM method. follow WDV method. It is not allowed to power



APRIL	THE RESERVE	With the Colors	-	-		~ 3			ਰ						
cost to the transferee company.	WDV to the transferor company will be adopted as the actual	business use at the depreciation rate applicable to that year.	The cost of purchase or construction of the building as reduced by the Notional depreciation calculated up to the year of bringing the asset to	The WDV of the asset to the transferor at the time of transfer to the assessee.	The WDV at the time of original transfer or the price paid for Reacquiring the asset, whichever is less.	Actual cost to be determined by AO with prior approval of Joint Commissioner.	WDV in the hands of previous owner at the of transfer.	transfer	(-) Deduction availed u/s 35 Fair Market value on the date of	Actual Cost	Assets acqd in cash exceeding \$10,000	Insurance (xxx)	(+) other costs incurred XXX on assets put to use XXX	Actual Cost	
	43(1)	Expl 13 to Sec	Expl 12 to Sec 43(1)	Expl 11 to		Expl 10 to	6	Expl 9	to Expl 8	7A to			43(1)	Expl 7	The second lives
and companie	capital asset is transferred by way of transactions referred to in sec 47	Actual cost of capital asset has been allowed as deduction u/s 35AD and	Any capital asset acquired under a scheme of corporation of a recognised stock exchange in India, approved by SEBI.	Asset brought into India by NR/ foreign co for use in his business or profession.		A portion of the cost of an asset acquired. So much of the cost as is relatable to is met directly or indirectly by Government or any statutory authority shall not form part of the actual cost or any other person in the form of a If subsidy is not directly relatable to Subsidy or grant or reimbursement. asset acquired, but subsidy is with subsidy is or the assets then the subside to the assets then the subside the subside in the subs	which CENVAT credit is availed.	Asset acquired subject to levy of excise duty or customs duty in respect of	Asset acquired out of borrowed funds	co to the resulting Indian co	to the amalgamated co shall be the actual cost to amalgamating company	used for its business, then actual cost			
ADDVEODWADD		The actual cost of such asset to the transferee shall be NIL.	The amount, which would have been regarded as actual cost, had there been no such corporation shall be deemed to be the actual cost.	Actual cost as reduced by amount of depre calculated @ in force as if asset was used in India since the date of acquisition	shall be proportionately reduced from the actual cost of the assets with reference to which subsidy has been granted.	So much of the cost as is relatable to such subsidy or grant or reimbursement shall not form part of the actual cost. If subsidy is not directly relatable to the asset acquired, but subsidy is with reference to the assets then the subsidi-	been made & allowed under Central Excise Rules, 1944 shall not form purt of the actual cost.	So much of the duty in respect as respect of which a claim of credit has	interest on loan bosnowed relating as to period after the asset is first put to use shall never form part of actual cost.	hands of the demerged company	14	# 52	the anagement company	WDV to the analysmating comp	

SEC 32(2) SET OFF & CARRY FORWARD OF UNABSORBED DEPRECIATION

pi 6 to Subsidiary Co., to holding Co.

if the following two condition

i) Shares of the subsidiary Co.

uid be wholly owned the

ing co. or its more

ieree co. should

Note: If transferor company

be the actual cost to the

ss, then the actual cost

be an Indian company.

Asset transferred by a holding Co. to its subsidiary Co. or by a

Building used for private

auch other person used & asset is leased back to Asset acquired by an assessee

m another person who had

Asset once belonged to the

& reduce tax liability.

depreciation on enhanced cos

profession with a view to clair

him for business & transferr

ssessee which was used by

Step 1 : Depreciation allowance of Current PY first deductible

Step 2: If depreciation allowance is not fully deductible under (except Salary) of current PY. deductible from income under other heads of income PGBP because of absence or inadequacy of profit, it is

Step 3: If depreciation allowance still remains unabsorbed, it can be c/t to subsequent AYs by same assessee. IND Hall

The unabsorbed depreciation is not available if opted for alternative tax scheme

In a case where the assessee is paying tax under default tax regime u/s 115BAC and there is a depreciation allowance in respect of a block of asset from an earlier AY attributable to additional depreciation u/s 32(1)(iia), which has not been given full effect to prior to A.Y. 2024-25 and which is not allowed to be set-off in the A.Y. 2024-25, Corresponding adjustment shall be made to the WDV of such block of assets as on 1.4.2023 in the prescribed manner i.e., the WDV as on 1.4.2023 will be increased by the unabsorbed additional depreciation not allowed to be set-off [FA 2023]

PROVISO 6 TO SEC 32 - DEPRECIATION IN CASE OF BUSINESS RE-ORGANISATION

In case of Business organization in the nature of -Amalgamation, Demerger, Succession, Conversion of Proprietary or firm into company, Conversion of Unlisted company or private company into LLP etc. Depreciation shall be apportioned between the predecessor and the successor in the ratio of the number of days the assets were used by them.

How to Calculate Days:

Old Assets - From the first day of PY.

New Assets acquired during PY of Reorganization days from the day Assets are put to use.

RATE OF DEPRECIATION

Block	Nature of Assets	Rate			
Build- ing	residential building odies than noters & toarding [Employee				
Furnitu	Non-residential building, godown,office, factory etc.including hotels & boarding	10%			
	Temporary construction Any furniture including electrical fittings	40%			
P&M	In general (if nothing is mentioned) Oil well	10%			
[Sec	Motor car including lorries, buses, used for hiring purposes A.C.	15%			
43(3)]	Computer including computer software	30%			
Intang- ible	> Books owned by a professional [whether annual publication or not] > Energy saving device > Annual Publication of books > Life saving equipment > Windmill [before 01.04.2014 15%] > Pollution control equipment	40%			
Other	Acquired after 31.3.1998	25%			
	Ship/ Vessel/ speed boats	20%			
	Aeroplanes	40%			
	Motor bus /lorries on running them on hire	30%			
	Renewable energy device installed after 31/03/2014	40%			
	Renewable energy device installed before 31/03/14	15%			

SEC 50 CAPITAL GAINS IN SALE OF DEPRECIABLE ASSETS

Depreciable Asset is not eligible for indexation. Hence, the gain will always be STCG. If asset is stolen or damaged & no insurance compensation is received.

- 1. There are other assets in block: No seperate tax treatment is required. Loss shall be contained in WDV & depre will be allowed over the number of period.
- No other assets in the block: The block shall become NIL & Sec 50C shall not be attracted. Hence, it is a dead loss. Reduction of Goodwill from block of assets to be consider as transfer w.e.f 1/4/2021

CIT v. Rajiv Shukla (Delhi) - The assessee can claim exemption 11/s 54F, if the assets are held for more than 36m even though in case of depreciable asset the gain is Short term.

SEC 35 EXPENSE ON SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH

Contribution to outsiders In house research

Research should be related to the business Revenue Expenditure - 100% ALLOWED

Capital expenditure however capital expenditure does not include cost of Land. Further no Depreciation shall be allowed on such assets - 100% ALLOWED

Current year expense - allowed

Previous year expense- allowed

PY means 3 years before the

Research may or may not be related to the business

1. National Laboratory / HT's 2. Approved University, Colleges

institution - 100% 3. Social statistical research- 100% 4. Company having main object as research - 100%

IMP Hait

Commencement of business. # w.r.e.f. 21-22 The deduction claimed by the donor with respect to donation given to any Research Association shall be disallowed unless such Research Association files the statement of Donation.

The deduction under this section is not available if assessee opted for 115BAC

SALE OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH ASSETS

Sold without being used for other Purpose Sec 41(3): Deemed PGBP : Lower of:

1. Net sale price of the asset or 2. Deduction claimed u/s 35.

1. This shall apply even if business is not in existence in that PY

2. Artex Manufacturing co [SC]: Capital Gain would arise only if sale price exceed the cost of acquisition of such assets

Sold after being used for other Business:

- 1. Actual cost of such asset shall be included in block of asset (i.e NII. because deduction is already allowed u/s 35). 2. If this asset is later on
- sold then provisions of sec 50 shall apply.

- 1. Unabsorbed capital expenditure on scientific research shall be treated same as unabsorbed depreciation.
- 2. If deduction under section 35 is claimed then depreciation u/s 32 is not allowed as deduction.

SEC 35(2AA) DONATION TO NATIONAL LABORATORY / IIT

100% Deduction allowed for any sum paid to a National Laboratory or a University or an Indian Institute of Technology or a specified person with a specific direction that the said sum shall be used for scientific research approved in this behalf by the prescribed authority. Deduction shall not be withdrawn even after approval is withdrawn.

DEDUCTION FOR EXPENDITURE INCURRED FOR IN-HOUSE SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH RELATED TO BUSINESS AND CONTRIBUTION TO OUTSIDERS FOR SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH/SOCIAL SCIENCE/STATISTICAL RESEARCH [FA 2023]

Nature of Expenditure		Under the default tax regime u/s 115BAC			Under the optional tax regime			
		Allowability of deduction	Treatment w		Allowability of deduction	Treatment while computing income		
			to Profit &	If given as additional information		If debited to Profit & Loss A/c		
I. In house re	esearch expenditure on scie	entific research	related to ass	essee husin	ace			
35(1)(i)	Revenue expenditure	Allowable as		To be	Allowable as	No	To be	
35(1)(iv) relate with sec 35(2)	Any capital expenditure (other than cost of acquisition of land)	deduction	ment required,	deducted	deduction	Adjustment required,	deducted	
II. Contribut	tion to outsiders					1		
35(1)(ii)	Notified approved research association/ university/college/ other institution for scientific research		To be added			No	To be	
35(1)(iia)	Approved notified Company for scientific research	Not allowable as deduction		back while	No adjustmen required	Allowable as deduction	adjustmen required, since it is	t deducted while computing
35(1)(iii)	Notified approved researc association/university/ college/ other institution for research in social science or statistical research		under the head PGBI			already debited to profit and loss A/c	mirater title	
35(2AA)	Approved National Laboratory/ University/ IIT/specified person to used for scientific resear undertaken under an approved programme	be			Naya hai puch saktha hai !			

SEC 35(2AB) ASSESSEE ENGAGED IN MANUFACTURING/BIOTECHNOLOGY

ASSESSEE: Assessee engaged in manufacture or biotechnology

CONDITION: Incur inhouse expenditure DEDUCTION: 100% of Actual cost of new assets

The deduction of this section is not available is assessee opted 115BAA/BAB.

SEC 38 PERSONAL EXPENSES NOT ALLOWED

If expense is partly business or partly personal, then business expense will be allowed

SEC 35DD AMALGAMATION AND **DEMERGER EXPENSES**

Assessee an Indian company can take the deduction on 1/5th basics over 5 years starting from year of expenses. # The deduction of this section is not available is assessee opted 115BAA/BAB,

are not allowed

Same for these sec

SEC 35CCC SEC 35CCD

Any Assessee incur any expense Any company incur expense on agriculture extension project on skill development project as notified by board notified by Board Deduction = 100% Deduction = 100% of actual Exp on land or building

expenses on land or building are not allowed

Pg

SEC 35D PRELIMINARY EXPENSES

Allowed:- Only allowed to Resident

Engineering Services

survey

Legal fees

Notes: 1. Where any asset is put to use for of less than 180 days, the

2. The depreciation shall not exceed the actual cost of the asset depreciation shall be restricted to 50% of the amount calculated at the prescribed percentage.

SALE OF ASSETS BY POWER GENERATING UNIT

Preparation of Preliminary Expenses Printing &

MOA/AOA IMP Hall

or Project Report

1. If Charged Depreciation on WDV basis:

Treatment shall be as per Sec 50.

2. If charged depreciation on SLM Basis. A) Where Loss arise (Terminal Depreciation)

Sale Value is Less then WDV WDV xxx Money Received (xxx) uding Scrap Value xxx minal Depreciation xxx e claimed in Year xxx	Terminal Depreciation to be claimed in Year	Including Scrap Value	OP WDV	Sale Value is I
	'n			ess then WDV

(i) Actual Expenses | (1) or (ii)

Indian Co.

Amount of Deduction:

Debentures issue of Shares & Expenses of Public

(ii) 5% of:

w.e. is lower

(1) Actual Expenses (ii) 5% of Cost of Project Other Assessee

Whichever is lower

(b) Capital Employed (a) Cost of project

Whichever is higher

Cost of project: Amount invested in the Fixed Asset for new B) Where Profit arise

> Capital Employed Shares + Debentures + long term

The preliminary expenditure is not allowed if assessee

opted alternative tax scheme

SEC 35CCA EXPENSE FOR RURAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMMES

borrowings for new project(Reserves & Surplus not included)

> This deduction is allowed in 5 equal installments.

Sale Value is More then WDV OP WDV (-) Money Received (xx) Including Scran Value	WDV XXX
OP WDV	×
(-) Money Received	X
Including Scrap Value	
>Amount upto Dep already claimed is	ime
taxable as Balancing charge[Sec 41(2)]	Sec .
> Balance surplus is Taxable as CG	CC
depends upon POHA [Sec 50A]	M

SEC 36 OTHER DEDUCTIONS

(7) Sec 36(1)(vi)

> Animals Used in Business other than Stock in Trade

> Deduction under this section will be allowed in the year

in which animals become permanently useless or die.

govt/govt A/c till 15th August.

Note: If deposit before 15th August - Allowed

month in which PF is received Employees PF contri. for Eg: The due date of PF Act is 15th of Next month of the

(1) Insurance Premium

such expenditure incurred during the PY

DEDUCTION ALLOWED: 100%

SEC 35DDA EXPENDITURE RELATED

The assessee shall be allowed a deduction of the amount of

ii) National Urban poverty Eradication Fund

National Fund for Rural Development;

Assessee contribute for:

stock in Trade Sec 36(1)(1) Insurance of Premium for society - for insurance stock in Trade Federel Milk co-operative Insurance of of cattle Premium paid by Sec 36(1)(ia) Premium for Employees Sec 36(1)(ib)

(8) Sec 36(1)(vii) BAD DEBTS

> Amount of Deduction Cost of Animal - Sale value.

Actual Bad Debts.

Provision for Bad Debts

Allowed

But Allowed to Banks u/s 36 (1)(viia)

Less than

Not Allowed

(2) Employees Welfare Payment

The preliminary expenditure is not allowed if assessee on 1/5th basics over 5 years starting from year of expenses. Any Assessee incurring the expenditure on VRS deduction

opted alternative tax scheme

POWER GENERATING UNDERTAKINGS depreciation at the prescribed rates on actual cost of each Sec 36(1)(ii) Sec 36(1)(iva) NPS 80CCD Pension Scheme Sec 36(1)(iv)/(v) SPF/RPF/AGF

(ii) 10% of salary (Basic + DA (Terms)] Employer Contribution towards National Pension Scheme u/s 80CCD is allowed as deduction upto: (5) Sec 36(1)(iv)/(v)(i) Actual contribution > No Deduction is allowed for actual Bad debts > Deduction is allowed for provision for Bad Debts (9) Sec 36(1)(viia) Provision for Bad Debts u/s 36 (1)(vii) for this provision amount, as it is

Deduction allowed for EMPLOYER'S Contribution in debited in Provision Account

whichever is lower

(PAI)(1)0C 20(1)

Actual Bad Debts - Provision = Difference Actual Bad Debts > Provision for Bad Debts

But IF

will be allowed as deduction

u/s 36(1)(vii)

> Only one account will be made in Provision for Bad Debts of Rural & Non-Rural Branches.

(10) Sec 36(1)(viii) Transfer to Special Reserve Allowed to financial corporation engaged in providing

long term finance(> 5 Years)

Special Reserve **Actual Amount** Transferred to 20% of PGBP opening bal of Gen Reserve)-200% of (Sh.Cap + Special Reserve

> If paid after due date of the respective act, it will not be

allowed as deduction & will be included in Income.

of the respective Act. Clarified by F.A.21

> Any amount received by fund, superannuation fund etc.

is allowed only if it is paid to the Govt. before due date

EMPLOYEES Contribution towards welfare Fund

(6) Sec 36(1)(va)

Fund not allowed

Note: Deduction under any unrecognized or unapproved

Any Provident Fund Approved Gratuity Fund (AGF) Recognized Provident Fund (RPF) Statutory Provident Fund (SPF)

whichever is lower

If not deposited before 15th August - Added to Income. the month of July should be paid by the Employer to the (11) Sec 36(1)(ix)Expenses on promotion of Family Planning

Allowed to only companies: Amount of Deduction Capital Allowed Fully Allowed Revenue

in 5 Equal Instalments

Price fixed Equal to (12) Sec 36(1)(xvii)Planning of Sugar Cane Expenditure Co-operative Engaged in Mfg.

Incurred by Society of sugar ◆ OR ◆ At a price ◆ of sugar sugarcane For purchase of

Assessee has held shares, Securities & Commodities as Allowed as deduction if Stock in Trade

(13) Sec 36(1)(xv) = STTSec 36(1)(xvi) = CTT

Related to Loan- Not allowed. Related to Business-Allowed

(14) Sec 36(1)(xviii)Marked to market loss/ **Expected loss** As per ICDS Others

Allowed

Not Allowed

www.ekatvamacademy.com/ www.vlearnclasses.com

Sec 43B Applicable Sec 36(1)(va) EMPLOYEES towards welfare > Except: Lending Business > Actual Bad Debts In Lending Business, Bad Debt Related to loan is allowed.

Assessee also has an option to claim depreciation on WDV

asset on straight line method of depreciation.

in which it begin to generate power. Such option once of Block of assets. However such an option has to be

Exercised before the due date of furnishing ROI for the PY

exercised shall be final, if option is not opted then

Depreciation shall be allowed on SLM basis only

. An assessee engaged in the business of generation or

SEC 32(1)(I) DEPRECIATION FOR

generation and distribution of power can claim

> It should not be paid as profit or dividend > Bonus or commission paid to Employees is allowed

>It can be more than prescribed under POBA, 1965

> Provision for Bad Debts is only allowed to Banks

u/s 36 (1)(viia).

it is decided. There is no need to prove it.

> Bad Debts must be written off in BOA in the year in which

Sec 40(a)(i): Payment made to NR or Foreign Co. and TDS not Deducted Royalty, Int, FTS etc Govt. Upto Due Date of 139(1) TDS Deducted but not paid to

100% Disallowed

other fund made for employees.

Note: Such amount should be taxable in the hands of NR or Foreign co. under the act.

Sec 40(a)(ia): Any payment made to Resident and

TDS not Deducted

TDS Deducted but not paid to Govt. Upto Due Date of 139(1)

30% Disallowed

Note for 40(a)(ia) & 40(a)(ia):

> In the subsequent year, if TDS is deducted & paid to Govt or to Govt. (if deducted earlier), then 100% / 30% disallowed earlier shall be allowed in the subsequent year.

Sec 201(1):

> If any amount paid to Resident / NR without deduction of TDS & Such PAYEE (RINR):

ROI u/s 139(1) Has Furnished such income Takes into Account Such Income Paid Tax on

> And the payer furnishes a certificate in this regard from a CA to the AO = That tax has been paid on such Income

Sec 40(a)(ii): Any tax paid outside India → for Relief under DTAA Which is eligible

Note: Tax always includes Tax, Cess & Surcharge as deduction under PGBP Is not allowed

Levy, which is discussed in that chapter. Sec 40(a)(ib): Same as 40(a)(i), but refers to Equalization

Sec 40(a)(iii): TDS on Salary payable outside India.

> And Salary payable To NR in India To NR In India Outside India

> If not deducted OR Deducted but not paid → Next to Govt A/c upto due date of TDS payment 7th of

Month following cases -

This will never be allowed again on payment after due date. Such Salary will not be allowed as Deduction

ii. SBI or any subsidiary bank. iv. Any Primary agriculture credit society or any primary iii. Any co operative Bank or Land Mortgage Bank

Sec 40(a)(iv) : Any contribution to Provident Fund or any v. Life Insurance Corporation of India credit society

which is taxable under the head salaries in hands of employees And if any payment is made from the fund to employees

v. Use of ECS iv. A bill of exchange made payable only to a bank; other account in that or any other bank;

Sec 40(a)(v): Tax on Non-Monetary perquisite If employer pays Non-monetary perquisites → To Empoyees

amount paid will be disallowed If assessee does not deducts tax, the

are taxable in the hands of EMPLOYEE such non-monetary perquisites But If

EMPLOYER pays such tax on non-monetary perqs on behalf of Employee

EMPLOYER allowed as Deduction to Then such tax paid is not As it is exempt in the hands of Employee u/s 10(10CC)

SEC 40A(2) UNREASONABLE PAYMENT TO RELATIVE/SUBSTANTIAL INTEREST

length Price allowed as deduction. Parket Price determined as per Arm Unreasonable payment to relative as determined by AO not

SEC 40A(3) CASH EXPENDITURE

NON APPLICABILITY - Rule 6DD 1. Payment made when bank is closed 2. Payment to Banks,FI,Govt, Co-op bank. 3. Payment to farmer for its produce 4. Payment made at a place not served by Bank 5. Payment is made by Dr. / cr. card, NEFT, Net banking, IMPS, BHIM.		e: for GTA take 35,000	on shall not be allowed as bank. 3. Payme	200 in a single day to same		
on on sir on to to	5. Payment is made by Dr. / cr. card, NEFT, Net banking, IMPS, BHIM.	l. Payment made at a place not served by Bank	ent to farmer for its produce	ent made when bank is closed ent to Banks,FI,Govt, Co-op	NON APPLICABILITY - Rule 6DD	

RULE 6ABBA OTHER ELECTRONIC MODE

- 1. Credit card, Debit card
- 3. UPI (Unified Payment Interface) 2. Net Banking, RTGS, NEFT, IMPS
- 4. BHIM(Bharat Interface for Money) aadhar pay.

No disallowance u/s 40A(3)/40A(3A) shall be made in

1. Where the payment is made toi. RBI or any Banking Company

2. Where the payment is made byvi. The Government and, under the rules framed by it, such payment is required to be made in legal tender.

i. Any letter of credit arrangements through a bank; iii. A book adjustment from any account in a bank to any ii. A mail or telegraphic transfer through a bank;

vi. Credit Card/ Debit card

3. Where the payment is made by way of adjustment against the a. Paid by way of royalty, licence fee, service fee, privilege fee, 4. Where the payment is made for the purchase of amount of any liability incurred by the payee for any goods supplied/services rendered by the assessee to such payee;

ii. The produce of animal husbandry or dairy or poultry iii. Fish or fish products; or i. Agricultural or forest produce; or farming; or

iv. The products of horticulture or agriculture, to the or products; cultivator, grower or producer of such articles, produce

6. Where the payment is made in a village or town not served 5. Where payment is made for purchase of products cottage industry, to producer of such products; manufactured or processed without the aid of power in a

by any bank.

7. Where any payment is made to an employee or the heir of any such employee, on or in connection with the nilar benefit & aggregate of such sums payable to the tirement, retrenchment, or death of such employee, here the payment is made by an assessee by way of salary ployee / his heir does not exceed ₹50,000. account of gratuity, retrenchment compensation or

or more in a place other than his normal place of duty or on a ship; and is temporarily posted for a continuous period of 15 days

his employee after deducting TDS and when such

i. Does not maintain any account in any bank at such pace

10. Where the payment is made by any person to his agent services on behalf of such person; who is required to make payment in cash for goods or

11. Where the payment is made by an authorised dealer or a money changer against purchase of foreign currency or travelers cheques in the normal course of his business

SEC 40A(4) PAYMENT BY PRESCRIBED MODE IN VIOLATION OF CONTRACT

grounds that the payment was not made in cash or other manner no person shall be allowed to raise, any suit or a plea on the contract, if payment is made as per prescribe mode u/s 40A(3) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law or in any

No deduction for any gratuity or its provision except approved

SEC 40A(9)

No deduction for any PF or its provision except DPF, RPF, PPF. SEC 40(A)(IB) EQUALIZATION LEVY

SEC 40(A)(IIB) FEE/CHARGE PAID BY STATE GOVT UNDERTAKING

Not deducted then 100% disallowance will be attracted

which is levied exclusively on; or service charge/any other fee/charge, by whatever name called

b. Which is appropriated, directly or indirectly, from, a State Government undertaking by the State Government

SEC 44AA MAINTENANCE OF BOOKS

receipts exceeds 25,00,000 in any 3 case of individual & HUF Other than preceeding PY or likely to exceed in xceeds 2,50,000 or total sales/gross ncome from Business/profession . Penalty for Non compliance = 25,000 [Sec 271A] . Books are maintained for 6 years from end of relevant AY ndividual & HUF 1.2 Lakhs & 10Lakhs income under 44AD exceed if the profession is newly (in all 3 years immediately Gross receipts exceeds 1,50,000 setup) If assessee declare lower preceeding the PY or likely to

SEC 40(A)(I)/(IA) PAYMENT MADE WITHOUT TDS

TDS is deducted or deducted but TDS is deducted or deducted but Any Payment made to NR on which Any Payment made to R on which not paid shall be disallowed = 100% not paid shall be disallowed = 30% this as Income and Paid the tax due | considered this as Income and Assessee will not be treated as ubmitted the ROI & has considered submitted the ROI & has sesee in deafult if the payee has assesee in deafult if the payee has Assessee will not be treated as Paid the tax due there on.

SEC 43B DEDUCTION ALLOWED ON ACTUAL PAYMENT BASIS

made before filing ROI Following expenses are allowed only if following payments are

a) Any tax, duty, cess

b) Employer's contribution towards SPF, RPF, Approved scheme, any funds as per law Gratuity Fund, Approved Super Annuation Fund, New Pension

c) Bonus, Commission to Employees

d) Interest on loan to any PFI, State Financial corp, state industrial co-operative bank other than a primary agricultural credit investment corp, scheduled banks [scheduled bank include society or a primary co-operate agricultural & rural development bank

e) Leave encashment to employees

f) Any sum payable to Indian railways for use of railway assets

g) Interest on any loan or borrowing from a deposit taking non-banking financial company or systematically important non-deposit taking NBFC.

exceed 1cr

business in PY if turnover of

If payment is made after the due date then deduction will be allowed in the year of payment

Naya hai pucha ja

of 10 crore if below conditions

No Tax audit upto Turnover

are satisfied

If cash received does not exceed

> Conversion of interest into a loan or borrowing or which liability to pay is deferred to a future date shall debenture or other intrument or any instrument by not be treated as actual payment

> Any sum payable by the assessee to a micro or small Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, enterprise beyond the time-limit specified in sec 15 of the year in which such sum is actually paid. 2006 would be allowed as deduction only in that previous

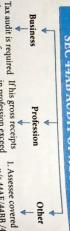
> Sec 15 of the of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises supplier. If there is no such written agreement, the payment shall be made before the appointed day i.e., within 15 days. deemed acceptance of any goods or services by a buyer from a writing i.e., as per the written agreement, which cannot be more than 45 days from the day of acceptance or the day of buyer on or before the date agreed upon between them in services to supplier, being a micro or small enterprises by the Development Act, 2006 mandates payment of goods or

previous year in which it is actually paid. [FA 2023] of no agreement, the deduction would be allowed in the is not paid as per written agreement or within 15 days in case If the sum payable by the assessee to a micro or small the sum payable by the assessee to a micro or small enterprise 45 days) or within 15 days in case of no agreement, the deduction can be claimed on accrual basis if mercantile enterprise is paid as per written agreement (maximum within

Meaning of Micro and Small enterprise: [FA 2023]

	=			=	S.No
Micro enterprise	In case of enterprises engaged i	Note: For calculating investment in plant and ma of pollution control, research and development, is devices and such notified items shall be excluded.	Micro enterprise Where the investment in plant and machinery \$ ₹ 25 lakhs	In case of enterprises engaged in the magoods pertaining to specified industries	
Small enterprise	ii) In case of enterprises engaged in providing or rendering services	Note: For calculating investment in plant and machinery, the cost of pollution control, research and development, industrial safety devices and such notified items shall be excluded.	Small enterprise Where the investment in plant and machinery > ₹ 25 lakhs ≤ ₹ 5 crore	 i) In case of enterprises engaged in the manufacture or production of goods pertaining to specified industries 	Meaning

SEC 44AB AUDIT OF ACCOUNTS



in profession exceed ₹50,00,000 in PY; or 1. Assessee covered u/s 44AE/44BB deemed PGBP in income to be low and has claimed i

Assessee covered his income exceed in Sec 44AD/44AD required to be show Income as against has declared lower Sec 44AD/44ADA

2. Cash Payment does not exceed

5% of total payment. 5% of total receipt &

3. If Person fail to dec (4) & Income exceed 5 years as per Sec 4 Income for continu **Exemption Limit in**

4. No Tax Audit in case of and declaring the Income does not exceed 2crore **Basic Exemption Limit** Sec 44AD if the Turnover

as per sec 44AD.

 Audit shall be conducted by Chartered Accountant & furnish ROI u/s 139(1) in the prescribed form.[3CA-3CB/3CB] Tax Audit report atleast 1 month prior to the date of filling

2. Penalty for non furnishing of Tax Audit report: -Lower of a) 150000 or;

b) 0.5% of Turnover or gross receipt.

This Section shall not apply to a person who declares PGBP as per sec 44AD(1) or 44ADA(1)

method of accounting is followed by the assessee. However, if or profession, to get his accounts audited before the "specified" date" by a Chartered Accountant, if the conditions mentioned in the corresponding row of column(3) are satisfied [FA 2023] mentioned in column (2) of the table below, carrying on business Requirement of Tax Audit: It is obligatory for the persons

SEC 35AD DEDUCTION OF CERTAIN SPECIFIED BUSINESS

Specified Business	Commence Deduction	Deductio
Laying and operating a cross-country natural gas/crude /petroleum pipeline	1.4.2009	100%
Setting up and operating a cold chain facility	1.4.2009	100%
Setting up & operating a warehousing facility for storage of agriculture produce	1.4.2009	100%
The business of building and operating a new hotel of 2 star or above category, any where in India.	1.4.2010	100%
The business of building & operating of a new hospital anywhere in India with at	1.4.2010	100%

ious 4AD	o Basic	EW	& he	5	er than	44BBB,			
Developing or maintaining & operating/ developing, maintaining & operating new infrastructure facility	Setting up & operating Semi-conductor water fabrication manufacturing unit notified by CBDT	Laying & operating a slurry pipeline for the transportation of iron ore.	Setting up & operating warehouse facility for Storage of Sugar.	Bee-keeping & production-Honey & Beewax	xeuing up & operating an Inland Container depot or container freight Station notified or approved under Custom Act	Insalled capacity in any existing plant for <u>Production of fertilizers</u>	under a scheme for affordable housing.	slum redevelopment or rehabilitation.	A Boxes
1.4.2017	1.4.2014	1.4.2014	1.4.2012	1.4.2012	1.4.2012	1.4.2012	1.4.2011	1.4.2011	
100%	1009	1009	100	100	100	100	100	10	

Deduction: If Section is opted

-100% deduction of capital expenditure incurred during the PY Capital expense not include land, goodwill & financial instrument. 100% of capital expenditure incurred prior to commencement

splitting/reconstruction of old business. Business should be new business i.e. should not be formed by

Deduction under Chapter VI- A shall not be allowed in respect of Old plant & machinery should not be more than 20% of total plant Business should not be set up by transfer of old plant and machines and machinery used for the business

Sec 35 AD shall be taken as NIL actual cost of the asset for which deduction has been allowed und such business for any assessment year

lote: In case of an individual/HUF/AOP/BOI carrying on specifi head PGBP only, whatever the amount may be Further, receipts on account of sale of those assets be taxable unde

sec 115BAA/115BAB [FA 2023] deduction u/s 35AD, if it opts for the special provisions of $_{
m u/s}$ 115BAC(1A). If such assessee is paying concessional rates of tax vould not be available. A company would not be eligible for exercise the option of shifting out of the default tax regime provided nder the default tax regime u/s 115BAC, deduction u/s 35AD siness, deduction u/s 35AD would be available only if they

FULL VALUE OF CONSIDERATION FOR CAPITAL ASSETS IN CERTAIN CASES TRANSFER OF ASSETS OTHER THAN SEC 43CA SPECIAL PROVISION FOR

All other provisions of sec 50C applies # If SDV exceed 110% of consideration SDV=FVOC * Sec applies when Land & Building held as SIT

SEC 37 GENERAL DEDUCTIONS

> Contri/donation to Pol > CSR exp. not allowed party / Electoral Trust

b) Expenditure is incurred wholly & exclusively for the a) Expenditure is not covered u/s 30 to 36. purpose of business.

c) Expenditure is not of capital in nature.

e) Expenditure should not be in nature of offence or prohibited d) Expenditure is not personal nature

Important Note: by Law.

> Sec 37(2b) - No deduction allowed for adv in souvenier/ u/s 80GGB/GGC) brochure/pamphlet published by political party (allowed

> Exp related to CSR or donation to various entities not allowed. > Cir.5/2012 - Freebies to medical practitioner not allowed

SEC 37 GENERAL DEDUCTIONS

> Tax interest or penalty related to direct taxes not allowed penalty of indirect tax not allowed. Whereas, tax and interest of indirect taxes is allowed but

> Dividend & DDT paid not allowed.

As per Explanation 1 to section 37(1), any expenditure incurred by prohibited by law shall not be allowed as a deduction or allowance. the assessee for any purpose which is an offence or which is > Circ. 38/2016 - Premium paid by firm on keyman insurance The expression "expenditure incurred would include and would be policy of partner is allowed.

(i) For any purpose which is an offence under any law for the time being in force, in India or outside India or

deemed to have always included the expenditure incurred by an

(ii) To provide any benefit or perquisite, in whatever form, to a person, whether or not carrying on a business or exercising a the conduct of such person; or person is in violation of any law or rule or regulation governing profession, and acceptance of such benefit or perquisite by such

(iii) To compound an offence under any law for the time being in force, in India or outside India.

prohibited by law" shall include and shall be deemed to have Explanation 3: "Expenditure which is an offence or which is 1. For any purpose which is an offence or which is prohibited always included the expenditure incurred by an assessee,—

2. To provide any benefit or perquisite, in whatever form, to a person, whether or not carrying on a business or exercising

by, any law for the time being in force, in India or outside

governing the conduct of such person; or or guideline, as the case may be, for the time being in force, by such person is in violation of any law or rule or regulation a profession, and acceptance of such benefit or perquisite

3. To compound an offence under any law for the time being in torce, in India or outside India. [FA 2023]

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SEC 40(B): MAXIMUM LIMIT ON INTEREST / REMUNERATION

deduction subject to the limit of section 40b. Interest & Remuneration paid by the firm / LLP is allowed as

capacity then limit of sec 40b is not applicable to such Interest Individual capacity and receive Interest in Representative Explanation: Where Individual is a partner in a firm on Explanation: Where Individual is a partner in a firm on

capacity then limit of sec 40b is not applicable to such Interest representative capacity and receive Interest in Individual

1. Remuneration

- a. Condition for remuneration:-
- Remuneration must be authorized by the partnership • Remuneration should be paid only to a working partner
- Remuneration should not pertain to period prior to partnership deed
- Remuneration should not exceed the permissible limit

b. Maximum Permissible Remuneration = Lower of Actual Remuneration & Maximum Limit (Based on Book Profit)

Book Profit	Limit
On the First ₹ 3,00,000 of the ₹ 1.50,000 or at the rate of 90 % of	₹ 1.50,000 or at the rate of 90
Book Profit or in case of a loss. Book Profits, whichever is higher	Book Profits, whichever is his
On the balance of book profits	On the balance of book profits At the rate of 60 % of book profits.

are to be noted Note: While making adjustments in Step 2 above, following

Explanation : Book profit=

Add: Int/remuneration paid or payable to partners [if debited] xxx adjustment u/s 28-44[(-) Current year (+) b/f depreciation] Income from PGBP as per Normal Provision after making all Less: Interest allowable u/s 40(b) XXX XXX xxx

- Income chargeable under 'HP', 'CG' & 'IFOS' will not form part of 'Book Profits'.
- > B/f business loss will not be deducted from profits. Kemuneration include commission for the purpose of Sec 40[b]
- > As per ACIT vs great city manufacturing co it was held that > Permissible deductions from gross total income shall be ignored
- > Any payment made beyond limit be disallowed while once sec.40(b) is allied sec.40(A)(2) cannot be applied. computing PGBP of firm

2. Interest:

Conditions for claiming the Interest:

- 1. Payment of interest should be authorised by Partnership Deed
- 2. Payment of interest should pertain to the period after the Partnership Deed.



3, Rate of interest should not exceed 12 % p.a. simple interest, > Interest paid to working as well sleeping both are allowed as

Act does not make difference between capital/loan. Interest as circulating. on both is @ 12%. Capital covers both capital fixed as well

> If Firm pays int to partner & partner pays int to firm $_{
m OB}$ drawing, it shall not be net off.

Deduction is lower of:

- A) 12% of capital
- B) Actual Interest
- C) Amount given in deed

SEC 234G FEES FOR DEFAULT IN FILING STATEMENT

1. Where the Association, university, college or other Institution notified u/s 35 fails to deliver or cause to deliver a statement

2. It shall be Liable to pay a fees Rs.200 for every day during which failure continues. The amount of fees refered above shall not exceed the amount of which failure has occurred or Furnish a certificate in prescribed form or manner or

SEC 43AA FOREIGN EXCHANGE FLUCTUATION

u/s 145(2) the income computation and disclosure standards notified and such gain or loss shall be computed in accordance with or loss arising on account of any change in foreign exchange Sec 43AA(1) - Subject to the provisions of sec 43A, any gain rates shall be treated as income or loss, as the case may be,

transactions, including those relating toexchange rates shall be in respect of all foreign currency loss arising on account of the effects of change in foreign Sec 43AA(2) - For the purposes of sub-section (1), gain or

- > Monetary items and non-monetary items;
- > Translation of financial statements of foreign operations;
- > Forward exchange contracts;
- > Foreign currency translation reserves

SEC 269ST MODE OF UNDERTAKING TRANSACTIONS

 a) In aggregate from a person in a day; or No person shall receive an amount of ₹2,00,000 or more

c) In respect of transactions relating to one event / b) In respect of a single transaction; or through such other electronic mode as may be electronic clearing system through a bank account or payee cheque or an account payee bank draft or use of occasion from a person, otherwise than by an account

The provisions of this section shall not apply to-

Any receipt by-

a) Government

- b) Any banking company, post office savings bank or co-operative bank;
- ii) Transactions of the nature referred to in sec 269SS;

9. CLUBBING OF INCOME

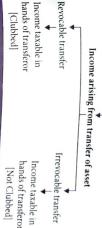
dubbed The income, shall be first computed in the hands of recipient and all expenditure related to such income shall be allowed as provisions of the Act and thereafter the net income shall be

- > Negative Income is also Clubbed
- Clubbing Provisions are mandatory

SEC 60 TRANSFER OF INCOME WHERE THERE IS NO TRANSFER OF ASSETS

such income is taxable in the hands of transferor. If any person transfer any Income without transfer of Assets then

SEC 61 REVOCABLE TRANSFER OF ASSETS



SEC 64[IA] MINOR'S INCOME



inadequate consideration is a house property, then, by virtue the house property and will be taxable in the hands of the transferred by a parent to his or her minor married daughter. Sec 10(32) If the asset transferred to a minor child (not being a sec 27(i) is not attracted. In such a case, the income from house which the benefit of exemption u/s 10(32) (discussed above) (1A) would not be attracted in respect of such income, due to transferor-parent. Consequently, clubbing provisions u/s 64 of sec 27(i), the transferor parent will be the deemed owner of Rs 1500 per child shall be available [irrespective of no of child] Once the Income of minor is clubbed then exemption of regime provided u/s 115BAC(1A) [FA 2023] availed by that parent in respect of the income so included if Parent, whose total income before including minor child's without consideration or for inadequate consideration, then, cannot be availed against such income. If the house property is minor married daughter) without consideration or for ne/she exercises the option of shifting out of the default tax property will be included u/s 64(1A) in the hands of that Income is higher; and benefit of exemption u/s 10(32) can be

SEC 64(I)(IV)TRANSFER TO SPOUSE FOR INADEQUATE OR WITHOUT CONSIDERATION

Hands of transferor 1/s 27 as deemed own axable in HP in the from HP Transferor u/s 64 Taxable in Hands of Other Income

Other Note:

Where the assets transferred has changed its shape and identification then, income from such changed assets is to

SEC 64(1)(VI)TRANSFER TO SON'S WIFE

clubbed in the hands of transferor. [Father in Law]. consideration and Income is earned then such income is It Assets are transfered to son's wife for inadequate or without

SEC 64(1)(VII),(VIII) ASSETS TRANSFERED TO 3RD PERSON FOR BENEFIT OF WIFE / SONS WIFE

income from such property shall be clubbed in hands of transferor Exception: If the Assets is transfered for the benefit of wife/son's wife then

The asset is transferred otherwise than for adequate Consideration

SECTION 64(1)(II) SALARY, COMISSION EARNED BY SPOUSE

remuneration shall be clubbed in hands of transferor any professional & technical Qualification then such Individual has substiantial interest & spouse does not posses If the spouse has earned remuneration from a concern where

Meaning of substantial interest:

ii) In any other case: 20% of Profit i) For a company: 20% of Voting Right

Notes:

- 1. Whether both husband & wife has substiantial interest: The income shall be clubbed in the hands of person having greater income before this clubbing
- 2. Holding of relative shall also be counted while considering the substiantial Interest.
- 3. 'Relative' in relation to individual means the husband, wife, brother or sister or any lineal ascendant or descendant

BUSINESS OUT OF GIFTED MONEY

following manner: The profit earned in the business shall be clubbed in the

Profit x Total Capital Employed Gifted Amount

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SEC 64(2) TRANSFER OF ASSET TO HUF

If any Individual transfers any asset to his HUF without/for Partition of HUF, Income from such asset received, by spouse shall by HUF but taxable in the hands of the Transferor (Member). After inadequate consideration then Income from such asset is received be clubbed in hands of Transferor.

CROSS TRANSFERS

same transaction in such a way that it can be said that the circuitous method was adopted as a device to evade tax, Iwo transactions are inter-connected and are parts of the the implication of clubbing provisions would be attracted

Max time puchte hai



SEC 70 INTRA HEAD ADJUSTMENT

Particulars		Provisions
Salary	There cannot	There cannot be any loss in Head Salary
House	Loss from Ho	Loss from House property can be setoff against
Property	income from	income from house property
PGRP	Normal	Normal Business loss can be setoff
1 001	Business	against any Business Income
	Speculative	Speculative loss can be setoff only again
	Business	Speculative Income
	Specified	Specified Business loss can be Setoff
	Business	only against specified business Income
Capital	LTCL	LTCL can be setoff only against LTCC
Gains	STCL	STCL can be setoff against any CG
	Normal Loss	IFOS loss can be setoff against IFOS
		Income
	Loss from O	Horse race loss can be setoff
Other	& M Horse	only against Horse Race Income
Sources	Loss from	Loss from an exempt source cant be
	an Exempt	setoff
	Source	CIT Vs Tvaorajan

SEC 71 INTER HEAD ADJUSTMENT

Particulars		Provisions
Salary	Loss from any l	Loss from any head can be setoff against salary except PGBP
House Property	The loss under not be allowabl head if the asse However, if the the default tax	The loss under the head "Income from house property" would not be allowable to be set-off against income under the other head if the assessee pays tax at concessional rate u's 115BAC. However, if the assessee exercises the option of shifting out of the default tax regime provided u's 115BAC [13] = 3.4 = 3.4
Property Lhai pucha ja saktha hai	the default tax a loss under the assessee has in income, the masset-off against other words, ir ₹ 2 lakhs would under the other	the default tax regime provided u's 115BAC(A) and there is a loss under the head "Income from house property" and the assessee has income assessable under any other head of income, the maximum loss from house property which can be set-off against income from any other head is ₹ 2 lakhs. In other words, in such case, the amount of such loss exceeding ₹ 2 lakhs would not be allowable to be set-off against income under the other head, [FA 2023]
	Normal Business	Normal Business loss can be setoff against any Income except salary
PGBP	Speculative Business	Speculative loss can be setoff only against Speculative Income
	Specified Business	Specified Business loss can be S/O only against specified business Income Sec 35AD
Capital Gains	General Rule	Loss from other head can be setoff against CG but loss from CG cant be setoff against other Head
	LTCL	LTCL can be setoff only against LTCG
	STCL	STCL can be setoff against any CG
	Normal Loss	IFOS loss can be setoff against IFOS Income
Other	Loss from O & M Horse race	Horse race loss can be setoff only against Horse Race Income
	Loss from an Exempt Source	Loss from an expemt source cant be setoff (CIT Vs. Tyagrajan)

under any other head. [FA 2023] exercising the option of shifting out of the default tax regime specified business. Such loss cannot be set off against income to In sec 35AD can be set off only against income from any other provided U/S 113BAC(1A), loss from specified business referred Losses from Specified business u/s 35AD: In case of an assessee

be set off while computing total income under default tax regime Following brought forward losses/ depreciation is not allowed to under section 115BAC

- Brought forward loss from self-occupied house property
- 2. Brought forward business loss of specified business u/s 35AD
- 3. Brought forward business loss on account of deduction u/s 4. Unabsorbed depreciation attributable to additional depreciation 35(1)(ii)/(iia)/(iii) or u/s 35(2AA)
- Order of Setoff from PGBP Income: Out of PGBP income u/s 32(1)(iia). [FA 2023]
- A. Current year depreciation [Section 32(1)] following shall be order of setoff from PGBP Income:
- B. Current year capital expenditure on scientific research and current year expenditure on family planning to the extent
- C. Brought forward business or profession losses [Section 72(1)]:
- D. Unabsorbed depreciation [Section 32(2)];
- E. Unabsorbed capital expenditure on scientific research
- F. Unabsorbed expenditure on family planning [Sec 36(1)(ix)]. [Sec 35(4)];

SEC 73A CARRY FORWARD & SET OFF OF LOSSES BY SPECIFIED BUSINESSES

The unabsorbed loss can be carried forward indefinitely for specified business. The unabsorbed loss, if any, will be carried of the specified business referred to in sec 35AD can, however, expenditure (other than land, goodwill and financial tax regime provided u/s 115BAC(1A) and carrying on specified business in the following assessment year and so on. [FA 2023] forward for set off against profits and gains of any specified be set off only against profits and gains, if any, of any other fulfillment of specified conditions. Any loss computed in respect instruments) incurred in respect of such business, subject to business, can claim deduction u/s 35AD in respect of capital An assessee exercising the option of shifting out of the default

Filling of Loss Return shall be mandatory in order to set off against income from specified business.

c/f the loss. SEC 74 LOSSES UNDER THE HEAD "CAPITAL HEAD"

. Loss from 'Capital gains' STCL or LTCL shall be carried

3. In case of LTCG u/s 112A, Loss exceeding ₹1,00,000 can, Lilling of Loss Return shall be mandatory in order to c/f the loss forward for 8 AY

LTCG by virtue of section 70(3) & 74. therefore, be set-off and carried forward for set-off against

OF OWNING & MAINTAINING RACE HORSES SEC 74A(3) LOSSES FROM THE ACTIVITY

- Losses incurred by an assessee from the activity of owning & maintaining race horses can be set-off only against the income from activity of owning and maintaining race horses.
- Filling of Loss Return shall be mandatory in order to c/f
- 3. Loss can be C/f max upto 4 AY

SEC 94[7] DIVIDEND STRIPPING TRANSACTIONS

income from such securities are exempt from tax [u/s 10[34]/[35 record date Or units within 9 Ms of record date & Dividend/ 3M prior to record date & Sell/transfer within 3 M after such It any person buys/acquires any security/units at any time within

Assume the security is transferred then calculation shall be be ignore to the extent income claimed to be exempt. Lets Then Loss arising from transfer of such securities or units shall

Section is not applicable now

SEC 94[8] BONUS STRIPPING TRANSACTIONS

units shall be ignored. Loss so ignored shall deemed to be being allotted bonus unit & Sell or transfer all original units time within period of 3 months prior to record date & he is If any person buys or acquires any units (not security) at any cost of acq of those bonus units own bonus shares Then Loss arising from transfer of such within a period of 9 months of record date while continue to

SUMMARY CHART

	TAPITO LIMITA
Particulars	SEC 71B to 74A Rules to carry forward & set off past year losses
House	Sec 71B:
Property	(a) If the assessee exercises the option of shifting
Loss	out of the default tax regime provided n/s
	115BAC(LA): In any AY, if there is a loss under
	the head HP such loss will first be set-off
	against income from any other head to the
	extent of ₹ 2L during the same year. The
	unabsorbed loss will be carried forward to the
	following AY to be set-off against income under
	the head HP.
	Ch With

- (b) If the assessee pays tax at concessional rate u/s be carried forward to the following AY to be under any other head. The unabsorbed loss will not be allowable to be set-off against income LL5BAC: The loss under the head HP would set-off against income under the head HP.
- It can be carried forward for 8 AY's.
- It return of loss is not filed or filed late loss can be carried forward & set off

Business Section 72:

Loss

- Set off with both business income & speculation Carry forward for 8AY
- Section 80 applicable. It means if return of loss is not filed or filed late business loss cannot be C/L
- that loss [6 exception] Assessee who has incurred the loss can only set off
- Even it business is discontinued business loss can

be set off

- & purchase Carry forward for 4 AY day sale Loss (Same | Past year speculation loss can be set off only with Speculation Section 73: speculation income
- e without If return of loss is not filed or filed late speculation loss cannot be carried forward.
- Sec 43(5) delivery) Assessee who has incurred the loss can only set off that loss [exception not applicable]
- Even if business is discontinued business loss can

- capital gain . LT can be set off only with LT. ST can be set off with both LT & ST
 - Loss under Section 74:
- Carry forward for 8 AY
- activity Past year horse loss can be set off only with horse

Loss from

Section 74A:

- of owning Carry forward for 4 AY. Assessee who has incurred the loss can only set off income.
- Even if business is discontinued business loss can that loss [exception not applicable]
- lossess Other otteries oss from be set off Exam se phele ya chart dekh len

AUERNATE MINIMUM TAX

ALTERNATE MINIMUM TAX

Is applicable to ALL ASSESSEE except COMPANY.

SEC 115JC - APPLICABILITY

As Per Sec 115JC(1), Income Tax Payable by any person Higher

- b) 18.5% of Adjusted Total Income [Surcharge, if applicable + 4% a) Income Tax payable as per Normal Provision of Income Tax society 9%] Cess] [In case unit is in IFSC & assessee being co-operative
- Sec 115JC(2) Calculation of Adjusted Total Income -

Adjusted total income	Less: Depreciation allowable as per section 32 assuming that ded*u/s 35AD was not allowed on assets on which ded*u/s 35AD is claimed	Add: Amount of deduction claimed u/s 10AA[SEZ]	Add: Amount of deduction claimed under section 35AD (as reduced by the amount of depreciation allowable in accordance with the provisions of section 32)	Add: Amount of deduction under chapter via university heading C- Deductions in respect of certain incomes [For Intermediate level, the relevant sections are 80]]AA, 80QQB & 80RRB [FA 2023]	Taxable income of the taxpayer	Particulars
XXX	(xxx)	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	W

Individual/ HUF/ AOP/ BOI and artificial juridical person, liable to alternate minimum tax under section 115JC. [FA 2023] paying tax under default tax regime u/s 115BAC, are also not

obtain a report from CA atleast 1 month prior to the date of filling Sec 115JC(3) - Every person to whom this section applies shall

person who has exercised option referred to in sec 115BAC / Sec 115JC(5) - The provisions of this section shall not apply to a

SEC 115JD AMT CREDIT

- > It shall be c/f for 15AY F AMT > Normal Income Tax then excess shall be AMT Credit
- > Credit shall be setoff in year in which regular tax is More than
- Normal. Provision > AMT Tax credit shall be allowed set off in a year when Tax as per
- > provided that where amount of tax credit in respect of any income-tax paid in any country or specified territory outside assessee, then, while computing amount of credit under this admissible against the regular income-tax payable by the minimum tax payable exceeds the amount of the tax credit India, u/s 90 or sec.99A or sec.91, allowed against the alternat sub-section, such excess amount shall be ignored

SEC 115JEE APPLICATION TO CERTAIN PERSONS

claimed any deduction under: The Provisions of this Chap shall apply to a person who has

b) Sec 10AA; or a) Any sec (other than sec 80P) included in Chap VI - A under the head "C- Deduction in respect of certain incomes" or

c) Sec 35AD

AMT is not payable by:

- Individual
- AOP / BOI
- Artificial Judicial Persons

If Adjusted total income of such persons does not exceed 20 lakhs.

> UNDER DEFAULT REGIME U/S 115BA TAX REGIME AS PER THE REGULA OR PAY TAX UNDER THE OPTIONA EXAMINE WHETHER TO PAY TAX PROVISIONS OF THE ACT

or profession. In case of individuals not having income In case of an assessee not having income from business of shifting out in each P.Y. He may choose to pay tax under if applicable), in order to determine which is more with default tax regime under section 115BAC and regular liability may be computed every year, both in accordance from business or profession, the total income and tax another year. exercise the option to shift out of default tax regime in default regime under section 115BAC in one year and individual can choose whether or not to exercise the option out of the default regime u/s 115BAC. In effect, such beneficial and accordingly, decide whether or not to shift provisions of the Act (including provisions relating to AMT

profession: In case of individuals having income from In case of an assessee having income from business or regime under section 115BAC and regular provisions of the may be computed, both in accordance with default tax exercised on or before the due date specified u/s 139(1) for tax regime under this section and the option has to be individual has an option to shift out/opt out of the default order to determine which is more beneficial. Such Act (including provisions relating to AMT, if applicable), in dusiness or profession, the total income and tax liability (i) above would be available. [FA 2023] to have any business income in which case, option under option under this section, except where such person ceases pay tax under the default regime u/s 115BAC for a previous year shall be able to withdraw such option only once and option of shifting out of the default regime for any previous assessment years. Such person who has exercised the above once such option is exercised, it would apply to subsequent furnishing the return of income for such previous year and year other than the year in which it was exercised. I hereafter, such person shall never be eligible to exercise

SEC 80A/80AC GENERAL RULES OF DEDUCTION

Sec 80B(5) - Gross total income means total income computed in taken Clubbing provisions is effected Setoff has been made, which implies that- deduction under respective chapter has been accordance with the provisions of act without deduction u/c VIA GTI of the assessee. i.e. an assessee cannot have a loss after taking Sec 80A(2)- Aggregate of deductions shall not, in any case, exceed Unabsorbed losses & depreciation has been effected.

No Deduction is available if income (GTI) only contains-LTCG - u/s 112. Specified Business Income u/s 35AD

• STCG - u/s 111A Casual Income

NR Presumptive Income u/s 115A to 115AD

Sec 80A(3)- If Deduction is allowed to AOP/ BOI then deduction Income of NR under chapter XIIA

Sec 80A(4) - Where Deduction in respect of certain incomes" for same payment/Income shall not be allowed to member of

business, as the case may be. profits & gains of such undertaking or unit or enterprise or eligible provisions of this Act for such AY & shall in no case exceed the such profits and gains shall not be allowed under any other provisions for any AY, deduction in respect of, & to the extent of, business is claimed and allowed as a deduction under any of those of profits & gains of an undertaking or unit or enterprise / eligible (u/s 80IA to 80RRB), where, in the case of an assessee, any amount

a taxpayer if ITR is not filled on or before the due date u/s 139[1]. Sec 80AC - No deduction would be allowed u/s 80IA to 80RRB to Naya hai pucha ja saktha ha

Amendment FA 2023:

> Following Deductions are available in case of Default Tax scheme (115BAC/115BAB/115BAA/115BAE/

Sec 80CCD(2),80LA,80JJAA,80GGB,80CCH(2)

SEC 801 LA DEDUCTION FOR INTERES

ON SAVINGS ACCOUNT

Individual or HUF [Other than Senior citizen][R/NR]

Interest on savings account (not time deposits) earned

DEFOSI IS

Assessee	Individual being Resident [Being Senior Citizen]
Qualifying	Qualifying Interest on deposit earned from
Income	a) Banking company
	b) Co-operative society doing banking business
	c) Post office
Deduction	Minimum of the following -
Deduction	a. Interest on deposits
	b. ₹50,000
Other	> Corresponding amendment has been proposed in

Condition > Corresponding amendment has been proposed in Sec 194A to provide that TDS is required from

> Where the income referred to in sub-sec (1) is computing the total income of any partner of the under this sec in respect of such income in firm, an AOPs / BOI no deduction shall be allowed derived from any deposit held by, or on behalf of, a payment of interest to senior citizen upto ₹50,000 firm or any member of the association or any individual of the body [Sec 80TTB(2)

SEC 80GGB CONTRIBUTION TO POLITICAL

Assessee Indian Company Contribution to Political Party or Electoral Trust [Within the meaning of Sec.182 of the Companies Act, 2013] Amount of Any Amount [100%] Deduction Amount should not be paid in Cash
--

EC 80GGC CONTRIBUTION TO POLITICAL

Note: An individual, HI BOI would be eligible fo	Restriction Amou	Amount of Any Any A	Contribution to Politi	Assessee Any Any A	
Note: An individual, HUF, AOP (other than a co-operative society) or BOI would be eligible for deduction u/s 80GGC only if they have exercise	Amount should not be paid in Cash	Any Amount [100%]	Contribution to Political Party or Electoral Trust [Within the meaning of Sec 182 of the Companies Act, 2013]	Any Assessee except Local Authority & AJP wholly or partly funded by Government.	

IMP Hail



Amount

Sever disability[80%]

₹1,25,000

SEC 80U DEDUCTION FOR PERSON WITH

		reduction	mount of	Condition	Assessee	
Deduction is allowed irrespective of expense incurred by the assessee.	Sever disability[80%]	Other than severe disability	Disability of the assessee	Condition The assessee, at any time during the PY, is certified by the medical authority to be a person with disability	Individual being Resident	
ctive of expense	₹1,25,000	₹75,000	Amount of deduction	ing the PY, is certified by person with disability		

Meaning of Disability" is defined in sec 2(i) of the Persons with Rights and Full Participation) Act, 1995 & includes Disabilities (Equal Opportunities, Protection of for Welfare of Persons with Autism, Cerebral Palsy, referred to in sec 2(a),(c)&(h) of the National Trust Mental Retardation and Multiple Disabilities Act, 1999; "Autism","Cerebral palsy" & "multiple disabilities

Various terms

TREATMENT OF DISABLED DEPENDANT SEC 80DD MAINT ENANCE/MEDICAL

	200
Condition	Assessee
Condition (rehabilitation of a dependant, being a person	Individual/HUF being Resident

2) Deposited any amount under scheme (framed by provide for payment of annuity/lump sum amount LIC/any other approved insurer), which would death of the assessee. for benefit of such dependent, in the event of the disability

following conditions are satisfied -The deduction shall be allowed in (2) only if the

(a) The scheme provides for annuity or lump sum (i) In the event of the death of the individual or

the member of HUF in whose name

(ii) On attaining 60 year or more by such been discontinued; payment or deposit to such scheme has individual or the member of HUF and the

Other than severe disability Disability of the assessee (b) The assessee nominates either the dependant, being a person with disability, or any other behalf, for the benefit of the dependant, being person or a trust to receive the payment on his a person with disability. [FA 23 Amount of deduction ₹75,000

> "Disability" shall have the meaning assigned to it in sec 2(i) of the Persons with Disabilities Act, 1995 retardation") & includes "autism", "cerebral palsy" and impairment", "locomotor disability", "mental (i.e. "Blindness", "low vision", "leprosy-cured", "hearing "multiple disability"

2. "Dependent" means - in the case of an individual, the support and maintenance, and who has not claimed for the AY relating to the PY; any deduction u/s 80U in computing his total income such individual or Hindu undivided family for his member of the HUF, dependant wholly or mainly on individual or any of them; in the case of a HUF, a spouse, children, parents, brothers and sisters of the

3. Sec.80DD(3): If a person with disability predeceases annuity or lumsum by application of the conditions refer in this section. person with disability, before his death, by way of not apply to the amount received by dependent, being a money has been deposited, an amount equal to the such amount is received. However this provision shall deemed to be the Income of assessee of PY in which amount paid or deposited under the scheme shall be the Individual or member of HUF in whose name

Sec 80DD(3A): The above provision shall not apply to more or discontinuance of deposit. lump sum by application of the condition of 60 years or with disability, before his death, by way of annuity or the amount received by the Dependant, being a person

employer, for the medical treatment of the person insurance from an insurer, or reimbursed by an reduced by the amount received, if any, under an referred to above. Provided that the deduction under this section shall be

Max time pucha ja saktha hai

80D MEDICAL INSURANCE

-up	paid on account of preventive health check-up	
	mode including cash in respect of any sum	
<u> </u>	cash however payment shall be made by any	
control in	Condition Payment should be in any mode other than	Condition
	Assessee Individual /HUF [R/NR]	Assessee

subscription to the scheme has been made; or The Insurance/Contribution/Checkup can be:

_		
	HUF	Individual
	In the Name of any member	Individual In name of Individual/Spouse/Parents & dependent Children

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computing the total income of any partner of the firm or any

member of the association or any individual of the body. allowed under this section in respect of such income in derived from any deposit in a savings account held by, or on

Sec 80TTA(2) - Where income referred to in this section is

Deduction a) Interest on such deposits in saving account

b) Rs.10,000

Amount of Minimum of the following

) Post office

b) Co-operative society doing banking business

 a) Banking company on savings account with - Qualifying Assessee

behalf of, a firm, an AOPs or a BOIs, no deduction shall be

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SEC 80CCH	SEC 80CCH CONTRIBUTION TO AGNIPATH SCHEME
Assessee	Individual
Contribution	Where assessee enrolled in the Appring the Colombia
to	Agniveer Corpus Fund on or after the 1st Nov. 22, has paid or deposited any amount
Amount of Deduction	100% of amount so paid or deposited.

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M.C.

2. "Agnipath Scheme" means the scheme for enrolment in Indian India in the Ministry of Defence; Armed Forces introduced on 29th Dec, 22 of the Government deduction = 100% 1. Where CG makes any contribution to the account of an asse

naya hai pucha ja saktha ha

in the Agniveer Corpus Fund the assessee shall be allowed a

3."Agniveer Corpus Fund" means a fund in which consolidated along with interest on both these contributions are held. [FA 2023] contributions of all the Agniveers and matching contributions of

Conditions	Conditions for claiming deduction:	deduction:		
Description	Description Medical ins,	Health Scheme	Expense on Medical	Medical
	i.e. insurance	contribution	preventive	Expensive
	on the health i.e to -		health	senior
		1) CG health	checkup	citizen
		scheme		
		2) Other scheme		
		notified by CG		
Applicable	Individual/	Individual	Individual	Individual
for	HUF whether	HUF whether whether resident/	whether	/HUF
	resident/NR	non-resident	resident/	whether
			NR	R/NR
Payment	Any mode	Any mode other	Any mode	Any mode
mode	other than	than cash	including	other
	cash		cash	than cash

Amount of Deduction:

Assessee	Deduction = least of
Individual: Aggregate of (a)(b)(c) of point 1 > Individual/his family (Spouse, Dependent Child) Parents (dependent or not) > HUF: Policy in the name of any member	Aggregate of amount, or ₹25000

1) Where premium is paid for senior citizen, then deduction is the age of 60 years or more at. Any time during the Relevant PY, Senior Citizen means an individual resident in India, who is of aggregate premium paid or ₹50000 whichever is lower. Here,

monetary limit. for all those yrs for which cover is provided, subject to specified than I year, deduction shall be allowed on proportionate basis single premium health insurance policies which covers more family members & his parents are 60 yrs or above. In case of taxpayer can claim deduction of up to ₹ 1 lakh u/s 80D if he/his

and very senior citizen is 80 years. In nutshell, an individual

- (2) Expense for preventive health checkup of assessee/his family is included in the total deduction, subject to a max of ₹5000.
- 3) Payment shall be made out of income chargeable to tax.
- 4) Medical Exp of very senior citizen is restricted to ₹50000.
- 5) Not. 9/2018 Contribution in Health Scheme of Department of Atomic Energy would qualify for deduction u/s 80D.

Provided that the amount referred to is paid in respect of senior "Electric Vehicle" means a vehicle which is powered exclusion. insurance on the health of such person. citizen & no amount has been paid to effect or to keep in force an an electric motor whose traction energy is supplied exclusions on the health of such person

	Assessee	Individual (R/NR)
	Payment for	Paid Interest on education loan [out of income chargeable to Tax] taken for Own/Relative's Educ
10	Amount of Deduction	Amount of Any Amount of Interest Paid [100%];Only Interest Beduction allowed and not the principal amount Deduction
7		available from the year from which assessee \mathfrak{st}_{art} paying interest & 7 immediately succeeding $\Lambda \chi$ (or until above interest is paid in full, whichever \mathfrak{e}_{art} [ier)
6	Meaning &	Meaning & > Relative: Spouse, Children, For Whom Assessee is
- 6	Condition	Guardian

> Loan should be taken from any financial institution /approved financial institute

- > The loan is taken for graduate & post graduate
- > Actual amount of interest paid is available
- > Higher education" means any course of study local authority or by any other authority authorize board or university recognized by CG or SG or Examination or its equivalent from any school pursued after passing the Senior Secondary

by the above to do so

	Condition	Deduction	for	Deduction	Assessee
conditions, namely: 1. The loan has been sanctioned by the financial institution between 1st April, 2019 & ending on the 31st day of March, 2022; 2. The stamp duty value of residential house property does not exceed ₹45 lakhs; the assessee does not own any residential house property on the date of	Condition The deduction shall be subject to the following	Deduction Actual Interest paid or Rs.150000	property	Deduction Interest payable on loan taken for Residential house	Assessee Individual (R/NR) not eligible for deduction u/s 80F.F.

SEC 80EEB TAX INCENTIVE FOR ELECTRIC VEHICLES

sanction of loan

Deduction	Condition	Assessee
Deduction Interest Paid or 150,000 - whichever is lower	Interest on Loan taken for Purchase of Electric Vehicle from any Financial Institution/NBFC Loan must be taken between April'19 to March'23 Assessee does not own any other Electric Vehicle on the date of sanction	Assessee Individual

the conversion of vehicle kinetic energy into electrical en regenerative braking system, which during braking provi traction battery installed in the vehicle & has such electri

		_	-	17
Condition	Amount of Deduction	Payment for	Assessee	1000
Loan should be taken from bank or financial institute for acquisition of Residential property Purchase Price of House upto 50lakhs	Amount of Amount of Interest Paid or 50,000 whichever is Deduction lower only Interest is allowed and not principal amount. First Deduction is to be claimed u/s 24(b) of House Property (upto 2L) & remaining interest deduction u/s 80EE	Payment for Paid Interest on housing loan	Individual (R/NR)	NIVOT DAVIGE CO.

SEC 80C DEDUCTION W.R.T VAR

	INVESTMENTS
ssessee	Individual/HUF irrespective of Residential Status
nvestment	nvestment See list below
Maximum Deduction	Maximum Maximum deduction along with sec 80CCC and 80CCD or independently u/s 80C is restricted to Rs.150000, [80CCE]
Condition	Condition > Investment is made in approved scheme > Payment need not necessarily made out of income chargeable to tax > Deduction shall be made only on payment basis not on accrual basis

Onalifying savings/investments:

		, i	transfer the house property for 5 years. Including Stamp Duty.	
7.	Self	est on	RE-PAYMENT OF HOUSING LOANS: Repayment of Housing loan except interest on borrowed capital provided house is taken for residential purpose & assesses should not	
		A. t.	educational institution situated in India; > For the purpose of full-time education of any two children of such individual	
ž	Maximum 2 children		As futton tees paid by individual, whether at the time of admission or thereafter, including Stamp duty and registration fees. > To any university, college, school/other	Max time puchate hai
NA	Self		As subscription to notified deposit scheme	ioi oii acctuai dasis
NA	Self		As subscription to the Home Loan A/c Scheme of National Housing Bank	Deduction shall be made only on payment basis
NA	Self		As a contribution by an individual to Retirement Benefit Pension Fund of UTI	Payment need not necessarily made out of
NA	Self		As subscription to any units of any Mutual Fund referred to in sec10(23D), under any notified plan.	Rs.150000. [80CCE]
NA	Self		Note: Int accrued on these certificates which is deemed to be reinvested, also qualifies for deduction.	See list below Maximum deduction along with sec 80CCC and
NA	Self	-	As subscription to NSC, VIII issue	Individual/HUF irrespective of Residential Status
Member		Child	any PPF, Min-500 Max-150000	INVESTMENTS
Any	Self/ Spouse/	Self/	As a contribution by an individual/HUF to	EDUCTION W.R. T. VARIOUS
NA	Self	8	As a contribution by an employee to an approved superannuation fund.	the date of sanction of loan
NA	Self		As a contribution by an individual to any statutory PF or RPF.	Loan amount upto 35 Lakhs Assessee does not own any Pasidontial Loan
×	Self		By way of deduction from the salary of Govt. EE, being a sum deducted, for the purpose of securing to him a deferred annuity/making provision for his spouse or children, max upto 1/5th of the salary.	Institute for acquisition of Residential property Purchase Price of House upto 50lakhs Loan should be sanctioned between 01.04.16 to 31.03.17
NA NA	Self/ Spouse /Child		To effect or to keep in force a non-commutable deferred annuity, (other than annuity plan of LIC,/other insurer), on the life of the individual, the wife or husband and any child of such individual.	4(b)
				Individual (R/NR) Paid Interest on housing loan Amount of Interest Paid or 50,000 whichever is
Any Member	pouse/		ured	les for rgy.
HUF	-	Indivi	Any sums paid or deposited in PY by assessee	tor whose traction energy is supplied exclusively by installed in the vehicle & has such electric
	ents:	stme	Qualifying savings/investments:	le" means a vehicle which is powered exclusively by

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		-	_	-	7 2 4	12634
Deposit by CG Employee as a contribution to his Tier-II A/c of Pension Scheme	Sukanya Samriddhi Account [Noti 5/2015]	As 5 year time deposit in an a/c under the Post Office Time Deposit Rules, 1981.	In an account under the senior Citizen Saving Scheme Rules, 2004.	As subscription to bonds of NABARD	as For a fixed period of not less than 5 years with a scheduled bank; 8. (b) Which is in accordance with a scheme framed & notified, by CG	subnoration to equity shares/debentures forming at of any eligible issue of capital approved by the used of a public co-engaged in infrastructure action or public financial institution
Self	Self/ Spouse/ Child	Self	Self	Self	Self	Self
NN	Any Member	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

SEC 80CCC CONTRIBUTION TO CERTAIN FUNDS

Deduction	Condition 3	Condition 2	Condition 1
Independently - ₹150000 Overall- ₹150000 Or actual, whichever is lower	Condition 3 The amount is paid out of his income chargeable to tax. Any amount withdrawn or pension received from the plan is taxable in the hands of the assessee or nominee in the year of receipt.	Condition 2 The assessee has paid or deposited any amount for any annuity plan of LIC of India (or any other insurer) for receiving pension from fund referred to in sec 10(23AAB)	Condition 1 The assessee is an Individual [irrespective of status]

SEC 80DDB DEDUCTION W.R.T MEDICAL TREATMENT

	110	-			- N	-	
	Terms	Meaning			Amount of	Condition	Assessee
HUF	Individual	Dependent	2. Senior citizen 3. Very senior citizen	1. Other th	Dependent	Expenditure in [Specified Dist Cancer, Chror	Individual/HI
Any Member	Individual, Spot brothers & sister	Person Covered	tizen ior citizen	1. Other than senior citizen	dent	Expenditure incurred on the medical treatmer [Specified Diseases in Rule 11D - Neurologica Cancer, Chronic Renal failure, Thalassaemia].	Individual/HUF being Resident
er	Individual, Spouse, children, parents, brothers & sisters of the individual.	overed	Actual or ₹100000, whichever is less	Actual or ₹40,000, whichever is less	Amount of deduction	Expenditure incurred on the medical treatment of rela [Specified Diseases in Rule 11D - Neurological disease Cancer, Chronic Renal failure, Thalassaemia].	-

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SEC 80CCD CONTRIBUTION TO PENSION SCHEME OF CG OR OTHER EMPLOYER

Other notes	80CCD[2] Employe Own salary & Contribution lower of a. Emplo b. 14% (Othe	on J	Deduction	Condition 2	Condition 1
Other notes 1) As per 10[12A] Closer of NPS account 60% exempt (40% taxable) 2) As per 10 [12B] partial withdrawal from NPS Account 60% exempt (75% taxable)	Employer contribution is first taxable under the head salary & then he [employee] gets deduction u/s 80CCD lower of a. Employers contribution b. 14% (Central Govt) or (State Govt) / 10% of salary (Others)	Additional deduction upto ₹50000 shall be allowed o than contribution covered u/s 80CCD[1] Example: Assessee contribution Rs.140000 towards & GTI is ₹560000 in this case deduction shall be 20% GTI = ₹112000 u/s 80CCD[1] Balance deduction = ₹28000 u/s 80CCD[1B]	CG/Employer/Employee - 10% of salary Any other individual - 20% of Gross Total Income[Basic+DA(R	The assessee has, during the previous year, paid or deposited any amount in his account under a pensio scheme notified - Central Government or State Govt/Employer/Asse Atal Pension Yojna is also Eligible.	Condition 1 The assessee is an Individual, who is – a) Employed by CG or any other employer, or b) Any self employed person.

of NPS

EC 80G DONATIONS

Asse

	lation	ction	ent	ise on	see	
ITCG u/s 111A(only) STCG u/s 111A(only) Deduction u/s 80C to 80U Except 80G (xxx) Adjusted Gross Total Income xxx 10% of AT1 Deduction = 50% or 100% of (10% of AT1) xxx	Particulars & F Gross Total Income xxx Less:	% Specified in the List Some items: With Qualifying Limit [10% of Adjusted Total Income] Rest: Without Qualifying Limit	If the Donation Exceed ₹2000 then only through Cheque	Any donation in form of sum of money. Donation in kind is not qualified for deduction. [Rama Vera 187 ITR 308] The donation be made only to specified funds/institutions (List).	All Assessee In case of an individual, HUF, AOP (other than a co-operative society) or BOI or an AJR deduction would be available only if they have ascrised the option of shifting out of the default tax regime provided u/s 115BAC(IA). It would not be available if they pay concessional rates of tax under the default tax regime u/s 115BAC, In case of co, and co-operative societies, deduction would not be available if they opt for the special provisions u/s 115BAA/115BAB and sec 115BAD/115BAE, respectively. In other words, deduction would be available only if they pay tax under the normal provisions of the Act, IF, AD701/115BAE, they pay tax under the normal provisions of the Act, IF, AD701/115BAE, they pay tax under the normal provisions of the Act, IF, AD701/115BAE, they pay tax under the normal provisions of the Act, IF, AD701/115BAE, they pay tax under the normal provisions of the Act. IF, AD701/115BAE, they pay tax under the normal provisions of the Act. IF, AD701/115BAE, they pay tax under the normal provisions of the Act. IF, AD701/115BAE, they pay tax under the normal provisions of the Act. IF, AD701/115BAE, they pay tax under the normal provisions of the Act. IF, AD701/115BAE, they pay tax under the normal provisions of the Act. IF, AD701/115BAE, they pay tax under the normal provisions of the Act. IF, AD701/115BAE, they pay tax under the normal provisions of the Act. IF, AD701/115BAE, they pay tax under the normal provisions of the Act. IF, AD701/115BAE, they pay tax under the normal provisions of the Act. IF, AD701/115BAE, they pay tax under the normal provisions of the Act. IF, AD701/115BAE, they pay tax under the normal provisions of the Act. IF, AD701/115BAE, they pay tax under the normal provisions of the Act. IF, AD701/115BAE, they pay tax under the normal provisions of the Act. IF, AD701/115BAE, they pay tax under the normal provisions of the Act. IF, AD701/115BAE, they pay tax under the normal provisions of the Act. IF, AD701/115BAE, they pay tax under the normal provisions of the Act. IF, AD701/	Chromero

Expe

The amount of deduction in respect of various kinds of donations is:

			The sponsorship of sports & games, in India
			he development of infrastructure for sports &
	100	YES	youns pane of assessment, octubed co, in the PY fonations to Indian Olympic Association or my other association/institution established in ia and notified by the CG for—
	100	YES	association, to be utilised for purpose of moting family planning
	100	No	vt/any approved local authority, institution
5	50	No	me Minister's Drought Kellet Fund
au Co	100	Ş	y sums paid by the assessee, between Jan 26, 101 to Sep 30, 2001, to any trust, institution or d which satisfies conditions of sec 80G(5) for widing relief to victims of Guj earthquake
as as	100	Z _o	tional Trust tor Welfare of Persons with tism, Cerebral Palsy, Mental Retardation & http://doi.org/10.1001/10.
A	100	No	nd for Tech Development/application by CG
to.	100	No	tional Cultural Fund set up by the CG
al	100	No	tional Sports Fund to be set up by the CG
CI	100	No	ief Minister's Relief Fund/Lieutenant vernor's Relief Fund
0	100	No	tional Illness Assistance Fund
b	100	No	dhra Pradesh CM's Cyclone Relief Fund, 1996
c	100	No	my Central Welfare Fund/Indian Naval nevolent Fund/Air Force Central Welfare Fund
T	100	No	ny fund set up by a State Govt to provide edical relief to the poor
	100	No	ational/State Blood Transfusion Council
	100	No	la Saksharta Samiti
-1	100	No	nd set up by the Govt of Gujarat for relief the Victims of Earthquake
	100	No	aharashtra Chief Minister's relief Fund / arthquake Relief Fund
	100	No	niversity/any educational inst. of national minence
	100	No	ational Foundation for Communal Harmony
	100	No	frica (Public Contributions - India) Fund
	100	No	Ms Armenia Earthquake Relief Fund
	100	No	dinister's Citizen Assistance & Relief in imergency Situations Fund (PM Cares Fund)
	100	No	
	% of donation eligible for ded	Qualifying limit applies or not	Trust/institution to which donation is made
1	1		

	0	_		•	°	Ü	0	0	0	L '	_	ŏ	led"	of ble	0.0
Con and the contract of the co	constituted u/s 7A of the parcotic drugs	National Fund for control of drug abuse	Clean Ganga Fund set up by CG	Swachh bharat Kosh set up by CG	such temple, mosque, gurdwara, church/other notified place	for promoting the minority community Any sums paid for renovation or repair of any	Any corporation referred to in sec 10(26BB)	cities, towns and villages, or for both	the purpose of planning, development or of	An authority constituted in India for satisfying the need for housing accommodation or for	the purpose of promoting family planning	utilised for any charitable purpose other than	The Government or any local authority, to be	Fund or any institution which satisfies the conditions given u/s 80G(5)	
	No		No	No	YES		YES			YES		n YES		YES	
	100		100	100	50	1	3		-	5(y	1	5	

The institution or fund furnishes to the donor, a certificate specifying the amount of donation in such manner, containing such particulars and within such time from the date of receipt of donation, as may be prescribed.

CIT v. Shree Govindbhai Jethalal Nathavani Charitable Trust (2015) (Guj.)
Can Commissioner reject an application for grant of approval u/s 80G(5) on the ground that the trust has failed to apply 85% of its income for charitable purposes?
At time of granting approval of exemption u/s 80G, only object of trust is required to be examined &, therefore, assessee's application seeking approval u/s 80G(5) could not be rejected on ground that it failed to incur expense to extent of 85% of its income during relevant year. High Court observed that, while considering application for the purpose of sec 80G, authority cannot act as an assessing authority & enquiry should be confined to finding out if institution satisfies the prescribed conditions.

While calculating Adjusted GTI, casual income like wi from lotteries etc. shall be included.

eduction	Eligible Business	Assessee
Deduction 1st 5 years = 100% of the profit	Profits & gains from business of collecting & processing or treating of bio-degradable waste. > Generating power; or > Producing bio-fertilizers, bio-pesticides or other biological agents; or	Any Assessee

SEC 80JJAA EMPLOYMENT OF NEW WORKMEN

	Control of the last of the las
which such employment is provided	
allowed for 3 AYs, including the AY relevant to the PY in	
employed by the assessee in the PY. The deduction shall be	
Deduction 30% of "additional wages" paid to the "new regular workmen"	Deduction
Assessee Assessee to whom Section 44AB applies	Assessee

Meaning of New Regular workmen do not include -

Terms

- > Employee Whose Total Remuneration exceed ₹25000pm > Whose entire contribution is paid by Government under
- of apparel Business/footwear & leather industry Employee who does not participate in RPF Employee worked for Less than 240 days/150 days in case
- Restriction Additional Employee Cost: Total Employment paid or a) In case of existing business - Cost will be NIL if no payable to Additional Employees employed during the yr-RTGS/other electronic mode prescribed otherwise than by A/c payee cheque/draft/NEFT/ increase in total no of employees & emoulments paid
- b) In case of new business shall be emoluments paid/ payable to employees employed during that PY
- The Business should not be formed by splitting up or Exceptions: Business formed as a result of re-establishment reconstruction of an existing business.
- 3) The Business should not be acquired by the assessee by referred u/s 33B & within the period specified in that sec reconstruction or revival by the assessee of the business
- 4) The assessee furnishes along with ROI report of accountant as defined in the Explanation to Sec 288 before the specified date referred to in sec 44AB giving such way of transfer from any other person or as a result of any business reorganization; particulars in report as may be prescribed.[Form 10DA]

Assessee	Individual Being > Resident > An Author (Including Joint Author of Book) being a work of literary, artistic or scientific nature
	> An Author (Including Joint Author of Book) being a work of literary, artistic or scientific nature
Deduction	Deduction Lumsump Royalty - Actual or ₹3L, whichever is lower Other than above - Upto 15% of value of book sold
Conditions	The assessee must furnish a certificate in prescribed form (Form No. 10CCD), duly verified by the person responsible for making such payment to the assessee

2) If the income is earned outside India, the assessee (Form No. 10H) from the prescribed authority

(i.e. RBI, see rule 29A) must furnish a certificate, in the prescribed form

3) If royalty is earned outside India the deduction is or time allowed by RBI convertible Forex within 6m from the end of PY allowed only if such royalty is brought to India in

SEC 80RRB ROYALTY ON PATENT

		Assessee		
under the Indian Patents Act, 1970.	the patent and whose name is entered on the	Assessee > Patentee: person who is true and first inventor of	> Resident	Individual Being

	duction Earned In India
Earned outside India	rned In India
Minimum of the following: Income in respect of money brough into India in convertible foreign exchange within prescribed time limits or	Minimum of the following: > 100% of such income; or > ₹3,00,000

> The assessee must furnish a certificate in the to the assessee by the person responsible for making such payment prescribed form (Form No. 10CCE), duly verified

>₹3,00,000

Double deduction not permissible: Where Deduction should not exceed royalty as per licence provisions of the Act for the same or in any other AY in respect of such income under any other allowed for any AY, no deduction shall be allowed deduction under this section is claimed and

If royalty is earned outside India the deduction is

allowed only if such royalty is brought to India in

convertible Forex within 6m from the end of PY or

at the option of assessee. derived from such business for 3 consecutive AYs out of 10 years Sec 80-IAC(1/2) - Where an eligible start-up, includes any profits from eligible business a deduction = 100% of the profits and gains

Sec 80-IAC(3) - This section applies if it fulfills the following

- 1. It is not formed by splitting up, or the reconstruction, of a business except in sec 33B
- 2. It is not formed by the transfer of P & M previously used for any purpose following shall be regarded as new P&M
- a) P&M imported into India shall not be regarded as Second hand
- b) Such P&M was not, at any time previous to the date of the installation by the assessee, used in India.
- c) The total value of P&M(Second hand) does not exceed 20% of the total value of P&M used in the business.

Explanation - For the purposes of this section -

"Eligible business" means eligible start-up engaged in innovation, generation or wealth creation. or a scalable business model with a high potential of employment development or improvement of products or processes or services

business & following conditions, namely:-"Eligible start-up" means a company or a LLP engaged in eligible

- a) It is incorporated on or after the 1st day of April, 2016 but before the
- b) The total turnover does not exceed ₹100 cr in the PY relevant 1st day of April, 2024 to the AY for which deduction under sub-sec(1) is claimed; &
- c) It holds a certificate of eligible business from the Inter-Gazette by the CG. Ministerial Board of Certification as notified in the Official

CERTAIN INTER-CORPORATE DIVIDENDS SEC 80M DEDUCTION IN RESPECT OF

dividends from -Sec 80M(1) - Where a domestic company in any PY receives

- . Any other domestic company or
- Foreign company or
- 3. Business trust, shall be allowed a deduction of -
- a. Amount of Dividend Received or
- b. Amount of Dividend Paid on or before the due date.

Partner's share in total income of irm (which includes LLPs)

amt received out of

e, or in case of impai nt received out of family

Individual as

Condition

10(6)(ix)

Kemuneration received from Foreign Govt (ER) during stay

Ref Al

in India for specified training

10(6)(vi)

	dividual / ho is an ployee of " y SG / Carrow Carrow	ny Person	TP / MLA		ny Assessee		Von- Corporate VR & Oreign Cos			E
- N	Awarded "Param Vir Chakra" or "Maha Vir Chakra" or Vir Chakra or vir Chakra or such other gallans.	Approved by CG in public interest	Reason of membership of Parliament or state legislature under any Act or rules	Granted to meet	disaster. No exemption if already allowed as deduction under this Act	Received/receivable from CG/SG/local authority on account of any	Service can be rendered in or outside India	e) Any society registered, which is wholly owned by CG & SG or jointly by CG & I/more SG	owned by CG & SG or jointly by CG & 1/more SG C) Any co which is subsidiary of a co ref above	Remuneration received in connection with their training in any establishment or office or in any undertaking owned by . a) Govt b) Co wholly
J0(35)					10(31)				10(30)	
Income from units from the Administrator of specified undertaking/ specified company/ Mutual Fund					Other subsidies				Tea board subsidy	Specified income of a Sikkimese Individual. Exemption will not be available to a Sikkimese woman who, on or after 1st April, 2008, marries non-Sikkimese individual.
Any assessed			соттоситу	coffee, cardamom/ specified	Any assessee engaged in business of growing & manufac turing				Any assessed engaged in business of growing & manufac - turing tea	
Any income excepting the front trunt of such units	by him during it the AO along with his return of reference AY/within the tin extended by AO this purpose	furnish a certification the Board, a the subsidy received	other plants for rejuvenation or consolidation of a used for cultivation all such commods Assessee should	under any scheme replantation or replacement of ru	have been receive from or through Rubber, Coffee, Spices/any other Board in respect of any other commo	of the relevant A within the time extended by AO this purpose.	from the Tea Bo as to the subsidy received by him during PY, to A(along with his re	consolidation of areas used for cultivation of the as notified by C Assessee should furnish a certific	been recd und any scheme for replantation/ replacement of bushes/for rejuvenation or	D & a 2 70

SEC 10AA TAX HOLIDAY FOR UNITS ESTABLISHED IN SEZ

total income of the assessee. things or providing any service, shall be allowed from the assessee being an entrepreneur from the export of articles A deduction of profits & gains which are derived by an

Assessees who are eligible for exemption:

unit in SEZ. Exemption is available to all categories of assessees who has

Essential conditions to claim exemption

the following conditions: The exemption shall apply to an undertaking which fulfills

- > It has begun or begins to manufacture between A.Y.
- > It should not be formed by splitting up or reconstruction 2006-07 to A.Y. 2020-21.
- > It should not be formed by transfer of machinery or plant of except given in section 33B. previously used for any purpose to new biz.
- total value of machinery or plant used in business. of machinery or plant transferred does not exceed 20% of the However, deduction u/s 10AA will be available if total value

Period for which deduction is available

10(6D)

Royalty income or fees for technical services received

om National Technical rch Org. (NTRO)

Compensation received on

ccount of disaster

For Next 5 years -50 % of compute profit For first 5 years - 100 % of compute profit

For Next years - 50 % of compute profit provided

- b) Amount Dr to P&L & credited to SEZ a) It made Deposit in Reinvestment Allowance reserve
- due date u/s 139(1). [FA 2023] who does not furnish a return of income on or before the Note: No such deduction shall be allowed to an assessee

Computation of profit & gains from exports of such

respect of such articles or things or computer software bears undertaking i.e. to the total turnover of the business carried on by the the unit, the same proportion as the export turnover in bears to the profits of the business of the undertaking, being (including computer software) shall be the amount which The profits derived from export of articles/things/services undertakings

Profits of Unit in SEZ

Total turnover of Unit SEZ Export turnover of Unit SEZ

Meaning of Export turnover:

being the unit of articles or things or services. India by the assessee in respect of export by the undertaking It means the consideration received in India or brought into

However, it does not include-

IMP Hait

> Freight > Telecommunication charges

of services (incl.computer software) outside India Attributable to the delivery of the articles or things outside > Insurance India or expenses incurred in foreign exchange in rendering

0(6)(VIII)

10(18)

Pension received by recipient

10(17A)

Awards for literary, scientific &

Constituency allowance of

irtistic works & other awards

10(17)

Payments to MPs & MLAs

> Daily allowance

tituency Allowance of

10(16) 10(11A)

Educational scholarship

Any contribution in Sukanya Samriddhi Account, Rules

within such further period as the competent authority may period of six months from the end of the previous year or, allow in this behalf India by the assessee in convertible fereign exchange, within a goods or provision of services is received in, or brought into (4A) This sec applies to a Unit, if the proceeds from sele of

Explanation 1 "Competent authority" means the RBI or the authority authorised under any law for the time being in force

TIVS On Salary

Average rate of TDS rate

CARROLL STATES

1

SAN US

purpose by the assessee with any bank outside India with the approval of the Reserve Bank of India. [FA 2023] turnover is credited to a separate account maintained for that be deemed to have been received in India where such export Explanation 2 - The sale of goods or provision of services shall

tel 185

part of PI

of tax under the default tax regime u/s 115BAC, [FA 2023] deduction is not available if the assessee pays concessional rates out of the default tax regime provided u/s 115BAC(1A). This available only if the assessee has exercised the option of shifting established in SEZ from the total income of the assessee. It is Section 10AA also provides for a deduction in respect of units

Sec 1941)

an individual

Sec 19488 HPB! W

Winnings from horse races

State . 58

10,000

90,00g

creasureds or am wort of game

Securities e g. Fixed deposit in

Interest other than Interest on

funds and on company's shares Physidend received from Mutual Interest received an securities

3

(MAU S

WAS UR SAMES

Se TOULA

Payment made while purchasing and or property

except for Insurance Come

* 5%

ommission or brokerage received

Sec 194M Sec 19410

> Payment for registered Payment of rent by individual or HUF exceeding Rs. 50,000 per mo

> > 50,000

tedevelopment agreement

5% 9 5%

105

akh or I crore as the case maybe than Rs 50 lakh and above

2% / 5%

20L or ler

ayment of Professional Fees etc. ash withdrawal exceeding Rs 20 Payment made to professional or commission or brokerage of more

2% (FTS, certain royakies, call centre) 10% (other

30,000

Fee 1041 Villed 195

TIDS on rent

2% For P&M 10%

2 40 000 per journe

15,000

5%

1.00.006 15,000 10.000

exempt under Section 10(10D) Life Insurance Policies not

SUMMARY CHART FOR TCS

TAX DEDUCTED & COLLECTED AT SOURCE

SUMMARY CHART FOR TDS

Sec 208(111)	C 300(10)	Sec 200C(1G)	Sec 2084 (18)	Sec Steel (1C)	Sec 2005C(1)	Sec 20eC (1)	(I) 3965 345	Ser 2004 (1)	(1) MALK PAS	(1) 1965 (N)	(1) Deal 200	Relevant
Sale of any other grods	Charlese four Program	Foreign remittance	TCS in Metor Car	TCS on parking ted mining rights	Minerals, being coal or agrite or	deas	And other force produce and wing	Cither chained in any made	Tember obtained under formed lesse	Tends erres	All should improve fee hereined	Particulars
01% (we£1/10/20)	\$46	Sec. 10 1465	1.04	Pa'	100	- 4	13	25%	3.504	346	7	TCS rate

	issued to deductee Sec 203	TDS certificate to be	Forms of TDS to be submitted by Deductor	TDS Return Sec-200(3)	Due Date for payment of TDS (Sec-200)	-
Quarter Ending 30th June 30th Sep 30th December 31st March	Any Sec	Under 192 16 Annual	The below given form shall be accompanied by form 27A. For Salary u/s 192 Other Than Salary Other Than Salary Other Than Salary Other Than Salary 7 For resident transferor(Land) 7 days of dechn	Quarter Ending 30th June 30th Sep 30th December 31st March	For March 3 Between 7 April & Feb 11	MPORIANT FORMS & DATES
	loA	Form no	o form st 92 ary nsferor(l	Ending lune Sep Sep cember tarch	30th April 7th of the month in a Tax is due	E
within / days days with deduct 26QB Due date 15 days from the date of Return	Quarterly	Periodicity Annual		Due date 31th July 31th October 31th January 31th May	30th April 7th of the month Succeeding the month in which Tax is deducted Tax is due u/s 192(1A)	RMS &
deduction deduction the date	Within 15days of due date of filling TDS return	Due date 31st May of following year	accompanied by 24Q 26Q 27 26QB furnish within 7 days of dedn	ber arry	30th April 7th of the month Succeeding the month in which Tax is deducted or Tax is due u/s 192(1A)	DATES

Sec 1940 Sec 194R

Punchase of goods

orninission on lottery ticket

Exam se phele va chart dekh lena

TDS on winning in Online Games

Benefit & Perquisite in respect of Business & Profession

10% 0.1% 5%

20,000 pa

Sec 1941.

Payment to contractor Payment for Compulsory

I/HUF - 1% Others- 2%

30,000 Aggray

15,000

30L

10%

2,50,000

FAILURE TO DEDUCT TOS OR FURNISH

cted but 1.5% pm From the date of deduction of such tax to the actual date of payment of such tax	ucted but 1.5% pm From he date of deduction of such tax to the actual date of payment of such tax Nature of default Penalty
uted but 1.5% pm	ucted but 1.5% pm From the date of deduction of such tax to the actual date of payment of such tax Nature of default Penalty
The same of the sa	Nature of default
TDS of FDS	27114 Failure to file Return of TDS Re 100000 to Re 1000000
Failure to deduct TDS Failure to file Return of TDS	272A Fulture to issue Rich00 for every day of TDS certificate default may default

BASICS

Who shall deduce Progr	Paper
Am What & When	A'm What & When On specified payments at the time of Payment or credit
Bonefit to Assessment	Remefit to Assessee: If Tax is declare ted at the time of Payment or credit it will be allowed as deduction otherwise it will be disadlowed by Selfa) and be treated as increase of Assessee u/s 198.

SURCHARGE & CESS ON RATES OF TDS

t. In Case of Resident Payee / Deductee:

Companies Payee/ Deductee (i.e. to whom payment is made) Any other assessee

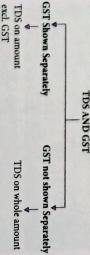
2. In Case of Non - Resident Payee / Deductee: Surcharge is mandotary at applicable rate.

cess be added, health & education No surcharge or

surcharge and education

cess is applicable.

Only in case of salary,



GST for this purpose shall include CGST, SGST, IGST & UTGST

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SEC 203A TAX DEDUCTION & COLLECTION A/C NO

- Every person, deducting tax/collecting tax must have TAN number
- 2) Quote TAN No
- > In all challans, in all certificates furnished, in all periodic statements, in all returns
- 3) TDS can be deducted in following section even if there is
- b) 194IB c) 194Q d) 194M e)194S

Sec 206AA(1)- If PAN not provided TDS at higher **SEC 206AA FURNISH OF PAN**

- (i) At the rate specified in Act; or (ii) At the rate or rates in force; or
- (iii) At the rate of 20%:
- # For Sec 1940/194Q TDS shall be 5%

deemed that the deductee has not furnished is invalid or does not belong to the deductee, it shall be Sec 206AA(6)- Where the PAN provided to the deductor

SEC 206AB TDS AT HIGHER RATE FOR NON FILLER OF ITR

cases where deductee Section applies to all other

A. He has not filled ROI for PPY.

> Rates in Following cases Deduct TDS as per Normal Section not applicable

B. TDS/ TCS in that year is 50000 or more.

higher of The TDS Deducted shall be

- (i) At twice the rate in Act
- (ii) At twice the rate in force;

Sec 194M Personal Pay Sec 194S Transfer of VDA Sec 194N Cash Withdraw

Sec 194LBC Interest Sec 194IB Rent Sec 194IA Acq of Property Sec 194BA Online Winning Sec 194BB Horse winning Sec 194B Winning Sec 192A EPF Sec 192 Salary

- (iii) At the rate of 5%

(ii)if he is not liable toi file ROI (i) NR who does not have PE in India Further Section is not applicable:

If 206AA & 206AB both applied TDS to be deducted @ higher rate given in both the section



SEC 200 DUTY OF DEDUCTOR

Due date of payments of TDS Deducted:

IF Tax is Deducted:

During April Feb : By 7th of Next Month By 30th April of Next FY

Due date of TDS Return(Statement)

31st Dec 30th June Quarter Ended 31st March 30th Sept TDS Return Due Date 31st Jan 31st Oct 31st July

SEC 197 CERTIFICATE FOR LOWER DEDUCTION

- Where TDS is required to be deducted & the AO is satisfied on an application made by the assessee in this behalf, give any lower rates or no deduction of income-tax, AO shall, to him such certificate as may be appropriate. that income of the recipient justifies TDS deduction at
- > Upon receipt of certificate the payer shall, until such certificate is canceled by the AO, deduct TDS at the rates specified in such certificate or deduct no tax, as the case

SEC 203 TDS CERTIFICATE

> Deductor shall within 15 days from due date of submission Employer shall furnish TDS Certificate Annually to of TDS Return shall furnish to payee TDS Certificate (Due Dates: 15 Aug/ 15 Nov /15 Feb /15 June)

SEC 200A PROCESSING OF TDS STATEMENTS

TDS return shall be processed to include:

- a) The sums deductible shall be computed after making th following adjustments, namely:
- ii) An incorrect claim, apparent from any information in the Any arithmetical error in the quarterly return; or
- b) The interest / fee, if any. quarterly return;
- d) The sum payable or amount of refund due to, the deductor shall be determined winnings comprised in such withdrawal, as well as on the remaining
- f) An intimation shall be prepared/generated & sent to amount of refund due to, him under clause (d); & deductor specifying the sum determined to be payable by
- g) The amount of refund due if any shall be granted to the

SEC 234E - FEES FOR NON FILLING OF

to pay, a sum of Rs. 200 for every day. Fails to file TDS Return in Sec 200 or 206C he shall be liable TDS/ TCS RETURN (STATEMENT)

SEC 201 CONSEQUENCES OF FAILURE TO DEDUCT OR PAY

Sec 201(1): Assessee in default he shall be liable to pay Interest u/s 220 & penalty u/s 221

following Conditions are satisfied. Deductor shall not be treated as Assessee as default if

- 1. Has furnished his return of income under section 139;
- 2. Has taken into account such sum for computing income in
- 3. Has paid the tax due on the income declared by him in such an accountant(in form 26A). ROI and the person furnishes a certificate to this effect from

month or part of a month on the amount TDS: For Late Deduction: Pay simple interest @ 1% for every Sec 201(1A):Interest for late deduction or Late payment of

by the person in accordance with such order. made by the Assessing Officer for the default for non Deduction or short deduction the interest shall be paid For Late Payment: Pay Simple Interest @ 1.5% for every month or part of a month on the amount where an order is

SEC 194B/BB TDS ON CASUAL INCOME & HORSE RACE WINNING

日本 日	
[Dedictor]	Any person
	Any person [R/NR]
	Amount > 10000 P.A.
Minc	30%
and of Deduction	are of Deduction At the time of payment

SEC 194BA TDS ON WINNING IN ONLINE GAMES

	[Deductor]	[Deductor] Person responsible for paying
	Payer [Deductee]	Payer [Districtee] Any person [R/NR]
ē	Payee Deductor	@ 30%
	Rate	Rate Anaduction At the time of payment
	Time of Decire the	Time of December there is a withdrawal from user account during the
T The	In a case when the	In a case with the deducted at the time of such withdrawal on the net
	FY, I Do smrise	comprised in such withdrawal, as well as on the remaining

responsible for paying shall, before releasing the winnings, ensure that tax has been paid in respect of the winnings. deduction of tax in respect of whole of the winnings, the person in kind but the part in cash is not sufficient to meet the liability of Where the winnings are wholly in kind or partly in cash and partly amount of net winnings in the user account.

SEC 194D TDS ON INSURANCE

Time of	Limit	Payeel	Payer Deductee	meductor	
At time of payment or credit whichever is earlier	5%	Amount > ₹15000 in a year	Agent	Insurance company	COMMISSION

SEC 194G TDS ON COMMISSION ON SALE OF LOTTERY TICKETS ETC

Time of Deduction Payer [Deductor] Payee[Deductee] At the time of payment or credit whichever ₹15000p.a. Any Person (Resident / NR) Stockist, distributor, etc. of lottery tickets

SEC 194 DIVIDENDS

Payer [Deductor]	Payer [Deductor] Principal officer of any Indian Co /FC who made
	arrangements for payment of dividends (includin dividends on preference shares) within India
Payee [Deductee]	Payee [Deductee] Shareholder being Resident
Limit	Exceed > 5000 p.a.
Rate	10%
Special Points	No TDS if Dividend paid to
	b) General Insurance Corporation or other
	Insurance Company
	c) business trust
	d) Any other person notified by the CG

SEC 194K TDS BY MUTUAL FUND

	Sp	Ħ	Ra	Li	Pa	Pa
	Special points	Time of Deduction	Rate [FA'20]	Limit	Payee[Deductee]	Payer [Deductor]
u/s 10(23D); or b) Units from the Administrator of the specified undertaking; or c) Units from the specified company, This section shall not apply a) if dividend does not exceed ₹5,000; or b) if the income is of the nature of CG.	TDS shall be deductible on income in respect of units - a) Units of a Mutual Fund specified	At the time of payment or credit whichever is earlier	10%	Exceed ₹ 5,000 PA	Any person (Resident)	Any person

SEC 194LA TDS ON COMPULSORY ACQUISITION OF BUILDING/ NON AGRICULTURE LAND

Payer [Deductor] Any Person	Any Person
Payee[Deductee]	Resident
Limit	Exceeds ₹2,50,000
Rate	10%
Time of	At the time of payment [State of Kerela Vs.
Deduction	Mariaama]
Other Condition	No TDS to be deducted if compulsory

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SEC 194C TDS ON PAYMENTS TO CONTRACTORS

ayee[Deductee]				yer [Deductor]
ayee[Deductee] Any person resident in India	Others- If Limit Exceed Prescribe limit	and payment in PY exceed Prescribe Limit	and Gross receipt from Profession exceed 501	yer [Deductor] I/HUF - If T/o of Business in PPY exceed 1cr

Pay

Pay

mit

- ₹ 30,000 for single payment/aggregate amount

\ate

Special points At the time of payment or credit whichever is No TDS is required in case of contracts of

personal In Nature

Deduction Time of

- 2. W.e.f. 01.06.2015 No TDS is required in Goods transport Business which owns less than 10 goods vehicle.
- Contract for sale of goods

Works:

- Advertisement
- Catering Broadcasting
- Carriage of goods or passenger by any mode other than railway

material purchased from such customer or his requirement/specification of a customer by using Manufacturing of Product according to relative u/s 40(A)(2),

be deducted: The section also provides that in above case TDS to

value is mentioned separately mentioned separately in the invoice; the invoice value of material, if such On invoice value excluding On whole of invoice valu if value of material is not

CERTAIN SUMS BY CERTAIN IND / HUF SEC 194M TDS ON PAYMENT OF

THE REAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS N	
Payer [Deductor]	Individual or a HUF (other than those who as required to deduct income-tax as per the provisions of sec 194C, sec 194H / sec 194I)
Payee[Deductee]	Any person [Resident]
Limit	Exceed ₹ 50L during a FY
Rate	5%
Special Points	> Sums, credited or paid to a resident during a F. Y.
	> Provisions of sec 203A shall not apply to a
	person required to deduct tax as per



provisions of this sec.

SEC 1941 TIDS ON PROFESSIONAL

300 15	ARC 134) I DO ON EKOEESSIONAL
Payer Deductor]	I/HUF - If T/o of Business in PPY exceed 1cr and Gross receipt from Profession exceed 50L and payment in PY exceed Prescribe Limit Others- If Limit Exceed Prescribe limit.
Payee Deductee]	Any person resident in India
Limit	₹ 30,000 PA except Directors fees
Rate	Technical Services (not being professional services) / royally in the nature of consideration for sale, distribution / exhibition of cinematographic films 2% Other Cases 10%
Time of Deduction	At the time of payment or credit whichever is earlier
Special points	2% in case of payee engaged in business of operation of call centre CBDT

SEC 194A TDS ON INTEREST OTHER THAN ON SECURITIES

Special Points No T	Time of At the Deduction is ea	Rate 10%	oper Fron banl	Payee [Deductee] Any Jimit Othe Banl	ayer [Deductor] Spec from exce	CHARLES AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE PART
No TDS of Following: Any banking company/co-op society/ LIC/ UT	At the time of credit or payment whichever is earlier.		operative society From 01.06.2015, If the bank has adopted core banking solution then limit will be per Bank w	Any person being Resident Others: If payment exceeds ₹5,000 Bank / PO / co-: If payment exceeds ₹40,000	Specified Person being I/HUF - If T/o of Business in PPY exceed Lcr and Gross receipt from Profession exceed 50L and payment in I exceed Prescribe Limit Others- If Limit Exceed Prescribe limit.	SENSON STATE OF THE PERSON

SEC 192A TDS ON BALANCE ON EPF

OLO TOME THE OTHER	
Payer [Deductor]	Trustee of EPF
Payee[Deductee]	Employee [R/NR]
Limit	If Amount exceed 50000
Rate	10%
Time of Deduction	At the time of payment

Limit

Exceeds ₹2,40,000 p.a. per co-owner

(including Advance Rent & Arrears of Rent)

4H TDS ON COMMISSION

	DDV areas I a
Payer (Dedoctor)	and Gross receipt from Profession exceed 501 and payment in PY exceed Prescribe Limit Others- If Limit Exceed Prescribe limit.
Payee[Deductee]	Any person being resident.
mit	Pay> ₹15000
Date	
Time of	At the time of payment or credit whichever is earlier.
Special Points	Commission or Brokerage other than those referred to in Sec 194 D & Sec 194 G
Circular & Decision	The transactions relating to Securities are not covered by sec 194H. However, TDS shall be deducted on brokerage/ commission paid for commodities transactions
	Where the content is produced TDS as per specifications provided u/s 194C

EC 194 TDS ON RENT PAYABLE OTHER

by the broadcaster/telecaster

In case TDS is required to be deducted u/s 206AA Other Points Deduction should not exceed rent for last month	Time of Deduction At the time of payment or credit whichever is earlier.	Rate Upto 5%	Limit Exceed ₹50000 per month	Pavee[Deductee] Any person Resident	Payer [Deductor] Individual/HUF
ired to be deducted u/s 206/ ot exceed rent for last mont	nent or credit whichever		month	nt .	

SEC 1941 TDS ON RENT

[Deductee] Any person resident in India		[Deductor] Gross reco
dent in India	Gross receipt from Protession exceed 50L and payment in PY exceed Prescribe Limit. Others- If Limit Exceed Prescribe limit.	I/HUF - If T/o of Business in PPY exceed 1cr and

Rate TDS is also required to be deducted on advance rent. 1. No TDS on Rent credited or paid to a business Trust. For use of P & M: 2% Circular No, 5/2001

Special points Where the share of each co-owner in the property is applicable to each co-owner separately. definite & ascertainable, the limit of 1.8L will be

Case: Landing & parking charges Airlines would attract 4. JAPAN AIRLINES CO, LTD, V, COMMISSIONER OF INCOME-TAX [SC

., No requirement to deduct tax at Source u/s 194-I on lease rent, made by a 'LESSEE' to a lessor, being a unit located in IFSC for lease of an Aircraft. [FA 2022] payment in the nature of lease rent or supplemental TDS u/s 194C & not u/s 194-I

Payee[Deductee] Resident Assessee Payer [Deductor] Any assessee

SEC 194IA TDS ON ACQ OF PROPERTY

r [Deductor]	I/HUF - If T/o of Business in PPY exceed 1cr and Gross receipt from Profession exceed 501 and payment in PY exceed Prescribe Limit. Others- If Limit Exceed Prescribe limit.
e[Deductee]	Any person being resident.
7	Pay> ₹15000
e of uction	At the time of payment or credit whichever is earlier.
jal Points	Commission or Brokerage other than those referred to in Sec 194 D & Sec 194 G
ular &	The transactions relating to Securities are not covered by sec 194H. However, TDS shall be deducted on brokerage/ commission paid for commodities transactions
	Where the content is produced TDS as per specifications provided u/s 194C

Deduction

purchased from a NR TDS u/s 195

2) If sellers jointly own a property and sells for a

total consideration of 50L or more, then sec 194-IA is attracted even if each co-owner's consideration is less than 50L.

1) Therefore, if the immovable property is 26QB and issue form 16B as certificate to payee. The Deductor shall remit the TDS to CG in form

In case sec 194-IA is attracted then purchaser

isn't required to obtain TAN, i.e, Tax

not applicable.

Deduction Account Number i.e, sec 203A is

Time of

SEC 194DA TDS ON LIP

naintenance, advance fee / similar which

al to the property

iture of club membership fee, car parking ation shall incl. all charges of the

u/s 10(10D)	
Conditions Amount should not be exempt	Special points
At the time of payment	Time of Deduction
5% on Amount received - Amount paid	Rate
Amount > ₹1,00,000 or more in a year	Limit
Any person resident in India	Payee[Deductee]
Any person	Payer [Deductor]

SEC 193 TDS ON INTEREST ON SECURITIES

Payer Deductor	Any person
Payee[Deductee]	Any person being Resident
Limit	Company: If payment exceeds ₹5,000 Local Authority: If payment exceeds
	₹10,000 corporation/ 7.75% savings (Taxable) Bonds 18
Rate	10%
Time of Deduction	At the time of credit or payment whichever is earlier.
Special points	No TDS of Following Interest payable to LIC/GIC or other insurer Interest payable on any security of the Central or State Govt, However, as per Finance Act, 2018 TDS shall be deducted on 7.75% Savings (Taxable) Bonds, 2018. "Indian Railway Finance Corporation Ltd, 54EC CG Bond" & "Power Finance Corporation Ltd, 54EC Capital Gains Bonds" [Not. 277.2018] Bonds" [Not. 277.2018] **we.f. 01.04.20.3 TDS would be deducted on Interest payable on securities even if it is

Pg

dematerialized form

SEC 194P DEDUCTION OF TAX IN CASE OF SPECIFIED SENIOR CITIZEN

Senior Citizen re	100 1	Payee (i) V (ii) (iii)	Payer "Spec the C in Of
The senior citizen is not required to file an income tax return.	TDS would be deducted by the specified bank after giving effect to the deduction allowable under Chapter VI-A and rebate allowable under section 87A, compute the total income of such specified senior citizen for the relevant AY and deduct income-tax on such total income on the basis of the rates in force & a declaration shall be submitted by Bank	Specified senior citizen" means an individual, being a resident in India— (i) Who is 75 years or more at any time during the PY; (ii) Who is having income of the nature of pension and (iii) Has furnished a declaration to the specified bank containing such particulars in such form and verified in such manner, as may be prescribed.	"Specified bank" means a banking company as the Central Government may, by notification in Official Gazette, specify;

SEC 194N TDS ON CASH WITHDRAW

The same of the sa	
Payer [Deductor]	Payer [Deductor] Banks, Co-op Society or Post Office
Payee[Deductee]	Any Assessee
Limit	Cash withdrawal > 1cr. in PY from 1 or more
	accounts maintained.
Rate	5%
Special Points	> If payee has not filed ROI for all the 3 AYs relevant to the 3 PYs for which the time limit to
	file u/s 139(1) has expired, immediately preceeding the PY in which the payment of the
(sum is made to him, the TDS deducted as follows:
	a) Amount withdrawn more than 20 lakhs
	but upto 1cr - 2%
=	b) amount withdrawn more than 1cr - 5%
	> Where the recipient is a co-operative
	society, the the limit would be 3 crore.
NO TDS u/s 1 194N is 2	1. Govt. 2. Banking co, Co-op, post office.
paid to 3.	4. White label ATM operator
7	5 Cash replenishment agency and tranchise

SEC 194R TDS ON PERQUISITE

Payer [Deductor]	Specified Person responsible for paying any sum I/HUF - If T/o of Business in PPY exceed 1cr and Gross receipt from Profession exceed 50L and payment in PY exceed Prescribe Limit Others- If Limit Exceed Prescribe limit.
Payee[Deductee]	Any person being Resident
Limit	Amount exceeding 20000 p.a.
Rate	10% of the value or aggregate of value of such benefit or perquisite:
Time of Deduction	Before providing such benefit or perquisite
Special points	Provisions shall apply whether benefit is in cash or i kind or partly in cash and partly in kind. In case where the benefit or perquisite is wholly in kind or partly in cash and partly in kind but such part in cas is not sufficient to meet the liability of TDS in respect whole of such benefit or perquisite, deductor shall, bef

SEC 194Q TDS FOR PURCHASE OF GOODS

releasing the benefit or perquisite, ensure that TDS required to be deducted has been paid.

		10 11 11 11 11 11 11	ey changer licensed by KBI and ent provided they satisfy other	_		agriculture produce market committee (apmc)	5. Cash replenishment agency and franchise agents of white label atm operator	Govt. Banking co, Co-op, post office. Banking correspondent as per RBI guideline White lahel ATM operator	society, the the limit would be 3 crore.		but upto 1cr - 2%	a) Amount withdrawn more than 20 lakhs	sum is made to him, the TDS deducted as	file u/s 139(1) has expired, immediately preceeding the PY in which the payment of the	relevant to the 3 PYs for which the time limit to	5% > If payer has not filed ROI for all the 3 AYs	accounts maintained.	Cash withdrawal > 1cr. in PY from 1 or more	-	tor] Banks, Co-op Society or Post Office	94N TDS ON CASH WITHDRAW		he senior citizen is not required to file an income tax	Hall or adollities of paris
Rate Time of Deduction	Rate		Limit	Payee[Deductee]	Payer [Deductor]	S	6. N	4. S 5. T		Other 2.1			(b)		(c)	(b)	on (a)	No TDS Th	TDS Rate 0.1	tin	Transaction val	Deductee Re	Deductor Bu	DEC 1940
	At the time of payment	At the avg rate of income tax	Basic Limit	Employee [R/NR]	Employer	SEC 192 TDS ON SALARY	1940. 6. No TDS under 1940 if transaction in securities is settle recognized clearing co-operation in IFSC	 Sec 1940 would not apply on E-auction services carrie out by E-auctionor through electronic portal 5. The payment gateway will not be required to deduct Tr und 1940 if TDS is done by E-Commerce operator und 	connected with PE in India. 194Q shall apply on advance payment also.	194Q applies to buyer being K/NK, but 194 Q does not apply to NR whose purchase of goods is not effectively	Limit of 50L shall be calculated from 01.04.2021	power exchanges. Me Hail	(d) Transaction in electricity, renewable energy Certifies	through RSE or settled by Clearing corporation inclu- located in IFSC.	Transaction in securities & commodities which are to	(b) Tax is collectible under the provisions of Sec 206C of	on which— (a) Tay is deductible under this Act, and	The provisions of this section shall not apply to a transac	0.1 per cent of such sum exceeding 50L rs.	time of credit or at the time of payment whichever is earl	For purchase of any goods of the value or aggregate of su value exceeding 50 lakh rupees in any previous year at the	Resident Seller	Buyer whose T/o in PPY exceeds 10cr	SEC 194Q TOS FOR PURCHASE OF GOOD

TCS

SEC 206C TCS PROVISIONS

Sec 206C(1) TCS on Alcohol/Timber/Scrap/Minerals

	-
> Alcholic liquior (human consumption)	1%
> Timber from forest Others	2.5%
> Other forest produce	2.5%
> Tender leaves	5%
> Scrap	1%
> Mineral	1%

>Rate of Tax is 2%. Sec 206C(1C) TCS on Parking/Toll/Mining Rights

Sec 206C(1F) TCS on Motor vehicle > 10 Lakhs



Sec 206C(1H) TCS on Sale of Goods

Other Points: 10 Lakhs Exceeding Turnover in PY Sum exceeding 50 Lakhs TCS @ 0.1% Buyer

 $_{\mbox{Sec}\, 206C(1\mbox{G})}$ TCS on Foreign Remittance & Foreign Tour > 206C(1H) v/s 194Q → 194Q > 194Q v/s 206C(1H) → 194Q

(B) Remittance (A) Overseas Tour Programme Any amount TCS @ 5% Between 1/4/23 to 30/6/2023 Any amount TCS @ 20% After 1/7/2023

Beyond 7L ₹ @ 0.5% is obtained education loan purpose after For education ja sakıba bui Naya hai pucha Between 1/4/23 to 30/6/2023 (without loan) & medical For education Beyond 7L Beyond 7L @5% remittance Remittance-Example: 101 purpose Other On or After 1/7/2023 > Other case: 20%

> For educational & $TCS = 4L \times 20\%$ 1/8/23 4L; (Any amount) Eg: Remittance on

SEC 206CA: TAX COLLECTION ACCOUNT NUMBER

Assessee shall quote TAN no: in all challans, certificates. 1. Every person collecting tax shall apply to the Assessing Officer for the allotment of a tax collection account number returns and other documents related to such transactions.

SEC 206CC: REQUIREMENT TO FURNISH PAN BY COLLECTEE

furnish such PAN, TCS shall be at higher of: Collectee shall furnish his PAN to the Collector, if he fail to

a. At twice the rate specified in the Act; or

b. @ 5%

not exceed 20%.[FA 2023] W.e.f. 01.07.2023 The Rate of TCS under this section shall

of either of Rate If 206CC and 206CCA both applied then TCS shall be higher

206AB (TDS)	206CCA (TCS)
If ROI Not Filed in PPY:	If ROI Not Filed in PPY:
TDS@:	TCS@:
1) Twice rate in force	1) Twice rate in Act
2) Twice rate in Act	2) 5%
3) 5%	Willest to mare
Which over ic higher	

on the amount of such TCS from from the date on which simple interest at the rate of 1% per month or part thereof such tax was collectible to the date on which the tax was If the person did not collect TCS he shall be liable to pay Sec 206C(7):Interest for default actually paid



www.ekatvamacademy.com/ www.vlearnclasses.com

Beyond 7L @ 0.5% purpose [after Beyond 7L @5% [W/T loan] medical purpose

TCS = 3L x

> For educational

Pg

or from Resident Indians on their return to

India, in Cash as per the directions or

guidelines issued by RBI

ADVANCE TAX

SEC 208 CONDITIONS OF LIABILITY TO PAY ADVANCE TAX

during a financial year in every case where the amount of tax Rs. 10,000 or more. payable by the assessee is Advance tax shall be payable

> Assessee Declaring Income U/s 44AD/44ADA.

CAPITAL GAIN & CASUAL INCOME PROVISO SEC 234 PAYMENT OF ADVANCE TAX IN CASE OF

- Advance tax is payable on all types of income.
- Estimating income which are generally unexpected Advance Tax should be paid in remaining installments after March of the relevant Financial Year. it is received or where no such installment is due, by 31st
- If the entire amount of tax payable is so paid, then no interest on late payment will be leviable

SEC 234B INTEREST FOR DEFAULTS IN PAYMENT OF ADVANCE TAX

Interest is payable if -

Where Estimated Tax Liability is Below 10000 as Computed.
 Individual resident being Senior Citizen who does not have

SEC 207 LIABILITY FOR PAYMENT

OF ADVANCE TAX

PGBP" Income.

- a) Advance tax paid during PY < 90% of Assessed tax
- b) No advance tax paid during the year

Assessed Tax means:

- 1. Where NO Assessment is made: 143(1)
- 2. Where Regular Assessment is made : 143(3)/144/147

credit, MAT or AMT Credits u/s 115JD, in case the As Reduced By: Relief u/s 89,90,91(DTAA), TDS/TCS tax regime provided u/s 115BAC(1A) [FA 2023]. assessee exercises the option of shifting out of the default

(ii) The total income declared in the return of income of any

subsequent PY, whichever is higher.

SEC 211 DUE DATES FOR PAYMENT

OF ADVANCE TAX OTHER THAN

PERSONS COVERED U/S 44AD/ADA

i) The total assessed income of the latest PY or due. AO can pass order upto last day of Feb of PY.

The AO shall compute advance tax by taking:

make order & ask assessee to pay advance tax in the installments

It assessee has not paid or short paid the advance tax AO may

ASSESSEE OF HIS OWN ACCORD OR IN

PURSUANCE OF ORDER OF AO

SEC 210 PAYMENT OF ADV TAX BY

Paid	not or Short	Advance Tax
month	not or Short X or part of a A	1% per month
	actual Date of Payment.	From 1st April of AY till the

Common in sec 234A & 234B:

been modified, the interest shall be altered accordingly, and (i) If interest is increased, the AO shall serve on the assessee a Revision the amount of tax on which interest was payable has Where as a result of Rectification order or Order of Appeal or notice of demand.

Due date of installments

On or before Companies & Other assessee

Not less than 15% of Adv. Tax liability

- (ii) If interest is reduced, excess interest paid, shall be refunded a) Tax on total income as determined u/s 143(1) shall not
- b) Tax on the total income determined under regular assessment shall not include the additional income-tax include the additional income-tax, and payable u/s 140B.

IMP Hai



SEC 234C INTEREST FOR DEFERMENT OF ADVANCE TAX

t Deferred x Rate x Period.

pd	b. Rate 1% for ev	Deferred Tax as per ROI Amount Tox as per ROI OTAA), MATA Asserbe assesses shifting out of t provided under
Q1 /Q2/Q3 - Interest for 3 months for all Installment. In case of last Quarter, Q4	1% for every month or part of a month	L. Interest Fayable = Amount Deterror Services Deferred Tax as per ROI (-) by Relief u/8 89/90/91 (DTAA), MAT/AMT credit, TDS & TCS. in case the assesse exercises the option of shifting out of the default tax regime provided under sec 115BAC (IA) [FA 2023] [Refer Point D]

2. Other Points:

- A. No Interest shall be levied if assessee paid advance tax upto 12% in Q1 & 36% in Q2.
- C. No Interest u/s 234C if short fall is due to B. An assessee who declares PGBP as per sec 44AD(1) / 44ADA(1), 1 month if Advance tax is not paid by 15th March. then, the assessee shall be liable to pay simple interest @ 1% for
- i) Failure to estimate capital gains; or
- ii) Failure to Estimate Casual Income; or
- iii) Income under the head "PGBP" accrues or arises for the first
- iv) The amount of dividend income and the assessee has paid been a part of the total income. the whole of the amount of tax payable had such income
- D. CBDT Clarified- Advance Tax paid if any till 15th march shall also be reduced for calculating Interest u/s 234C

SEC 209 COMPUTATION OF ADVANCE TAX

Particulars	Amt.
Income under the 5 heads of income	XXX
Adjustment in respect of B/F loss and allowance	XXX
GROSS TOTAL INCOME	XX
Less: Deduction admissible under Chapter VI-A	(xxx)
TAXABLE INCOME	XXX
Tax on Taxable Income	XX
Less: Rebate u/s 87A	(XXX)
TAX PAYABLE	XXX
Add: Surcharge	XX
NET TAX PAYABLE	XX
Less: Relief under Sec. 89, 90, 90A, 91	(xxx)
To liability	XXX
Tax Haumiy	(xxx)
Less: 1D3/1C3	(xxx)
ADVANCE TAX	XX

SEC 218 WHEN ASSESSEE DEEMED TO BE IN DEFAULT

as per order of the AO u/s 210 he shall be deemed to be an If any assessee does not pay on the date specified in sec 211 or assessee in default in respect of such installment(s).

GAINS / CASUAL INCOME PROVISO ADVANCE TAX IN CASE OF CAPITAL **TO SEC 234**

- 1) Advance tax is payable on all types of income, including capital gains & winnings of lotteries, crossword puzzles, etc
- However, it is not normally possible for an assessee to installment is due, by 31st March of the relevant FY. If the be paid in remaining installments or where no such tax payable (after deduction of tax at source, if any) should income arises after the due date then, the entire amount of which are generally unexpected. Therefore if any such estimate his capital gains or winnings from lotteries, etc late payment will be leviable entire amount of tax payable is so paid, then no interest on



Particulars	Amt.
Income under the 5 heads of income	XXX
Adjustment in respect of B/F loss and allowance	XXX
CROSS TOTAL INCOME	XX
Less: Deduction admissible under Chapter VI-A	(xxx)
TAYARI E INCOME	XXX
Tayable Income	XXX
lax on Laxable meeting	(xxx)
Less: Nevate al ochin	
TAX PAYABLE	XX
Ad. Surcharge	XX
THE DAVABLE	ğ
NET INVITABLE	1
Less: Relief under Sec. 89, 90, 90A, 91	(xxx)
Tor liability	XXX
TDS/TCS	(xxx)
Less: 1207 100	(xxx)
Less: Mary / LESS	XX



4. If any assessee does not pay any installment within due date

No interest shall be leviable.

he shall be deemed to be an assessee in default in respect of

such installment.

3. If due date for payment of any installment is banking

March shall also be treated as advance tax.

holiday, and payment is made on the next working days,

2. Any amount paid by way of advance tax on or before the 31st

March(100%)

15th March

The whole amt of Adv. Not less than 75% of Adv. Not less than 45% of Adv.

15th Sept 15th Dec. 15th June

Person covered u/s 44AD/ADA to pay Advance Tax by 15th

RETURN OF INCOME

MANDATORY FILLING OF ROI

every person.

- 1) Being a company or a firm; or
- 2) Being a person other than a company or a firm, if his total income or the total income of any other person in respect of which he is assessable under this-Act during the PY exceeds basic exemption
- 3) A person being resident other than not ordinarily resident in
- b) Who is a beneficial owner of any asset (incl Financial asset) a) A beneficiary of any asset (incl Financial asset) or signing authority outside India;
- or signing authority outside India;
- 4) Being an individual / HUF or AOP / BOI / AJP
- If his total income or total income of any other person in respect of which he is assessable under this Act during PY,
- > Without claiming deduction of Sec 10(38)/10A/10B/10BA/54/ 54B/54D/54EC/54F/54G/54GA /54GB/80C to 80U
- > Exceeded max amount which is not chargeable to IT.
- 5) Any person (other than a company or a firm): > Has deposited an amount (or aggregate of the amounts) maintained with a banking company or a co-operative bank; or exceeding 1 cr rupees in one(or)more current accounts
- > Has incurred expenditure of an amount (or aggregate of person for travel to a foreign country; or amounts) exceeding 2 lakh rupees for himself / any other
- > Has incurred expenditure of an amount (or aggregate of the amounts) exceeding one lakh rupees towards consumption of IMP Hail

Casa	Case Transactions 1	Limits
1) A person carrying	His total sales, or	>₹ 60 lakhs during the
on business	may be, in the business	relevant P.Y.
2) A person carrying	His total gross receipts >₹ 10 lakhs during the relevant P.Y.	>₹ 10 lakhs during the relevant P.Y.
on business	in profession	relevant P.1.
(a) A resident	The aggregate of TDS	>₹ 50,000 during the
individual who is	individual who is and TCS in his case	relevant P.Y.
aged ≥ 60 yrs at		
any time during		
_		- ar and during the
(b) Any other	The aggregate of TDS and TCS in his case	relevant P.Y.
ings	The deposit in one or more savings bank	>₹ 50 lakhs during the relevant P.Y.
	in aggregate	

such form and verified in such manner and setting forth such Shall furnish a return of his income on or before the due date in other particulars, as may be prescribed.

DUE DATE OF FILING ROI U/S 139(1

TP report TP report ₹ 31thOct Not liable to Due date of Filling Return Tax Audit 31th Oct Other than Co. Tax Audit Not liable to

FEE FOR DEFAULT IN FURNISHING ROL U/S 234F

date. However, if Total income does not exceed 5lakhs, Fees shall not exceed 1,000 A fees of 5,000 shall be payable if ROI furnished after the due

SEC 139(4A) CHARITABLE/RELIGIOUS TRUST/INSTITUTION

file ROI. 12 exceeds the basic exemption limit, then trust is required to If total income without giving effect to provisions of sec 11 and

- # Audit is also mandatory is Income >BEL
- # Due date of Filling ROI 31st Oct
- # Sec 272A penalty for Non Compliance ₹100 for every day # Fees is also applicable in Addition to Sec 272A

SEC 139(4B) POLITICAL PARTY

If the total income without giving effect to the provisions of sec 13A exceeds the basic exemption limit, then PP is required

- # Audit is also mandatory.
- # Due date of Filling ROI 31st Oct

SEC 139(4C) SPECIFIC ENTITIES

- Medical/Institution Section applicable to SPECIFIED ENTITY (LIKE Hospital
- > If the total income without giving effect to the provisions of are required to file ROI. sec 10, exceeds the basic exemption limit, then these entities
- # Due date can either be 31st July/31st Oct
- # Fees is also applicable in Addition to Sec 272A # Sec 272A penalty for Non Compliance Rs 100 for every day,

SEC 139(4D) UNIVERSITY, COLLEGE, OTHER INSTITUTION

All of the above which are approved u/s 35 - ROI is MANDATORY

SEC 139(4E) BUSINESS TRUST

REIT / INVIT - ROI is MANDATORY

SEC 139(3) LOSS RETURN

on time u/s 139(1). However 2 losses can be carried forward even if ROI not filled on time RACES is allowed to be carried forward only if return is filled Loss under the head PGBP/ CAPITAL GAINS/ O&M HORSE

a. Unabsorbed depreciation &

SEC 139(4) BELATED RETURN

allowed to him u/s 139(1) or 142(1) may furnish this belated Any person who has not furnished a return within the time

> co-operative bank, or a Post Office account with a banking co or a current account or cash credit

> > which he intends to open such Atleast 7 days before the date on

B. Before the completion of assessment (u/s 144). A. By 31st December of relevant AY (3M Prior to end of AY) OR

Whichever is Earlier.

SEC 139(5) REVISED RETURN

A. By 31st December of relevant AY (3 M Prior to end of A furnish a revised return as under: discovers any omission or any wrong statement therein, he If any person, having furnished a return u/s 139(1)/139(4)

B. Before the completion of assessment (u/s. 144). Whichever is Earlier.

SEC 139(9) DEFECTIVE RETURN

him an opportunity to rectify the defect within 15 days else The Assessing officer may intimate the defect to assessee &

return is invalid BULK RETURN SEC 139(IA)/OPTION TO FURNISH ROI TO EMPLOYER

return of income of eligible employee may furnish his return of inco The Scheme is optional & provides an additional mode of furnishing

in the prescribed form. 39A PERMANENT ACCOUNT NUMBI

C AVAILA			Ξ
La for PAN	Time limit for Application of PAN	(2)	5
rsons required to appro-	roms required to appry On or before the 31st May of the AY for which such income is assessable AY for which such income is assessable	(2)	2 0
cells Basic Exemption Lines; or ceeds Basic Exemption on any business or cry person carrying on ales, turnover or cry person whose total sales, turnover or			0 77
fession series is likely to exceed series receipts are or is likely to exceed series and py py likely to furnish	ST. EV (DV)	(3)	f. A
5 lakus in ho is required to furnish by person who is required to furnish by person who is 139(4A)	Before the end of that FY (PY)	3	0 1
nurn of lines person being a resident, other than ry person being a resident into a ndividual, which enters into a ncial transaction of an amount regating to Rs. 2,50,000 or more in a	On or before 31st May of the immediately following FY		0 0
yperson who is a MD, partner, yperson who is a MD, partner, ee, author, founder, karta, CEO, ge, author, founder,	On or before 31st May of the immediately following FY in which the person referred above enters into		0
on rempetent to act on behalf of such			

Every person, if deposit cash in his Atleast 7 days before the date one or more a/c with a bank, co-op |on which he intends to deposit cash over the specified limit, i.e., ₹ 20 lakh or more.

Any person, who intends to open a withdraw cash from his one or more Every person, who intends to accounts during a FY is ₹ 20 lakh or cash over the specified limit, i.e. such accounts during a FYis bank or post office, in aggregate in ₹ 20 lakh or more. which he intends to withdraw Atleast 7 days before the date on

>Non-Compliance of Sec 139A or quoting wrong PAN, Penalty return cannot be considered as defective - Expl 139(9) Expl: CBDT can specify class or classes of person for whom of ₹10,000 for each default is leviable u/s 272B

Non In case of failure to inti Compliance Allotted shall be deeme
Non In case of failure to intimate Addhaar number, FAI Compliance Allotted shall be deemed to be invalid inoperative

Accordingly, Rule 114AAA specifies the manner of making permanent account number inoperative [FA 2023]:

q	Sub-Rule	FIOVISION
me		If a person, who has been allotted PAN as on 1st July, 2017 and is required to intimate his Aadhaar number u/s 139AA(2), has failed
		to intimate the same on or before 31st March, 2022, the PAN of
		such person would become inoperative and he would be liable for
×		payment of fee in accordance with section 234H read with Rule
] [114(5A) i.e., ₹ 1.000.
Z		Where such person who has not intimated his Aadhaar number
	(2)	on or before 31st March, 2022, has intimated his Aadhaar
		number under section 139AA(2) after 31st March, 2022, after
_		payment of fee specified in section 234H read with Rule 114(5A),
_		his PAN would become operative within 30 days from the date
_		of intimation of Aadhaar number.
_		A person, whose PAN has become inoperative, would be liable for
1	(1)	following further consequences for the period commencing
_	(-)	1/07/2023[Circular No. 3/2023 dated 28th March, 2023]
		(i) No refund of any amount of tax or part thereof, due under the
_		provisions of the Act:
_		(ii) Interest would not be payable on such retund for the period,
-		beginning with the date specified under (4) below and ending

(iii) Where tax is deductible at source in case of such person, such tax shall be deducted at higher rate, in accordance with with the date on which it becomes operative:

provisions of section 206AA;

iv) Where tax is collectible at source in case of such person, such tax shall be collected at higher rate, in accordance with provisions of section 206CC

Person not eligible:

- > Chartered Accountant.
- > Any legal practitioner who is entitled to Practice in any civil court in India.
- > An employee of the specified class or classes of person.
- # Return which cannot be filled by TRP:
- >Person covered under Tax Audit
- > Revised return if original return is not made by TRP
- > Person not resident in India

SEC 139(8A) UPDATED RETURN

- Who can submit updated return : Any person whether (5(RR)) for an AY. (or not) he has furnished a return u/s 139(1)/(4(BR))/
- 2. Time-limit: at any time within 24 months from the end of the relevant AY.

When updated return cannot be submitted -

- 1. If updated return is a return of a loss.
- 2. If updated return has the effect of decreasing the total tax basis of return. liability or results in refund or increases the refund due on the

end of the relevant AY

- 3. If Search has been initiated u/s 132 or books, other documents conducted u/s 133A (other than Sec 133A (2) /133A(5). or any assets are requisitioned u/s 132A or a survey has been
- 4. A notice has been issued to the effect that any money, bullion, other person belongs to Assessee, or seized or requisitioned u/s 132 or sec. 132A in the case of any jewelery or valuable article or thing or Books or Documents,
- 5. An updated return has already been furnished by him IMP Hail u/s 139(8A) for the RAY. or
- Any proceeding for assessment/reassessment/re-computation/ revision of income is pending or has been completed for that
- 7. The AO has information in respect possession under
- a. The POMLA, 2002 or
- b. The Black Money (undisclosed foreign income & Assets) & imposition of Tax Act or
- c. The prohibition of Benami property transaction Act 1988
- d. The Smugglers and Foreign Exchange Manipulators (Forfeiture of property) Act, 1976 and the same has been return u/s 139(8A), or communicated to him, prior to the date of his filling of
- 8. Information has been received under DTAA and the same has been communicated to him, prior to the date of filing of return u/s 139(8A), or
- 9. Any prosecution proceedings have been initiated for the relevant AY in respect of such person,
- 10. He is a person or belongs to a class of persons, as may be notified by the Board in this regard

CALCULATION OF TAX ON UPDATED RETURN [SEC 1408]

Where assessee has not furnished return earlier

The tax payable after Reducing:

b. TDS/TCS; a. Advance Tax (already paid);

d. AMT credit/ MAT credit u/s 115JAA/115JD. c. Relief of tax claimed u/s 89/90/90A/91;

Such updated return shall also be accompanied by proof of payment u/s 23F.

payment of such Tax, additional Tax, interest and fee.

the account of following : The tax payable should be computed after taking into Where assessee has furnished return earlier

Amount of Tax paid Earlier

b. TDS/TCS

c. Any MAT/AMT credit > The aforesaid tax shall be increased by the amount of > The updated return shall be accompanied by proof of refund, if any, issued in respect of earlier return.

Computation of additional Tax-

Additional tax payable shall be calculated as follows-

expiry of time available u/s 139(4)/(5) tax (+SC+HEC) and If updated return is furnished after the 25 % of aggregate of but before completion of 12 months from the end of the RAY interest as computed

completion of 24 months from the the expiry of 12 months but before It updated return is furnished after interest as computed tax (+SC+HEC) and 50 % of aggregate of





ALL INDIA RANKER'S

5. Change your book in 1 year, so as to get them updated, Its better to Refer Fast Track Course









COMMERCE KE LIYE HAMESHA PRATHAM

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