Marathon 4

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Schedule

Date (Day)	Торіс
12-06-2023 (Monday)	Time Value of Money
13-06-2023 (Tuesday)	Logical Reasoning
14-06-2023 (Wednesday)	Measures of Central Tendency and Dispersion
15-06-2023 (Thursday)	Ratio, Proportion, Indices, Logarithms; Linear Inequalities
16-06-2023 (Friday)	Equations; Statistical Description of Data
17-06-2023 (Saturday)	Sequence and Series
18-06-2023 (Sunday)	Sets, Relations, and Functions
19-06-2023 (Monday)	Correlation and Regression
20-06-2023 (Tuesday)	Index Numbers
21-06-2023 (Wednesday)	Permutations and Combinations
22-06-2023 (Thursday)	Probability
23-06-2023 (Friday)	Theoretical Distributions

Highlights









Conceptual Revision

Question Based Revision Last Day Preparation Tips

Questions to Revise on the day before Exam

Chapter 1 – Ratio, Proportion, Indices, Logarithms



S.	Ratio	Proportion	Indices	Logarithms
No.				
1.	Ratio exists only between quantities of same kind.	Cross Product Rule If $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d}$, then ad = bc.	$a^n = a \times a \times a$ $\times a \times \times a$ (<i>n</i> times)	$2^3 = 8$ is expressed in terms of Logarithms as $\log_2 8 = 3$. It is read as log 8 to the base 2 is 3
2.	Quantities to be compared must be in the same units.	Invertendo If $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d}$, then $\frac{b}{a} = \frac{d}{c}$.	$a^{-n} = \frac{1}{a^n}$	$\log_a 1 = 0$
3.	To compare ratios, use calculator.	Alternendo	$a^0 = 1$	$\log_a a = 1$

If $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d}$, then $\frac{a}{c} = \frac{b}{d}$, or, $\frac{d}{b} = \frac{c}{a}$		
4. If a quantity Componendo a^{r} increases or a^{r} a^{r}	$a^m \times a^n =$ a^{m+n}	$\log_a(mn) = \log_a m$
decreases in the $\lim_{d \to a} \frac{1}{d}$, then		$\log_a n$
$\begin{vmatrix} \text{ratio } a : b, \text{ then new} \\ \text{quantity} = b \text{ of the} \end{vmatrix} \frac{a+b}{b} = \frac{c+d}{d}.$		
original quantity/a. b a		
The fraction by		
which the original		
quantity 18 multiplied to get a		

	new quantity is called the factor multiplying ratio. (This is basically unitary method.)			
5.	Inverse Ratio – The inverse ratio of a/b is b/a .	Dividendo If $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d}$, then $\frac{a-b}{b} = \frac{c-d}{d}$	$\frac{a^m}{a^n} = a^{m-n}$	$\log_a\left(\frac{m}{n}\right) = \log_a m - \log_a n$
6.	Compound Ratio – The multiplication of two or more ratios	Componendo and Dividendo	$\left(a^{m} ight)^{n} = a^{mn}$ = $\left(a^{n} ight)^{m}$	$\log_a(m^n) = n\log_a m$

	is called compound ratio. The compound ratio of a:b and $c:d$ is $ac:bd$.	If $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d}$, then $\frac{a+b}{a-b} = \frac{c+d}{c-d}$.		
7.	Duplicate Ratio – A ratio compounded of itself is called a Duplicate Ratio. The duplicate ratio of $a : b$ is $a^2 : b^2$.	Addendo If $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d} = \frac{e}{f} =,$ then each of these ratios is equal to $\frac{a+c+e+}{b+d+f+}$, i.e.,	$\left(ab\right)^{n} = a^{n}b^{n}$ $\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{n} = \frac{a^{n}}{b^{n}}$	$\log_a m = \frac{\log_b m}{\log_b a}$

8.
$$\begin{vmatrix} \frac{a}{b} = \frac{a+c+e+\dots}{b+d+f+\dots};\\ \frac{c}{d} = \frac{a+c+e+\dots}{b+d+f+\dots};\\ \frac{c}{d} = \frac{a+c+e+\dots}{b+d+f+\dots};\\ \frac{e}{f} = \frac{a+c+e+\dots}{b+d+f+\dots}.\\ \end{vmatrix}$$
Sub-Duplicate Ratio - The sub-
duplicate ratio of a
: b is $\sqrt{a} : \sqrt{b}$.
Subtrahendo
If $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d} = \frac{e}{f} = \dots,$
then each of these ratios is equal to
 $\frac{a-c-e-\dots}{b-d-f-\dots}$, i.e., $a^{\frac{m}{n}} = \sqrt[n]{a^m}$

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9.Triplicate Ratio -
The triplicate ratio
of
$$a: b$$
 is $a^3: b^3$. $a^{\log_a n} = n$ 10.Sub-Triplicate
Ratio - The sub- $\log_{a^q} n^p = \frac{p}{q} \log_a n$

triplicate ratio of <i>a</i> :		
b is $\sqrt[3]{a}:\sqrt[3]{b}$.		

If A : B = 3 : 5, B : C = 5 : 4, C : D = 2 : 3, and D is 50% more than E, find the ratio between A and E.

(a) 2:3(b) 3:4(c) 3:5(d) 4:5



Find the value of $\sqrt{6561} + \sqrt[4]{6561} + \sqrt[8]{6561}$ (a) 81 (b) 93 (c) 121 (d) 243



Find the value of
$$\log \frac{x^n}{y^n} + \log \frac{y^n}{z^n} + \log \frac{z^n}{x^n}$$
.
(a) -1 (b) 0 (c) 1 (d) 2



If
$$\frac{8^n \times 2^3 \times 16^{-1}}{2^n \times 4^2} = \frac{1}{4}$$
, then the value of *n*
(a) 1 (b) 3 (c) $\frac{3}{2}$ (d) $\frac{2}{3}$



If $\log_{10} 5 + \log_{10} (5x+1) = \log_{10} (x+5) + 1$, then x is equal to: (a) 1 (b) 3 (c) 5 (d) 10



If
$$xy + yz + zx = -1$$
, then the value of $\left(\frac{x+y}{1+xy} + \frac{z+y}{1+zy} + \frac{x+z}{1+zx}\right)$ is:
(a) xyz (b) $-\frac{1}{yz}$ (c) $\frac{1}{xyz}$ (d) $\frac{1}{x+y+z}$



The salaries of *A*, *B* and *C* are in the ratio 2:3:5. If increments of 15%, 10% and 20% are allowed respectively to their salary, then what will be the new ratio of their salaries?

(a) 23 : 33 : 60 (b) 33 : 23 : 60 (c) 23 : 60 : 33 (d) 33 : 60 : 23



If A : B = 5 : 3, B : C = 6 : 7, and C : D = 14 : 9, then the value of A : B : C : D is: (a) 20 : 14 : 12 : 9 (b) 20 : 9 : 12 : 14 (c) 20 : 9 : 14 : 12 (d) 20 : 12 : 14 : 9



X and Y have their present ages in the ratio 6 : 7. 14 years ago, the ratio of the ages of the two was 4 : 5. What will be the ratio of their ages 21 years from now?

(a) 7 : 11 (b) 9 : 10 (c) 8 : 11 (d) 11 : 13



If
$$x = \sqrt{3} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$
, then $\left(x - \frac{\sqrt{126}}{\sqrt{42}}\right) \left(x - \frac{1}{x - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}}\right) = ?$
(a) 5/6 (b) 6/5 (c) 2/3





Find the value of a from the following: $(\sqrt{9})^{-5} \times (\sqrt{3})^{-7} = (\sqrt{3})^{-a}$

(a) 11 (b) 13 (c) 15 (d) 17



If $\log_a(ab) = x$, then $\log_b(ab) = ?$

(a)
$$1/x$$
 (b) $\frac{x}{1+x}$ (c) $\frac{x}{x-1}$ (d) None



A vessel contained a solution of acid and water in which water was 64%. Four litres of the solution were taken out of the vessel and the same quantity of water was added. If the resulting solution contains 30% acid, the quantity (in litres) of the solution, in the beginning in the vessel, was:

(a) 12 (b) 36 (c) 24 (d) 27



If
$$\log_4 x + \log_{16} x + \log_{64} x + \log_{256} x = \frac{25}{6}$$
, then the value of x is:
(a) 64 (b) 4 (c) 16 (d) 2



If
$$x^2 + y^2 = 7xy$$
, then $\log \frac{1}{3}(x+y) = ?$
(a) $(\log x + \log y)$ (b) $\frac{1}{2}(\log x + \log y)$ (c) $\frac{1}{3}(\log x + \log y)$ (d) $3(\log/\log y)$



Value of
$$\left[9^{n+\frac{1}{4}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3 \cdot 3^n}}{3 \cdot \sqrt{3^{-n}}}\right]^{\frac{1}{n}}$$

(a) 9 (b) 27 (c) 81 (d) 3



If $3^x = 5^y = 75^z$, then:

(a)
$$x + y - z = 0$$
 (b) $\frac{2}{x} + \frac{1}{y} = \frac{1}{z}$ (c) $\frac{1}{x} + \frac{2}{y} = \frac{1}{z}$ (d) $\frac{2}{x} + \frac{1}{z} = \frac{1}{y}$



A bag contains ₹187 in the form 1 rupee, 50 paise and 10 paise coins in the ratio 3:4:5. Find the number of each type of coins.

(a) 102, 136, 170 (b) 136, 102, 170 (c) 170, 102, 136 (d) None



$\log_e x + \log(1+x) = 0$ is equivalent to: (a) $x^2 + x + e = 0$ (b) $x^2 + x - e = 0$ (c) $x^2 + x + 1 = 0$ (d) $x^2 + x - 1 = 0$



If $x = 3^{\frac{1}{4}} + 3^{-\frac{1}{4}}$, and $y = 3^{\frac{1}{4}} - 3^{-\frac{1}{4}}$, then the value of $3(x^2 + y^2)^2$ will be: (a) 12 (b) 18 (c) 46 (d) 64



Find the value of
$$(x + y)$$
, if $\left(x + \frac{y^3}{x^2}\right)^{-1} - \left(\frac{x^2}{y} + \frac{y^2}{x}\right)^{-1} + \left(\frac{x^3}{y^2} + y\right)^{-1} = \frac{1}{3}$.
(a) 1/3 (b) 3 (c) $\frac{1}{2}$ (d) 2



If
$$pqr = a^x$$
, $qrs = a^y$, $rsp = a^z$, then find the value of $(pqrs)^{\frac{1}{2}}$.
(a) a^{x+y+z} (b) $a^{\sqrt{x+y+z}}$ (c) $a^{\sqrt[4]{x+y+z}}$ (d) $(a^{x+y+z})^{\frac{1}{4}}$



The ratio of the earnings of two persons 3:2. If each saves 1/5th of their earnings, the ratio of their savings is:

(a) 2:3 (b) 3:2 (c) 4:5 (d) 5:4



If $x = 5^{\frac{1}{3}} + 5^{-\frac{1}{3}}$, then $5x^3 - 15x$ is given by: (a) 25 (b) 26 (c) 27 (d) 30



The value of
$$\log_5\left(1+\frac{1}{5}\right) + \log_5\left(1+\frac{1}{6}\right) + \dots + \log_5\left(1+\frac{1}{624}\right)$$

(a) 2
(b) 3
(c) 5
(d) 0



 $\log_{2\sqrt{2}} (512) : \log_{3\sqrt{2}} 324 =$ (a) 128 : 81
(c) 3 : 2

(b) 2 : 3 (d) None



 $\log_{0.01} 10,000$

(a) 2 (b) -2 (c) 4 (d) -4



Question 28 – MTP June, 2023

The value of
$$\frac{64(b^4a^3)^6}{\left[4(a^3b)^2 \times (ab)^2\right]}$$
(a) $16a^{10}b^{20}$ (b) $4a^{20}b^{10}$ (c) $8a^{10}b^{20}$ (d) $4a^{10}b^{20}$



Question 29 – December, 2022; MTP June, 2023

Four persons A, B, C, D wish to share a sum in the ratio of 5:2:4:3. If D gets ₹1,000 less than C, then the share of B?

(a) ₹2,000 (b) ₹1,200 (c) ₹2,400 (d) ₹3,000



Question 30 – MTP June, 2023

The mean proportional between $12x^2$ and $27y^2$ is:

(a) 18xy (b) 81xy (c) 8xy (d) 9xy



Question 31 – MTP June, 2023

If thrice of A's age 6 years ago be subtracted from twice his present age, the result would be equal to his present age. Find A's present age.

(a) 7 (b) 8 (c) 9 (d) 6



Question 32 – MTP June, 2023

If $\log_3 4.\log_4 5.\log_5 6.\log_6 7.\log_7 8.\log_8 9 = x$, then find the value of x. (a) 4 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 1



Question 33 – MTP June, 2023

If $\frac{1}{2}\log_{10} 4 = y$, and if $\frac{1}{2}\log_{10} 9 = x$, then find the value of $\log_{10} 15$. (a) x - y + 1 (b) x + y - 1 (c) x + y + 1 (d) y - x + 1



Question 34 – December, 2022; MTP June, 2023

In a hostel, ration is stocked for 400 students upto 31 days. After 28 days 280 students were vacated the hostel. Find the number of days for which the remaining ration will be sufficient for the remaining students.

(a) 5 (b) 4 (c) 7 (d) 10



Question 35 – MTP June, 2023

Two vessels containing water and milk in the ratio 2:3 and 4:5 are mixed in the ratio 1

: 2. The ratio of milk and water in the resulting mixture is:

(a) 58 : 77 (b) 77 : 58 (c) 68 : 77 (d) None



Question 36 – MTP June, 2023

If (x-9):(3x+6) is the duplicate ratio of 4:9, find the value of *x*.

(a) x = 9 (b) x = 16 (c) x = 36 (d) x = 25



Question 37 – MTP June, 2023 Value of $(a^{1/8} + a^{-1/8})(a^{1/8} - a^{-1/8})(a^{1/4} + a^{-1/4})(a^{1/2} + a^{-1/2})$ is: (a) $a + \frac{1}{a}$ (b) $a - \frac{1}{a}$ (c) $a^2 + \frac{1}{a^2}$ (d) $a^2 - \frac{1}{a^2}$



Question 38 – MTP June, 2023

If $(25)^{150} = (25x)^{50}$, then the value of x will be: (a) 5^3 (b) 5^4 (c) 5^2 (d) 5



Question 39 – MTP June, 2023

$$7\log\left(\frac{16}{15}\right) + 5\log\left(\frac{25}{24}\right) + 3\log\left(\frac{81}{80}\right)$$
 is equal to:
(a) 0 (b) 1 (c) $\log 2$ (d) $\log 3$



Question 40 – MTP June, 2023

 $\log_4(x^2 + x) - \log_4(x+1) = 2$. Find x. (a) 16 (b) 0 (c) -1 (d) None



Chapter 3 – Linear Inequalities



On the average, an experienced person does 7 units of work while a fresh one work 5 units of work daily but the employer has to maintain an output of at least 35 units of work per day. The situation can be expressed as:

(a) 7x + 5y < 35 (b) $7x + 5y \le 35$ (c) 7x + 5y > 35 (d) $7x + 5y \ge 35$



The solution space of the inequalities $2x + y \le 10$ and $x - y \le 5$:

- 1. Includes origin
- 2. Includes the point (4, 3)

Which one is correct:

(a) Only 1 (b) Only 2 (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) None



The solution of the inequality $\frac{(5-2x)}{3} \le \frac{x}{6} - 5$ is: (a) $x \ge 8$ (b) $x \le 8$ (c) x = 8 (d) None



On the average, an experienced person does 5 units of work while a fresh one work 3 units of work daily but the employer has to maintain an output of at least 30 units of work per day. The situation can be expressed as:

(a) $5x + 3y \le 30$ (b) $5x + 3y \ge 30$ (c) 5x + 3y = 30 (d) None



The solution set of the inequation x+2>0 and 2x-6>0 is:

(a) $(-2,\infty)$ (b) $(3,\infty)$ (c) $(-\infty,-2)$ (d) $(-\infty,-3)$



A company produces two products A and B, each of which requires processing in two machines. The first machine can be used at most for 60 hours, the second machine can be used at most for 40 hours. The product A requires 2 hours on machine one and one hour on machine two. The product B requires one hour on machine one and two hours on machine two. Express above situation using linear inequalities.

(a) $2x + y \le 60$ and $x + 2y \ge 40$ (b) $2x + y \ge 60$ and $x + 2y \ge 40$ (c) $2x + y \le 60$ and $x + 2y \le 40$ (d) $2x + y \ge 60$ and $x + 2y \le 40$

Mr. A plans to invest up to ₹30,000 in two stocks *X* and *Y*. Stock *X*(*x*) is priced at ₹175 and Stock *Y*(*y*) at ₹95 per share. This can be shown by:

(a) 175x + 95y < 30,000 (b) 175x + 95y > 30,000 (c) 175x + 95y = 30,000 (d) None

The solution of the inequality 8x + 6 < 12x + 14 is:

(a) (-2, 2) (b) (0, -2) (c) $(2, \infty)$ (d) $(-2, \infty)$



The rules and representations demand that employer should employ not more than 8 experienced leads to 1 fresh one and this fact can be expressed as:

(a) $y \ge x/8$ (b) $8y \le x$ (c) 8y = x (d) y = 8x



A manufacturer produces two items A and B. He has ₹10,000 to invest and a space to store 100 items. A table costs him ₹400 and a chair ₹100. Express this in the form of linear inequalities.

(a)
$$x + y \le 100, 4x + y \le 100, x \ge 0, y \ge 0$$

(b) $x + y \le 1000, 2x + 5y < 1000, x \ge 0, y \ge 0$
(c) $x + y > 100, 4x + y \ge 100, x \ge 0, y \ge 0$
(d) None



The common region in the graph of the inequalities $x + y \le 4$, $x - y \le 4$, $x \ge 2$ is

(a) Equilateral triangle(c) Quadrilateral

(b) Isosceles triangle(d) Square



Solve for x of the Inequalities

$$2 \le \frac{3x-2}{5} \le 4 \text{ where } x \to N$$

(a) {5, 6, 7}
(c) {4, 5, 6}

(b) {3, 4, 5, 6} (d) None









$x + y \le 9$	$x + y \le 9$	$x + y \ge 9$	x + y < 9
$y \le 1/5 x$	$y \ge x/3$	$y \le x/3$	$y \ge 9$
$y \le x/2$	$y \le x/2$	$y \ge x/2$	$y \le x/2$
	$x \ge 0, y \ge 0$	$x \ge 0, y \ge 0$	$x \ge 0, y \ge 0$





L1 : 2x +y = 9 L2 : x + y = 7 L3 : x+2y= 10 L4 : x + 3y = 12

The common region (shaded part) indicated on the diagram is expressed by the set of inequalities

(a) $2x + y$	≤ 9 (b)	$2x + y \ge 9 \qquad (c)$	$2x + y \ge 9$	(d) none of these
$x + y \ge$: 7	$x + y \le 7$	$x + y \ge 7$	
x + 2y	≥ 10	$x + 2 y \ge 10$	$x + 2y \ge 10$	
x +3 y	≥ 12	$x + 3y \ge 12$	$x + 3 y \ge 12$	
			$x \ge 0, y \ge 0$	







Question 17 – MTP June, 2023

If 3x+2 < 2x+5 and $4x-5 \ge 2x-3$, then *x* can take from the following values:

(a) 3 (b) -1 (c) 2 (d) -3

