

MIND MAP | CORRELATION AND REGRESSION | RITU JINDAL

Positive
Negative

Correlation $\rightarrow -1 \leq r \leq 1$

Scatter Diagram
Karl Pearson Correlation
Spearman's Rank Correlation
Coefficient of Concurrent Deviation

Positive Slope
Negative Slope

Simple $\rightarrow \frac{1 - 6 \sum d_i^2}{n(n^2 - 1)}$

Find Rank $\rightarrow \frac{1 - 6 \left[\sum d_i^2 + \frac{\sum (t_j^3 - t_j)}{12} \right]}{n(n^2 - 1)}$

$r_c = \pm \sqrt{\frac{r_c - m}{m}}$

$\frac{COV(x, y)}{\sigma_x \sigma_y}$

$\frac{n \sum xy - \sum x \sum y}{\sqrt{n \sum x^2 - (\sum x)^2} \sqrt{n \sum y^2 - (\sum y)^2}}$

$\frac{\sum xy}{\sqrt{\sum x^2 \sum y^2}}$

$\frac{\sum xy}{n \sigma_x \sigma_y}$

Properties

$r = \pm \sqrt{\frac{b_{yx}}{b_{xy}}}$

Correlation

Independent of change of origin & scale.

$r_{xy} = \frac{bd}{|bd|}$

Regression

Independent of change of origin but dependent on scale

$b_{yx} = \frac{a}{b}$, $b_{xy} = \frac{a}{c}$

$b_{yx} = \frac{a}{b}$, $b_{xy} = \frac{a}{c}$

Regression

Line on X

$y - \bar{y} = b_{yx}(x - \bar{x})$

$b_{yx} = \frac{r \sigma_y}{\sigma_x}$

Line on Y

$x - \bar{x} = b_{xy}(y - \bar{y})$

$b_{xy} = \frac{r \sigma_x}{\sigma_y}$

Main Questions

Point of Intersection = Mean

Identify Line

Find r

Ego of Line

Important Formulae

S.E $\rightarrow \frac{1 - r^2}{\sqrt{n}}$

P.E $\rightarrow \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1 - r^2}{\sqrt{n}}$ or $\frac{1 - r^2}{\sqrt{3n}}$

Coefficient of Determination $\rightarrow r^2$

Coeff of Non-Determination $\rightarrow 1 - r^2$

$r = 0$ Regression lines are perpendicular

$r = \pm 1$ Regression lines coincide