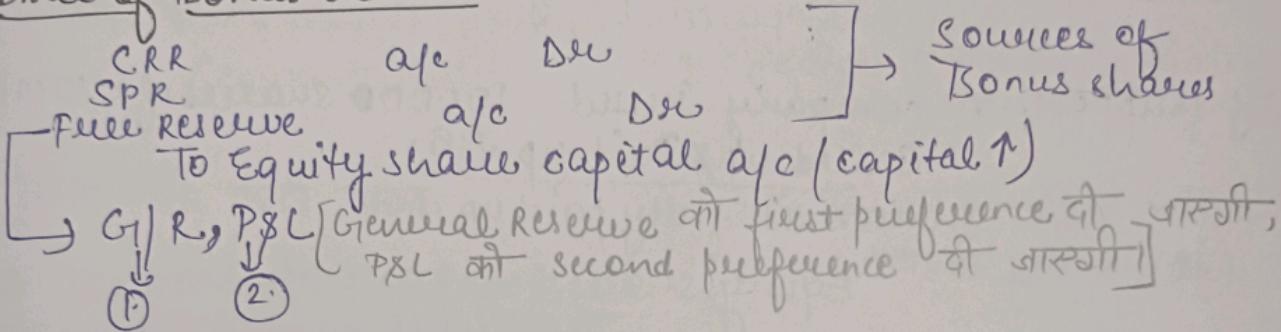


## BONUS ISSUE AND RIGHT ISSUE

↓  
 Bonus shares | Bonus share issued but received nothing  
 free shares  
 Bonus shares are those shares which are issued by company without any consideration.

### Issue of Bonus shares



### Balance sheet

Equity share capital	100000 E.S of ₹ 10 each	100000
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Reserve & Surplus		
Capital Reserve		50000
Capital Res. Reserve		20000
SPR		10000
General Reserve		15000
P&L a/c		3000

Company decides to issue bonus share 1 for every two  
 Prepare Journal Entries.

10000 shares F.V 10₹/share

Bonus 1 for every 2

$$\frac{10000 \times 1}{2} = 5000 \text{ shares } 10\text{₹/share}$$

CRR	a/c	Dr	20000	Sources of Bonus shares
SPR	a/c	Dr	10000	
G/R	a/c	Dr	15000	
P&L	a/c	Dr	5000	
			50000	
			50000	

To Bonus issue

Bonus issue a/c Dr 50000  
 To Equity share capital a/c 50000

"Bonus is Basically capitalization of Profits."

### Point to Remember

1. Issue of Bonus must be authorized by Articles of Association.

2. Bonus share can be issued to fully paid up shares.

If there are any partly paid up shares, then convert them into fully paid up.

Eg. Suppose A company issued 100000 shares of ₹10 each  
 Called up & Paid up. ₹8.

अबसे पहले shares को fully paid up करना होगा और उसके लिए entry होगी - Equity share final call a/c Dr  
 To E. Share Capital a/c

Shareholder  
 pay the money

Bank a/c Dr  
 To E. Share final call a/c

If shareholder  
 Did not pay

Reserve & Surp. a/c Dr  
 To E. Share final call a/c

Eg. 1000 shares Partly paid up. Out 1000 only 950 shares call money paid 50 shares call money un Paid. [This case depend on the Question]

### Illustration:

No. of Bonus shares  $\rightarrow \frac{40000}{4} \times 1 = 10000$  shares

SPR	a/c	Dr 30000	shares
capital Red. Reserve	a/c	Dr 55000	
G/R	a/c	Dr 15000	
To Bonus to shareholder a/c 100000			

Bonus to shareholder a/c Dr 100000

To Equity share capital a/c 100000

## Right shares

Whenever company needs more funds

then company gives an option to its existing shareholder  
to subscribe the shares at lesser than m.v.

Eg. F.V = ₹ 10      Existing S.H  $\Rightarrow$  Right shares at ₹ 25  
M.P = ₹ 35

Still it is issue of shares at premium.

Value of Right  $\Rightarrow$  Current Right  
Price of share  
(Current M.P.)

- Ex Right Price  
of share

(Current shares  $\times$  Current M.P.  
+ Right share  $\times$  Right Price)

$\div$   
Current shares + Right share)

Eg 10000 shares      F.V = ₹ 25  
C.M.P = ₹ 15

Company is offering 2 right shares every 5 held at ₹ 8/share  
Calculate value of right.

Ex Right Value  $\left( \frac{10000 \times 15 + 4000 \times 8}{10000 + 4000} \right)$

$\Rightarrow$  ₹ 13

Value of Right  $\Rightarrow$  C.M.P - Ex Right Price  
 $\Rightarrow$  ₹ 15 - ₹ 13  
 $\Rightarrow$  ₹ 2

Illustration 2. i) Share Capital a/c deb 125000  
To Equity share capital 125000

G/R a/c deb 125000

To Bonus to shareholders a/c 125000

Bonus to Shareholders a/c deb 125000  
To Equity share capital a/c 125000